Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 14-0213.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

HOUSE BILL 14-1032

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Kagan, Lee

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Guzman, Ulibarri

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A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING THE PROVISION OF DEFENSE COUNSEL TO JUVENILE OFFENDERS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AND REDUCING APPROPRIATIONS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Juvenile Defense Attorney Interim Committee. A promise to appear in court served upon a juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall state, in clear language that is understandable and appropriate to a juvenile:

- ! That the juvenile has the right to have counsel;
- ! That counsel will be appointed for the juvenile if the juvenile or the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian lacks adequate resources to retain counsel or refuses to retain counsel for the juvenile;
- ! That, if the juvenile chooses to retain his or her own counsel, then the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian are advised to choose counsel that is experienced in representing juveniles in the juvenile justice system; and
- ! The contact information for the local office of the state public defender (OSPD).

When a juvenile is placed in a detention facility, a temporary holding facility, or a shelter facility designated by the court, the screening team shall promptly so notify the court, the district attorney, and the local office of the OSPD.

A juvenile who is detained shall be represented at the detention hearing by counsel. If the juvenile has not retained his or her own counsel, he or she shall be represented by the OSPD or, in the case of a conflict, by the office of alternate defense counsel (OADC). This representation shall continue unless:

- ! The juvenile retains his or her own counsel; or
- ! The juvenile is charged with an offense for which the juvenile may waive counsel and the juvenile has made a knowing, intelligent, and voluntary waiver of his or her right to counsel.

The scheduled time for a detention hearing must allow a juvenile's defense counsel sufficient time to consult with the juvenile before the detention hearing. This consultation may be performed by secure electronic means if the conditions under which the electronic consultation is held allow the consultation to be confidential. The law enforcement agency that arrested the juvenile shall promptly provide to the court and to defense counsel the affidavit supporting probable cause for the arrest and the arrest report, if the arrest report is available, and the screening team shall promptly provide to the court and to defense counsel any screening material prepared pursuant to the juvenile's arrest.

A detention hearing shall not be combined with a preliminary hearing or a first advisement. Due to the limited scope of a detention hearing, the representation of a juvenile by appointed counsel at a detention hearing does not, by itself, create a conflict in the event that such counsel is subsequently appointed to represent another individual whose case is related to the juvenile's case.

A summons issued by a court to a juvenile shall:

Explain that the court will appoint counsel for the juvenile if the juvenile does not retain his or her own counsel; and

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! State the contact information for the OSPD that serves the jurisdiction of the court.

At a juvenile's first appearance before the court, after the detention hearing or at the first appearance if the juvenile appears on a summons, the court shall advise the juvenile of his or her constitutional and legal rights, including the right to counsel. The court shall appoint the OSPD or, in the case of a conflict, the OADC for the juvenile unless the juvenile has retained his or her own counsel or the juvenile has made a knowing, intelligent, and voluntary waiver of his or her right to counsel.

Any decision to waive the right to counsel shall be made by the juvenile himself or herself after consulting with his or her defense counsel. The court may accept a waiver of counsel by a juvenile only after finding that:

- ! The juvenile is of a sufficient maturity level to make a voluntary, knowing, and intelligent waiver of the right to counsel;
- ! The juvenile has consulted with counsel and understands the sentencing options that will be available to the court in the event of an adjudication or conviction;
- ! The juvenile has not been coerced into making the waiver;
- ! The juvenile understands that the court will provide counsel if the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian is unable or unwilling to obtain counsel for the juvenile; and
- ! The juvenile understands the possible consequences that may result from an adjudication or conviction of the offense with which the juvenile is charged.

The court shall not accept a juvenile's waiver of his or her right to counsel in any proceeding relating to a case in which the juvenile is charged with:

- ! A sexual offense;
- ! A crime of violence;
- ! An offense for which the juvenile will receive a mandatory sentence upon his or her conviction of the offense; or
- ! An offense for which the juvenile is being charged as a repeat juvenile offender, as an aggravated juvenile offender, or as a mandatory sentence offender.

