# Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 14-0951.01 Ed DeCecco x4216

**HOUSE BILL 14-1327** 

## **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Williams and Murray,

## SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Scheffel and Tochtrop,

#### **House Committees**

## **Senate Committees**

Business, Labor, Economic, & Workforce Development

Finance

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	MEASURES	TO	EXPAND	THE	DEI	PLOYMENT	OF
102	COMMU	NICATION	NET	works,	AND,	IN	CONNECT	ION
103	THEREW	VITH, ENACTI	NG TH	E ''BROAL	BAND I	DEPL	OYMENT A	ст''.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries">http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</a>.)

**Section 3** of the bill requires a local government to process a complete application for the collocation of a wireless service facility within 90 days and to process a complete application that involves a new structure or a new wireless service facility other than a collocation within

150 days. There is an exception to these deadlines for the provider to respond to a request for additional information, and the parties may agree to waive the deadlines. **Section 3** also requires a local government to allow a permit applicant to consolidate applications and receive a single permit for a small cell network that is within the jurisdiction of a single local government and to consolidate documents and administrative proceedings if an applicant is collocating several wireless service facilities within a single local government.

Sections 4, 5, and 6 expand parts of the law relating to access to public rights-of-way for telecommunications providers to include broadband providers, which include cable operators. Specifically, section 5 grants a broadband provider the right to construct, maintain, and operate facilities along any public highway. Section 6 requires a political subdivision's tax, fee, or charge to be competitively neutral among telecommunications providers and broadband providers and prohibits a political subdivision from collecting taxes, fees, and charges from a broadband provider through in-kind services, or requiring in-kind services as a condition to use a highway.

**Section 7** requires the state or a political subdivision to provide notice to a broadband provider of a utility trenching project that the state or political subdivision conducts and to allow joint trenching by broadband providers on a nonexclusive and nondiscriminatory basis. Notice of the trenching project will be given to any broadband provider that requests to be included on a public list maintained by the department of transportation.

**Section 8** creates a state sales and use tax exemption for the sale or lease to a broadband provider of tangible personal property that is used directly in the provider's network for the provision of broadband service. **Section 2** of the bill permits a statutory county, city, or town to create a local sales and use tax exemption that is identical to the state exemption. It also repeals separate authority for local governments to create a similar sales and use tax exemption.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1. Short title.** This act shall be known and may be

3 cited as the "Broadband Deployment Act".

1

- 4 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-2-105, **amend** (1)
- 5 (d) (I) (K), (1) (d) (I) (L), and (10); and **add** (1) (d) (I) (M) as follows:
- 6 29-2-105. Contents of sales tax ordinances and proposals.
- 7 (1) The sales tax ordinance or proposal of any incorporated town, city,

-2- HB14-1327

or county adopted pursuant to this article shall be imposed on the sale of tangible personal property at retail or the furnishing of services, as provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection (1). Any countywide or incorporated town or city sales tax ordinance or proposal shall include the following provisions:

- (d) (I) A provision that the sale of tangible personal property and services taxable pursuant to this article shall be the same as the sale of tangible personal property and services taxable pursuant to section 39-26-104, C.R.S., except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (d). The sale of tangible personal property and services taxable pursuant to this article shall be subject to the same sales tax exemptions as those specified in part 7 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S.; except that the sale of the following may be exempted from a town, city, or county sales tax only by the express inclusion of the exemption either at the time of adoption of the initial sales tax ordinance or resolution or by amendment thereto:
- (K) The exemption for sales that benefit a Colorado school specified in section 39-26-725, C.R.S.; and
- (L) The exemption for sales by an association or organization of parents and teachers of public school students that is a charitable organization as specified in section 39-26-718 (1) (c), C.R.S.; AND
- (M) THE EXEMPTION FOR SALES OR LEASES TO A BROADBAND PROVIDER OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS USED DIRECTLY IN THE PROVISION OF BROADBAND SERVICE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 39-26-709.5, C.R.S.
- (10) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, and except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (10), a town, city, or county may exempt from its sales tax sales to a

