### Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 14-0976.01 Duane Gall x4335

**SENATE BILL 14-191** 

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Tochtrop,

(None),

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Business, Labor, & Technology **House Committees** 

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE PROCEDURES FOR RESOLUTION OF WORKERS'

102 COMPENSATION CLAIMS.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</u>.)

Section 1 of the bill explicitly authorizes the director of the division of workers' compensation (director), or an administrative law judge (ALJ) presiding over a workers' compensation case, to consider the medical treatment guidelines adopted by the director in determining whether certain medical treatment is appropriate.

Section 2 requires the director to adopt rules governing the approval of settlements in workers' compensation cases, including procedures for electronic transmission of documents and verification of signatures.

Sections 3 and 4 adjust the measurement of time within which a hearing must commence, from 100 days after the date the hearing is set to 120 days after the date of service of the request for hearing or the notice to set.

Section 5 extends the time for objection to a summary order by an ALJ from 7 days to 10 days.

Section 6 allows the director or an ALJ to summon out-of-state parties to appear, either in person or by telephone, at a hearing or deposition and authorizes sanctions for a failure to appear.

Section 7 sets a 30-day deadline for the director, ALJ, or administrative panel to comply with the directions accompanying the remand of a case or order by an appellate tribunal.

Section 8 allows a claimant to receive \$75 per day, in addition to transportation and lodging, if the claimant is required to travel for a medical examination requested by the employer and misses work as a result.

Section 8 also requires an authorized physician to give written notice, with an explanation, to the claimant and the employer if the physician refuses to treat the claimant or discharges the claimant from medical care for a nonmedical reason. After receiving the notice, the employer has 15 days to select another physician before the claimant is allowed to select a physician independently.

Section 9 adjusts the maximum amount payable in a lump-sum settlement, replacing the current limit of \$60,000 with a range of \$80,868 to \$161,734, depending on the number of claimants, to be adjusted periodically whenever adjustments are made to the state average weekly wage.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-201, add (3) as
 follows:
 8-43-201. Disputes arising under ''Workers' Compensation
 Act of Colorado''. (3) IT IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DIRECTOR OR AN
 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE TO CONSIDER THE MEDICAL TREATMENT
 GUIDELINES ADOPTED UNDER SECTION 8-42-101 (3) IN DETERMINING

WHETHER CERTAIN MEDICAL TREATMENT IS REASONABLE, NECESSARY,
 AND RELATED TO AN INDUSTRIAL INJURY OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE. THE
 DIRECTOR OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE IS NOT REQUIRED TO UTILIZE
 THE MEDICAL TREATMENT GUIDELINES AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR SUCH
 DETERMINATIONS.

6 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-204, add (8) as
7 follows:

8 8-43-204. Settlements - rules. (8) THE DIRECTOR SHALL ADOPT
9 RULES AS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE PROCEDURE TO REVIEW AND
10 APPROVE SETTLEMENT DOCUMENTS. AT A MINIMUM, THE RULES MUST:

11 (a) ALLOW A REPRESENTED CLAIMANT TO SUBMIT SETTLEMENT
12 DOCUMENTS FOR APPROVAL BY ELECTRONIC MAIL;

(b) PROVIDE FOR THE APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT DOCUMENTS IF
THE CLAIMANT'S SIGNATURE IS NOT AN ORIGINAL BUT IS NOTARIZED; AND
(c) REQUIRE THE DIVISION TO ELECTRONICALLY MAIL TO COUNSEL
OF RECORD, OR TO THE INSURANCE CARRIER OR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYER
IF NOT REPRESENTED, A COPY OF THE DIVISION'S ORDER APPROVING THE
SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-209, amend (1)
as follows:

8-43-209. Time schedule for hearings - establishment.
(1) Hearings shall MUST commence within one hundred TWENTY days
after FROM the hearing is set DATE OF THE NOTICE OF SETTING BY THE
DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-43-211 (2) (a) OR OF THE DATE SHOWN
ON THE CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE ACCOMPANYING THE REQUEST, NOTICE,
OR APPLICATION BY A PARTY OR THE PARTY'S ATTORNEY pursuant to
section 8-43-211 (2) (b) OR (2) (c). UPON AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES, AN