The court shall not accept a juvenile's attempt to waive his or her right to counsel if the prosecuting attorney is seeking direct file proceedings or a transfer proceeding or if the juvenile is in the custody of the state department of human services or a county department of social services.

For purposes of applying for court-appointed counsel, the indigence of a juvenile is determined only by considering the juvenile's assets and income.

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The appointment of counsel for a juvenile offender shall continue until the court's jurisdiction is terminated, the juvenile or the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian retains counsel for the juvenile, or the juvenile makes a knowing, intelligent, and voluntary waiver of his or her right to counsel.

A court shall not deem a guardian ad litem who is appointed by the court for a child in a delinquency proceeding to be a substitute for defense counsel for the juvenile.

The OSPD, before determining indigency, may provide limited representation to juveniles in detention hearings or adult defendants in custody who cannot post or are not allowed bond.

The OSPD, the OADC, and the judicial branch shall annually report certain data concerning juvenile delinquency proceedings.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-507, **amend** (5) 3 as follows: 4 19-2-507. Duty of officer - screening teams - notification -5 **release or detention.** (5) (a) As an alternative to taking a juvenile into 6 temporary custody pursuant to subsections (1), (3), and (4) of this section, 7 a law enforcement officer may, if authorized by the establishment of a 8 policy that permits such service by order of the chief judge of the judicial 9 district or the presiding judge of the Denver juvenile court, which policy 10 is established after consultation between such judge and the district 11 attorney and law enforcement officials in the judicial district, serve a 12 written promise to appear for juvenile proceedings based on any act that 13 would constitute a felony, misdemeanor, or petty offense upon the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. 14 15 (b) Such A promise to appear SERVED pursuant to PARAGRAPH (a) 16 OF this subsection (5) shall MUST state any charges against the juvenile 17 and the date, time, and place where such juvenile shall be required to 18 answer such charges. THE PROMISE TO APPEAR MUST ALSO STATE:

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1	(1) THAT THE JUVENILE HAS THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE ASSISTANCE
2	OF COUNSEL;
3	(II) THAT COUNSEL CAN BE APPOINTED FOR THE JUVENILE IF THE
4	JUVENILE AND THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN
5	LACK ADEQUATE RESOURCES TO RETAIN COUNSEL OR THE JUVENILE'S
6	PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN REFUSES TO RETAIN COUNSEL
7	FOR THE JUVENILE;
8	(III) THAT, TO DETERMINE IF THE JUVENILE IS ELIGIBLE FOR
9	COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR TO APPLY FOR COURT-APPOINTED
10	COUNSEL, THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN IS
11	ADVISED TO CALL THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER, VISIT THE
12	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE, OR VISIT THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER'S
13	INTERNET WEB SITE;
14	(IV) THAT, TO AVOID DELAY IN OBTAINING COUNSEL, THE
15	JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN IS ADVISED TO
16	APPLY FOR COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL AT LEAST FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE
17	JUVENILE'S PROMISED DATE OF APPEARANCE; AND
18	(V) THE CONTACT INFORMATION FOR THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE
19	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER, INCLUDING THE OFFICE'S TELEPHONE NUMBER
20	AND ADDRESS, AND THE ADDRESS OF THE INTERNET WEB SITE OF THE
21	OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER.
22	(c) The promise to appear shall be signed by the juvenile. The
23	promise to appear shall be served upon the juvenile's parent, guardian, or
24	legal custodian by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt
25	requested. The date established for the juvenile and the juvenile's parent,
26	guardian, or legal custodian to appear shall not be earlier than seven days
27	nor later than thirty days after the promise to appear is served upon both