-3- HB14-1327

1	telecommunications provider of equipment used directly in the provision		
2	of telephone service, cable television service, <del>broadband communications</del>		
3	service, or mobile telecommunications service.		
4	(b) A town, city, or county may not adopt a sales tax exemption		
5	pursuant to the authority set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection (10)		
6	unless the exemption applies in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner		
7	to the telecommunications providers of telephone service, cable television		
8	service, broadband communications service, and mobile		
9	telecommunications service.		
10	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 4 to article		
11	27 of title 29 as follows:		
12	PART 4		
13	PERMIT APPROVAL - PROCESS AND DEADLINE		
14	<b>29-27-401. Legislative declaration.</b> (1) The General Assembly		
15	FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:		
16	(a) THE PERMITTING, CONSTRUCTION, MODIFICATION,		
17	MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF BROADBAND FACILITIES ARE CRITICAL		
18	TO ENSURING THAT ALL CITIZENS IN THE STATE HAVE TRUE ACCESS TO		
19	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION;		
20	(b) These facilities are critical to ensuring that		
21	BUSINESSES AND SCHOOLS THROUGHOUT THE STATE REMAIN COMPETITIVE		
22	IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY; AND		
23	(c) THE PERMITTING, CONSTRUCTION, MODIFICATION,		
24	MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF THESE FACILITIES, TO THE EXTENT		
25	SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED IN THIS PART 4, ARE DECLARED TO BE MATTERS		
26	OF STATEWIDE CONCERN AND INTEREST.		
27	29-27-402. Definitions. As used in this part 4, unless the		

-4- HB14-1327

1	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
2	(1) "Broadband facility" means any infrastructure used
3	TO DELIVER BROADBAND SERVICE OR FOR THE PROVISION OF BROADBAND
4	SERVICE.
5	(2) "Broadband service" has the same meaning as set forth
6	IN 7 U.S.C. SEC. 950bb (b) (1) AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
7	SECTION, AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION INCLUDES:
8	(a) "CABLE SERVICE", AS DEFINED IN 47 U.S.C. SEC. 522 (6) AS OF
9	THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION;
10	(b) "Telecommunications service", as defined in 47 U.S.C.
11	SEC. 153 AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION; AND
12	(c) "Wireless service", which means data and
13	TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES, INCLUDING COMMERCIAL MOBILE
14	SERVICES, COMMERCIAL MOBILE DATA SERVICES, UNLICENSED WIRELESS
15	SERVICES, AND COMMON CARRIER WIRELESS EXCHANGE ACCESS SERVICES,
16	AS ALL OF THESE TERMS ARE DEFINED BY FEDERAL LAW AND
17	REGULATIONS.
18	(3) "COLLOCATION" MEANS THE MOUNTING OR INSTALLATION OF
19	BROADBAND SERVICE EQUIPMENT ON A TOWER, BUILDING, OR STRUCTURE
20	WITH EXISTING BROADBAND SERVICE EQUIPMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF
21	TRANSMITTING OR RECEIVING RADIO FREQUENCY SIGNALS FOR
22	COMMUNICATIONS PURPOSES.
23	(4) "SMALL CELL FACILITY" MEANS EITHER:
24	(a) A PERSONAL WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITY AS DEFINED BY THE
25	FEDERAL "TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996", AS AMENDED AS OF THE
26	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION; OR
27	(b) A WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITY THAT MEETS BOTH OF THE

-5- HB14-1327

1	FOLLOWING QUALIFICATIONS:
2	(I) EACH ANTENNA IS LOCATED INSIDE AN ENCLOSURE OF NO MORE
3	THAN THREE CUBIC FEET IN VOLUME OR, IN THE CASE OF AN ANTENNA
4	THAT HAS EXPOSED ELEMENTS, THE ANTENNA AND ALL OF ITS EXPOSED
5	ELEMENTS COULD FIT WITHIN AN IMAGINARY ENCLOSURE OF NO MORE
6	THAN THREE CUBIC FEET; AND
7	(II) PRIMARY EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURES ARE NO LARGER THAN
8	SEVENTEEN CUBIC FEET IN VOLUME. THE FOLLOWING ASSOCIATED
9	EQUIPMENT MAY BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE PRIMARY EQUIPMENT
10	ENCLOSURE AND, IF SO LOCATED, IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION
11	OF EQUIPMENT VOLUME: ELECTRIC METER, CONCEALMENT,
12	TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEMARCATION BOX, GROUND-BASED ENCLOSURES,
13	BACK-UP POWER SYSTEMS, GROUNDING EQUIPMENT, POWER TRANSFER
14	SWITCH, AND CUT-OFF SWITCH.
15	(5) "SMALL CELL NETWORK" MEANS A COLLECTION OF
16	INTERRELATED SMALL CELL FACILITIES DESIGNED TO DELIVER WIRELESS
17	SERVICE.
18	(6) "STRUCTURE" MEANS ANY FACILITY, TOWER, POLE, BUILDING,
19	OR OTHER STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE SOLE OR PRIMARY PURPOSE
20	OF SUPPORTING BROADBAND FACILITIES OR WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITIES.
21	(7) "WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITY" MEANS A FACILITY FOR THE
22	PROVISION OF WIRELESS SERVICES.
23	29-27-403. Permit - approval - deadline - exception. (1) A
24	LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE UP TO:
25	(a) NINETY DAYS TO PROCESS A COMPLETE APPLICATION THAT
26	INVOLVES A COLLOCATION OF A TOWER, BUILDING, STRUCTURE, OR
27	REPLACEMENT STRUCTURE; OR

