First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 13-0717.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 13-1236

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Levy, Labuda, Lee

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Ulibarri, Giron, Guzman

House Committees Judiciary Senate Committees Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING PRE-TRIAL RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill repeals and reenacts the provisions of the criminal procedure code related to bail bonds. The new provision places a greater emphasis on evidence-based and individualized decision-making during the bond-setting process and discourages use of monetary conditions for bond. The bill makes conforming amendments.

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u> Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute. Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute. HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended March 21, 2013

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading March 19, 2013 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-1-104, amend (3)

3 and (5) as follows:

4 16-1-104. Definitions. (3) "Bail" means the amount of money set 5 by the court which is required to be obligated by a bond for the release of 6 a person in custody to assure that he will appear before the court in which 7 his appearance is required or that he will comply with other conditions set 8 forth in a bond A SECURITY, WHICH MAY INCLUDE A BOND WITH OR 9 WITHOUT MONETARY CONDITIONS, REQUIRED BY A COURT FOR THE 10 RELEASE OF A PERSON IN CUSTODY SET TO PROVIDE REASONABLE 11 ASSURANCE OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND COURT APPEARANCE.

(5) "Bond" means A BAIL BOND WHICH IS an undertaking, with or
without sureties or security, entered into by a person in custody by which
he binds himself to comply with the conditions of the undertaking and in
default of such compliance to pay the amount of bail or other sum fixed,
IF ANY, in the bond.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
with amendments, part 1 of article 4 of title 16 as follows:

19 PART 1

20 RELEASE ON BAIL

21 16-4-101. Bailable offenses - definitions. (1) ALL PERSONS
22 SHALL BE BAILABLE BY SUFFICIENT SURETIES EXCEPT:

23 (a) FOR CAPITAL OFFENSES WHEN PROOF IS EVIDENT OR
24 PRESUMPTION IS GREAT; OR

(b) WHEN, AFTER A HEARING HELD WITHIN NINETY-SIX HOURS OF
ARREST AND UPON REASONABLE NOTICE, THE COURT FINDS THAT THE
PROOF IS EVIDENT OR THE PRESUMPTION IS GREAT AS TO THE CRIME

ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED AND FINDS THAT THE PUBLIC WOULD
 BE PLACED IN SIGNIFICANT PERIL IF THE ACCUSED WERE RELEASED ON BAIL
 AND SUCH PERSON IS ACCUSED IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CASES:

4 (I) A CRIME OF VIOLENCE ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED
5 WHILE ON PROBATION OR PAROLE RESULTING FROM THE CONVICTION OF A
6 CRIME OF VIOLENCE;

7 (II) A CRIME OF VIOLENCE ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED
8 WHILE ON BAIL PENDING THE DISPOSITION OF A PREVIOUS CRIME OF
9 VIOLENCE CHARGE FOR WHICH PROBABLE CAUSE HAS BEEN FOUND;

(III) A CRIME OF VIOLENCE ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED
AFTER TWO PREVIOUS FELONY CONVICTIONS, OR ONE SUCH PREVIOUS
FELONY CONVICTION IF SUCH CONVICTION WAS FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE,
UPON CHARGES SEPARATELY BROUGHT AND TRIED UNDER THE LAWS OF
THIS STATE OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY OTHER STATE, THE UNITED
STATES, OR ANY TERRITORY SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED
STATES WHICH, IF COMMITTED IN THIS STATE, WOULD BE A FELONY;

17 (IV) A CRIME OF POSSESSION OF A WEAPON BY A PREVIOUS
18 OFFENDER ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED IN VIOLATION OF SECTION
19 18-12-108 (2) (b), (2) (c), (4) (b), (4) (c), OR (5), C.R.S.;

20 (V) SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 21 18-3-402, SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, AS DESCRIBED IN 22 SECTION 18-3-402, AS IT EXISTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2000, SEXUAL ASSAULT 23 IN THE SECOND DEGREE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-403, AS IT 24 existed prior to July 1, 2000, sexual assault on a child, as 25 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-405, OR SEXUAL ASSAULT ON A CHILD BY ONE 26 IN A POSITION OF TRUST, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-405.3 IN WHICH 27 THE VICTIM IS FOURTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER AND SEVEN OR MORE

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1 YEARS YOUNGER THAN THE ACCUSED.

2 (c) WHEN A PERSON HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF 3 VIOLENCE OR A CRIME OF POSSESSION OF A WEAPON BY A PREVIOUS 4 OFFENDER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-12-108 (2) (b), (2) (c), (4) (b), 5 (4) (c), OR (5), C.R.S., AT THE TRIAL COURT LEVEL AND SUCH PERSON IS 6 APPEALING SUCH CONVICTION OR AWAITING SENTENCING FOR SUCH 7 CONVICTION AND THE COURT FINDS THAT THE PUBLIC WOULD BE PLACED 8 IN SIGNIFICANT PERIL IF THE CONVICTED PERSON WERE RELEASED ON BAIL. 9 (2) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "CRIME OF VIOLENCE" SHALL 10 HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 18-1.3-406(2), C.R.S. 11 (3) IN ANY CAPITAL CASE, THE DEFENDANT MAY MAKE A WRITTEN 12 MOTION FOR ADMISSION TO BAIL UPON THE GROUND THAT THE PROOF IS 13 NOT EVIDENT OR THAT PRESUMPTION IS NOT GREAT, AND THE COURT 14 SHALL PROMPTLY CONDUCT A HEARING UPON SUCH MOTION. AT SUCH 15 HEARING, THE BURDEN SHALL BE UPON THE PEOPLE TO ESTABLISH THAT 16 THE PROOF IS EVIDENT OR THAT THE PRESUMPTION IS GREAT. THE COURT 17 MAY COMBINE IN A SINGLE HEARING THE QUESTIONS AS TO WHETHER THE 18 PROOF IS EVIDENT OR THE PRESUMPTION GREAT WITH THE DETERMINATION 19 OF THE EXISTENCE OF PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT THE DEFENDANT 20 COMMITTED THE CRIME CHARGED.

(4) EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A CAPITAL OFFENSE, IF A PERSON IS
DENIED BAIL UNDER THIS SECTION, THE TRIAL OF THE PERSON SHALL BE
COMMENCED NOT MORE THAN NINETY-ONE DAYS AFTER THE DATE ON
WHICH BAIL IS DENIED. IF THE TRIAL IS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN
NINETY-ONE DAYS AND THE DELAY IS NOT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE
DEFENSE, THE COURT SHALL IMMEDIATELY SCHEDULE A BAIL HEARING
AND SHALL SET THE AMOUNT OF THE BAIL FOR THE PERSON.

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1 (5) WHEN A PERSON IS ARRESTED FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE, AS 2 DEFINED IN SECTION 16-1-104 (8.5), OR A CRIMINAL OFFENSE ALLEGING 3 THE USE OR POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON OR THE CAUSING OF BODILY 4 INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON, OR A CRIMINAL OFFENSE ALLEGING THE 5 POSSESSION OF A WEAPON BY A PREVIOUS OFFENDER, AS DESCRIBED IN 6 SECTION 18-12-108 (2) (b), (2) (c), (4) (b), (4) (c), OR (5), C.R.S., AND 7 SUCH PERSON IS ON PAROLE, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAKING 8 THE ARREST SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WITHIN 9 TWENTY-FOUR HOURS. THE PERSON SO ARRESTED SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE 10 FOR BAIL TO BE SET UNTIL AT LEAST SEVENTY-TWO HOURS FROM THE TIME 11 OF HIS OR HER ARREST HAS PASSED.