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1	the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.
2	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-508, amend (2),
3	(3) (a) (I), (3) (a) (II), and (3) (a) (III) introductory portion; and add (2.5)
4	and (3) (a) (I.5) as follows:
5	19-2-508. Detention and shelter - hearing - time limits -
6	findings - review - confinement with adult offenders - restrictions.
7	(2) When a juvenile is placed in a detention facility, in a temporary
8	holding facility, or in a shelter facility designated by the court, the
9	screening team shall promptly so notify the court, THE DISTRICT
10	ATTORNEY, AND THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER. The
11	screening team shall also notify a parent or legal guardian or, if a parent
12	or legal guardian cannot be located within the county, the person with
13	whom the juvenile has been residing and inform him or her of the right
14	to a prompt hearing to determine whether the juvenile is to be detained
15	further. The court shall hold such THE detention hearing within forty-eight
16	hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. FOR A JUVENILE
17	BEING HELD IN DETENTION ON A WARRANT FOR VIOLATING A VALID COURT
18	ORDER ON A STATUS OFFENSE, THE COURT SHALL HOLD THE DETENTION
19	HEARING WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS, EXCLUDING SATURDAYS,
20	SUNDAYS, AND LEGAL HOLIDAYS.
21	(2.5) A JUVENILE WHO IS DETAINED FOR COMMITTING A
22	DELINQUENT ACT SHALL BE REPRESENTED AT THE DETENTION HEARING BY
23	COUNSEL. IF THE JUVENILE HAS NOT RETAINED HIS OR HER OWN COUNSEL,
24	THE COURT SHALL APPOINT THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER
25	OR, IN THE CASE OF A CONFLICT, THE OFFICE OF ALTERNATE DEFENSE
26	COUNSEL TO REPRESENT THE JUVENILE. THIS APPOINTMENT SHALL
27	CONTINUE IF THE COURT APPOINTS THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC

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1	DEFENDER OR THE OFFICE OF ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL PURSUANT TO
2	SECTION 19-2-706 (2) (a) UNLESS:
3	(a) THE JUVENILE RETAINS HIS OR HER OWN COUNSEL; OR
4	(b) THE JUVENILE MAKES A KNOWING, INTELLIGENT, AND
5	VOLUNTARY WAIVER OF HIS OR HER RIGHT TO COUNSEL, AS DESCRIBED IN
6	SECTION 19-2-706 (2) (c).
7	(3) (a) (I) A juvenile taken into custody pursuant to this article and
8	placed in a detention or shelter facility or a temporary holding facility
9	shall be IS entitled to a hearing within forty-eight hours, excluding
10	Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, of such placement to determine
11	if he or she should be detained. THE TIME OF THE DETENTION HEARING
12	MUST ALLOW DEFENSE COUNSEL SUFFICIENT TIME TO CONSULT WITH THE
13	JUVENILE BEFORE THE DETENTION HEARING. THIS CONSULTATION MAY BE
14	PERFORMED BY SECURE ELECTRONIC MEANS IF THE CONDITIONS UNDER
15	WHICH THE ELECTRONIC CONSULTATION IS HELD ALLOW THE
16	CONSULTATION TO BE CONFIDENTIAL. The time in which the hearing shall
17	MUST be held may be extended for a reasonable time by order of the court
18	upon good cause shown.
19	(I.5) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ARRESTED THE
20	JUVENILE SHALL PROMPTLY PROVIDE TO THE COURT AND TO DEFENSE
21	COUNSEL THE AFFIDAVIT SUPPORTING PROBABLE CAUSE FOR THE ARREST
22	AND THE ARREST REPORT, IF THE ARREST REPORT IS AVAILABLE, AND THE
23	SCREENING TEAM SHALL PROMPTLY PROVIDE TO THE COURT AND TO
24	DEFENSE COUNSEL ANY SCREENING MATERIAL PREPARED PURSUANT TO
25	THE JUVENILE'S ARREST. UPON COMPLETION OF THE DETENTION HEARING,
26	THE DEFENSE SHALL RETURN ANY MATERIALS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO
27	THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (I.5) UNLESS THE APPOINTMENT IS CONTINUED AT

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THE CONCLUSION OF THE HEARING.

