Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 14-0126.01 Jerry Barry x4341

HOUSE BILL 14-1353

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Gardner,

Johnston,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

House Committees Judiciary **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 **CONCERNING POWERS OF APPOINTMENT.**

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.</u>)

The bill enacts the "Uniform Powers of Appointment Act" as recommended by the national conference of commissioners on uniform state laws. It repeals existing law on powers of appointment and makes conforming amendments.

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u> Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute. Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add article 2.5 to title
3	15 as follows:
4	ARTICLE 2.5
5	Uniform Powers of Appointment Act
6	PART 1
7	GENERAL PROVISIONS
8	15-2.5-101. Short title. This ARTICLE MAY BE CITED AS THE
9	"COLORADO UNIFORM POWERS OF APPOINTMENT ACT".
10	15-2.5-102. Definitions. IN THIS ARTICLE:
11	(1) "APPOINTEE" MEANS A PERSON TO WHOM A POWERHOLDER
12	MAKES AN APPOINTMENT OF APPOINTIVE PROPERTY.
13	(2) "Appointive property" means property or property
14	INTEREST SUBJECT TO A POWER OF APPOINTMENT.
15	(3) "BLANKET-EXERCISE CLAUSE" MEANS A CLAUSE IN AN
16	INSTRUMENT, WHICH CLAUSE EXERCISES A POWER OF APPOINTMENT AND
17	IS NOT A SPECIFIC-EXERCISE CLAUSE. THE TERM INCLUDES A CLAUSE THAT:
18	(a) Expressly uses the words "any power" in exercising any
19	POWER OF APPOINTMENT THE POWERHOLDER HAS;
20	(b) EXPRESSLY USES THE WORDS "ANY PROPERTY" IN APPOINTING
21	ANY PROPERTY OVER WHICH THE POWERHOLDER HAS A POWER OF
22	APPOINTMENT; OR
23	(c) DISPOSES OF ALL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO DISPOSITION BY THE
24	POWERHOLDER.
25	(4) "DONOR" MEANS A PERSON WHO CREATES A POWER OF
26	APPOINTMENT.
27	(5) "EXCLUSIONARY POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER OF

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APPOINTMENT EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE
 PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES TO THE EXCLUSION OF THE OTHER PERMISSIBLE
 APPOINTEES.

4 (6) "GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER OF
5 APPOINTMENT EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF THE POWERHOLDER, THE
6 POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE, A CREDITOR OF THE POWERHOLDER, OR A
7 CREDITOR OF THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE.

8 (7) "GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE" MEANS A CLAUSE IDENTIFYING A
9 TAKER IN DEFAULT OF APPOINTMENT.

10 (8) "IMPERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS NOT A
11 PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE.

12 (9) "INSTRUMENT" MEANS A RECORD.

13 (10) "NONGENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER OF
14 APPOINTMENT THAT IS NOT A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

15 (11) "PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE" MEANS A PERSON IN WHOSE FAVOR
16 A POWERHOLDER MAY EXERCISE A POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

17 (12) "PERSON" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL; ESTATE; TRUST; BUSINESS
18 OR NONPROFIT ENTITY; PUBLIC CORPORATION; GOVERNMENT OR
19 GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION, AGENCY, OR INSTRUMENTALITY; OR OTHER
20 LEGAL ENTITY.

21 (13) "POWERHOLDER" MEANS A PERSON IN WHOM A DONOR22 CREATES A POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

(14) "POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER THAT ENABLES
A POWERHOLDER ACTING IN A NONFIDUCIARY CAPACITY TO DESIGNATE A
RECIPIENT OF AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN OR ANOTHER POWER OF
APPOINTMENT OVER THE APPOINTIVE PROPERTY. THE TERM DOES NOT
INCLUDE A POWER OF ATTORNEY.