12 **16-4-102. Right to bail - before conviction.** ANY PERSON 13 WHO IS IN CUSTODY, AND FOR WHOM THE COURT HAS NOT SET BOND AND 14 CONDITIONS OF RELEASE PURSUANT TO THE APPLICABLE RULE OF 15 CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, AND WHO IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF 16 SECTION 16-4-101 (5), HAS THE RIGHT TO A HEARING TO DETERMINE BOND 17 AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE. A PERSON IN CUSTODY MAY ALSO REQUEST 18 A HEARING SO THAT BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE CAN BE SET. 19 UPON RECEIVING THE REQUEST, THE JUDGE SHALL NOTIFY THE DISTRICT 20 ATTORNEY IMMEDIATELY OF THE ARRESTED PERSON'S REQUEST, AND THE 21 DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO ATTEND AND ADVISE THE 22 COURT OF MATTERS PERTINENT TO THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF 23 RELEASE TO BE SET. THE JUDGE SHALL ALSO ORDER THE APPROPRIATE LAW 24 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAVING CUSTODY OF THE PRISONER TO BRING HIM 25 OR HER BEFORE THE COURT FORTHWITH, AND THE JUDGE SHALL SET BOND 26 AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE IF THE OFFENSE FOR WHICH THE PERSON WAS 27 ARRESTED IS BAILABLE. IT SHALL NOT BE A PREREQUISITE TO BAIL THAT A

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1 CRIMINAL CHARGE OF ANY KIND HAS BEEN FILED.

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16-4-103. Setting and selection type of bond - criteria. (1) AT
THE FIRST APPEARANCE OF A PERSON IN CUSTODY BEFORE A COURT OF
RECORD, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE TYPE OF BOND AND
CONDITIONS OF RELEASE UNLESS THE PERSON IS SUBJECT TO THE
PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16-4-101.

8 (2) IF AN INDICTMENT, INFORMATION, OR COMPLAINT HAS BEEN
9 FILED AND THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE HAVE BEEN
10 FIXED UPON RETURN OF THE INDICTMENT OR FILING OF THE INFORMATION
11 OR COMPLAINT, THE COURT SHALL REVIEW THE PROPRIETY OF THE TYPE OF
12 BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE UPON FIRST APPEARANCE OF A PERSON
13 IN CUSTODY.

(3) (a) THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE SHALL BE
SUFFICIENT TO REASONABLY ENSURE THE APPEARANCE OF THE PERSON AS
REQUIRED AND TO PROTECT THE SAFETY OF ANY PERSON OR THE
COMMUNITY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE INDIVIDUAL
CHARACTERISTICS OF EACH PERSON IN CUSTODY, INCLUDING THE PERSON'S
FINANCIAL CONDITION.

20 (b) IN DETERMINING THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF 21 RELEASE, IF PRACTICABLE AND AVAILABLE IN THE JURISDICTION, THE 22 COURT SHALL USE AN EMPIRICALLY DEVELOPED RISK ASSESSMENT 23 INSTRUMENT DESIGNED TO IMPROVE PRETRIAL RELEASE DECISIONS BY 24 PROVIDING TO THE COURT INFORMATION THAT CLASSIFIES A PERSON IN 25 CUSTODY BASED UPON PREDICTED LEVEL OF RISK OF PRETRIAL FAILURE. 26 (4) WHEN THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE ARE 27 DETERMINED BY THE COURT, THE COURT SHALL:

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1 (a) PRESUME THAT ALL PERSONS IN CUSTODY ARE ELIGIBLE FOR 2 RELEASE ON BOND WITH THE APPROPRIATE AND LEAST-RESTRICTIVE 3 CONDITIONS CONSISTENT WITH PROVISIONS IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF 4 SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION UNLESS A PERSON IS OTHERWISE 5 INELIGIBLE FOR RELEASE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 6 16-4-101 and section 19 of article II of the Colorado 7 CONSTITUTION. A MONETARY CONDITION OF RELEASE MUST BE 8 REASONABLE AND ANY OTHER CONDITION OF CONDUCT NOT MANDATED 9 BY STATUTE MUST BE TAILORED TO ADDRESS A SPECIFIC CONCERN.

10 (b) TO THE EXTENT A COURT USES A BOND SCHEDULE, THE COURT
11 SHALL INCORPORATE INTO THE BOND SCHEDULE CONDITIONS OF RELEASE
12 AND FACTORS THAT CONSIDER THE INDIVIDUALIZED RISK AND
13 CIRCUMSTANCES OF A PERSON IN CUSTODY AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT
14 CRITERIA AND NOT SOLELY THE LEVEL OF OFFENSE; AND

15 (c) CONSIDER ALL METHODS OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF
16 RELEASE TO AVOID UNNECESSARY PRETRIAL INCARCERATION AND LEVELS
17 OF COMMUNITY-BASED SUPERVISION AS CONDITIONS OF PRETRIAL
18 RELEASE.

19 (5) THE COURT MAY ALSO CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA AS
20 APPROPRIATE AND RELEVANT IN MAKING A DETERMINATION OF THE TYPE
21 OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE:

(a) THE EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND HISTORY OF THE PERSON INCUSTODY;

(b) THE NATURE AND EXTENT OF FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS OF THEPERSON IN CUSTODY;

26 (c) PAST AND PRESENT RESIDENCES OF THE PERSON IN CUSTODY;
27 (d) THE CHARACTER AND REPUTATION OF THE PERSON IN

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1 CUSTODY;

2 (e) IDENTITY OF PERSONS WHO AGREE TO ASSIST THE PERSON IN
3 CUSTODY IN ATTENDING COURT AT THE PROPER TIME;

4 (f) THE LIKELY SENTENCE, CONSIDERING THE NATURE AND THE
5 OFFENSE PRESENTLY CHARGED;

6 (g) THE PRIOR CRIMINAL RECORD, IF ANY, OF THE PERSON IN
7 CUSTODY AND ANY PRIOR FAILURES TO APPEAR FOR COURT;

8 (h) ANY FACTS INDICATING THE POSSIBILITY OF VIOLATIONS OF
9 THE LAW IF THE PERSON IN CUSTODY IS RELEASED WITHOUT CERTAIN
10 CONDITIONS OF RELEASE;

(i) ANY FACTS INDICATING THAT THE DEFENDANT IS LIKELY TO
12 INTIMIDATE OR HARASS POSSIBLE WITNESSES; AND

(j) ANY OTHER FACTS TENDING TO INDICATE THAT THE PERSON IN
CUSTODY HAS STRONG TIES TO THE COMMUNITY AND IS NOT LIKELY TO
FLEE THE JURISDICTION.

16 (6) WHEN A PERSON IS CHARGED WITH AN OFFENSE PUNISHABLE
17 BY FINE ONLY, ANY MONETARY CONDITION OF RELEASE SHALL NOT
18 EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE MAXIMUM FINE PENALTY.

19 16-4-104. Types of bond set by the court. (1) THE COURT SHALL
20 DETERMINE, AFTER CONSIDERATION OF ALL RELEVANT CRITERIA, WHICH
21 OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF BOND IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE PRETRIAL
22 RELEASE OF A PERSON IN CUSTODY, SUBJECT TO THE RELEVANT
23 STATUTORY CONDITIONS OF RELEASE LISTED IN SECTION 16-4-105. THE
24 PERSON MAY BE RELEASED UPON EXECUTION OF:

(a) AN UNSECURED PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND IN AN
AMOUNT SPECIFIED BY THE COURT. THE COURT MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL
OBLIGORS ON THE BOND AS A CONDITION OF THE BOND.

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(b) AN UNSECURED PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND WITH
 ADDITIONAL NON-MONETARY CONDITIONS OF RELEASE DESIGNED
 SPECIFICALLY TO REASONABLY ENSURE THE APPEARANCE OF THE PERSON
 IN COURT AND THE SAFETY OF ANY PERSON OR PERSONS OR THE
 COMMUNITY;

6 (c) A BOND WITH SECURED MONETARY CONDITIONS WHEN 7 REASONABLE AND NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE APPEARANCE OF 8 THE PERSON IN COURT OR THE SAFETY OF ANY PERSON OR PERSONS OR THE 9 COMMUNITY. THE FINANCIAL CONDITIONS SHALL STATE AN AMOUNT OF 10 MONEY THAT THE PERSON MUST POST WITH THE COURT IN ORDER FOR THE 11 PERSON TO BE RELEASED. THE PERSON MAY BE RELEASED FROM CUSTODY 12 UPON EXECUTION OF BOND BY A BAIL BONDING AGENT, AS DEFINED IN 13 SECTION 16-1-104 (3.5), IN THE FULL AMOUNT OF MONEY TO BE SECURED IN ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING WAYS: 14

(I) BY A DEPOSIT WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT OF AN AMOUNT
OF CASH EQUAL TO THE MONETARY CONDITION OF THE BOND;

(II) BY REAL ESTATE SITUATED IN THIS STATE WITH
UNENCUMBERED EQUITY NOT EXEMPT FROM EXECUTION OWNED BY THE
ACCUSED OR ANY OTHER PERSON ACTING AS SURETY ON THE BOND, WHICH
UNENCUMBERED EQUITY SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE AND ONE-HALF THE
AMOUNT OF THE SECURITY SET IN THE BOND;

(III) BY SURETIES WORTH AT LEAST ONE AND ONE-HALF OF THE
SECURITY SET IN THE BOND; OR

(IV) BY A BAIL BONDING AGENT OR A CASH BONDING AGENT
QUALIFIED TO WRITE BAIL BONDS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 23 OF TITLE 10,
C.R.S.