-3-

1	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE SHALL GRANT one extension of time, NOT
2	EXCEEDING SIXTY DAYS, to commence the hearing. of no more than sixty
3	days shall be granted by an administrative law judge upon agreement of
4	the parties.
5	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-43-211 as
6	follows:
7	8-43-211. Notice - request for hearing. (1) At least thirty days
8	prior to BEFORE any hearing, the office of administrative courts in the
9	department of personnel shall send written notice to all parties by regular
10	or electronic mail or by facsimile. The notice shall MUST:
11	(a) Give the time, date, and place of the hearing;
12	(b) Inform the parties that they must be prepared to present their
13	evidence concerning the issues to be heard;
14	(c) Inform the parties that they have the right to be represented by
15	an attorney or other person of their choice at the hearing.
16	(2) Hearings shall be set by the office of administrative courts in
17	the department of personnel within eighty to one hundred TWENTY days
18	after any of the following occur:
19	(a) The director sets any issue for hearing. The director may
20	expedite the hearing for good cause shown.
21	(b) Any party requests a hearing on issues ripe for adjudication by
22	filing a written request with the office of administrative courts in the
23	department of personnel on forms provided by the office. The request
24	shall be mailed to all parties at the time they are filed with the office of
25	administrative courts. After the filing of the requests, the office of
26	administrative courts in the department of personnel shall set the matter
27	for hearing insofar as is practicable in the order in which requests are

1 received by the office of administrative courts.

(c) Any party or the attorney of such party sends notice to set a
hearing on issues ripe for adjudication to opposing parties or their
attorneys. The director of the office of administrative courts shall
determine the place and time or times during which settings can be made.
At such setting, the party requesting the setting shall submit a completed
request for hearing form. Any notice to set shall be mailed to opposing
parties at least ten days prior to the setting date.

9 (d) (3) If an attorney requests a hearing or files a notice to set a 10 hearing on an issue that is not ripe for adjudication at the time the request 11 or filing is made, the attorney may be assessed the reasonable attorney 12 fees and costs of the opposing party in preparing for the hearing or 13 setting. The requesting party must prove its attempt to have an unripe 14 issue stricken by a prehearing administrative law judge to request fees or 15 costs. Requested fees or costs incurred after a prehearing conference may 16 only be awarded if they are directly caused by the listing of the unripe 17 issue.

(e) (4) Except in claims in which compensability is contested or
a hearing is requested in response to a final admission of liability or to
overcome a conclusion in a division-sponsored independent medical
examination, the party filing an application for a hearing shall certify on
the application that the party attempted to resolve with the other parties
all issues listed in the application for a hearing.

# 24 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-215, amend (1) 25 as follows:

8-43-215. Orders. (1) No more than fifteen working days after
the conclusion of a hearing, the administrative law judge or director shall

-5-

1 issue a written order allowing or denying said THE claim. Such THE 2 written order shall MUST either be a summary order or a full order. A full 3 order shall MUST contain specific findings of fact and conclusions of law. 4 If compensation benefits are granted, such THE written order shall MUST 5 specify the amounts thereof, the disability for which compensation 6 benefits are granted, by whom and to whom such benefits shall ARE TO be 7 paid, and the method and time of such THE payments. A certificate of 8 mailing and a copy of such THE written order shall be served by regular 9 or electronic mail or by facsimile to each of the parties in interest or their 10 representatives, the original of which shall be IS a part of the records in 11 said THE case. If an administrative law judge has issued a summary order, 12 a party dissatisfied with the order may make a written request for a full 13 order within seven TEN working days after the date of mailing of the 14 summary order. The request shall be IS a prerequisite to review under 15 section 8-43-301. If a request for a full order is made, the administrative 16 law judge shall have HAS ten working days after receipt of the request to 17 issue the order. A full order shall be entered as the final award of the 18 administrative law judge or director subject to review as provided in this 19 article.