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(15) "PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS
 A POWER OF APPOINTMENT EXERCISABLE BY THE POWERHOLDER AT THE
 RELEVANT TIME. THE TERM:

4 (a) INCLUDES A POWER OF APPOINTMENT NOT EXERCISABLE UNTIL
5 THE OCCURRENCE OF A SPECIFIED EVENT, THE SATISFACTION OF AN
6 ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD, OR THE PASSAGE OF A SPECIFIED TIME ONLY
7 AFTER:

(I) THE OCCURRENCE OF THE SPECIFIED EVENT;

9 (II) THE SATISFACTION OF THE ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD; OR

10 (III) THE PASSAGE OF THE SPECIFIED TIME; AND

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11 (b) DOES NOT INCLUDE A POWER EXERCISABLE ONLY AT THE12 POWERHOLDER'S DEATH.

13 (16) "RECORD" MEANS INFORMATION THAT IS INSCRIBED ON A
14 TANGIBLE MEDIUM OR THAT IS STORED IN AN ELECTRONIC OR OTHER
15 MEDIUM AND IS RETRIEVABLE IN PERCEIVABLE FORM.

16 (17) "SPECIFIC-EXERCISE CLAUSE" MEANS A CLAUSE IN AN
17 INSTRUMENT, WHICH CLAUSE SPECIFICALLY REFERS TO AND EXERCISES A
18 PARTICULAR POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

(18) "TAKER IN DEFAULT OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A PERSON WHO
TAKES ALL OR PART OF THE APPOINTIVE PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT THE
POWERHOLDER DOES NOT EFFECTIVELY EXERCISE THE POWER OF
APPOINTMENT.

(19) "TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT" MEANS THE MANIFESTATION OF
THE INTENT OF THE MAKER OF THE INSTRUMENT REGARDING THE
INSTRUMENT'S PROVISIONS AS EXPRESSED IN THE INSTRUMENT OR AS MAY
BE ESTABLISHED BY OTHER EVIDENCE THAT WOULD BE ADMISSIBLE IN A
LEGAL PROCEEDING.

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1 15-2.5-103. Governing law. (1) UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE
 2 INSTRUMENT CREATING A POWER OF APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY
 3 INTENT:

4 (a) THE CREATION, REVOCATION, OR AMENDMENT OF THE POWER
5 IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF THE DONOR'S DOMICILE AT THE RELEVANT
6 TIME; AND

7 (b) THE EXERCISE, RELEASE, OR DISCLAIMER OF THE POWER, OR
8 THE REVOCATION OR AMENDMENT OF THE EXERCISE, RELEASE, OR
9 DISCLAIMER OF THE POWER, IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF THE
10 POWERHOLDER'S DOMICILE AT THE RELEVANT TIME.

11 15-2.5-104. Supplementation by common law and principles
 12 of equity. UNLESS DISPLACED BY THE PARTICULAR PROVISIONS OF THIS
 13 ARTICLE, THE PRINCIPLES OF LAW AND EQUITY SUPPLEMENT ITS
 14 PROVISIONS.

15 PART 2 16 CREATION, REVOCATION, AND 17 AMENDMENT OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT 18 15-2.5-201. Creation of power of appointment. (1) A POWER OF 19 APPOINTMENT IS CREATED ONLY IF: 20 (a) THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER: 21 (I) IS VALID UNDER APPLICABLE LAW; AND 22 (II) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (b) OF THIS 23 SECTION, TRANSFERS THE APPOINTIVE PROPERTY; AND 24 (b) THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER 25 MANIFEST THE DONOR'S INTENT TO CREATE IN A POWERHOLDER A POWER 26 OF APPOINTMENT OVER THE APPOINTIVE PROPERTY EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR 27 OF A PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE.

(2) SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF
 THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO THE CREATION OF A POWER OF
 APPOINTMENT BY THE EXERCISE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

4 (3) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY NOT BE CREATED IN A 5 DECEASED INDIVIDUAL.

6 (4) SUBJECT TO AN APPLICABLE RULE AGAINST PERPETUITIES, A
7 POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY BE CREATED IN AN UNBORN OR
8 UNASCERTAINED POWERHOLDER.