27 (d) A BOND WITH SECURED REAL ESTATE CONDITIONS WHEN IT IS

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1 DETERMINED THAT RELEASE ON AN UNSECURED PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE 2 BOND WITHOUT MONETARY CONDITIONS WILL NOT REASONABLY ENSURE 3 THE APPEARANCE OF THE PERSON IN COURT OR THE SAFETY OF ANY 4 PERSON OR PERSONS OR THE COMMUNITY. FOR A BOND SECURED BY REAL 5 ESTATE, THE BOND SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTED BY THE CLERK OF THE COURT 6 UNLESS THE RECORD OWNER OF SUCH PROPERTY PRESENTS TO THE CLERK 7 OF THE COURT THE ORIGINAL DEED OF TRUST AS SET FORTH IN 8 SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d) AND THE APPLICABLE 9 RECORDING FEE. UPON RECEIPT OF THE DEED OF TRUST AND FEE, THE 10 CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL RECORD THE DEED OF TRUST WITH THE CLERK 11 AND RECORDER FOR THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED. 12 FOR A BOND SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, THE AMOUNT OF THE OWNER'S 13 UNENCUMBERED EQUITY SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DEDUCTING THE 14 AMOUNT OF ALL ENCUMBRANCES LISTED IN THE OWNER AND 15 ENCUMBRANCES CERTIFICATE FROM THE ACTUAL VALUE OF SUCH REAL 16 ESTATE AS SHOWN ON THE CURRENT NOTICE OF VALUATION. THE OWNER 17 OF THE REAL ESTATE SHALL FILE WITH THE BOND THE FOLLOWING, WHICH 18 SHALL CONSTITUTE A MATERIAL PART OF THE BOND:

(I) THE CURRENT NOTICE OF VALUATION FOR SUCH REAL ESTATE
PREPARED BY THE COUNTY ASSESSOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-5-121,
C.R.S.; AND

(II) EVIDENCE OF TITLE ISSUED BY A TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
OR AGENT LICENSED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 11 OF TITLE 10, C.R.S.,
WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE DATE UPON WHICH THE BOND IS
FILED; AND

26 (III) A SWORN STATEMENT BY THE OWNER OF THE REAL ESTATE
27 THAT THE REAL ESTATE IS SECURITY FOR THE COMPLIANCE BY THE

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1 ACCUSED WITH THE PRIMARY CONDITION OF THE BOND; AND

(IV) A DEED OF TRUST TO THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE OF THE COUNTY IN
WHICH THE REAL ESTATE IS LOCATED THAT IS EXECUTED AND
ACKNOWLEDGED BY ALL RECORD OWNERS OF THE REAL ESTATE. THE DEED
OF TRUST SHALL NAME THE CLERK OF THE COURT APPROVING THE BOND
AS BENEFICIARY. THE DEED OF TRUST SHALL SECURE AN AMOUNT EQUAL
TO ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND.

8 (2) UNLESS THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY CONSENTS OR UNLESS THE 9 COURT IMPOSES CERTAIN ADDITIONAL INDIVIDUALIZED CONDITIONS OF 10 RELEASE AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-4-105, A PERSON MUST NOT BE 11 RELEASED ON AN UNSECURED PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND PURSUANT 12 TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION UNDER THE 13 FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES:

14 (a) THE PERSON IS PRESENTLY FREE ON ANOTHER BOND OF ANY
15 KIND IN ANOTHER CRIMINAL ACTION INVOLVING A FELONY OR A CLASS 1
16 MISDEMEANOR;

17 (b) THE PERSON HAS A RECORD OF CONVICTION OF A CLASS 1
18 MISDEMEANOR WITHIN TWO YEARS OR A FELONY WITHIN FIVE YEARS,
19 PRIOR TO THE BAIL HEARING; OR

20 (c) THE PERSON HAS WILLFULLY FAILED TO APPEAR ON BOND IN
21 ANY CASE INVOLVING A FELONY OR A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR CHARGE IN
22 THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS.

(3) A PERSON MAY NOT BE RELEASED ON AN UNSECURED
PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND IF, AT THE TIME OF SUCH APPLICATION,
THE PERSON IS PRESENTLY ON RELEASE UNDER A SURETY BOND FOR
FELONY OR CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR CHARGES UNLESS THE SURETY
THEREON IS NOTIFIED AND AFFORDED AN OPPORTUNITY TO SURRENDER

THE PERSON INTO CUSTODY ON SUCH TERMS AS THE COURT DEEMS JUST
 UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16-4-108.

(4) BECAUSE OF THE DANGER POSED TO ANY PERSON AND THE
COMMUNITY, A PERSON WHO IS ARRESTED FOR AN OFFENSE UNDER
SECTION 42-4-1301 (1) OR (2) (a), C.R.S., MAY NOT ATTEND A BAIL
HEARING UNTIL THE PERSON IS NO LONGER INTOXICATED OR UNDER THE
INFLUENCE OF DRUGS. THE PERSON SHALL BE HELD IN CUSTODY UNTIL THE
PERSON MAY SAFELY ATTEND SUCH HEARING.

9 **16-4-105.** Conditions of release on bond. (1) FOR EACH BOND, 10 THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THAT THE RELEASED PERSON APPEAR TO 11 ANSWER THE CHARGE AGAINST THE PERSON AT A PLACE AND UPON A DATE 12 CERTAIN AND AT ANY PLACE OR UPON ANY DATE TO WHICH THE 13 PROCEEDING IS TRANSFERRED OR CONTINUED. THIS CONDITION IS THE 14 ONLY CONDITION FOR WHICH A BREACH OF SURETY OR SECURITY ON THE 15 BAIL BOND MAY BE SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE.

16 (2) FOR A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN ARRESTED FOR A FELONY 17 OFFENSE, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE AS A CONDITION OF A BOND THAT 18 THE PERSON EXECUTE A WAIVER OF EXTRADITION STATING THE PERSON 19 CONSENTS TO EXTRADITION TO THIS STATE AND WAIVES ALL FORMAL 20 PROCEDURES INCIDENTAL TO EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS IN THE EVENT 21 THAT HE OR SHE IS ARRESTED IN ANOTHER STATE WHILE AT LIBERTY ON 22 SUCH BAIL BOND AND ACKNOWLEDGING THAT HE OR SHE SHALL NOT BE 23 ADMITTED TO BAIL IN ANY OTHER STATE PENDING EXTRADITION TO THIS 24 STATE.

(3) ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS OF EVERY BOND IS THAT THE
RELEASED PERSON SHALL NOT COMMIT ANY FELONY WHILE FREE ON SUCH
A BAIL BOND, AND THE COURT IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING HAS THE

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POWER TO REVOKE THE RELEASE OF THE PERSON, TO CHANGE ANY BOND
 CONDITION, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF ANY MONETARY CONDITION IF IT
 IS SHOWN THAT A COMPETENT COURT HAS FOUND PROBABLE CAUSE TO
 BELIEVE THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS COMMITTED A FELONY WHILE
 RELEASED, PENDING THE RESOLUTION OF A PRIOR FELONY CHARGE.

