# Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 14-0591.02 Brita Darling x2241

**SENATE BILL 14-001** 

# **SENATE SPONSORSHIP**

Jahn and Kerr,

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Garcia and McLachlan,

# **Senate Committees**

### **House Committees**

Education

# A BILL FOR AN ACT 101 CONCERNING MAKING COLLEGE EDUCATION MORE AFFORDABLE BY 102 IMPOSING FURTHER RESTRICTIONS ON TUITION INCREASES, 103 INCREASING FINANCIAL AID, AND INCREASING OPERATING 104 SUPPORT FOR EACH GOVERNING BOARD OF A STATE-SUPPORTED 105 INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION BY ELEVEN PERCENT, AND, 106 IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

# **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries">http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</a>.)

For fiscal years 2014-15 through 2015-16, the bill reduces from 9% to 6% the amount by which a governing board of a state institution of higher education may increase undergraduate, resident tuition; except that the Colorado school of mines may increase its tuition by the greater of 6% or twice the inflation rate. If a governing board wants to increase tuition by more than 6%, it must first receive authorization from the Colorado commission on higher education by submitting a financial and accountability plan.

The bill appropriates additional moneys to the department of higher education for financial aid, the college opportunity fund program, and the state institutions of higher education.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:* 2 **SECTION 1. Short title.** This act shall be known and may be 3 cited as the "College Affordability Act". 4 **SECTION 2. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 5 hereby finds and declares that: 6 (a) An exceptional, high-quality state higher education system that 7 is both accessible and affordable is fundamental to ensuring that all 8 Coloradans will succeed in a highly competitive global economy and is 9 crucial to Colorado's future economic development; 10 (b) An educated workforce is associated with higher wages, lower 11 unemployment, and a decreased dependence on public resources; 12 (c) Recent studies show that more than 70 percent of all jobs in 13 Colorado will require some form of postsecondary credential from a

(d) In order to meet anticipated workforce demands in Colorado, public institutions of higher education must increase the number of postsecondary credentials held by Coloradans;

college or trade school by the end of the decade;

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(e) Recent data indicates that college graduates earn nearly twice as much as those who complete high school, and furthermore, high school

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graduates without a college education have unemployment rates of 7.3 percent while persons with bachelor's degrees or higher have an unemployment rate of 3.4 percent--less than half;

- (f) The recent recession forced drastic cuts in many areas of the state budget, including almost one-third of state funding for higher education;
- (g) To accommodate these reductions in state funding, since the 2008-09 fiscal year, resident students at state institutions of higher education have on average experienced an annual tuition rate increase of 10 percent;
- (h) Colorado's state institutions of higher education have done what they could throughout the recession to become more efficient and to provide added funding from institutional sources, but despite these efforts, the cost of attending state institutions of higher education has continued to rise;
- (i) While Colorado institutions of higher education are currently enrolling increased numbers of students from low-income families and increased numbers of students who are the first in their families to go to college, increases in tuition and fees limit access to higher education, especially for underrepresented students;
- (j) Colorado's changing demographics make it a statewide priority to serve more low-income and first-generation college students at Colorado's institutions of higher education;
- (k) In order to ensure access to higher education for all students, it is in the best interest of Coloradans that the general assembly use this opportunity to reinvest in state institutions of higher education at increased levels; and

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1	(1) Colorado's state institutions of higher education continue to
2	provide an exceptional and high-value educational experience to students.
3	They are worth this investment, and we will continue to hold them to this
4	high standard.
5	(2) Therefore, the general assembly finds that, in order to better
6	serve all students in Colorado, especially those who are currently
7	underrepresented in institutions of higher education across the state, and
8	to meet anticipated workforce demands, it is in the best interest of the
9	state to make an historic increase in funding of an additional \$100 million
10	to support institution operations and financial aid programs for students.
11	Further, in light of this investment, it is in the best interest of students and
12	the institutions to implement a 6 percent cap on tuition rate increases to
13	help ensure the affordable, quality education that is fundamental to
14	Colorado's economic development.
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 23-5-130.5, amend
16	(2) as follows:
17	23-5-130.5. Governing boards - tuition-setting - repeal.
18	(2) (a) In setting the amount of tuition pursuant to this section, a
19	governing board shall not increase the tuition rate for undergraduate
20	students with in-state classification by more than nine SIX percent per
21	student or nine SIX percent per credit hour over the tuition rate for the
22	preceding fiscal year; except that a governing board may increase said
23	tuition rate by more than nine SIX percent per student or nine SIX percent
24	per credit hour over the tuition rate for the preceding fiscal year if the
25	governing board complies with the requirements specified in subsection
26	(3) of this section and the Colorado commission on higher education,
27	referred to in this section as the "commission", approves the increase.