9 15-2.5-202. Nontransferability. A POWERHOLDER MAY NOT
10 TRANSFER A POWER OF APPOINTMENT. IF A POWERHOLDER DIES WITHOUT
11 EXERCISING OR RELEASING A POWER, THE POWER LAPSES.

12 15-2.5-203. Presumption of unlimited authority. (1) SUBJECT
13 TO SECTION 15-2.5-205, AND UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT
14 CREATING A POWER OF APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT, THE
15 POWER IS:

- 16 (a) PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE;
- 17 (b) EXCLUSIONARY; AND
- 18 (c) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 15-2.5-204,
 19 GENERAL.

20 15-2.5-204. Exception to presumption of unlimited authority.
21 (1) UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING A POWER OF
22 APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT, THE POWER IS
23 NONGENERAL IF:

24 (a) THE POWER IS EXERCISABLE ONLY AT THE POWERHOLDER'S25 DEATH; AND

26 (b) THE PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES OF THE POWER ARE A DEFINED
27 AND LIMITED CLASS THAT DOES NOT INCLUDE THE POWERHOLDER'S

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ESTATE, THE POWERHOLDER'S CREDITORS, OR THE CREDITORS OF THE
 POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE.

3 15-2.5-205. Rules of classification - definitions. (1) IN THIS 4 SECTION, "ADVERSE PARTY" MEANS A PERSON WITH A SUBSTANTIAL 5 BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN PROPERTY, WHICH INTEREST WOULD BE AFFECTED ADVERSELY BY A POWERHOLDER'S EXERCISE OR NONEXERCISE OF A POWER 6 7 OF APPOINTMENT IN FAVOR OF THE POWERHOLDER, THE POWERHOLDER'S 8 ESTATE, A CREDITOR OF THE POWERHOLDER, OR A CREDITOR OF THE 9 POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE. 10 (2) IF A POWERHOLDER MAY EXERCISE A POWER OF APPOINTMENT 11 ONLY WITH THE CONSENT OR JOINDER OF AN ADVERSE PARTY, THE POWER 12 IS NONGENERAL. 13 (3) IF THE PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT 14 ARE NOT DEFINED AND LIMITED, THE POWER IS EXCLUSIONARY. 15 15-2.5-206. Power of the donor to revoke or amend. (1) A 16 DONOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND A POWER OF APPOINTMENT ONLY TO THE 17 EXTENT THAT: 18 (a) THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER IS REVOCABLE BY THE 19 DONOR; OR 20 (b) THE DONOR RESERVES A POWER OF REVOCATION OR 21 AMENDMENT IN THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER OF APPOINTMENT. 22 PART 3 23 EXERCISE OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT 24 **15-2.5-301.** Requisites for exercise of power of appointment. 25 (1) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY BE EXERCISED ONLY: 26 (a) IF THE INSTRUMENT EXERCISING THE POWER IS VALID UNDER 27 APPLICABLE LAW;

(b) IF THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT EXERCISING THE POWER:

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2 (I) MANIFEST THE POWERHOLDER'S INTENT TO EXERCISE THE 3 POWER; AND

4 (II) SUBJECT TO SECTION 15-2.5-304, SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS
5 OF EXERCISE, IF ANY, IMPOSED BY THE DONOR; AND

6 (c) TO THE EXTENT THE APPOINTMENT IS A PERMISSIBLE EXERCISE
7 OF THE POWER.

8 15-2.5-302. Intent to exercise - determining intent from
9 residuary clause. (1) IN THIS SECTION:

10 (a) "RESIDUARY CLAUSE" DOES NOT INCLUDE A RESIDUARY
11 CLAUSE CONTAINING A BLANKET-EXERCISE CLAUSE OR A
12 SPECIFIC-EXERCISE CLAUSE.