6 (4) AN ADDITIONAL CONDITION OF EVERY BOND IN CASES OF
7 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-6-800.3 (1), C.R.S., IS
8 THAT THE RELEASED PERSON ACKNOWLEDGE THE PROTECTION ORDER AS
9 PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1-1001 (5), C.R.S.

(5) AN ADDITIONAL CONDITION OF EVERY BOND IN A CASE OF AN
OFFENSE UNDER SECTION 42-2-138 (1) (d) (I), C.R.S., OF DRIVING WHILE
SUCH PERSON'S DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE, EITHER AS A
RESIDENT OR NONRESIDENT, IS RESTRAINED SOLELY OR PARTIALLY
BECAUSE OF A CONVICTION OF A DRIVING OFFENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION
42-4-1301 (1) OR (2) (a), C.R.S., IS THAT SUCH PERSON NOT DRIVE ANY
MOTOR VEHICLE DURING THE PERIOD OF SUCH DRIVING RESTRAINT.

17 (6) (a) IF A PERSON IS ARRESTED FOR DRIVING UNDER THE 18 INFLUENCE OR DRIVING WHILE ABILITY IMPAIRED, PURSUANT TO SECTION 19 42-4-1301, C.R.S., AND THE PERSON HAS ONE OR MORE PREVIOUS 20 CONVICTIONS FOR AN OFFENSE IN SECTION 42-4-1301, C.R.S., OR ONE OR 21 MORE CONVICTIONS IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION THAT WOULD 22 CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF SECTION 42-4-1301, C.R.S., AS A CONDITION 23 OF ANY BOND, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THAT THE PERSON ABSTAIN FROM 24 THE USE OF ALCOHOL OR ILLEGAL DRUGS, AND SUCH ABSTINENCE SHALL 25 BE MONITORED.

26 (b) A PERSON SEEKING RELIEF FROM ANY OF THE CONDITIONS
27 IMPOSED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) SHALL

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1 FILE A MOTION WITH THE COURT, AND THE COURT SHALL CONDUCT A 2 HEARING UPON THE MOTION. THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE 3 CONDITION FROM WHICH THE PERSON IS SEEKING RELIEF IS IN THE 4 INTEREST OF JUSTICE AND WHETHER PUBLIC SAFETY WOULD BE 5 ENDANGERED IF THE CONDITION WERE NOT ENFORCED. WHEN 6 DETERMINING WHETHER TO GRANT RELIEF PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH 7 (b), THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE PERSON HAS 8 VOLUNTARILY ENROLLED AND IS PARTICIPATING IN AN APPROPRIATE 9 SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM.

10 (7) A PERSON MAY BE RELEASED ON A BOND WITH MONETARY
11 CONDITION OF BOND, WHEN APPROPRIATE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
12 16-4-104 (1) (c).

13 (8) IN ADDITION TO THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION, 14 THE COURT MAY IMPOSE ANY ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS ON THE CONDUCT 15 OF THE PERSON RELEASED THAT WILL ASSIST IN OBTAINING THE 16 APPEARANCE OF THE PERSON IN COURT AND THE SAFETY OF ANY PERSON 17 OR PERSONS AND THE COMMUNITY. THESE CONDITIONS MAY INCLUDE, BUT 18 ARE NOT LIMITED TO, SUPERVISION BY A QUALIFIED PERSON OR 19 ORGANIZATION OR SUPERVISION BY A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM 20 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-4-106. WHILE UNDER THE 21 SUPERVISION OF A OUALIFIED ORGANIZATION OR PRETRIAL SERVICES 22 PROGRAM, THE CONDITIONS OF RELEASE IMPOSED BY THE COURT MAY 23 INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:

24

(a) PERIODIC TELEPHONE CONTACT WITH THE PROGRAM;

(b) PERIODIC OFFICE VISITS BY THE PERSON TO THE PRETRIAL
SERVICES PROGRAM OR ORGANIZATION;

27 (c) PERIODIC VISITS TO THE PERSON'S HOME BY THE PROGRAM OR

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1 ORGANIZATION;

2 (d) MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FOR THE
3 PERSON, INCLUDING RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IF THE DEFENDANT
4 CONSENTS TO THE TREATMENT;
5 (e) PERIODIC ALCOHOL OR DRUG TESTING OF THE PERSON;
6 (f) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE COUNSELING FOR THE DEFENDANT IF THE
7 DEFENDANT CONSENTS TO THE COUNSELING;

8 (g) ELECTRONIC OR GLOBAL POSITION MONITORING OF THE 9 PERSON;

10 (h) PRETRIAL WORK RELEASE FOR THE PERSON; AND

(i) OTHER SUPERVISION TECHNIQUES SHOWN BY RESEARCH TO
 INCREASE COURT APPEARANCE AND PUBLIC SAFETY RATES FOR PERSONS
 RELEASED ON BOND.

14 16-4-106. Pretrial services programs. (1) THE CHIEF JUDGE OF 15 ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT MAY ORDER A PERSON WHO IS ELIGIBLE FOR BOND 16 OR OTHER PRETRIAL RELEASE TO BE EVALUATED BY A PRETRIAL SERVICES 17 PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, WHICH PROGRAM 18 MAY ADVISE THE COURT IF THE PERSON IS BOND ELIGIBLE, MAY PROVIDE 19 INFORMATION THAT ENABLES THE COURT TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATE 20 DECISION ON BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE, AND MAY RECOMMEND 21 CONDITIONS OF RELEASE CONSISTENT WITH THIS SECTION. THE CHIEF 22 JUDGE MAY MAKE SUCH ORDER IN ANY OR ALL OF THE COUNTIES OF THE 23 CHIEF JUDGE'S JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(2) THE CHIEF JUDGE OF ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL ENDEAVOR
TO CONSULT, ON AN ANNUAL BASIS, WITH THE COUNTY OR COUNTIES
WITHIN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT IN AN EFFORT TO SUPPORT AND
ENCOURAGE THE DEVELOPMENT BY THE COUNTY OR COUNTIES, TO THE

EXTENT PRACTICABLE AND WITHIN AVAILABLE RESOURCES, OF PRETRIAL
 SERVICES PROGRAMS THAT SUPPORT THE WORK OF THE COURT AND
 EVIDENCE-BASED DECISION-MAKING IN DETERMINING THE TYPE OF
 BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE.

5 (3) TO REDUCE BARRIERS TO THE PRETRIAL RELEASE OF PERSONS 6 IN CUSTODY WHOSE RELEASE ON BOND WITH APPROPRIATE CONDITIONS 7 REASONABLY ASSURES COURT APPEARANCE AND PUBLIC SAFETY, ALL 8 COUNTIES AND CITIES AND COUNTIES ARE ENCOURAGED TO DEVELOP A 9 PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM IN CONSULTATION WITH THE CHIEF JUDGE 10 OF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH A PRETRIAL 11 SERVICES PROGRAM THAT MAY BE UTILIZED BY THE DISTRICT COURT OF 12 SUCH COUNTY OR CITY AND COUNTY. ANY PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM 13 MUST BE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO A PLAN FORMULATED BY A 14 COMMUNITY ADVISORY BOARD CREATED FOR SUCH PURPOSE AND 15 APPOINTED BY THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT. MEMBERSHIP 16 ON SUCH COMMUNITY ADVISORY BOARD MUST INCLUDE, AT A MINIMUM, 17 A REPRESENTATIVE OF A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, A 18 REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY, A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE 19 PUBLIC DEFENDER, AND A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CITIZENS AT LARGE. 20 THE CHIEF JUDGE IS ENCOURAGED TO APPOINT TO THE COMMUNITY 21 ADVISORY BOARD AT LEAST ONE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE BAIL BOND 22 INDUSTRY WHO CONDUCTS BUSINESS IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT, WHICH 23 MAY INCLUDE A BAIL BONDSMAN, A BAIL SURETY, OR OTHER DESIGNATED 24 BAIL INDUSTRY REPRESENTATIVE. THE PLAN FORMULATED BY SUCH 25 COMMUNITY ADVISORY BOARD MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CHIEF JUDGE 26 OF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT PRIOR TO THE ESTABLISHMENT AND 27 UTILIZATION OF THE PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM. THE OPTION

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CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION THAT A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM BE
 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO A PLAN FORMULATED BY THE COMMUNITY
 ADVISORY BOARD DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM
 THAT EXISTED BEFORE MAY 31, 1991.

