

**Second Regular Session
Sixty-ninth General Assembly
STATE OF COLORADO**

REVISED

LLS NO. R14-0971.01 Meghan O'Connor x4143

HJR14-1015

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Rosenthal and Gardner,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Crowder and Ulibarri,

House Committees

Senate Committees

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 14-1015

101 **CONCERNING THE DECLARATION OF APRIL 28, 2014, THROUGH MAY 4,**
102 **2014, AS HOLOCAUST AWARENESS WEEK.**

1 WHEREAS, Prejudice, bigotry, racism, and hate have been the
2 cause of conflict, war, and mass atrocities throughout history; and

3 WHEREAS, The Nazi regime was able to exploit severe economic
4 hardships in the aftermath of World War I to foster prejudice and hatred
5 toward a group that had historically been used as scapegoats throughout
6 Europe, culminating in the attempt to exterminate the Jewish population
7 in Europe, widely known as the Holocaust; and

8 WHEREAS, During the Holocaust, at least 11 million people were
9 brutally murdered, at least 6 million of whom were Jewish people; and

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.
Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.
Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

SENATE
Final Reading
April 7, 2014

HOUSE
Final Reading
April 7, 2014

1 WHEREAS, Other marginalized groups, such as Soviet prisoners
2 of war, ethnic Poles, political and religious dissenters, intellectuals,
3 homosexuals, children and adults with disabilities, and Roma, were
4 victims of the Holocaust; and

5 WHEREAS, It is imperative that we and future generations never
6 forget the tragic lessons learned from the organized,
7 government-sponsored mass killings of the Holocaust; and

8 WHEREAS, The lessons of the Holocaust are becoming more
9 difficult to teach as survivors continue to pass away and, consequently,
10 first-hand accounts become more scarce; and

11 WHEREAS, It is also important to remember, honor, and emulate
12 those righteous people who risked their lives to save thousands of
13 innocent people during the Holocaust and to learn from their legacy of
14 courage, selflessness, and hope; and

15 WHEREAS, Many courageous people have been honored with the
16 designation of "Righteous Among the Nations" by Yad Vashem, the
17 Holocaust Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority, for acts of
18 bravery in saving the lives of Jewish people during the Holocaust,
19 reminding us today of our personal obligations to stand up against
20 prejudice and discrimination; and

21 WHEREAS, As a common standard of achievement for all people
22 and nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948
23 (Declaration) adopted by the United Nations asserts that "recognition of
24 the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members
25 of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice, and peace in
26 the world"; and

27 WHEREAS, The Declaration notes that "disregard and contempt
28 for human rights have resulted in barbarous acts which have outraged the
29 conscience of mankind, and the advent of a world in which human beings
30 shall enjoy freedom of speech and belief and freedom from fear and want
31 has been proclaimed as the highest aspiration of the common people"; and

32 WHEREAS, Pursuant to the Declaration, "Member States have
33 pledged themselves to achieve, in cooperation with the United Nations,
34 the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights
35 and fundamental freedoms"; and

1 WHEREAS, Over half a century after the conclusion of World
2 War II, too many of the world's nations have not learned the lessons of
3 the Holocaust, as demonstrated by recent episodes of ethnic cleansing,
4 genocides, crimes against humanity, and mass killings in so many parts
5 of the world, including Syria, Bosnia, Cambodia, Rwanda, and the Sudan;
6 and

7 WHEREAS, Museums throughout this country and Israel, such as
8 the Yad Vashem Museum in Jerusalem, the Museum of Tolerance
9 currently under construction in Jerusalem and the United States Holocaust
10 Memorial Museum in Washington, D.C., and archives and collections,
11 such as the Mazal Holocaust Collection, which was recently donated to
12 the University of Colorado and is the world's largest privately owned
13 archive, attest to the atrocities of the past and the need to educate future
14 generations in order to prevent similar events in the years ahead; and

15 WHEREAS, It is the responsibility of families, educators, and the
16 many diverse religious communities around the world as well as political
17 leaders, humanitarians, public officials, and the media to recognize the
18 Holocaust as both a political and human tragedy and to spread that
19 knowledge to our younger and future generations; and

20 WHEREAS, It is imperative that all concerned citizens raise
21 awareness and take action regarding current and potential instances of
22 genocide, organized mass killing, ethnic cleansing, and crimes against
23 humanity; now, therefore,

24 *Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Sixty-ninth*
25 *General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:*

26 That we, the members of the General Assembly:

27 (1) Proclaim the week of April 28, 2014, through May 4, 2014, as
28 "Holocaust Awareness Week"; and

29 (2) Declare that the people of Colorado should use these days to
30 teach and remember the great injustices of the past and to commit to
31 preventing such political and moral atrocities in the future.

32 *Be It Further Resolved,* That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent
33 to the Jewish Community Relations Council of JEWISHcolorado
34 (formerly known as the Allied Jewish Federation of Colorado), the

1 Mountain States Regional Office of the Anti-Defamation League, the
2 Colorado Coalition for Genocide Awareness and Action, the Colorado
3 Agency for Jewish Education, the Holocaust Awareness Institute at the
4 University of Denver's Center for Judaic Studies, the Interfaith Alliance
5 of Colorado, the Mizel Museum, and Babi Yar Park.