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(b) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (a) of this
subsection (2) to the contrary, the board of trustees of the Colorado
school of mines shall not increase the tuition rate for undergraduate
students with in-state classification by more than nine SIX percent per
student or nine SIX percent per credit hour over the tuition rate for the
preceding fiscal year or by more than a percentage equal to two times the
rate of the percentage change in the consumer price index for the Denver
metropolitan area, whichever is greater; except that the board of trustees
may increase said tuition rate by more than either of said percentages if
the board of trustees complies with the requirements specified in
subsection (3) of this section and the commission approves the increase.
<b>SECTION 4.</b> Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other
appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
general fund, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of higher
education, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, the sum of
\$100,051,510, to be allocated as follows:
(a) \$30,000,000 to the Colorado commission on higher education
financial aid for need-based grants;
(b) \$5,000,000 to the Colorado commission on higher education
financial aid for work study;
(c) \$5,000,000 to the Colorado commission on higher education
financial aid for merit-based grants;
(d) \$8,331,960 to the college opportunity fund program for
(d) \$8,331,960 to the college opportunity fund program for stipends for students attending state institutions;

(f) \$49,381,925 to the college opportunity fund program for

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1	fee-for-service contracts with state institutions;
2	(g) \$1,394,266 for local district junior college grants pursuant to
3	section 23-71-301, Colorado Revised Statutes; and
4	(h) \$891,849 to the division of occupational education for area
5	vocational school support.
6	(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
7	appropriated to the department of higher education, for the fiscal year
8	beginning July 1, 2014, the sum of \$57,713,885. Said sum is from
9	reappropriated funds that are appropriated to the college opportunity fund
10	program in paragraphs (d) and (f) of subsection (1) of this section and
11	shall be allocated to the governing boards as follows:
12	(a) \$1,274,227 for the trustees of Adams state university,
13	including \$91,920 from student stipend payments and \$1,182,307 from
14	fee-for-service contracts;
15	(b) \$2,186,000 for the trustees of Colorado Mesa university,
16	including \$413,580 from student stipend payments and \$1,772,420 from
17	fee-for-service contracts;
18	(c) \$4,323,770 for the trustees of Metropolitan state university of
19	Denver, including \$979,980 from student stipend payments and
20	\$3,343,790 from fee-for-service contracts;
21	(d) \$1,050,678 for the trustees of Western state Colorado
22	university, including \$74,640 from student stipend payments and
23	\$976,038 from fee-for-service contracts;
24	(e) \$12,106,921 for the board of governors of the Colorado state
25	university system, including \$1,255,380 from student stipend payments
26	and \$10,851,541 from fee-for-service contracts;
27	(f) \$1,051,494 for the trustees of Fort Lewis college, including

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1	\$129,000 from student stipend payments and \$922,494 from
2	fee-for-service contracts;
3	(g) \$16,560,551 for the regents of the university of Colorado
4	including \$1,643,040 from student stipend payments and \$14,917,511
5	from fee-for-service contracts;
6	(h) \$1,853,119 for the trustees of the Colorado school of mines
7	including \$161,100 from student stipend payments and \$1,692,019 from
8	fee-for-service contracts;
9	(i) \$3,707,667 for the university of northern Colorado, including
10	\$474,360 from student stipend payments and \$3,233,307 from
11	fee-for-service contracts; and
12	(j) \$13,599,458 for the state board for community colleges and
13	occupational education state system community colleges, including
14	\$3,108,960 from student stipend payments and \$10,490,498 from
15	fee-for-service contracts.
16	SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds
17	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
18	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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