-6- НВ14-1327

1	(b) ONE HUNDRED FIFTY DAYS TO PROCESS A COMPLETE
2	APPLICATION THAT INVOLVES A NEW STRUCTURE OR A NEW WIRELESS
3	SERVICE FACILITY OTHER THAN A COLLOCATION.
4	(2) THE TIME IT TAKES FOR AN APPLICANT TO RESPOND TO THE
5	FIRST REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WILL NOT COUNT TOWARD
6	THE APPLICABLE DEADLINE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION
7	ONLY IF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT NOTIFIES THE APPLICANT WITHIN
8	THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE INITIAL FILING THAT THE APPLICATION IS
9	INCOMPLETE. ALL OTHER REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
10	COUNT TOWARD SUCH DEADLINES.
11	(3) AN APPLICANT AND A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY MUTUALLY
12	AGREE THAT AN APPLICATION MAY BE PROCESSED IN A LONGER PERIOD
13	THAN SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
14	29-27-404. Permit process. (1) FOR SMALL CELL NETWORKS
15	INVOLVING MULTIPLE INDIVIDUAL SMALL CELL FACILITIES WITHIN THE
16	JURISDICTION OF A SINGLE LOCAL GOVERNMENT, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT
17	SHALL ALLOW THE APPLICANT, AT THE APPLICANT'S DISCRETION, TO FILE
18	A CONSOLIDATED APPLICATION AND RECEIVE A SINGLE PERMIT FOR THE
19	SMALL CELL NETWORK INSTEAD OF FILING SEPARATE APPLICATIONS FOR
20	EACH INDIVIDUAL SMALL CELL FACILITY.
21	(2) If a wireless service provider applies to collocate
22	SEVERAL WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITIES WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF A
23	SINGLE LOCAL GOVERNMENT, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SHALL:
24	(a) ALLOW THE APPLICANT, AT THE APPLICANT'S DISCRETION, TO
25	FILE A SINGLE SET OF DOCUMENTS THAT WILL APPLY TO ALL THE WIRELESS
26	SERVICE FACILITIES TO BE SITED; AND
27	(b) RENDER A DECISION REGARDING ALL THE WIRELESS SERVICE

-7- HB14-1327

2	REQUIREMENTS CALL FOR AN ELECTED OR APPOINTED BODY TO RENDER
3	SUCH DECISION.
4	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-5.5-102, amend
5	(1); and <b>add</b> (1.3) and (1.7) as follows:
6	38-5.5-102. <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this article, unless the context
7	otherwise requires:
8	(1) "Political subdivision" means a county, city and county, city,
9	town, service authority, school district, local improvement district, law
10	enforcement authority, water, sanitation, fire protection, metropolitan,
11	irrigation, drainage, or other special district, or any other kind of
12	municipal, quasi-municipal, or public corporation organized pursuant to
13	law "Broadband" or "broadband service" has the same meaning
14	AS SET FORTH IN 7 U.S.C. SEC. 950bb (b) (1) AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE
15	OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), AS AMENDED, AND INCLUDES "CABLE SERVICE",
16	AS DEFINED IN $47$ U.S.C. SEC. $522$ (6) AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
17	SUBSECTION (1), AS AMENDED.
18	(1.3) "Broadband provider" means a person that provides
19	BROADBAND SERVICE, AND INCLUDES A "CABLE OPERATOR", AS DEFINED
20	IN 47 U.S.C. SEC. $522(5)$ AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION
21	(1.3).
22	(1.7) "POLITICAL SUBDIVISION" MEANS A COUNTY, CITY AND
23	COUNTY, CITY, TOWN, SERVICE AUTHORITY, SCHOOL DISTRICT, LOCAL
24	IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY, WATER,
25	SANITATION, FIRE PROTECTION, METROPOLITAN, IRRIGATION, DRAINAGE,
26	OR OTHER SPECIAL DISTRICT, OR ANY OTHER KIND OF MUNICIPAL,
27	QUASI-MUNICIPAL, OR PUBLIC CORPORATION ORGANIZED PURSUANT TO