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2	(II) The primary purpose ONLY PURPOSES of a detention hearing
3	shall be ARE to determine if a juvenile should be detained further and to
4	define conditions under which he or she may be released, if his or her
5	release is appropriate. A detention hearing shall not be considered
6	COMBINED WITH a preliminary hearing or a first advisement. Due to the
7	LIMITED SCOPE OF A DETENTION HEARING, THE REPRESENTATION OF A
8	JUVENILE BY APPOINTED COUNSEL AT A DETENTION HEARING DOES NOT,
9	BY ITSELF, CREATE A BASIS FOR DISQUALIFICATION IN THE EVENT THAT
10	SUCH COUNSEL IS SUBSEQUENTLY APPOINTED TO REPRESENT ANOTHER
11	INDIVIDUAL WHOSE CASE IS RELATED TO THE JUVENILE'S CASE.
12	(III) With respect to this section, the court may further detain the
13	juvenile ONLY if the court is satisfied FINDS from the information
14	provided at the hearing that the juvenile is a danger to himself or herself
15	or to the community. Any information having probative value shall be
16	received regardless of its admissibility under the rules of evidence. In
17	determining whether a juvenile requires detention, the court shall consider
18	any record of any prior adjudications of the juvenile. There shall be a
19	rebuttable presumption that a juvenile is a danger to himself or herself or
20	to the community if:
21	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-514, amend (1)
22	as follows:
23	19-2-514. Summons - issuance - contents - service. (1) After a
24	petition has been filed, the court shall promptly issue a summons reciting
25	briefly the substance of the petition. The summons shall set forth the
26	constitutional and legal rights of the juvenile, including the right to have
27	an attorney present at the hearing on the petition MUST ALSO STATE, IN A

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1	SEPARATE BOX, IN BOLD, AND IN CAPITALIZED LETTERS, THE FOLLOWING
2	TEXT, INSERTING THE TELEPHONE NUMBER AND ADDRESS OF THE LOCAL
3	OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER AND THE INTERNET WEB SITE
4	ADDRESS OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER, AS INDICATED:
5	1. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE YOUR OWN
6	LAWYER HELP YOU AT YOUR HEARING.
7	2. YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR THIS LAWYER AT
8	NO CHARGE.
9	3. TO FIND OUT IF YOU ARE ELIGIBLE, YOU OR
10	YOUR PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL
11	CUSTODIAN SHOULD CALL THE OFFICE OF THE
12	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER AT, VISIT
13	THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER AT
14	, OR VISIT THE STATE PUBLIC
15	DEFENDER'S WEB SITE AT
16	4. YOU ARE MORE LIKELY TO HAVE A FREE
17	LAWYER PRESENT AT YOUR HEARING IF YOU OR
18	YOUR PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL
19	CUSTODIAN CALLS OR VISITS THE OFFICE OF THE
20	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER AT LEAST FIVE DAYS
21	BEFORE YOUR HEARING.
22	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-706, amend (1)
23	and (2) as follows:
24	19-2-706. Advisement - right to counsel - waiver of right to
25	counsel. (1) (a) At the JUVENILE'S first appearance before the court, after
26	the filing of a petition DETENTION HEARING OR AT THE FIRST APPEARANCE
2.7	IF THE ILIVENILE APPEARS ON A SUMMONS. THE COURT SHALL ADVISE the

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juvenile and his or her parents, guardian, or other legal custodian shall be advised by the court of their THE JUVENILE'S constitutional RIGHTS and legal rights as set forth in rule 3 of the Colorado rules of juvenile procedure, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE RIGHT TO COUNSEL. Such THE advisement shall include the possibility of restorative justice practices, including victim-offender conferences if restorative justice practices are available in the jurisdiction. The advisement regarding restorative justice practices does not establish any right to restorative justice practices on behalf of the juvenile.