# 20 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-43-315 as 21 follows:

8-43-315. Witnesses and testimony - mileage - fees - costs.
(1) The director or any agent, deputy, or administrative law judge of the
division has the power to MAY issue subpoenas to compel the attendance
of witnesses or parties and the production of books, papers, or records
and to administer oaths. Any person who serves a subpoena shall receive
the same fee as the sheriff. Each witness who is subpoenaed on behalf of

-6-

1 the director and who appears in obedience thereto shall receive for 2 attendance the fees and mileage provided for witnesses in civil cases in 3 the district court, which shall be ARE audited and paid from the state 4 treasury in the same manner as other expenses are audited and paid, upon 5 the presentation of a proper voucher approved by the director. The 6 director has the discretion to assess the cost of attendance and mileage of 7 witnesses subpoenaed by either party to any proceeding against the other 8 ANOTHER party to such THE proceeding when, in the director's judgment, 9 the necessity of subpoending such THE witnesses arises out of the raising 10 of any incompetent, irrelevant, or sham issues by such THE other party.

11 (2) THE DIRECTOR, AN AGENT, DEPUTY, OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW 12 JUDGE OF THE DIVISION, OR AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE FROM THE 13 OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS, MAY, UPON A SHOWING OF GOOD 14 CAUSE, ORDER THE ATTENDANCE AT A HEARING OR DEPOSITION OF ANY 15 PARTY, OR OF AN OFFICER, DIRECTOR, EMPLOYEE, OR AGENT OF ANY 16 PARTY, WHO IS LOCATED IN ANOTHER STATE. A WITNESS SO ORDERED 17 SHALL APPEAR AS INDICATED IN THE ORDER OR SHALL BE AVAILABLE BY 18 TELEPHONE AT THE TIME AND PLACE SET FORTH IN THE ORDER.

(3) IF A PARTY OR AN OFFICER, DIRECTOR, EMPLOYEE, OR AGENT
OF A PARTY FAILS, IN THE ABSENCE OF A REASONABLE EXCUSE, TO OBEY
AN ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, THE
PARTY, OFFICER, DIRECTOR, EMPLOYEE, OR AGENT IS LIABLE FOR
PENALTIES AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 8-43-304 (1).

24 SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 8-43-318 as
25 follows:

8-43-318. Remand of case or order - time limit for further
 proceedings consistent with ruling on appeal. IF A CASE OR ORDER IS

-7-

1 APPEALED TO THE PANEL, THE COURT OF APPEALS, OR THE SUPREME 2 COURT, AND THE CASE OR ORDER IS REMANDED WITH DIRECTIONS, THE 3 DIRECTOR, ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, OR PANEL, AS THE CASE MAY BE, 4 SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER CONSISTENT WITH THOSE DIRECTIONS WITHIN 5 THIRTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF REMAND. THE REMANDING TRIBUNAL 6 HAS CONTINUING JURISDICTION TO ENFORCE THE REMAND ORDER.

7

**SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-404, **amend** (1) 8 (b) (I); and **add** (10) as follows:

9 8-43-404. Examination - refusal - personal responsibility -10 physicians to testify and furnish results - injured worker right to 11 select treating physicians - injured worker right to third-party 12 **communications - definitions - rules.** (1) (b) (I) At least three business 13 days in advance of an examination under paragraph (a) of this subsection 14 (1), if requested by the claimant, the employer or insurer shall pay to the 15 claimant the claimant's estimated expenses of attending the examination, 16 including transportation, mileage, food, and hotel costs. IN ADDITION, IF 17 THE CLAIMANT VERIFIES THAT HE OR SHE WILL INCUR UNCOMPENSATED 18 WAGE LOSSES AS A RESULT OF ATTENDING THE EXAMINATION, THE 19 EMPLOYER OR INSURER SHALL REIMBURSE THE CLAIMANT AT THE RATE OF 20 SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER DAY. Failure to provide payment in 21 accordance with this subparagraph (I) constitutes grounds for the claimant 22 to refuse to attend the examination.

23 (10) (a) IF AN AUTHORIZED PHYSICIAN REFUSES TO PROVIDE 24 MEDICAL TREATMENT TO AN INJURED EMPLOYEE OR DISCHARGES AN 25 INJURED EMPLOYEE FROM MEDICAL CARE FOR NONMEDICAL REASONS 26 WHEN THE INJURED EMPLOYEE REQUIRES MEDICAL TREATMENT TO CURE 27 OR RELIEVE THE EFFECTS OF THE WORK INJURY, THEN THE PHYSICIAN