13 (b) "WILL" INCLUDES A CODICIL AND A TESTAMENTARY14 INSTRUMENT THAT REVISES ANOTHER WILL.

(2) A RESIDUARY CLAUSE IN A POWERHOLDER'S WILL, OR A
COMPARABLE CLAUSE IN THE POWERHOLDER'S REVOCABLE TRUST,
MANIFESTS THE POWERHOLDER'S INTENT TO EXERCISE A POWER OF
APPOINTMENT ONLY IF:

19 (a) THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CONTAINING THE RESIDUARY20 CLAUSE DO NOT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT;

(b) THE POWER IS A GENERAL POWER EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF
THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE;

- 23 (c) THERE IS NO GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE OR THE CLAUSE IS
 24 INEFFECTIVE; AND
- 25 (d) The powerholder did not release the power.

26 15-2.5-303. Intent to exercise - after-acquired power.
27 (1) UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT EXERCISING A POWER OF

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1 APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT:

2 (a) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS
3 SUBSECTION (1), A BLANKET-EXERCISE CLAUSE EXTENDS TO A POWER
4 ACQUIRED BY THE POWERHOLDER AFTER EXECUTING THE INSTRUMENT
5 CONTAINING THE CLAUSE; AND

6 (b) IF THE POWERHOLDER IS ALSO THE DONOR OF THE POWER, THE
7 CLAUSE DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE POWER UNLESS THERE IS NO
8 GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE OR THE GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE IS
9 INEFFECTIVE.

10 15-2.5-304. Substantial compliance with donor-imposed
11 formal requirement. (1) A POWERHOLDER'S SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE
12 WITH A FORMAL REQUIREMENT OF APPOINTMENT IMPOSED BY THE DONOR,
13 INCLUDING A REQUIREMENT THAT THE INSTRUMENT EXERCISING THE
14 POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAKE REFERENCE OR SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO
15 THE POWER, IS SUFFICIENT IF:

16 (a) THE POWERHOLDER KNOWS OF AND INTENDS TO EXERCISE THE
17 POWER; AND

18 (b) THE POWERHOLDER'S MANNER OF ATTEMPTED EXERCISE OF
19 THE POWER DOES NOT IMPAIR A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE DONOR IN
20 IMPOSING THE REQUIREMENT.

15-2.5-305. Permissible appointment. (1) A POWERHOLDER OF
A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT THAT PERMITS APPOINTMENT TO THE
POWERHOLDER OR THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE MAY MAKE ANY
APPOINTMENT, INCLUDING AN APPOINTMENT IN TRUST OR CREATING A NEW
POWER OF APPOINTMENT, THAT THE POWERHOLDER COULD MAKE IN
DISPOSING OF THE POWERHOLDER'S OWN PROPERTY.

27 (2) A POWERHOLDER OF A GENERAL POWER OF A PPOINTMENT THAT

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PERMITS APPOINTMENT ONLY TO THE CREDITORS OF THE POWERHOLDER OR
 OF THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE MAY APPOINT ONLY TO THOSE CREDITORS.

3 (3) UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING A POWER
4 OF APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT, THE POWERHOLDER OF
5 A NONGENERAL POWER MAY:

6 (a) Make an appointment in any form, including an
7 Appointment in trust, in favor of a permissible appointee;

8 (b) CREATE A GENERAL OR NONGENERAL POWER IN A PERMISSIBLE
9 APPOINTEE; OR

10 (c) CREATE A NONGENERAL POWER IN AN IMPERMISSIBLE
11 APPOINTEE TO APPOINT TO ONE OR MORE OF THE PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES
12 OF THE ORIGINAL NONGENERAL POWER.

13 15-2.5-306. Appointment to deceased appointee or permissible
 appointee's descendant. (1) AN APPOINTMENT TO A DECEASED
 APPOINTEE IS INEFFECTIVE.