- (b) If the respondent has made an early application for appointed counsel for the Juvenile and the office of the state public defender has made a preliminary determination that the Juvenile is eligible for appointed counsel as set forth in section 21-1-103, C.R.S., or if the court has appointed counsel for the Juvenile pursuant to section 19-2-508 (2.5), an attorney from the office of the state public defender or, in the case of a conflict, from the office of alternate defense counsel, shall be available to represent the Juvenile at the Juvenile's first appearance, as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1).
- (c) If the respondent has not made an early application for appointed counsel for the juvenile but the juvenile requests appointment of counsel at the first appearance, the court shall determine if the juvenile is eligible for counsel pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section.
- (d) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1), UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "EARLY APPLICATION" MEANS THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS CONTACTED THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC

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1	DEFENDER AND APPLIED FOR REPRESENTATION OF THE JUVENILE BY THE
2	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER NOT LESS THAN FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE
3	JUVENILE'S SCHEDULED COURT DATE FOR THE FIRST APPEARANCE AND HAS
4	PROVIDED SUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC
5	DEFENDER TO ALLOW THAT OFFICE TO MAKE A PRELIMINARY
6	DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR REPRESENTATION.
7	(e) FAILURE OF THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL
8	CUSTODIAN TO APPLY FOR COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL MAY NOT BE
9	CONSTRUED AS A WAIVER OF THE RIGHT TO COUNSEL OR ANY OTHER
10	RIGHTS HELD BY THE JUVENILE.
11	(2) (a) If the juvenile or AND his or her parents, guardian, or other
12	legal custodian requests counsel and the juvenile or his or her parents,
13	guardian, or other legal custodian is ARE found to be without sufficient
14	financial means, INDIGENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 21-1-103 (3), C.R.S.,
15	or the juvenile's parents, guardian, or other legal custodian refuses to
16	retain counsel for said THE juvenile, OR THE COURT, ON ITS OWN MOTION,
17	DETERMINES THAT COUNSEL IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF
18	THE JUVENILE OR OTHER PARTIES, OR THE JUVENILE IS IN THE CUSTODY OF
19	THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES OR A COUNTY DEPARTMENT
20	OF SOCIAL SERVICES, the court shall appoint counsel THE OFFICE OF STATE
21	PUBLIC DEFENDER OR, IN THE CASE OF A CONFLICT, THE OFFICE OF
22	ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL for the juvenile; EXCEPT THAT THE COURT
23	SHALL NOT APPOINT THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER OR THE
24	OFFICE OF ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL IF:
25	(I) THE JUVENILE HAS RETAINED HIS OR HER OWN COUNSEL; OR
26	(II) THE JUVENILE HAS MADE A KNOWING, INTELLIGENT, AND
27	VOLUNTARY WAIVER OF HIS OR HER RIGHT TO COUNSEL, AS DESCRIBED IN

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1	PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2).
2	(b) (I) If the court appoints counsel for the juvenile because of the
3	refusal of the parents, guardian, or other legal custodian to retain counsel
4	for the juvenile, the parents, guardian, or legal custodian, other than a
5	county department of social services or the department of human services
6	shall be ordered to reimburse the court for the cost of the counsel unless
7	the court finds there was good cause for such refusal. ADVISED BY THE
8	COURT THAT IF THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN
9	IS DETERMINED NOT TO BE INDIGENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 21-1-103 (3).
10	C.R.S., THEN THE COURT WILL ORDER THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN
11	OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN, OTHER THAN A COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
12	SERVICES OR THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, TO
13	REIMBURSE THE COURT FOR THE COST OF THE REPRESENTATION UNLESS
14	THE COURT, FOR GOOD CAUSE, WAIVES THE REIMBURSEMENT
15	REQUIREMENT. THE AMOUNT OF THE REIMBURSEMENT WILL BE A
16	PREDETERMINED AMOUNT THAT:
17	(A) SHALL BE SET BY THE SUPREME COURT, IN CONSULTATION
18	WITH THE OFFICE OF THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER AND THE OFFICE OF
19	ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL;
20	(B) SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE CHIEF JUSTICE DIRECTIVE
21	CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF STATE-FUNDED COUNSEL IN CRIMINAL
22	AND JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CASES; AND
23	(C) MAY BE BASED PARTLY OR ENTIRELY UPON THE STAGE A
24	PROCEEDING HAS REACHED WHEN COUNSEL IS APPOINTED, THE STAGE A
25	PROCEEDING HAS REACHED WHEN REPRESENTATION IS TERMINATED, OR
26	вотн.
27	(II) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF

