Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House HOUSE BILL 14-1266

LLS NO. 14-0833.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

McCann and Gardner,

Newell and King,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

House Committees Judiciary Appropriations

Senate Committees Judiciary Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCE	ERNING	G THE	E PENALTIES FOR	CERTAIN VALUE	-BASED OFFEN	ISES,
102		AND,	IN	CONNECTION	THEREWITH,	REDUCING	AN
103		APPRO	PRIA	TION.			

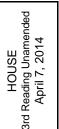
Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</u>.)

Recently the penalties for theft changed based on the value of the loss. The bill changes the penalties for criminal mischief, fraud by check, defrauding a secured creditor, and unauthorized use of a financial transaction device and computer crime. The changes create new threshold

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended April 25, 2014

SENATE 2nd Reading Unamended April 24, 2014



Amended 2nd Reading April 4, 2014

HOUSE

loss levels for a full range of penalties from a class 2 felony down to a petty offense or a low level misdemeanor.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-501, **amend** (1); 3 and add (4) as follows: 4 **18-4-501.** Criminal mischief. (1) A person who COMMITS 5 CRIMINAL MISCHIEF WHEN HE OR SHE knowingly damages the real or 6 personal property of one or more other persons, including property owned 7 by the person jointly with another person or property owned by the person 8 in which another person has a possessory or proprietary interest, in the 9 course of a single criminal episode. commits a class 2 misdemeanor 10 where the aggregate damage to the real or personal property is less than 11 five hundred dollars. Where the aggregate damage to the real or personal 12 property is five hundred dollars or more but less than one thousand 13 dollars, the person commits a class 1 misdemeanor. Where the aggregate 14 damage to the real or personal property is one thousand dollars or more 15 but less than twenty thousand dollars, the person commits a class 4 16 felony. Where the aggregate damage to the real or personal property is 17 twenty thousand dollars or more, the person commits a class 3 felony. 18 (4) CRIMINAL MISCHIEF IS: 19 (a) A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO 20 THE REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED 21 DOLLARS; 22 (b) A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO 23 THE REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE 24 BUT LESS THAN SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS; 25 (c) A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO

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THE REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR
 MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS;

3 (d) A CLASS 6 FELONY WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO THE
4 REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT
5 LESS THAN FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS;

6 (e) A CLASS 5 FELONY WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO THE
7 REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT
8 LESS THAN TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS;

9 (f) A CLASS 4 FELONY WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO THE
10 REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE
11 BUT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(g) A CLASS 3 FELONY WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO THE
REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR
MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS; AND

15 (h) A CLASS 2 FELONY WHEN THE AGGREGATE DAMAGE TO THE
16 REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-5-205, amend (3)
as follows:

19 18-5-205. Fraud by check - definitions - penalties. (3) Fraud by
20 check is:

21 (a) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1693, § 8, effective July
22 1, 2007.)

(a.5) A CLASS 1 PETTY OFFENSE IF THE FRAUDULENT CHECK WAS
FOR THE SUM OF LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS OR IF THE OFFENDER IS
CONVICTED OF FRAUD BY CHECK INVOLVING THE ISSUANCE OF TWO OR
MORE CHECKS WITHIN A SIXTY-DAY PERIOD IN THE STATE OF COLORADO
TOTALING LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS IN THE AGGREGATE;

(a.7) A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR IF THE FRAUDULENT CHECK WAS
 FOR THE SUM OF FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED
 DOLLARS OR IF THE OFFENDER IS CONVICTED OF FRAUD BY CHECK
 INVOLVING THE ISSUANCE OF TWO OR MORE CHECKS WITHIN A SIXTY-DAY
 PERIOD IN THE STATE OF COLORADO TOTALING FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE
 BUT LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS IN THE AGGREGATE;

7 (b) A class 2 misdemeanor if the fraudulent check was for the sum 8 of less than five THREE hundred dollars or MORE BUT LESS THAN SEVEN 9 HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR if the offender is convicted of fraud by 10 check involving the issuance of two or more checks within a sixty-day 11 period in the state of Colorado totaling less than five THREE hundred dollars OR MORE BUT LESS THAN SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS in the 12 13 aggregate; A class 3 misdemeanor if the fraudulent check was for the sum 14 of fifty dollars or more but less than three hundred dollars or if the 15 offender is convicted of fraud by check involving the issuance of two or 16 more checks within a sixty-day period in the state of Colorado totaling 17 fifty dollars or more but less than three hundred dollars in the aggregate; 18 (b.5) A class 1 misdemeanor if the fraudulent check was for the 19 sum of five hundred dollars or more but less than one thousand dollars or 20 if the offender is convicted of fraud by check involving the issuance of 21 two or more checks within a sixty-day period in the state of Colorado 22 totaling five hundred dollars or more but less than one thousand dollars 23 in the aggregate;