16 (2) UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING A POWER 17 OF APPOINTMENT MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT, A POWERHOLDER OF A 18 NONGENERAL POWER MAY EXERCISE THE POWER IN FAVOR OF, OR CREATE 19 A NEW POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN, A DESCENDANT OF A DECEASED 20 PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE, WHICH DECEASED APPOINTEE IS A DESCENDANT 21 OF ONE OR MORE OF THE GRANDPARENTS OF THE DONOR, REGARDLESS OF 22 WHETHER THE DESCENDANT IS DESCRIBED BY THE DONOR AS A 23 PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE.

15-2.5-307. Impermissible appointment. (1) EXCEPT AS
OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 15-2.5-306, AN EXERCISE OF A POWER
OF APPOINTMENT IN FAVOR OF AN IMPERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE IS
INEFFECTIVE.

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(2) AN EXERCISE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN FAVOR OF A
 PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE IS INEFFECTIVE TO THE EXTENT THE APPOINTMENT
 IS A FRAUD ON THE POWER.

4 15-2.5-308. Selective allocation doctrine. IF A POWERHOLDER
5 EXERCISES A POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN A DISPOSITION THAT ALSO
6 DISPOSES OF PROPERTY THE POWERHOLDER OWNS, THE OWNED PROPERTY
7 AND THE APPOINTIVE PROPERTY MUST BE ALLOCATED IN THE PERMISSIBLE
8 MANNER THAT BEST CARRIES OUT THE POWERHOLDER'S INTENT.

9 15-2.5-309. Capture doctrine - disposition of ineffectively
appointed property under general power. (1) To THE EXTENT A
POWERHOLDER OF A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT, OTHER THAN A
POWER TO WITHDRAW PROPERTY FROM, REVOKE, OR AMEND A TRUST,
MAKES AN INEFFECTIVE APPOINTMENT:

14 (a) THE GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE CONTROLS THE DISPOSITION OF
 15 THE INEFFECTIVELY APPOINTED PROPERTY; OR

16 (b) IF THERE IS NO GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE, OR TO THE EXTENT
 17 THE CLAUSE IS INEFFECTIVE, THE INEFFECTIVELY APPOINTED PROPERTY:

18 (I) PASSES TO:

19 (A) THE POWERHOLDER IF THE POWERHOLDER IS A PERMISSIBLE20 APPOINTEE AND LIVING; OR

(B) IF THE POWERHOLDER IS AN IMPERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE OR
DECEASED, THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE IF THE ESTATE IS A PERMISSIBLE
APPOINTEE; OR

24 (II) IF THERE IS NO TAKER UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
25 PARAGRAPH (b), PASSES UNDER A REVERSIONARY INTEREST TO THE DONOR
26 OR TO THE DONOR'S TRANSFEREE OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST.

27 15-2.5-310. Disposition of unappointed property under

1 released or unexercised general power. (1) TO THE EXTENT A 2 POWERHOLDER RELEASES OR FAILS TO EXERCISE A GENERAL POWER OF 3 APPOINTMENT OTHER THAN A POWER TO WITHDRAW PROPERTY FROM, 4 REVOKE, OR AMEND A TRUST: 5 (a) THE GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE CONTROLS THE DISPOSITION OF 6 THE UNAPPOINTED PROPERTY; OR 7 (b) IF THERE IS NO GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE OR TO THE EXTENT 8 THE CLAUSE IS INEFFECTIVE: 9 (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF 10 THIS PARAGRAPH (b), THE UNAPPOINTED PROPERTY PASSES TO: 11 (A) THE POWERHOLDER IF THE POWERHOLDER IS A PERMISSIBLE 12 APPOINTEE AND LIVING; OR 13 (B) IF THE POWERHOLDER IS AN IMPERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE OR DECEASED, THE POWERHOLDER'S ESTATE IF THE ESTATE IS A PERMISSIBLE 14 15 APPOINTEE; OR 16 (II) TO THE EXTENT THE POWERHOLDER RELEASED THE POWER, OR 17 IF THERE IS NO TAKER UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b), 18 THE UNAPPOINTED PROPERTY PASSES UNDER A REVERSIONARY INTEREST 19 TO THE DONOR OR TO THE DONOR'S TRANSFEREE OR SUCCESSOR IN 20 INTEREST. 21 Disposition of unappointed property under 15-2.5-311. 22 released or unexercised nongeneral power. (1) TO THE EXTENT A 23 POWERHOLDER RELEASES, INEFFECTIVELY EXERCISES, OR FAILS TO 24 EXERCISE A NONGENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT: 25 (a) THE GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE CONTROLS THE DISPOSITION OF 26 THE UNAPPOINTED PROPERTY; OR 27 (b) IF THERE IS NO GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE, OR TO THE EXTENT