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1	THIS PARAGRAPH (b) TO THE CONTRARY, IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THERE
2	EXISTS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE JUVENILE AND THE
3	JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN SUCH THAT THE
4	INCOME AND ASSETS OF THE PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN
5	ARE UNAVAILABLE TO THE JUVENILE, THEN THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER
6	ONLY THE JUVENILE'S OWN INCOME AND ASSETS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
7	DETERMINING WHETHER TO ISSUE AN ORDER FOR REIMBURSEMENT
8	PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (b).
9	(c) The court may appoint counsel without such request if it
10	deems representation by counsel necessary to protect the interest of the
11	juvenile or of other parties. ACCEPT A WAIVER OF COUNSEL BY A JUVENILE
12	ONLY AFTER FINDING ON THE RECORD, BASED ON A DIALOGUE CONDUCTED
13	WITH THE JUVENILE, THAT:
14	(I) THE JUVENILE IS OF A SUFFICIENT MATURITY LEVEL TO MAKE
15	A VOLUNTARY, KNOWING, AND INTELLIGENT WAIVER OF THE RIGHT TO
16	COUNSEL;
17	(II) THE JUVENILE UNDERSTANDS THE SENTENCING OPTIONS THAT
18	ARE AVAILABLE TO THE COURT IN THE EVENT OF AN ADJUDICATION OR
19	CONVICTION OF THE OFFENSE WITH WHICH THE JUVENILE IS CHARGED;
20	(III) THE JUVENILE HAS NOT BEEN COERCED BY ANY OTHER PARTY,
21	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR
22	LEGAL CUSTODIAN, INTO MAKING THE WAIVER;
23	(IV) THE JUVENILE UNDERSTANDS THAT THE COURT WILL PROVIDE
24	COUNSEL FOR THE JUVENILE IF THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR
25	LEGAL CUSTODIAN IS UNABLE OR UNWILLING TO OBTAIN COUNSEL FOR THE
26	JUVENILE; AND
27	(V) THE JUVENILE UNDERSTANDS THE POSSIBLE CONSEQUENCES

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1	THAT MAY RESULT FROM AN ADJUDICATION OR CONVICTION OF THE
2	OFFENSE WITH WHICH THE JUVENILE IS CHARGED, WHICH CONSEQUENCES
3	MAY OCCUR IN ADDITION TO THE ACTUAL ADJUDICATION OR CONVICTION
4	ITSELF.
5	(d) The appointment of counsel pursuant to this subsection (2)
6	shall continue until: such time as
7	(I) The court's jurisdiction is terminated; or until such time as
8	(II) THE JUVENILE OR THE JUVENILE'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR
9	LEGAL CUSTODIAN RETAINS COUNSEL FOR THE JUVENILE;
10	(III) The court finds that the juvenile or his or her parents,
11	guardian, or other legal custodian has sufficient financial means to retain
12	counsel or that the juvenile's parents, guardian, or other legal custodian
13	no longer refuses to retain counsel for the juvenile; OR
14	(IV) THE COURT FINDS THE JUVENILE HAS MADE A KNOWING,
15	INTELLIGENT, AND VOLUNTARY WAIVER OF HIS OR HER RIGHT TO COUNSEL,
16	AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2).
17	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-1-111, add (2.5)
18	as follows:
19	19-1-111. Appointment of guardian ad litem. (2.5) A COURT
20	SHALL NOT DEEM A GUARDIAN AD LITEM WHO IS APPOINTED BY THE COURT
21	FOR A JUVENILE IN A DELINQUENCY PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO
22	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO BE A SUBSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE
23	COUNSEL FOR THE JUVENILE.
24	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 21-1-103, add (5) as
25	follows:
26	21-1-103. Representation of indigent persons. (5) NOTHING IN
27	THIS SECTION MAY BE CONSTRUED TO DREVENT THE DURI IC DESENDED