5 (4) ANY PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM APPROVED PURSUANT TO
6 THIS SECTION MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

7 (a) THE PROGRAM MUST ESTABLISH A PROCEDURE FOR THE 8 SCREENING OF PERSONS WHO ARE DETAINED DUE TO AN ARREST FOR THE 9 ALLEGED COMMISSION OF A CRIME SO THAT SUCH INFORMATION MAY BE 10 PROVIDED TO THE JUDGE WHO IS SETTING THE BOND AND CONDITIONS OF 11 RELEASE. THE PROGRAM MUST PROVIDE INFORMATION THAT PROVIDES 12 THE COURT WITH THE ABILITY TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATE INITIAL BOND 13 DECISION THAT IS BASED UPON FACTS RELATING TO THE PERSON'S RISK OF 14 FAILURE TO APPEAR FOR COURT AND RISK OF DANGER TO THE COMMUNITY.

(b) THE PROGRAM MUST MAKE ALL REASONABLE ATTEMPTS TO
PROVIDE THE COURT WITH SUCH INFORMATION DELINEATED IN THIS
SECTION AS IS APPROPRIATE TO EACH INDIVIDUAL PERSON SEEKING
RELEASE FROM CUSTODY;

19 (c) THE PROGRAM, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE COMMUNITY
20 ADVISORY BOARD, MUST MAKE ALL REASONABLE EFFORTS TO IMPLEMENT
21 AN EMPIRICALLY DEVELOPED PRETRIAL RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL AND
22 A STRUCTURED DECISION-MAKING DESIGN BASED UPON THE PERSON'S
23 CHARGE AND THE RISK ASSESSMENT SCORE;

24 (d) THE PROGRAM MUST WORK WITH ALL APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
25 AND ASSIST WITH ALL EFFORTS TO COMPLY WITH SECTIONS 24-4.1-302.5
26 AND 24-4.1-303, C.R.S.

27 (5) ANY PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM MAY ALSO INCLUDE

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DIFFERENT METHODS AND LEVELS OF COMMUNITY-BASED SUPERVISION AS
 A CONDITION OF RELEASE, AND THE PROGRAM MUST USE ESTABLISHED
 METHODS FOR PERSONS WHO ARE RELEASED PRIOR TO TRIAL IN ORDER TO
 DECREASE UNNECESSARY PRETRIAL DETENTION. THE PROGRAM MAY
 INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, ANY OF THE CRITERIA AS OUTLINED IN
 SECTION 16-4-105 (8) AS CONDITIONS FOR PRETRIAL RELEASE.

7 (6)Commencing July 1, 2012, EACH PRETRIAL SERVICES 8 PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL PROVIDE AN 9 ANNUAL REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT NO LATER THAN 10 NOVEMBER 1 OF EACH YEAR, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PROGRAM 11 EXISTED PRIOR TO MAY 31, 1991. THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT SHALL 12 PRESENT AN ANNUAL COMBINED REPORT TO THE HOUSE AND SENATE 13 JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE 14 SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. 15 THE REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT 16 LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

17 (a) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PRETRIAL ASSESSMENTS PERFORMED BY
18 THE PROGRAM AND SUBMITTED TO THE COURT;

19 (b) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSED CASES BY THE PROGRAM IN
20 WHICH THE PERSON WAS RELEASED FROM CUSTODY AND SUPERVISED BY
21 THE PROGRAM;

(c) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSED CASES IN WHICH THE PERSON
WAS RELEASED FROM CUSTODY, WAS SUPERVISED BY THE PROGRAM, AND,
WHILE UNDER SUPERVISION, APPEARED FOR ALL SCHEDULED COURT
APPEARANCES ON THE CASE;

26 (d) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSED CASES IN WHICH THE PERSON
27 WAS RELEASED FROM CUSTODY, WAS SUPERVISED BY THE PROGRAM, AND

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WAS NOT CHARGED WITH A NEW CRIMINAL OFFENSE THAT WAS ALLEGED
 TO HAVE OCCURRED WHILE UNDER SUPERVISION AND THAT CARRIED THE
 POSSIBILITY OF A SENTENCE TO JAIL OR IMPRISONMENT;

4 (e) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSED CASES IN WHICH THE PERSON
5 WAS RELEASED FROM CUSTODY AND WAS SUPERVISED BY THE PROGRAM,
6 AND THE PERSON'S BOND WAS NOT REVOKED BY THE COURT DUE TO A
7 VIOLATION OF ANY OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION; AND
8 (f) ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT
9 MAY REQUEST.

10 (7) FOR THE REPORTS REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS 11 SECTION, THE PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM SHALL INCLUDE INFORMATION 12 DETAILING THE NUMBER OF PERSONS RELEASED ON A COMMERCIAL 13 SURETY BOND IN ADDITION TO PRETRIAL SUPERVISION, THE NUMBER OF 14 PERSONS RELEASED ON A CASH, PRIVATE SURETY, OR PROPERTY BOND IN 15 ADDITION TO PRETRIAL SUPERVISION, AND THE NUMBER OF PERSONS 16 RELEASED ON ANY FORM OF A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND IN 17 ADDITION TO PRETRIAL SUPERVISION.

18 16-4-107. Hearing after setting of monetary conditions of 19 **bond.** IF A PERSON IS IN CUSTODY AND THE COURT IMPOSED A MONETARY 20 BOND FOR RELEASE, AND THE PERSON, AFTER SEVEN DAYS FROM THE 21 SETTING OF THE MONETARY BOND, IS UNABLE TO MEET THE MONETARY 22 OBLIGATIONS OF THE BOND, THE PERSON MAY FILE A WRITTEN MOTION FOR 23 RECONSIDERATION OF THE MONETARY CONDITIONS OF THE BOND. THE 24 PERSON MAY ONLY FILE THE WRITTEN MOTION IF HE OR SHE BELIEVES 25 THAT, UPON PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE NOT FULLY CONSIDERED BY THE 26 COURT, HE OR SHE IS ENTITLED TO A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND OR 27 AN UNSECURED BOND WITH CONDITIONS OF RELEASE OR A CHANGE IN THE 1 MONETARY CONDITIONS OF BOND. THE COURT SHALL PROMPTLY CONDUCT 2 A HEARING ON THIS MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION, BUT THE HEARING 3 MUST BE HELD WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE FILING OF THE MOTION. 4 HOWEVER, THE COURT MAY SUMMARILY DENY THE MOTION IF THE COURT 5 FINDS THAT THERE IS NO ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE NOT FULLY CONSIDERED 6 BY THE COURT PRESENTED IN THE WRITTEN MOTION. IN CONSIDERING THE 7 MOTION. THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER THE RESULTS OF ANY EMPIRICALLY 8 DEVELOPED RISK ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT.

9 **16-4-108.** When original bond continued. ONCE A BOND HAS 10 BEEN EXECUTED AND THE PERSON RELEASED FROM CUSTODY THEREON, 11 WHETHER A CHARGE IS THEN PENDING OR IS THEREAFTER FILED OR 12 TRANSFERRED TO A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, THE ORIGINAL 13 BOND SHALL CONTINUE IN EFFECT UNTIL FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE CASE 14 IN THE TRIAL COURT. IF A CHARGE FILED IN THE COUNTY COURT IS 15 DISMISSED AND THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY STATES ON THE RECORD THAT 16 THE CHARGE WILL BE REFILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT OR THAT THE 17 DISMISSAL BY THE COUNTY COURT WILL BE APPEALED TO THE DISTRICT 18 COURT, THE COUNTY COURT BEFORE ENTERING THE DISMISSAL SHALL FIX 19 A RETURN DATE, NOT LATER THAN SIXTY-THREE DAYS THEREAFTER, UPON 20 WHICH THE DEFENDANT MUST APPEAR IN THE DISTRICT COURT AND 21 CONTINUE THE BOND. ANY BOND CONTINUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION 22 IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16-4-109.