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1 THE CLAUSE IS INEFFECTIVE, THE UNAPPOINTED PROPERTY:

(I) PASSES TO THE PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES IF:

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3 (A) THE PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES ARE DEFINED AND LIMITED; AND
4 (B) THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER DO NOT
5 MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT; OR

6 (II) IF THERE IS NO TAKER UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
7 PARAGRAPH (b), PASSES UNDER A REVERSIONARY INTEREST TO THE DONOR
8 OR THE DONOR'S TRANSFEREE OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST.

9 **15-2.5-312. Disposition of unappointed property if partial** 10 **appointment to taker in default.** UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE 11 INSTRUMENT CREATING OR EXERCISING A POWER OF APPOINTMENT 12 MANIFEST A CONTRARY INTENT, IF THE POWERHOLDER MAKES A VALID 13 PARTIAL APPOINTMENT TO A TAKER IN DEFAULT OF APPOINTMENT, THE 14 TAKER IN DEFAULT OF APPOINTMENT MAY SHARE FULLY IN UNAPPOINTED 15 PROPERTY.

16 15-2.5-313. Appointment to taker in default. IF A
17 POWERHOLDER MAKES AN APPOINTMENT TO A TAKER IN DEFAULT OF
18 APPOINTMENT AND THE APPOINTEE WOULD HAVE TAKEN THE PROPERTY
19 UNDER A GIFT-IN-DEFAULT CLAUSE HAD THE PROPERTY NOT BEEN
20 APPOINTED, THE POWER OF APPOINTMENT IS DEEMED NOT TO HAVE BEEN
21 EXERCISED AND THE APPOINTEE TAKES THE PROPERTY UNDER THE CLAUSE.
22 15-2.5-314. Powerholder's authority to revoke or amend

exercise. (1) A POWERHOLDER MAY REVOKE OR AMEND AN EXERCISE OF
A POWER OF APPOINTMENT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT:

(a) The powerholder reserves a power of revocation or
AMENDMENT IN THE INSTRUMENT EXERCISING THE POWER OF
APPOINTMENT AND, IF THE POWER IS NONGENERAL, THE TERMS OF THE

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1 INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER OF APPOINTMENT DO NOT PROHIBIT 2 THE RESERVATION; OR 3 (b) THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER OF 4 APPOINTMENT PROVIDE THAT THE EXERCISE IS REVOCABLE OR 5 AMENDABLE. PART 4 6 7 DISCLAIMER OR RELEASE: CONTRACT 8 TO APPOINT OR NOT TO APPOINT 9 **Disclaimer.** (1) SUBJECT TO THE "UNIFORM 15-2.5-401. 10 DISCLAIMER OF PROPERTY INTERESTS ACT", PART 12 OF ARTICLE 11 OF 11 THIS TITLE: 12 (a) A POWERHOLDER MAY DISCLAIM ALL OR PART OF A POWER OF 13 APPOINTMENT; AND 14 (b) A PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE, APPOINTEE, OR TAKER IN DEFAULT 15 OF APPOINTMENT MAY DISCLAIM ALL OR PART OF AN INTEREST IN 16 APPOINTIVE PROPERTY. 17 **15-2.5-402.** Authority to release. A POWERHOLDER MAY RELEASE 18 A POWER OF APPOINTMENT, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT 19 THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER PREVENT THE 20 RELEASE. 21 **15-2.5-403.** Method of release. (1) A POWERHOLDER OF A 22 RELEASABLE POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY RELEASE THE POWER IN WHOLE 23 OR IN PART: 24 (a) BY SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH A METHOD PROVIDED IN 25 THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER; OR 26 (b) IF THE TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE POWER DO 27 NOT PROVIDE A METHOD, OR THE METHOD PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE

1 INSTRUMENT IS NOT EXPRESSLY MADE EXCLUSIVE, BY:

2 (I) DELIVERING A WRITING DECLARING THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE
3 POWER IS RELEASED TO A PERSON WHO COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED
4 BY AN EXERCISE OF THE POWER;

5 (II) JOINING WITH SOME OR ALL OF THE TAKERS IN DEFAULT IN
6 MAKING AN OTHERWISE-EFFECTIVE TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN THE
7 PROPERTY THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE POWER, IN WHICH CASE THE POWER IS
8 RELEASED TO THE EXTENT THAT A SUBSEQUENT EXERCISE OF THE POWER
9 WOULD DEFEAT THE INTEREST TRANSFERRED;

(III) CONTRACTING WITH A PERSON WHO COULD BE ADVERSELY
AFFECTED BY AN EXERCISE OF THE POWER NOT TO EXERCISE THE POWER,
IN WHICH CASE THE POWER IS RELEASED TO THE EXTENT THAT A
SUBSEQUENT EXERCISE OF THE POWER WOULD VIOLATE THE TERMS OF THE
CONTRACT; OR

(IV) COMMUNICATING IN ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE MANNER AN
INTENT TO RELEASE THE POWER, IN WHICH CASE THE POWER IS RELEASED
TO THE EXTENT THAT A SUBSEQUENT EXERCISE OF THE POWER WOULD BE
CONTRARY TO MANIFESTED INTENT.

19 15-2.5-404. Revocation or amendment of release. (1) A
20 POWERHOLDER MAY REVOKE OR AMEND A RELEASE OF A POWER OF
21 APPOINTMENT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT:

22 (a) THE INSTRUMENT OF RELEASE IS REVOCABLE BY THE23 POWERHOLDER; OR

(b) THE POWERHOLDER RESERVES A POWER OF REVOCATION ORAMENDMENT IN THE INSTRUMENT OF RELEASE.

26 15-2.5-405. Power to contract - presently exercisable power of
 27 appointment. (1) A POWERHOLDER OF A PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE

1 POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY CONTRACT: 2 (a) NOT TO EXERCISE THE POWER IF THE CONTRACT, WHEN MADE, 3 DOES NOT CONFER A BENEFIT ON A PERSON OTHER THAN A TAKER IN 4 DEFAULT OR A PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE; OR 5 (b) TO EXERCISE THE POWER IF THE CONTRACT, WHEN MADE, DOES 6 NOT CONFER A BENEFIT ON AN IMPERMISSIBLE APPOINTEE. 7 15-2.5-406. Power to contract - power of appointment not 8 presently exercisable. (1) A POWERHOLDER OF A POWER OF 9 APPOINTMENT THAT IS NOT PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE MAY CONTRACT TO 10 EXERCISE OR NOT TO EXERCISE THE POWER ONLY IF THE POWERHOLDER: 11 (a) IS ALSO THE DONOR OF THE POWER; AND 12 (b) HAS RESERVED THE POWER IN THE INSTRUMENT CREATING THE 13 POWER. 14 15 PART 5 16 [Reserved] 17 PART 6 18 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 19 15-2.5-601. Uniformity of application and construction. IN 20 APPLYING AND CONSTRUING THIS ARTICLE, CONSIDERATION MUST BE 21 GIVEN TO THE NEED TO PROMOTE UNIFORMITY OF THE LAW WITH RESPECT 22 TO ITS SUBJECT MATTER AMONG STATES THAT ENACT IT. 23 15-2.5-602. Relation to electronic signatures in global and 24 national commerce act. This ARTICLE MODIFIES, LIMITS, OR SUPERSEDES 25 THE FEDERAL "ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL 26 COMMERCE ACT", 15 U.S.C. SECTION 7001 ET SEQ., BUT DOES NOT 27 MODIFY, LIMIT, OR SUPERSEDE SECTION 101 (c) OF THAT ACT, 15 U.S.C.

