Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 14-0897.01 Julie Pelegrin x2700

HOUSE BILL 14-1268

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

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Education

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING PROHIBITING A SCHOOL DISTRICT FROM PLACING A TEACHER WHO HOLDS NONPROBATIONARY STATUS AS OF MAY 20, 2010, ON INDEFINITE UNPAID LEAVE IF THE TEACHER IS UNABLE TO SECURE A MUTUAL CONSENT ASSIGNMENT WITHIN THE REQUIRED TIME.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Under existing law, if a nonprobationary teacher (teacher) is

removed from a teaching assignment within a school district, the teacher must secure a mutual consent assignment at another school of the school district within a certain time or be placed on unpaid leave. The bill provides that, if the teacher held nonprobationary status as of May 20, 2010, the school district cannot place the teacher on unpaid leave, but must either assign the teacher to a position that has the same level of salary and benefits as the teacher would have earned if he or she had not been removed or dismiss the teacher in compliance with the statutory due process requirements.

The current law allows the state board of education to waive the provisions concerning mutual consent assignments and unpaid leave. The bill prohibits the state board from waiving the new requirements for a teacher who held nonprobationary status as of May 20, 2010.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-63-202, amend

3 (2) (c.5) (IV), (2) (c.5) (V), and (2) (c.5) (VI) as follows:

22-63-202. Employment contracts - contracts to be in writing - duration - damage provision - repeal. (2) (c.5) (IV) (A) If a nonprobationary teacher is unable to secure a mutual consent assignment at a school of the school district after twelve months or two hiring cycles, whichever period is longer, the school district shall place the teacher on unpaid leave until such time as the teacher is able to secure an assignment, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (IV). If the teacher secures an assignment at a school of the school district while placed on unpaid leave, the school district shall reinstate the teacher's salary and benefits at the level they would have been if the teacher had not been placed on unpaid leave.

(B) If a teacher who held nonprobationary status as of May 20, 2010, is unable to secure a mutual consent assignment at a school of the school district after twelve months or two hiring cycles, whichever period is longer, the school district

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SHALL ASSIGN THE TEACHER TO AN AVAILABLE ASSIGNMENT WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT, AT WHICH ASSIGNMENT THE TEACHER MUST EARN SALARY AND BENEFITS AT THE SAME LEVEL THEY WOULD HAVE BEEN HAD THE TEACHER NOT LEFT THE PREVIOUS ASSIGNMENT, OR DISMISS THE TEACHER PURSUANT TO THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN SECTION 22-63-302.

(V) Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of a school district to place a teacher in a twelve-month assignment or other limited-term assignments, including, but not limited to, a teaching assignment, substitute assignment, or instructional support role during the period in which the teacher is attempting to secure an assignment through school-based hiring. Such an assignment shall not constitute an assignment through school-based hiring and shall not be deemed to interrupt the period in which the teacher is required to secure an assignment through school-based hiring before the district shall place the teacher on unpaid leave, AS PROVIDED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c.5), OR REASSIGN OR DISMISS THE TEACHER, AS PROVIDED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c.5).

(VI) The provisions of this paragraph (c.5) may be waived in whole or in part for a renewable four-year period by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-2-117, provided that the local school board applying for the waiver, in conjunction with the superintendent and teachers association in a district that has an operating master employment contract, if applicable, demonstrates that the waiver is in the best interest of students enrolled in the school district, supports the equitable distribution of effective teachers, and will not result in placement other

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1	than by mutual consent of the teacher in a school district or public school
2	that is required to implement a priority improvement plan or turnaround
3	plan pursuant to article 11 of this title. Notwithstanding the provisions of
4	this paragraph (c.5), a waiver shall not be granted for a SUBPARAGRAPH
5	(VI), THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL NOT GRANT A WAIVER
6	request that:
7	(A) Extends the time for securing an assignment through
8	school-based hiring for more than two years; OR
9	(B) WAIVES THE PROVISIONS OF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF
10	SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c.5).
11	SECTION 2. Effective date - applicability. This act takes effect
12	upon passage and applies to nonprobationary teachers who are unable to
13	secure mutual consent assignments within the statutory period before, on
14	or after said date.
15	SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds
16	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
17	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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