16-4-109. Reduction or increase of monetary conditions of
bond - change in type of bond or conditions of bond - definitions.
(1) UPON APPLICATION BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR THE DEFENDANT,
THE COURT BEFORE WHICH THE PROCEEDING IS PENDING MAY INCREASE OR
DECREASE THE FINANCIAL CONDITIONS OF BOND, MAY REQUIRE

ADDITIONAL SECURITY FOR A BOND, MAY DISPENSE WITH SECURITY
 THERETOFORE PROVIDED, OR MAY ALTER ANY OTHER CONDITION OF THE
 BOND.

4 (2) REASONABLE NOTICE OF AN APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION
5 OF A BOND BY THE DEFENDANT SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE DISTRICT
6 ATTORNEY.

7 (3) REASONABLE NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
8 A BOND BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE DEFENDANT,
9 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.

10 (4) (a) UPON VERIFIED APPLICATION BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY 11 OR A BONDING COMMISSIONER STATING FACTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES 12 CONSTITUTING A BREACH OR A THREATENED BREACH OF ANY OF THE 13 CONDITIONS OF THE BOND, THE COURT MAY ISSUE A WARRANT 14 COMMANDING ANY PEACE OFFICER TO BRING THE DEFENDANT WITHOUT 15 UNNECESSARY DELAY BEFORE THE COURT FOR A HEARING ON THE 16 MATTERS SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION. UPON ISSUANCE OF THE 17 WARRANT, THE BONDING COMMISSIONER SHALL NOTIFY THE BAIL BOND 18 AGENT OF RECORD BY ELECTRONIC MAIL TO THE AGENT IF AVAILABLE 19 WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OR BY CERTIFIED MAIL NOT MORE THAN 20 FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE WARRANT IS ISSUED. AT THE CONCLUSION OF 21 THE HEARING, THE COURT MAY ENTER AN ORDER AUTHORIZED BY 22 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. IF A BONDING COMMISSIONER FILES AN 23 APPLICATION FOR A HEARING PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4), THE 24 BONDING COMMISSIONER SHALL NOTIFY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY, FOR THE 25 JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE APPLICATION IS MADE, OF THE APPLICATION 26 WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FOLLOWING THE FILING OF THE 27 APPLICATION.

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(b) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4), "BONDING COMMISSIONER"
 MEANS A PERSON EMPLOYED BY A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM AS
 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-4-106 (3), AND SO DESIGNATED AS A BONDING
 COMMISSIONER BY THE CHIEF OR PRESIDING JUDGE OF THE JUDICIAL
 DISTRICT.

6 (5) THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY HAS THE RIGHT TO APPEAR AT ALL
7 HEARINGS SEEKING MODIFICATION OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF
8 BOND AND MAY ADVISE THE COURT ON ALL PERTINENT MATTERS DURING
9 THE HEARING.

10 16-4-110. Exoneration from bond liability. (1) ANY PERSON
11 EXECUTING A BAIL BOND AS PRINCIPAL OR AS SURETY SHALL BE
12 EXONERATED AS FOLLOWS:

13 (a) WHEN THE CONDITION OF THE BOND HAS BEEN SATISFIED; OR 14 (b) WHEN THE AMOUNT OF THE FORFEITURE HAS BEEN PAID; OR 15 (c) (I) WHEN THE SURETY APPEARS AND PROVIDES SATISFACTORY 16 EVIDENCE TO THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT IS UNABLE TO APPEAR 17 BEFORE THE COURT DUE TO SUCH DEFENDANT'S DEATH OR THE DETENTION 18 OR INCARCERATION OF SUCH DEFENDANT IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION IF 19 THE DEFENDANT IS INCARCERATED FOR A PERIOD IN EXCESS OF 20 NINETY-ONE DAYS AND THE STATE OF COLORADO HAS REFUSED TO 21 EXTRADITE SUCH DEFENDANT; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE STATE EXTRADITES 22 SUCH DEFENDANT, ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH EXTRADITION 23 SHALL BE BORNE BY THE SURETY UP TO THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND.

(II) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c), "COSTS
ASSOCIATED WITH EXTRADITION" SHALL BE CALCULATED AS AND LIMITED
TO THE ROUND-TRIP MILEAGE BETWEEN THE COLORADO COURT OF
JURISDICTION AND THE LOCATION OF THE DEFENDANT'S INCARCERATION

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AT THE RATE ALLOWED FOR REIMBURSEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION
 24-9-104, C.R.S., UP TO THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND.

3 (d) UPON SURRENDER OF THE DEFENDANT INTO CUSTODY AT ANY 4 TIME BEFORE A JUDGMENT HAS BEEN ENTERED AGAINST THE SURETIES FOR 5 FORFEITURE OF THE BOND, UPON PAYMENT OF ALL COSTS OCCASIONED 6 THEREBY. A SURETY MAY SEIZE AND SURRENDER THE DEFENDANT TO THE 7 SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY WHEREIN THE BOND IS TAKEN. AND IT IS THE 8 DUTY OF THE SHERIFF, ON SUCH SURRENDER AND DELIVERY TO HIM OR HER 9 OF A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE BOND BY WHICH THE SURETY IS BOUND, TO 10 TAKE THE PERSON INTO CUSTODY AND, BY WRITING, ACKNOWLEDGE THE 11 SURRENDER. IF A COMPENSATED SURETY IS EXONERATED BY 12 SURRENDERING A DEFENDANT PRIOR TO THE INITIAL APPEARANCE DATE 13 FIXED IN THE BOND, THE COURT, AFTER A HEARING, MAY REQUIRE THE 14 SURETY TO REFUND PART OR ALL OF THE BOND PREMIUM PAID BY THE 15 DEFENDANT IF NECESSARY TO PREVENT UNJUST ENRICHMENT.

(e) AFTER THREE YEARS HAVE ELAPSED FROM THE POSTING OF THE
BOND, UNLESS A JUDGMENT HAS BEEN ENTERED AGAINST THE SURETY OR
THE PRINCIPAL FOR THE FORFEITURE OF THE BOND, OR UNLESS THE COURT
GRANTS AN EXTENSION OF THE THREE-YEAR TIME PERIOD FOR GOOD
CAUSE SHOWN, UPON MOTION BY THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY AND
NOTICE TO SURETY OF RECORD.

(2) IF, WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE POSTING OF A BOND BY
A DEFENDANT, THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SAID BOND ARE CHANGED
OR ALTERED EITHER BY ORDER OF COURT OR UPON THE MOTION OF THE
DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR THE DEFENDANT, THE COURT, AFTER A HEARING,
MAY ORDER A COMPENSATED SURETY TO REFUND A PORTION OF THE
PREMIUM PAID BY THE DEFENDANT, IF NECESSARY, TO PREVENT UNJUST

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ENRICHMENT. IF MORE THAN FOURTEEN DAYS HAVE ELAPSED AFTER
 POSTING OF A BOND BY A DEFENDANT, THE COURT SHALL NOT ORDER THE
 REFUND OF ANY PREMIUM.

4 (3) UPON ENTRY OF AN ORDER FOR DEFERRED PROSECUTION OR
5 DEFERRED JUDGMENT AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTIONS 18-1.3-101 AND
6 18-1.3-102, C.R.S., SURETIES UPON ANY BOND GIVEN FOR THE
7 APPEARANCE OF THE DEFENDANT SHALL BE RELEASED FROM LIABILITY ON
8 SUCH BOND.

9 16-4-111. Disposition of security deposits upon forfeiture or
10 termination of bond. (1) (a) IF A DEFENDANT IS RELEASED UPON DEPOSIT
11 OF CASH IN ANY AMOUNT OR UPON DEPOSIT OF ANY STOCKS OR BONDS AND
12 THE DEFENDANT IS LATER DISCHARGED FROM ALL LIABILITY UNDER THE
13 TERMS OF THE BOND, THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL RETURN THE
14 DEPOSIT TO THE PERSON WHO MADE THE DEPOSIT.