SECTION 7001 (c), OR AUTHORIZE ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF ANY OF THE
 NOTICES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 103 (b) OF THAT ACT, 15 U.S.C. SECTION
 7003 (b).

4 15-2.5-603. Application to existing relationships. (1) EXCEPT
5 AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE, ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
6 THIS ARTICLE OR OF ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE:

7 (a) THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE APPLIES 8 TO A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER THE 9 EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE; 10 (b) THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE APPLIES 11 TO ANY PROCEEDINGS IN COURT THEN PENDING OR THEREAFTER 12 COMMENCED CONCERNING A POWER OF APPOINTMENT, EXCEPT TO THE 13 EXTENT THAT IN THE OPINION OF THE COURT THE FORMER PROCEDURE 14 SHOULD BE MADE APPLICABLE IN A PARTICULAR CASE IN THE INTEREST OF 15 JUSTICE OR BECAUSE OF INFEASIBILITY OF APPLICATION OF THE 16 PROCEDURE OF THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE, IN 17 WHICH CASE THE PARTICULAR PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE DOES NOT 18 APPLY AND THE SUPERSEDED LAW APPLIES;

19 (c) A RULE OF CONSTRUCTION OR PRESUMPTION PROVIDED IN THIS
20 ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS ARTICLE APPLIES TO AN
21 INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE
22 UNLESS THERE IS A CLEAR INDICATION OF A CONTRARY INTENT IN THE
23 TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT;

(d) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (a) TO (c) OF
THIS SUBSECTION (1), AN ACTION DONE BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
THIS ARTICLE IS NOT AFFECTED BY THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO
THIS ARTICLE; AND

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(e) NO PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE OR OF ANY AMENDMENT TO
 THIS ARTICLE SHALL APPLY RETROACTIVELY IF THE COURT DETERMINES
 THAT SUCH APPLICATION WOULD CAUSE THE PROVISIONS TO BE
 RETROSPECTIVE IN ITS OPERATION IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 11 OF
 ARTICLE II OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

6 (2) IF A RIGHT IS ACQUIRED, EXTINGUISHED, OR BARRED ON THE
7 EXPIRATION OF A PRESCRIBED PERIOD THAT COMMENCED UNDER LAW OF
8 THIS STATE OTHER THAN THIS ARTICLE OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS
9 ARTICLE BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE, THE LAW
10 CONTINUES TO APPLY TO THE RIGHT.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal article 2 of
title 15, 15-11-608, and 15-11-704.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 15-1-201.5 as
follows:

15 15-1-201.5. Definitions. As used in this part 2, "donee" has
16 THE SAME MEANING AS "POWERHOLDER" AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
17 15-2.5-102 (13).

18 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-10-201, add
19 (16.7) as follows:

15-10-201. General definitions. Subject to additional definitions
 contained in this article and the subsequent articles that are applicable to
 specific articles, parts, or sections, and unless the context otherwise
 requires, in this code:

(16.7) "DONEE", AS USED IN THE CONTEXT OF POWERS OF
APPOINTMENT, HAS THE SAME MEANING AS "POWERHOLDER" AS SET FORTH
IN SECTION 15-2.5-102 (13).

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SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 1 2 takes effect July 1, 2015; except that, if a referendum petition is filed 3 pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this 4 act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item, 5 6 section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the 7 general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take 8 effect on July 1, 2015, or on the date of the official declaration of the vote 9 thereon by the governor, whichever is later.