Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 16-0755.02 Ed DeCecco x4216

HOUSE BILL 16-1078

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Kagan,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hodge,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Local Government Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION
102 FOR PUBLIC EMPLOYEES NOT EMPLOYED BY THE STATE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill prohibits a county, municipality, or local education provider from imposing any disciplinary action against an employee on account of the employee's statements to any person about the local government that the employee reasonably believes to show:

A violation of a state or federal law, a local ordinance or resolution, or a local education provider policy;

HOUSE rd Reading Unamended April 19, 2016

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 13, 2016

- ! A waste or misuse of public funds;
- ! Fraud:

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- ! An abuse of authority;
- ! Mismanagement; or
- ! A danger to the health or safety of students, employees, or the public.

The bill permits an employee to file a written complaint with the office of administrative courts for referral to an administrative law judge alleging that a local government has imposed disciplinary action that violates this prohibition and seeking injunctive relief and damages. Employees who lose the administrative hearing may file a civil action in district court. The employee protection does not apply if the disclosure was false or made with reckless disregard for the truth or falsity thereof, or if it was of a protected public record or confidential information that was not reasonably necessary to show one or more of the identified circumstances.

Administrative law judges are given jurisdiction to hear, determine, and make findings and awards on all these whistleblower cases. The director of the office of administrative courts is required to establish rules to govern these proceedings and hearings.

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-130 as follows:

22-1-130. Disclosure - retaliation prohibited - civil action - definitions. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

(a) "DISCIPLINARY ACTION" MEANS ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT FORM OF DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DISMISSAL, DEMOTION, TRANSFER, REASSIGNMENT, SUSPENSION, CORRECTIVE ACTION, REPRIMAND, ADMONISHMENT, UNSATISFACTORY OR BELOW STANDARD PERFORMANCE EVALUATION, REDUCTION IN FORCE, OR WITHHOLDING OF WORK, OR THE THREAT OF ANY SUCH DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY.

(b) "DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" MEANS THE WRITTEN PROVISION OF EVIDENCE TO ANY PERSON, OR THE TESTIMONY BEFORE ANY COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, REGARDING ANY ACTION,

-2- 1078

1	POLICY, REGULATION, PRACTICE, OR PROCEDURE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
2	LIMITED TO, THE WASTE OF PUBLIC FUNDS, ABUSE OF AUTHORITY, OR
3	MISMANAGEMENT OF ANY LOCAL EDUCATION PROVIDER.
4	(c) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS ANY PERSON EMPLOYED BY A LOCAL
5	EDUCATION PROVIDER.
6	(d) "LOCAL EDUCATION PROVIDER" MEANS A SCHOOL DISTRICT, A
7	CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORIZED BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT PURSUANT TO PART
8	$1\mathrm{of}\mathrm{article}30.5\mathrm{of}\mathrm{this}\mathrm{title},$ a charter school authorized by the
9	STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE PURSUANT TO PART 5 OF ARTICLE 30.5
10	OF THIS TITLE, OR A BOARD OF COOPERATIVE SERVICES CREATED AND
11	OPERATING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE $\overline{5}$ OF THIS TITLE THAT OPERATES ONE
12	OR MORE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
13	(e) "SUPERVISOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO SUPERVISES OR IS
14	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK OF ONE OR MORE EMPLOYEES.
15	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, NO
16	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR SUPERVISOR SHALL INITIATE OR ADMINISTER
17	ANY DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE ON ACCOUNT OF THE
18	EMPLOYEE'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT
19	APPLY TO:
20	(a) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT HE OR SHE
21	KNOWS TO BE FALSE OR WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION WITH DISREGARD
22	FOR THE TRUTH OR FALSITY THEREOF;
23	(b) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION FROM PUBLIC
24	RECORDS THAT ARE CLOSED TO PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION
25	24-72-204; OR
26	(c) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT IS
27	CONFIDENTIAL UNDER ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW.