FACILITIES IN A SINGLE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING, UNLESS LOCAL

-8- HB14-1327

1	LAW.
2	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-5.5-103, amend
3	(1) as follows:
4	38-5.5-103. Use of public highways - discrimination prohibited
5	- content regulation prohibited. (1) Any domestic or foreign
6	telecommunications provider OR BROADBAND PROVIDER authorized to do
7	business under the laws of this state shall have the right to construct,
8	maintain, and operate conduit, cable, switches, and related appurtenances
9	and facilities along, across, upon, and under any public highway in this
10	state, subject to the provisions of this article and of article 1.5 of title 9,
11	C.R.S.; and the construction, maintenance, operation, and regulation of
12	such facilities, including the right to occupy and utilize the public
13	rights-of-way, by telecommunications providers AND BROADBAND
14	PROVIDERS are hereby declared to be matters of statewide concern. Such
15	facilities shall be so constructed and maintained as not to obstruct or
16	hinder the usual travel on such highway.
17	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-5.5-107, amend
18	(1) (b), (2), (3), and (4); and <b>add</b> (5) as follows:
19	<b>38-5.5-107.</b> Permissible taxes, fees, and charges. (1) (b) All
20	fees and charges levied by a political subdivision shall be reasonably
21	related to the costs directly incurred by the political subdivision in
22	providing services relating to the granting or administration of permits.
23	Such fees and charges also shall be reasonably related in time to the
24	occurrence of such costs. In any controversy concerning the
25	appropriateness of a fee or charge, the political subdivision shall have the
26	burden of proving that the fee or charge is reasonably related to the direct
27	costs incurred by the political subdivision. All costs of construction shall

-9- HB14-1327

be borne by the TELECOMMUNICATIONS provider OR BROADBAND PROVIDER.

- (2) (a) Any tax, fee, or charge imposed by a political subdivision shall be competitively neutral among telecommunications providers AND BROADBAND PROVIDERS.
  - (b) Nothing in this article or in article 32 of title 31, C.R.S., shall invalidate a tax or fee imposed if such tax or fee cannot legally be imposed upon another TELECOMMUNICATIONS provider, BROADBAND PROVIDER, or service because of the requirements of state or federal law or because such other provider is exempt from taxation or lacks a taxable nexus with the political subdivision imposing the tax or fee.
  - (c) If a political subdivision imposes a tax on a TELECOMMUNICATIONS provider OR BROADBAND PROVIDER and such tax does not apply to other providers of comparable telecommunications services OR BROADBAND SERVICES due to the language of the ordinance or resolution that imposes the tax, then the governing body of the political subdivision shall take one of the following two courses of action:
  - (I) If it can do so without violating the election requirements of section 20 of article X of the state constitution, the governing body shall amend the ordinance or resolution that imposes the tax so as to extend the tax to providers of comparable telecommunications services OR BROADBAND SERVICES; or
  - (II) If an election is required under section 20 of article X of the state constitution, the governing body shall cause an election to be held in accordance with said section 20 to authorize the extension of the tax to providers of comparable telecommunications services OR BROADBAND SERVICES. If the extension of the tax is not approved by the voters at such

-10- HB14-1327

election, then the existing tax shall no longer apply to the providers that had been subject to the tax immediately before the election.

- (3) Taxes, fees, and charges imposed shall not be collected through the provision of in-kind services by telecommunications providers OR BROADBAND PROVIDERS, nor shall any political subdivision require the provision of in-kind services as a condition of consent to use a highway.
  - (4) The terms of all agreements between political subdivisions and telecommunications providers OR BROADBAND PROVIDERS regarding use of highways shall be matters of public record and shall be made available upon request pursuant to article 72 of title 24, C.R.S.
  - (5) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE AFFECTS THE ABILITY OF A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION TO REQUIRE AND GRANT A CABLE FRANCHISE TO A CABLE OPERATOR SEEKING TO PROVIDE CABLE TELEVISION SERVICE WITHIN THE POLITICAL SUBDIVISION AND TO OBTAIN ANY CONSIDERATION OR IMPOSE ANY CONDITIONS IN A CABLE FRANCHISE, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROHIBITED BY FEDERAL LAW.
- SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 38-5.5-109 as follows:
- 38-5.5-109. Notice of trenching permitted access. (1) (a) THE

  STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE ON A

  COMPETITIVELY NEUTRAL BASIS TO BROADBAND PROVIDERS OF ANY

  UTILITY TRENCHING PROJECT THAT IT CONDUCTS. THE STATE OR POLITICAL

  SUBDIVISION SHALL PROVIDE THE NOTICE TEN BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO

  THE START OF THE PROJECT.
  - (b) THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SHALL MAINTAIN A
    PUBLIC LIST OF ALL BROADBAND PROVIDERS THAT WOULD LIKE TO

