Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended April 27, 2016

> Amended 2nd Reading April 25, 2016

Reading Unamended

3rd

Amended 2nd Reading

SENATE

March 8, 2016

SENATE

March 9, 2016

HOUSE

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House SENATE BILL 16-132

LLS NO. 16-1027.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Cooke,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Foote,

Senate Committees Judiciary House Committees Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING CLARIFYING THAT TEST RESULTS RELATING TO CERTAIN

102 **DUI OFFENSES ARE NOT PUBLIC INFORMATION.**

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.</u>)

The bill states that the database compiled by the department of public health and environment (department) containing the results of tests of persons' blood alcohol content and drug content, and all records and data thereof, are not public information. The department shall disclose the results of such a test only to:

! The individual who is the subject of the test, or to his or her

legal representative; or

! A named interested party in a civil or criminal action in which the test results are directly related, or to his or her legal representative.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-1301, **amend** (6) (c) as follows:

4 42-4-1301. Driving under the influence - driving while 5 impaired - driving with excessive alcoholic content - definitions -6 **penalties.** (6) (c) (I) In all actions, suits, and judicial proceedings in any 7 court of this state concerning alcohol-related or drug-related traffic 8 offenses, the court shall take judicial notice of methods of testing a 9 person's alcohol or drug level and of the design and operation of devices, 10 as certified by the department of public health and environment, for 11 testing a person's blood, breath, saliva, or urine to determine such person's 12 alcohol or drug level. The department of public health and environment may, by rule, determine that, because of the reliability of the results from 13 14 certain devices, the collection or preservation of a second sample of a 15 person's blood, saliva, or urine or the collection and preservation of a 16 delayed breath alcohol specimen is not required.

(II) NOTHING IN this paragraph (c) shall not prevent PREVENTS the
necessity of establishing during a trial that the testing devices used were
working properly and that such testing devices were properly operated.
Nothing in this paragraph (c) shall preclude PRECLUDES a defendant from
offering evidence concerning the accuracy of testing devices.

(III) THE DATABASE COMPILED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
 HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT CONTAINING <u>PERSONAL IDENTIFYING</u>

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1 INFORMATION RELATING TO THE RESULTS OF TESTS OF PERSONS' BREATH 2 ALCOHOL CONTENT, AND ALL PERSONAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION 3 THEREOF, ARE NOT PUBLIC INFORMATION. THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC 4 HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT SHALL DISCLOSE SUCH INFORMATION ONLY 5 TO: 6 (A) THE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THE TEST, OR TO HIS 7 OR HER LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE; ____ 8 (B) A NAMED INTERESTED PARTY IN A CIVIL OR CRIMINAL ACTION 9 IN WHICH THE TEST RESULTS ARE DIRECTLY RELATED, OR TO HIS OR HER 10 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE; 11 (C) ANY PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, 12 STATE AGENCY, OR STATE AND LOCAL PUBLIC OFFICIAL LEGALLY 13 AUTHORIZED TO UTILIZE SUCH INFORMATION TO CARRY OUT HIS OR HER 14 DUTIES; OR 15 (D) ANY PARTY WHO OBTAINS AN ORDER IN A PENDING CIVIL OR 16 CRIMINAL CASE IF THE COURT FINDS THE PARTY HAS SHOWN GOOD CAUSE 17 TO HAVE THE INFORMATION. IN DETERMINING WHETHER THERE IS GOOD 18 CAUSE, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE MATERIALS SOUGHT 19 EXIST; WHETHER THE MATERIALS SOUGHT ARE EVIDENTIARY AND 20 RELEVANT; WHETHER THE MATERIALS ARE NOT OTHERWISE PROCURABLE 21 REASONABLY IN ADVANCE OF THE PROCEEDING BY THE EXERCISE OF DUE 22 DILIGENCE; WHETHER THE PARTY CANNOT PROPERLY PREPARE FOR THE 23 PROCEEDING WITHOUT SUCH PRODUCTION AND INSPECTION IN ADVANCE 24 OF THE PROCEEDING, AND THE FAILURE TO OBTAIN SUCH INSPECTION MAY 25 TEND TO UNREASONABLY DELAY THE PROCEEDING; AND WHETHER THE 26 REQUEST FOR THE INFORMATION IS MADE IN GOOD FAITH AND IS NOT FOR 27 THE PURPOSES OF GENERAL DISCOVERY.

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1	(IV) THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
2	MAY RELEASE NON-PERSONAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION FROM THE
3	DATABASE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS 24-72-101 TO 24-72-402,
4	<u>C.R.S.</u>
5	SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
6	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
7	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
8	10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a
9	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
10	state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
11	within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
12	unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
13	November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
14	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.