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1	BEFORE DETERMINING INDIGENCY, FROM PROVIDING REPRESENTATION TO
2	JUVENILES IN DETENTION HEARINGS.
3	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-103, add (12.5)
4	and (12.7) as follows:
5	19-2-103. Definitions. For purposes of this article:
6	(12.5) "Office of alternate defense counsel" means the
7	OFFICE OF ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL CREATED AND EXISTING
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 21-2-101, C.R.S.
9	(12.7) "Office of the state public defender" means the
10	OFFICE OF STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER CREATED AND EXISTING PURSUANT TO
11	SECTION 21-1-101, C.R.S.
12	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-1004, repeal (4)
13	(b) as follows:
14	19-2-1004. Parole violation and revocation. (4) If, rather than
15	issuing a summons, a parole officer makes an arrest of a parolee with or
16	without a warrant or takes custody of a parolee who has been arrested by
17	another, the parole officer shall place the parolee in the nearest local
18	juvenile detention facility or shelter care facility approved by the
19	department of human services, if under eighteen years of age, or in the
20	nearest county jail, if eighteen years of age or older. Within forty-eight
21	hours, not including Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, the parole
22	officer shall take one of the following actions:
23	(b) Request a court to conduct a juvenile parole preliminary
24	hearing as a part of a detention hearing conducted as described in section
25	19-2-508, in which hearing the court shall make a finding as to whether
26	there is probable cause to believe that the parolee has violated a condition
27	of parole; or

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1	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 21-1-104, add (4) as
2	follows:
3	21-1-104. Duties of public defender. (4) Pursuant to Section
4	2-7-203, C.R.S., THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER SHALL REPORT ANNUALLY
5	TO THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND
6	SENATE, OR TO ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, INFORMATION CONCERNING:
7	(a) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CASES FOR WHICH
8	COUNSEL FROM THE OFFICE IS APPOINTED;
9	(b) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE CASES THAT INVOLVE A CONFLICT
10	OF INTEREST;
11	(c) THE PROCESS OF SELECTING, TRAINING, AND SUPPORTING
12	ATTORNEYS WHO REPRESENT CHILDREN IN JUVENILE DELINQUENCY
13	COURT;
14	(d) THE AVERAGE LENGTH OF TIME ATTORNEYS ARE ASSIGNED TO
15	JUVENILE COURT; AND
16	(e) The outcome of efforts to reduce juvenile court
17	ROTATIONS AND INCREASE OPPORTUNITIES FOR PROMOTIONAL
18	ADVANCEMENT IN SALARIES FOR ATTORNEYS IN JUVENILE COURT.
19	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 21-2-104, add (3)
20	as follows:
21	21-2-104. Duties of alternate defense counsel and contract
22	attorneys. (3) Pursuant to Section 2-7-203, C.R.S., the office of
23	ALTERNATE DEFENSE COUNSEL SHALL REPORT ANNUALLY TO THE
24	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE,
25	OR TO ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, INFORMATION CONCERNING:
26	(a) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CASES FOR WHICH
27	COUNSEL FROM THE OFFICE IS APPOINTED;