-11- HB14-1327

1	RECEIVE NOTICE OF A UTILITY TRENCHING PROJECT AND THE PROVIDERS'
2	ADDRESSES ON THE WEB SITE IT MAINTAINS. TO BE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE
3	NOTICE UNDER PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), A BROADBAND
4	PROVIDER MUST REQUEST THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO BE
5	INCLUDED IN THE DEPARTMENT LIST. A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY RELY
6	ON THE DEPARTMENT LIST WHEN MAKING ITS NOTIFICATIONS, AND SUCH
7	NOTIFICATIONS MAY BE MADE BY ELECTRONIC MAIL.
8	(2) (a) For any trenching project conducted by the state
9	OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, THE STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION SHALL
10	ALLOW JOINT TRENCHING BY BROADBAND PROVIDERS ON A NONEXCLUSIVE
11	AND NONDISCRIMINATORY BASIS, EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (b)
12	OF THIS SUBSECTION (2). THIS SUBSECTION (2) DOES NOT LIMIT THE
13	ABILITY OF THE STATE, POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR ANY PRIVATE ENTITY
14	TO SHARE THE COSTS OF CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO THE TRENCHING
15	PROJECT WITH THE BROADBAND PROVIDER.
16	(b) THE STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY DENY JOINT
17	TRENCHING BY BROADBAND PROVIDERS IF THE JOINT TRENCHING WILL
18	HINDER OR OBSTRUCT HIGHWAY SAFETY OR THE CONSTRUCTION,
19	MAINTENANCE, OPERATIONS, OR RELATED REGULATION OF HIGHWAY
20	FACILITIES.
21	(3) (a) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION IS INTENDED TO PREEMPT OR
22	OTHERWISE REPLACE REQUIREMENTS FOR JOINT TRENCHING THAT MAY BE
23	IMPOSED BY A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.
24	(b) Nothing in this section requires a private entity
25	UNDERTAKING A TRENCHING PROJECT TO ALLOW A BROADBAND PROVIDER
26	TO PARTICIPATE IN THE TRENCHING PROJECT.
27	(c) Any provision in this section that conflicts with

-12- HB14-1327

1	FEDERAL LAW IS UNENFORCEABLE.
2	<b>SECTION 8.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, <b>add</b> 39-26-709.5 as
3	follows:
4	39-26-709.5. Broadband provider - property used in
5	broadband service - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) The
6	GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THE TAX
7	EXEMPTION CREATED IN THIS SECTION IS TO ENCOURAGE BROADBAND
8	PROVIDERS TO DEPLOY BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE IN GEOGRAPHIC
9	AREAS OF THE STATE THAT DO NOT CONTAIN ANY BROADBAND
10	INFRASTRUCTURE AND TO UPGRADE INFRASTRUCTURE FOR UNDERSERVED
11	AREAS WHOSE SERVICE DOES NOT MEET THE DEFINITION OF BROADBAND
12	SERVICE SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
13	SECTION.
14	(2) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
15	REQUIRES:
16	(a) "Broadband provider" means a person that provides
17	BROADBAND SERVICE.
18	(b) "Broadband service" means any communications
19	SERVICE HAVING THE CAPACITY TO TRANSMIT DATA TO ENABLE A
20	SUBSCRIBER TO THE SERVICE TO ORIGINATE AND RECEIVE HIGH-QUALITY
21	VOICE, DATA, GRAPHICS, AND VIDEO AT SPEEDS THAT ARE GREATER THAN
22	OR EQUAL TO FOUR MEGABITS PER SECOND FOR DOWNLOAD AND ONE
23	MEGABIT PER SECOND FOR UPLOAD.
24	(3) A SALE OR LEASE TO A BROADBAND PROVIDER OF TANGIBLE
25	PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS USED DIRECTLY IN THE PROVIDER'S
26	NETWORK FOR THE PROVISION OF BROADBAND SERVICE IS EXEMPT FROM
27	TAXATION UNDER PART 1 OF THIS ARTICLE. THE BROADBAND PROVIDER'S

-13- HB14-1327

1	STORAGE OR USE OF THIS TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY IS EXEMPT FROM
2	TAXATION UNDER PART 2 OF THIS ARTICLE.

SECTION 9. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 6, 2014, if adjournment sine die is on May 7, 2014); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

-14- HB14-1327