-8-

1 SHALL, WITHIN THREE BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE REFUSAL OR DISCHARGE, 2 PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE REFUSAL OR DISCHARGE BY CERTIFIED 3 MAIL, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED, TO THE INJURED EMPLOYEE AND THE 4 INSURER OR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYER. THE NOTICE MUST EXPLAIN THE 5 REASONS FOR THE REFUSAL OR DISCHARGE AND MUST OFFER TO TRANSFER 6 THE INJURED EMPLOYEE'S MEDICAL RECORDS TO ANY NEW AUTHORIZED 7 PHYSICIAN UPON RECEIPT OF A SIGNED AUTHORIZATION TO DO SO FROM 8 THE INJURED EMPLOYEE. THE DIRECTOR OR ANY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW 9 JUDGE OF THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS HAS JURISDICTION TO 10 RESOLVE DISPUTES REGARDING WHETHER A REFUSAL TO PROVIDE MEDICAL 11 TREATMENT OR A DISCHARGE FROM MEDICAL CARE WAS FOR MEDICAL OR 12 NONMEDICAL REASONS.

13 (b) IF THE INSURER OR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYER RECEIVES 14 WRITTEN NOTICE PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (10), 15 OR IF THE INSURER OR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYER AND THE AUTHORIZED 16 TREATING PHYSICIAN RECEIVE WRITTEN NOTICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL, 17 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED, FROM THE INJURED EMPLOYEE OR THE 18 INJURED EMPLOYEE'S LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE THAT AN AUTHORIZED 19 PHYSICIAN REFUSED TO PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT TO THE INJURED 20 EMPLOYEE OR DISCHARGED THE INJURED EMPLOYEE FROM MEDICAL CARE 21 FOR NONMEDICAL REASONS WHEN SUCH INJURED EMPLOYEE REOUIRES 22 MEDICAL TREATMENT TO CURE OR RELIEVE THE EFFECTS OF THE WORK 23 INJURY, AND THERE IS NO OTHER AUTHORIZED PHYSICIAN WILLING TO 24 PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT, THEN THE INSURER OR SELF-INSURED 25 EMPLOYER SHALL, WITHIN FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS FROM RECEIVING THE 26 WRITTEN NOTICE, DESIGNATE A NEW AUTHORIZED PHYSICIAN WILLING TO 27 PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT. IF THE INSURER OR SELF-INSURED

-9-

EMPLOYER FAILS TO DESIGNATE A NEW PHYSICIAN PURSUANT TO THIS
 PARAGRAPH (b), THEN THE INJURED EMPLOYEE MAY SELECT THE
 PHYSICIAN WHO ATTENDS TO THE INJURED EMPLOYEE.

4 SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-406, amend (2);
5 and add (3) and (4) as follows:

8-43-406. Compensation in lump sum. (2) IF A CLAIMANT WHO
HAS BEEN AWARDED COMPENSATION IS THE INJURED WORKER OR THE SOLE
DEPENDENT OF A DECEASED INJURED WORKER, the aggregate of all lump
sums granted to a THE claimant who has been awarded compensation
shall MUST not exceed sixty EIGHTY thousand EIGHT HUNDRED
SIXTY-EIGHT dollars AND TEN CENTS.

(3) IF A CLAIMANT WHO HAS BEEN AWARDED COMPENSATION IS
ONE OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENTS OF A DECEASED INJURED WORKER, THE
AGGREGATE OF ALL LUMP SUMS GRANTED TO THE CLAIMANT MUST BE A
PROPORTIONATE SHARE, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR OR
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, OF AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED ONE
HUNDRED SIXTY THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY-FOUR DOLLARS AND
FIFTEEN CENTS.

19 (4) FOR INJURIES SUSTAINED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2014, THE 20 DIRECTOR SHALL ADJUST THE LUMP-SUM LIMITS SET FORTH IN 21 SUBSECTIONS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SECTION ON JULY 1, 2014, AND EACH 22 JULY 1 THEREAFTER, BY THE PERCENTAGE OF THE ADJUSTMENT MADE BY 23 THE DIRECTOR TO THE STATE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE PURSUANT TO 24 SECTION 8-47-106. A CLAIMANT WHO HAS RECEIVED COMPENSATION 25 UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT ENTITLED TO ANY FURTHER COMPENSATION 26 UNDER THIS SECTION RELATED TO THE CLAIM AS A RESULT OF AN 27 ADJUSTMENT BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4).

-10-

SECTION 10. Effective date. This act takes effect July 1, 2014.
 SECTION 11. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.