# First Regular Session <br> Seventieth General Assembly <br> STATE OF COLORADO 

PREAMENDED
This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

HOUSE BILL 15-1257
HOUSE SPONSORSHIP
Becker K. and Priola,

## SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hodge,

## House Committees

## Senate Committees

Local Government Finance

|  | A BILL FOR AN ACT |
| :--- | :---: |
| 101 | CONCERNING THE REMOVAL OF PENALTIES ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS |
| 102 | REGARDING THE REGULATION AND SALE OF CIGARETTES. |

## Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

From state income tax moneys, the state currently apportions an amount equal to $27 \%$ of state cigarette tax revenues to cities, towns, and counties (local governments) in proportion to the amount of state sales tax revenues collected within the boundaries of the local governments. Local governments are prohibited from receiving their allocation of these moneys if they impose their own fees, licenses, or taxes on cigarette sales.

The bill would repeal this prohibition, allowing local governments the option to impose fees, licenses, or taxes on cigarettes without losing their apportioned state cigarette tax revenues.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-623, amend (1) (a) (II) (A) as follows:

39-22-623. Disposition of collections. (1) The proceeds of all moneys collected under this article, less the reserve retained for refunds, shall be credited as follows:
(a) (II) (A) Effective July 1, 1987, an amount equal to twenty-seven percent of the gross state cigarette tax shall be apportioned to incorporated cities and incorporated towns Thich THAT levy taxes and adopt formal budgets and to counties. For the purposes of this section, a city and county shall be considered as a city. The city or town share shall be apportioned according to the percentage of state sales tax revenues collected by the department of revenue in an incorporated city or town as compared to the total state sales tax collections that may be allocated to all political subdivisions in the state; the county share shall be the same as that which the percentage of state sales tax revenues collected in the unincorporated area of the county bears to total state sales tax revenues which THAT may be allocated to all political subdivisions in the state. The department of revenue shall certify to the state treasurer, at least annually, the percentage for allocation to each city, town, and county, and such percentage for allocation so certified shall be applied by said department in all distributions to cities, towns, and counties until changed by certification to the state treasurer. A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY IMPOSE FEES OR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS UPON AN INDIVIDUAL AS A CONDITION OF ENGAGING IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING CIGARETTES, EXCEPT THAT in order to qualify for distributions of state income tax moneys, units of local government are prohibited from imposing fees, licenses, or taxes on any person as a condition for of engaging in the business of selling cigarettes or from attempting in any manner to impose a tax on cigarettes. For purposes of this paragraph (a), the "gross state cigarette tax" means the total tax before the discount provided for in section 39-28-104 (1). SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