15 (b) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF 16 THIS SUBSECTION (1), IF THE DEPOSITOR OF THE CASH BOND IS THE 17 DEFENDANT AND THE DEFENDANT OWES COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, 18 RESTITUTION, OR SURCHARGES AT THE TIME THE DEFENDANT IS 19 DISCHARGED FROM ALL LIABILITY UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND, THE 20 COURT MAY APPLY THE DEPOSIT TOWARD ANY AMOUNT OWED BY THE 21 DEFENDANT IN COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, RESTITUTION, OR SURCHARGES. 22 IF ANY AMOUNT OF THE DEPOSIT REMAINS AFTER PAYING THE 23 DEFENDANT'S OUTSTANDING COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, RESTITUTION, OR 24 SURCHARGES, THE COURT SHALL RETURN THE REMAINDER OF THE DEPOSIT 25 TO THE DEFENDANT.

26 (II) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF
27 THIS SUBSECTION (1), IF THE DEPOSITOR OF THE CASH BOND IS NOT THE

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1 DEFENDANT, BUT THE DEFENDANT OWES COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, 2 RESTITUTION, OR SURCHARGES AT THE TIME THE DEFENDANT IS 3 DISCHARGED FROM ALL LIABILITY UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND, THE 4 COURT MAY APPLY THE DEPOSIT TOWARD THE AMOUNT OWED BY THE 5 DEFENDANT IN COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, RESTITUTION, OR SURCHARGES 6 IF THE DEPOSITOR AGREES IN WRITING TO THE USE OF THE DEPOSIT FOR 7 SUCH PURPOSE. IF ANY AMOUNT OF THE DEPOSIT REMAINS AFTER PAYING 8 THE DEFENDANT'S OUTSTANDING COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES, RESTITUTION, 9 OR SURCHARGES, THE COURT SHALL RETURN THE REMAINDER OF THE 10 DEPOSIT TO THE DEPOSITOR.

11 (2) (a) UPON SATISFACTION OF THE TERMS OF THE BOND, THE 12 CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL EXECUTE, WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER 13 SUCH SATISFACTION, A RELEASE OF ANY DEED OF TRUST GIVEN TO SECURE 14 THE BOND AND AN AFFIDAVIT THAT STATES THAT THE OBLIGATION FOR 15 WHICH THE DEED OF TRUST HAD BEEN RECORDED HAS BEEN SATISFIED, 16 EITHER FULLY OR PARTIALLY, AND THAT THE RELEASE OF SUCH DEED OF 17 TRUST MAY BE RECORDED AT THE EXPENSE OF THE RECORD OWNER OF THE 18 PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN SUCH DEED OF TRUST.

(b) IF THERE IS A FORFEITURE OF THE BOND PURSUANT TO THIS
SECTION, AND IF THE FORFEITURE IS NOT SET ASIDE PURSUANT TO
SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION, THE DEED OF TRUST MAY BE
FORECLOSED AS PROVIDED BY LAW.

(c) IF THERE IS A FORFEITURE OF THE BOND PURSUANT TO THIS
SECTION, BUT THE FORFEITURE IS SET ASIDE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)
OF THIS SECTION, THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL EXECUTE A RELEASE OF
ANY DEED OF TRUST GIVEN TO SECURE THE BOND AND AN AFFIDAVIT THAT
STATES THAT THE OBLIGATION FOR WHICH THE DEED OF TRUST HAD BEEN

RECORDED HAS BEEN SATISFIED, EITHER FULLY OR PARTIALLY, AND THAT
 THE RELEASE OF SUCH DEED OF TRUST MAY BE RECORDED AT THE EXPENSE
 OF THE RECORD OWNER OF THE REAL ESTATE DESCRIBED IN SUCH DEED OF
 TRUST.

5 (3) WHERE THE DEFENDANT HAS BEEN RELEASED UPON DEPOSIT OF 6 CASH, STOCKS, BONDS, OR PROPERTY OR UPON A SURETY BOND SECURED 7 BY PROPERTY, IF THE DEFENDANT FAILS TO APPEAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH 8 THE PRIMARY CONDITION OF THE BOND, THE COURT SHALL DECLARE A 9 FORFEITURE. NOTICE OF THE ORDER OF FORFEITURE SHALL BE MAILED BY 10 THE COURT TO THE DEFENDANT, ALL SURETIES, AND ALL DEPOSITORS OR 11 ASSIGNEES OF ANY DEPOSITS OF CASH OR PROPERTY IF SUCH SURETIES, 12 DEPOSITORS, OR ASSIGNEES HAVE DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE COURT, AT 13 THEIR LAST-KNOWN ADDRESSES. SUCH NOTICE SHALL BE SENT WITHIN 14 FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF THE ORDER OF FORFEITURE. IF THE 15 DEFENDANT DOES NOT APPEAR AND SURRENDER TO THE COURT HAVING 16 JURISDICTION WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE 17 FORFEITURE OR WITHIN THAT PERIOD SATISFY THE COURT THAT 18 APPEARANCE AND SURRENDER BY THE DEFENDANT IS IMPOSSIBLE AND 19 WITHOUT FAULT BY SUCH DEFENDANT, THE COURT MAY ENTER JUDGMENT 20 FOR THE STATE AGAINST THE DEFENDANT FOR THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND 21 AND COSTS OF THE COURT PROCEEDINGS. ANY CASH DEPOSITS MADE WITH 22 THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE PAYMENT OF COSTS. 23 IF ANY AMOUNT OF SUCH CASH DEPOSIT REMAINS AFTER THE PAYMENT OF 24 COSTS, IT SHALL BE APPLIED TO PAYMENT OF THE JUDGMENT.

(4) THE COURT MAY ORDER THAT A FORFEITURE BE SET ASIDE,
UPON SUCH CONDITIONS AS THE COURT MAY IMPOSE, IF IT APPEARS THAT
JUSTICE SO REQUIRES.

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(5) IF, WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER JUDGMENT, THE PERSON WHO
 EXECUTED THE FORFEITED BOND AS PRINCIPAL OR AS SURETY EFFECTS THE
 APPREHENSION OR SURRENDER OF THE DEFENDANT TO THE SHERIFF OF THE
 COUNTY FROM WHICH THE BOND WAS TAKEN OR TO THE COURT WHICH
 GRANTED THE BOND, THE COURT MAY VACATE THE JUDGMENT AND ORDER
 A REMISSION LESS NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS OF THE COURT.

7 (6) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO
8 APPEARANCE BONDS WRITTEN BY COMPENSATED SURETIES, AS DEFINED IN
9 SECTION 16-4-114 (2) (c), WHICH BONDS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE
10 PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16-4-114.

(7) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2008, ALL MONEYS COLLECTED FROM
PAYMENT TOWARD A JUDGMENT ENTERED FOR THE STATE PURSUANT TO
PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE
TRANSMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER FOR DEPOSIT IN THE JUDICIAL
STABILIZATION CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 13-32-101 (6), C.R.S.

16 16-4-112. Enforcement when forfeiture not set aside. By 17 ENTERING INTO A BOND, EACH OBLIGOR, WHETHER HE OR SHE IS THE 18 PRINCIPAL OR A SURETY, SUBMITS TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT. 19 HIS OR HER LIABILITY UNDER THE BOND MAY BE ENFORCED, WITHOUT THE 20 NECESSITY OF AN INDEPENDENT ACTION, AS FOLLOWS: THE COURT SHALL 21 ORDER THE ISSUANCE OF A CITATION DIRECTED TO THE OBLIGOR TO SHOW 22 CAUSE, IF ANY THERE BE, WHY JUDGMENT SHOULD NOT BE ENTERED 23 AGAINST HIM OR HER FORTHWITH AND EXECUTION ISSUE THEREON. SAID 24 CITATION MAY BE SERVED PERSONALLY OR BY CERTIFIED MAIL UPON THE 25 OBLIGOR DIRECTED TO THE ADDRESS GIVEN IN THE BOND. HEARING ON THE 26 CITATION SHALL BE HELD NOT LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE DAYS AFTER 27 SERVICE. THE DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY AND THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY SHALL BE GIVEN NOTICE OF THE HEARING. AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE
 HEARING, THE COURT MAY ENTER A JUDGMENT FOR THE STATE AND
 AGAINST THE OBLIGOR, AND EXECUTION SHALL ISSUE THEREON AS ON
 OTHER JUDGMENTS. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL HAVE EXECUTION
 ISSUED FORTHWITH UPON THE JUDGMENT AND DELIVER IT TO THE SHERIFF
 TO BE EXECUTED BY LEVY UPON THE STOCKS, BOND, OR REAL ESTATE
 WHICH HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AS SECURITY FOR THE BOND.