-3- 1078

1	(3) IT SHALL BE THE OBLIGATION OF AN EMPLOYEE WHO WISHES TO
2	DISCLOSE INFORMATION UNDER THE PROTECTION OF THIS SECTION TO
3	MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO PROVIDE TO HIS OR HER SUPERVISOR OR
4	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR A BOARD MEMBER OF THE LOCAL EDUCATION
5	PROVIDER THE INFORMATION TO BE DISCLOSED PRIOR TO THE TIME OF ITS
6	DISCLOSURE.
7	(4) WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE EMPLOYEE KNEW OR SHOULD
8	HAVE KNOWN OF A DISCIPLINARY ACTION, AN EMPLOYEE MAY FILE A
9	WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS IN THE
10	DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL FOR REFERRAL TO AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
11	JUDGE ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION. THE EMPLOYEE MUST
12	SERVE THE LOCAL EDUCATION PROVIDER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
13	COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE. PRIOR TO THE TIME THAT AN
14	ANSWER IS DUE, THE LOCAL EDUCATION PROVIDER MAY FILE A WRITTEN
15	NOTICE REJECTING THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE'S JURISDICTION, AND,
16	IN WHICH CASE, THE JUDGE SHALL DISMISS THE COMPLAINT WITHOUT
17	PREJUDICE. HEARINGS ARE CONDUCTED CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS
18	OF SECTION 24-4-105, C.R.S., UNLESS THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF
19	ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS ESTABLISHES DIFFERENT RULES THAT APPLY.
20	THE FINAL DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE IS SUBJECT TO
21	JUDICIAL REVIEW BY THE COURT OF APPEALS IN THE SAME MANNER AS AN
22	AGENCY ACTION THAT IS APPEALED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
23	24-4-106 (11), C.R.S.
24	(5) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DID NOT FILE A WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH
25	THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS OR WHO FILED A WRITTEN
26	COMPLAINT BUT THE LOCAL EDUCATION PROVIDER REJECTED THE
27	JURISDICTION MAY BRING A CIVIL ACTION IN THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT

-4- 1078

I	COURT OF THE STATE ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.
2	(6) IF THE EMPLOYEE PREVAILS, THE EMPLOYEE MAY RECOVER
3	DAMAGES, TOGETHER WITH COURT COSTS, AND THE COURT OF
4	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE MAY ORDER SUCH OTHER RELIEF AS THE
5	COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DEEMS APPROPRIATE.
6	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-30-1003, add (6)
7	as follows:
8	24-30-1003. Administrative law judges - appointment -
9	qualifications - standards of conduct. (6) Administrative law
10	JUDGES IN THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS HAVE JURISDICTION TO
11	HEAR, DETERMINE, AND MAKE FINDINGS AND AWARDS ON ALL CASES
12	REFERRED TO THEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 22-1-130 (3)
13	30-10-1101 (3), or 31-4-601 (3), C.R.S. THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF
14	ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS MAY ESTABLISH RULES TO GOVERN THESE
15	PROCEEDINGS AND HEARINGS.
16	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 11 to article
17	10 of title 30 as follows:
18	PART 11
19	COUNTY EMPLOYEE
20	PROTECTION
21	30-10-1101. Disclosure - retaliation prohibited - civil action -
22	definitions. (1) As used in this section:
23	(a) "DISCIPLINARY ACTION" MEANS ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT FORM
24	OF DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DISMISSAL
25	DEMOTION, TRANSFER, REASSIGNMENT, SUSPENSION, CORRECTIVE ACTION
26	REPRIMAND, ADMONISHMENT, UNSATISFACTORY OR BELOW STANDARD
27	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION, REDUCTION IN FORCE, OR WITHHOLDING OF