(c) A class 6 felony 1 MISDEMEANOR if the fraudulent check was
for the sum of one thousand SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY dollars or more BUT
LESS THAN TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS or if the offender is convicted of
fraud by check involving the issuance of two or more checks within a

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sixty-day period in the state of Colorado totaling one thousand SEVEN
 HUNDRED FIFTY dollars or more BUT LESS THAN TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS
 in the aggregate; or if the offender has been twice previously convicted
 under this section or a former statute of this state of similar content and
 purport;

6 (d) A CLASS 6 FELONY IF THE FRAUDULENT CHECK WAS FOR THE
7 SUM OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE OR IF THE OFFENDER IS
8 CONVICTED OF FRAUD BY CHECK INVOLVING THE ISSUANCE OF TWO OR
9 MORE CHECKS WITHIN A SIXTY-DAY PERIOD IN THE STATE OF COLORADO
10 TOTALING TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE IN THE AGGREGATE;

11 (d) (e) A class 6 felony if the fraudulent check was drawn on an
12 account which did not exist or which has been closed for a period of thirty
13 days or more prior to the issuance of said check.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-5-206, amend (1)
and (2) as follows:

16 18-5-206. Defrauding a secured creditor or debtor. (1) If a
17 person, with intent to defraud a creditor by defeating, impairing, or
18 rendering worthless or unenforceable any security interest, sells, assigns,
19 transfers, conveys, pledges, encumbers, conceals, destroys, or disposes of
20 any collateral subject to a security interest, THE PERSON COMMITS:

21 (a) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1694, § 9, effective July
22 1, 2007.)

(b) The person commits a class 2 misdemeanor if the value of the
collateral is less than five hundred dollars A CLASS 1 PETTY OFFENSE IF
THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS;

(b.5) The person commits a class 1 misdemeanor if the value of
 the collateral is five hundred dollars or more but less than one thousand

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1 dollars;

2 (c)The person commits a class 5 felony if the value of the 3 collateral is one thousand dollars or more but less than twenty thousand 4 dollars; and A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL 5 IS FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS; 6 (d) The person commits a class 3 felony if the value of the 7 collateral is twenty thousand dollars or more. A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR 8 IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE 9 BUT LESS THAN SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS;

10 (e) A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL
11 IS SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWO
12 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(f) A CLASS 6 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS TWO
THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS;
(g) A CLASS 5 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS FIVE
THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWENTY THOUSAND
DOLLARS;

18 (h) A CLASS 4 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS
19 TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED
20 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(i) A CLASS 3 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS ONE
HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE MILLION
DOLLARS; AND

(j) A CLASS 2 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE COLLATERAL IS ONE
MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE.

(2) If a creditor, with intent to defraud a debtor, sells, assigns,
transfers, conveys, pledges, buys, or encumbers a promissory note or

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1 contract signed by the debtor, THE CREDITOR COMMITS:

2 (a) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1694, § 9, effective July
3 1, 2007.)

4 (b) The creditor commits a class 2 misdemeanor if the amount
5 owing on the note or contract is less than five hundred dollars A CLASS 1
6 PETTY OFFENSE IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR CONTRACT IS LESS
7 THAN FIFTY DOLLARS;

8 (b.5) The creditor commits a class 1 misdemeanor if the amount
9 owing on the note or contract is five hundred dollars or more but less than
10 one thousand dollars;

(c) The creditor commits a class 5 felony if the amount owing on
the note or contract is one thousand dollars or more but less than twenty
thousand dollars; and A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON
THE NOTE OR CONTRACT IS FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN THREE
HUNDRED DOLLARS;

16 (d) The creditor commits a class 3 felony if the amount owing on
17 the note or contract is twenty thousand dollars or more. A CLASS 2
18 MISDEMEANOR IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR CONTRACT IS
19 THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN SEVEN HUNDRED
20 FIFTY DOLLARS;

(e) A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE
OR CONTRACT IS SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN
TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(f) A CLASS 6 FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR
CONTRACT IS TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN FIVE
THOUSAND DOLLARS;

27 (g) A CLASS 5 FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR

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CONTRACT IS FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWENTY
 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

3 (h) A CLASS 4 FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR
4 CONTRACT IS TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE
5 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS;

6 (i) A CLASS 3 FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR
7 CONTRACT IS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN
8 ONE MILLION DOLLARS; AND

9 (j) A CLASS 2 FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OWING ON THE NOTE OR
10 CONTRACT IS ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-5-702, amend (3)
as follows:

13 18-5-702. Unauthorized use of a financial transaction device.
14 (3) Unauthorized use of a financial transaction device is:

15 (a) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1695, § 13, effective July
16 1, 2007.)