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1	(b) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE CASES THAT INVOLVE A CONFLICT
2	OF INTEREST;
3	(c) THE PROCESS OF SELECTING, TRAINING, AND SUPPORTING
4	ATTORNEYS WHO REPRESENT CHILDREN IN JUVENILE DELINQUENCY
5	COURT;
6	(d) THE AVERAGE LENGTH OF TIME ATTORNEYS ARE ASSIGNED TO
7	JUVENILE COURT; AND
8	(e) The outcome of efforts to reduce Juvenile court
9	ROTATIONS AND INCREASE OPPORTUNITIES FOR PROMOTIONAL
10	ADVANCEMENT IN SALARIES FOR ATTORNEYS IN JUVENILE COURT.
11	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-1-137 as
12	follows:
13	13-1-137. Reporting of data concerning juvenile proceedings.
14	(1) THE JUDICIAL BRANCH SHALL REPORT ANNUALLY TO THE JUDICIARY
15	COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE, OR TO ANY
16	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, INFORMATION CONCERNING:
17	(a) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CASES;
18	(b) The number of Juvenile Delinquency cases that
19	INVOLVED AN APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL;
20	(c) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE CASES THAT INVOLVED A WAIVER OF
21	COUNSEL;
22	(d) THE STATUS OF RECOMMENDED REVIEWS TO JUVENILE COURT
23	RULES, FORMS, AND CHIEF JUSTICE DIRECTIVES REGARDING THE
24	REPRESENTATION OF CHILDREN IN JUVENILE DELINQUENCY COURTS; AND
25	(e) THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CASES THAT
26	INVOLVED A DETENTION HEARING, THE NUMBER OF JUVENILES WHO WERE
27	RELEASED AFTER THE DETENTION HEARING, AND THE NUMBER OF

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1	JUVENILES WHO REMAINED IN DETENTION AFTER THE DETENTION HEARING.
2	SECTION 12. Appropriation - adjustments to 2014 long bill.
3	(1) For the implementation of this act, the general fund appropriation
4	made in the annual general appropriation act to the controlled
5	maintenance trust fund created in section 24-75-302.5 (2) (a), Colorado
6	Revised Statutes, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, is decreased
7	by \$1,046,750.
8	(2) For the implementation of this act, appropriations made in the
9	annual general appropriation act to the judicial department for the fiscal
10	year beginning July 1, 2014, are adjusted as follows:
11	(a) The general fund appropriation to the trial courts for court
12	costs, jury costs, and court-appointed counsel is decreased by \$169,206.
13	(b) The cash funds appropriation from various fees and cost
14	recoveries to the trial courts for court costs, jury costs, and
15	court-appointed counsel is decreased by \$78,812.
16	(3) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
17	appropriated, out of any moneys in the general fund, not otherwise
18	appropriated, to the judicial department, for the fiscal year beginning July
19	1, 2014, the sum of \$1,105,983 and 17.5 FTE, or so much thereof as may
20	be necessary, to be allocated to the office of the state public defender for
21	the implementation of this act as follows:
22	(a) \$961,264 and 17.5 FTE for personal services;
23	(b) \$48,282 for operating and travel expenses;
24	(c) \$94,157 for capital outlay; and
25	(d) \$2,280 for attorney registration fees.
26	(4) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
27	appropriated, out of any moneys in the general fund, not otherwise

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1	appropriated, to the judicial department, for the fiscal year beginning July
2	1, 2014, the sum of \$109,973 and 0.9 FTE, or so much thereof as may be
3	necessary, to be allocated to the office of the alternate defense counsel for
4	the implementation of this act as follows:
5	(a) \$98,320 and 0.9 FTE for personal services;
6	(b) \$6,950 for operating and travel expenses; and
7	(c) \$4,703 for capital outlay.
8	SECTION 13. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
9	takes effect November 1, 2014; except that, if a referendum petition is
10	filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against
11	this act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period
12	after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item,
13	section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the
14	general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take
15	effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the
16	governor.

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