-5- 1078

1	WORK, OR THE THREAT OF ANY SUCH DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY.
2	(b) "DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" MEANS THE WRITTEN
3	PROVISION OF EVIDENCE TO ANY PERSON, OR THE TESTIMONY BEFORE ANY
4	COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, REGARDING ANY ACTION,
5	POLICY, REGULATION, PRACTICE, OR PROCEDURE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
6	LIMITED TO, THE WASTE OF PUBLIC FUNDS, ABUSE OF AUTHORITY, OR
7	MISMANAGEMENT OF ANY COUNTY.
8	(c) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS ANY PERSON EMPLOYED BY A COUNTY.
9	(d) "SUPERVISOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO SUPERVISES OR IS
10	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK OF ONE OR MORE EMPLOYEES.
11	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, NO
12	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR SUPERVISOR SHALL INITIATE OR ADMINISTER
13	ANY DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE ON ACCOUNT OF THE
14	EMPLOYEE'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT
15	APPLY TO:
16	(a) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT HE OR SHE
17	KNOWS TO BE FALSE OR WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION WITH DISREGARD
18	FOR THE TRUTH OR FALSITY THEREOF;
19	(b) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION FROM PUBLIC
20	RECORDS THAT ARE CLOSED TO PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION
21	24-72-204; OR
22	(c) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT IS
23	CONFIDENTIAL UNDER ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW.
24	(3) IT SHALL BE THE OBLIGATION OF AN EMPLOYEE WHO WISHES TO
25	DISCLOSE INFORMATION UNDER THE PROTECTION OF THIS SECTION TO
26	MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO PROVIDE TO HIS OR HER SUPERVISOR OR
27	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR A COUNTY COMMISSIONER THE INFORMATION

-6- 1078

1	TO BE DISCLOSED PRIOR TO THE TIME OF ITS DISCLOSURE.
2	(4) WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE EMPLOYEE KNEW OR SHOULD
3	HAVE KNOWN OF A DISCIPLINARY ACTION, AN EMPLOYEE MAY FILE A
4	WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS IN THE
5	DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL FOR REFERRAL TO AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
6	JUDGE ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION. THE EMPLOYEE MUST
7	SERVE THE COUNTY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE $\overline{\mathbf{C}}$ OLORADO RULES OF CIVIL
8	PROCEDURE. PRIOR TO THE TIME THAT AN ANSWER IS DUE, THE COUNTY
9	MAY FILE A WRITTEN NOTICE REJECTING THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
10	JUDGE'S JURISDICTION, AND, IN WHICH CASE, THE JUDGE SHALL DISMISS
11	THE COMPLAINT WITHOUT PREJUDICE. HEARINGS ARE CONDUCTED
12	CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 24-4-105, C.R.S., UNLESS
13	THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS ESTABLISHES
14	DIFFERENT RULES THAT APPLY. THE FINAL DECISION OF THE
15	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW BY THE
16	COURT OF APPEALS IN THE SAME MANNER AS AN AGENCY ACTION THAT IS
17	APPEALED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-4-106 (11), C.R.S.
18	(5) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DID NOT FILE A WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH
19	THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS OR WHO FILED A WRITTEN
20	COMPLAINT BUT THE COUNTY REJECTED THE JURISDICTION MAY BRING A
21	CIVIL ACTION IN THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE
22	ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.
23	(6) IF THE EMPLOYEE PREVAILS, THE EMPLOYEE MAY RECOVER
24	DAMAGES, TOGETHER WITH COURT COSTS, AND THE COURT OR
25	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE MAY ORDER SUCH OTHER RELIEF AS THE
26	COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DEEMS APPROPRIATE.
27	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 6 to article