(b) A class 1 misdemeanor if the value of the cash, credit,
property, or services obtained or of the financial payments made is less
than one thousand dollars A CLASS 1 PETTY OFFENSE IF THE VALUE OF THE
CASH, CREDIT, PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL
PAYMENTS MADE IS LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS:

(c) A class 5 felony if the value of the cash, credit, property, or
services obtained or of the financial payments made is one thousand
dollars or more but less than twenty thousand dollars A CLASS 3
MISDEMEANOR IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT, PROPERTY, OR
SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE IS FIFTY
DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS;

(d) A class 3 felony if the value of the cash, credit, property, or
 services obtained or of the financial payments made is twenty thousand
 dollars or more. A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH,
 CREDIT, PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL
 PAYMENTS MADE IS THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN
 SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS;

7 (e) A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,
8 PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE
9 IS SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWO
10 THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(f) A CLASS 6 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,
PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE
IS TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN FIVE THOUSAND
DOLLARS;

(g) A CLASS 5 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,
PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE
IS FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWENTY THOUSAND
DOLLARS;

(h) A CLASS 4 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,
PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE
IS TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED
THOUSAND DOLLARS;

(i) A CLASS 3 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,
PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE
IS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE
MILLION DOLLARS; AND

27 (j) A CLASS 2 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE CASH, CREDIT,

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1 PROPERTY, OR SERVICES OBTAINED OR OF THE FINANCIAL PAYMENTS MADE

2 IS ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE.

3 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-5.5-102, amend
4 (3) (a) as follows:

5 18-5.5-102. Computer crime. (3) (a) Except as provided in 6 paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection (3), if the loss, damage, value of 7 services, or thing of value taken, or cost of restoration or repair caused by 8 a violation of this section is: less than five hundred dollars, computer 9 crime is a class 2 misdemeanor; if five hundred dollars or more but less 10 than one thousand dollars, computer crime is a class 1 misdemeanor; if 11 one thousand dollars or more but less than twenty thousand dollars, 12 computer crime is a class 4 felony; if twenty thousand dollars or more, 13 computer crime is a class 3 felony.

14 (I) LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 1
15 PETTY OFFENSE;

16 (II) FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN THREE HUNDRED
17 DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR;

(III) THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN SEVEN
HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR;
(IV) SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN
TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR;
(V) TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN FIVE
THOUSAND DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 6 FELONY;

24 (VI) FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN TWENTY
25 THOUSAND DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 5 FELONY;

26 (VII) TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ONE
27 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 4 FELONY;

1	(VIII) ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT LESS
2	THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS, COMPUTER CRIME IS A CLASS 3 FELONY; AND
3	(IX) ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE, COMPUTER CRIME IS A
4	CLASS 2 FELONY.
5	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-409, amend (3)
6	as follows:
7	18-4-409. Aggravated motor vehicle theft. (3) Aggravated
8	motor vehicle theft in the first degree is a:
9	(a) Class 4 CLASS 5 felony if the value of the motor vehicle or
10	motor vehicles involved is LESS THAN twenty thousand dollars; or less
11	(a.5) CLASS 4 FELONY IF THE VALUE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE OR
12	MOTOR VEHICLES INVOLVED IS TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE BUT
13	LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS;
14	(b) Class 3 felony if the value of the motor vehicle or motor
15	vehicles involved is more than twenty ONE HUNDRED thousand dollars or
16	if the defendant has twice previously been convicted or adjudicated of
17	charges separately brought and tried either in this state or elsewhere of an
18	offense involving theft of a motor vehicle under the laws of this state, any
19	other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of
20	the United States.
21	SECTION 7. Appropriation - adjustments to 2014 long bill.
22	(1) For the implementation of this act, appropriations made in the annual
23	general appropriation act to the judicial department for the fiscal year
24	beginning July 1, 2014, are adjusted as follows:
25	(a) The general fund appropriation to the office of the state public
26	defender for personal services is decreased by \$67,270 and 1.2 FTE.
27	(b) The general fund appropriation to the office of the state public

1 defender for operating and travel expenses is decreased by \$2,138.

2 Act subject to petition - effective date -SECTION 8. 3 **applicability.** (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following 4 the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 6, 2014, if adjournment sine die is on May 7, 5 6 2014); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 7 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, 8 or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part 9 will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election 10 to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take effect on the 11 date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

12 (2) This act applies to offenses committed on or after the13 applicable effective date of this act.