-7- 1078

2	PART 6
3	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEE
4	PROTECTION
5	31-4-601. Disclosure - retaliation prohibited - civil action -
6	definitions. (1) As used in this section:
7	(a) "DISCIPLINARY ACTION" MEANS ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT FORM
8	OF DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DISMISSAL
9	DEMOTION, TRANSFER, REASSIGNMENT, SUSPENSION, CORRECTIVE ACTION
10	REPRIMAND, ADMONISHMENT, UNSATISFACTORY OR BELOW STANDARD
11	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION, REDUCTION IN FORCE, OR WITHHOLDING OF
12	WORK, OR THE THREAT OF ANY SUCH DISCIPLINE OR PENALTY.
13	(b) "DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" MEANS THE WRITTEN
14	PROVISION OF EVIDENCE TO ANY PERSON, OR THE TESTIMONY BEFORE ANY
15	COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, REGARDING ANY ACTION
16	POLICY, REGULATION, PRACTICE, OR PROCEDURE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
17	LIMITED TO, THE WASTE OF PUBLIC FUNDS, ABUSE OF AUTHORITY, OR
18	MISMANAGEMENT OF ANY MUNICIPALITY.
19	(c) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS ANY PERSON EMPLOYED BY A
20	MUNICIPALITY.
21	(d) "SUPERVISOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO SUPERVISES OR IS
22	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK OF ONE OR MORE EMPLOYEES.
23	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, NO
24	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR SUPERVISOR SHALL INITIATE OR ADMINISTER
25	ANY DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE ON ACCOUNT OF THE
26	EMPLOYEE'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT
27	APPLY TO:

4 of title 31 as follows:

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-8- 1078

1	(a) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT HE OR SHE
2	KNOWS TO BE FALSE OR WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION WITH DISREGARD
3	FOR THE TRUTH OR FALSITY THEREOF;
4	(b) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION FROM PUBLIC
5	RECORDS THAT ARE CLOSED TO PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION
6	24-72-204; OR
7	(c) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION THAT IS
8	CONFIDENTIAL UNDER ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW.
9	(3) IT SHALL BE THE OBLIGATION OF AN EMPLOYEE WHO WISHES TO
10	DISCLOSE INFORMATION UNDER THE PROTECTION OF THIS SECTION TO
11	MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO PROVIDE TO HIS OR HER SUPERVISOR OR
12	APPOINTING AUTHORITY OR A MEMBER OF THE MUNICIPALITY'S
13	GOVERNING BODY THE INFORMATION TO BE DISCLOSED PRIOR TO THE TIME
14	OF ITS DISCLOSURE.
15	(4) WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE EMPLOYEE KNEW OR SHOULD
16	HAVE KNOWN OF A DISCIPLINARY ACTION, AN EMPLOYEE MAY FILE A
17	WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS IN THE
18	DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL FOR REFERRAL TO AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
19	JUDGE ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION. THE EMPLOYEE MUST
20	SERVE THE MUNICIPALITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COLORADO RULES OF
21	CIVIL PROCEDURE. PRIOR TO THE TIME THAT AN ANSWER IS DUE, THE
22	MUNICIPALITY MAY FILE A WRITTEN NOTICE REJECTING THE
23	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE'S JURISDICTION, AND, IN WHICH CASE, THE
24	JUDGE SHALL DISMISS THE COMPLAINT WITHOUT PREJUDICE. HEARINGS
25	ARE CONDUCTED CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 24-4-105,
26	C.R.S., UNLESS THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS
27	ESTABLISHES DIFFERENT RULES THAT APPLY. THE FINAL DECISION OF THE

-9- 1078

1	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW BY THE
2	COURT OF APPEALS IN THE SAME MANNER AS AN AGENCY ACTION THAT IS
3	APPEALED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-4-106 (11), C.R.S.
4	(5) AN EMPLOYEE WHO DID NOT FILE A WRITTEN COMPLAINT WITH
5	THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS OR WHO FILED A WRITTEN
6	COMPLAINT BUT THE MUNICIPALITY REJECTED THE JURISDICTION MAY
7	BRING A CIVIL ACTION IN THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE
8	ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.
9	(6) IF THE EMPLOYEE PREVAILS, THE EMPLOYEE MAY RECOVER
10	DAMAGES, TOGETHER WITH COURT COSTS, AND THE COURT OR
11	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE MAY ORDER SUCH OTHER RELIEF AS THE
12	COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DEEMS APPROPRIATE.
13	SECTION 4. Act subject to petition - effective date -
13	3 1
14	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following
	•
14	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following
14 15	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the
14 15 16	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11,
14151617	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1
14 15 16 17 18	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section,
14 15 16 17 18	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the

-10-