8 **16-4-113.** Type of bond in certain misdemeanor cases. (1) IN 9 EXERCISING THE DISCRETION MENTIONED IN SECTION 16-4-104, THE JUDGE 10 SHALL RELEASE THE ACCUSED PERSON UPON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE IF 11 THE CHARGE IS A CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR OR A PETTY OFFENSE, OR ANY 12 UNCLASSIFIED OFFENSE FOR A VIOLATION OF WHICH THE MAXIMUM 13 PENALTY DOES NOT EXCEED SIX MONTHS' IMPRISONMENT, AND HE OR SHE 14 SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO SUPPLY A SURETY BOND, OR GIVE SECURITY 15 OF ANY KIND FOR HIS OR HER APPEARANCE FOR TRIAL OTHER THAN HIS OR 16 HER PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE, UNLESS ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING 17 FACTS ARE FOUND TO BE PRESENT:

18 (a) THE ARRESTED PERSON FAILS TO SUFFICIENTLY IDENTIFY19 HIMSELF OR HERSELF; OR

20 (b) THE ARRESTED PERSON REFUSES TO SIGN A PERSONAL
21 RECOGNIZANCE; OR

(c) THE CONTINUED DETENTION OR POSTING OF A SURETY BOND IS
 NECESSARY TO PREVENT IMMINENT BODILY HARM TO THE ACCUSED OR TO
 ANOTHER; OR

(d) THE ARRESTED PERSON HAS NO TIES TO THE JURISDICTION OF
THE COURT REASONABLY SUFFICIENT TO ASSURE HIS OR HER APPEARANCE,
AND THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL LIKELIHOOD THAT HE OR SHE WILL FAIL TO

APPEAR FOR TRIAL IF RELEASED UPON HIS OR HER PERSONAL
 RECOGNIZANCE; OR

3 (e) THE ARRESTED PERSON HAS PREVIOUSLY FAILED TO APPEAR
4 FOR TRIAL FOR AN OFFENSE CONCERNING WHICH HE OR SHE HAD GIVEN HIS
5 WRITTEN PROMISE TO APPEAR; OR

6 (f) THERE IS OUTSTANDING A WARRANT FOR HIS OR HER ARREST ON
7 ANY OTHER CHARGE OR THERE ARE PENDING PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM
8 OR HER FOR SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF PAROLE OR PROBATION.

9 16-4-114. Enforcement procedures for compensated sureties
10 - definitions. (1) (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS,
11 DETERMINES, AND DECLARES THAT THE SIMPLICITY, EFFECTIVENESS, AND
12 UNIFORMITY OF BAIL FORFEITURE PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO
13 COMPENSATED SURETIES WHO ARE SUBJECT TO THE REGULATORY
14 AUTHORITY OF THE COLORADO DIVISION OF INSURANCE ARE MATTERS OF
15 STATEWIDE CONCERN.

16 (b) IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN ADOPTING THIS
17 SECTION TO:

(I) ADOPT A BOARD SYSTEM THAT WILL SIMPLIFY AND EXPEDITE
BAIL FORFEITURE PROCEDURES BY AUTHORIZING COURTS TO BAR
COMPENSATED SURETIES WHO FAIL TO PAY FORFEITURE JUDGMENTS FROM
WRITING FURTHER BONDS;

(II) MINIMIZE THE NEED FOR DAY-TO-DAY INVOLVEMENT OF THE
 DIVISION OF INSURANCE IN ROUTINE FORFEITURE ENFORCEMENT; AND

24 (III) REDUCE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE WORKLOAD.

25 (2) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE26 REQUIRES:

27 (a) "BAIL INSURANCE COMPANY" MEANS AN INSURER AS DEFINED

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IN SECTION 10-1-102 (13), C.R.S., ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF WRITING
 APPEARANCE BONDS THROUGH BONDING AGENTS, WHICH COMPANY IS
 SUBJECT TO REGULATION BY THE DIVISION OF INSURANCE IN THE
 DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES.

5 (b) "BOARD SYSTEM" MEANS ANY REASONABLE METHOD
6 ESTABLISHED BY A COURT TO PUBLICLY POST OR DISSEMINATE THE NAME
7 OF ANY COMPENSATED SURETY WHO IS PROHIBITED FROM POSTING BAIL
8 BONDS.

9 (c) "COMPENSATED SURETY" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO IS IN THE 10 BUSINESS OF WRITING APPEARANCE BONDS AND WHO IS SUBJECT TO 11 REGULATION BY THE DIVISION OF INSURANCE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF 12 REGULATORY AGENCIES, INCLUDING BONDING AGENTS AND BAIL 13 INSURANCE COMPANIES. NOTHING IN THIS PARAGRAPH (c) AUTHORIZES 14 BAIL INSURANCE COMPANIES TO WRITE APPEARANCE BONDS EXCEPT 15 THROUGH BAIL BONDING AGENTS.

16 (d) "ON THE BOARD" MEANS THAT THE NAME OF A COMPENSATED
17 SURETY HAS BEEN PUBLICLY POSTED OR DISSEMINATED BY A COURT AS
18 BEING INELIGIBLE TO WRITE BAIL BONDS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (e) OR
19 (f) OF SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.

20 (3) EACH COURT OF RECORD IN THIS STATE SHALL IMPLEMENT A
21 BOARD SYSTEM FOR THE RECORDING AND DISSEMINATION OF THE NAMES
22 OF THOSE COMPENSATED SURETIES WHO ARE PROHIBITED FROM POSTING
23 BAIL BONDS IN THE STATE DUE TO AN UNPAID JUDGMENT AS SET FORTH IN
24 THIS SECTION.

(4) BY ENTERING INTO A BOND, EACH OBLIGOR, INCLUDING THE
BOND PRINCIPAL AND COMPENSATED SURETY, SUBMITS TO THE
JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AND ACKNOWLEDGES THE APPLICABILITY OF

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1 THE FORFEITURE PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.

2 (5) LIABILITY OF BOND OBLIGORS ON BONDS ISSUED BY
3 COMPENSATED SURETIES MAY BE ENFORCED, WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF
4 AN INDEPENDENT ACTION, AS FOLLOWS:

5 (a) IN THE EVENT A DEFENDANT DOES NOT APPEAR BEFORE THE
6 COURT AND IS IN VIOLATION OF THE PRIMARY CONDITION OF AN
7 APPEARANCE BOND, THE COURT MAY DECLARE THE BOND FORFEITED.

8 (b) (I) IF A BOND IS DECLARED FORFEITED BY THE COURT, NOTICE 9 OF THE BAIL FORFEITURE ORDER SHALL BE SERVED ON THE BONDING 10 AGENT BY CERTIFIED MAIL AND ON THE BAIL INSURANCE COMPANY BY 11 REGULAR MAIL WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF SAID 12 FORFEITURE. IF THE COMPENSATED SURETY ON THE BOND IS A CASH 13 BONDING AGENT, ONLY THE CASH BONDING AGENT SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF 14 THE FORFEITURE. SERVICE OF NOTICE OF THE BAIL FORFEITURE ON THE 15 DEFENDANT IS NOT REQUIRED.

16 (II) THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
17 PARAGRAPH (b) SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO:

18 (A) A STATEMENT INTENDED TO INFORM THE COMPENSATED
19 SURETY OF THE ENTRY OF FORFEITURE;

(B) AN ADVISEMENT THAT THE COMPENSATED SURETY HAS THE
RIGHT TO REQUEST A SHOW CAUSE HEARING PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH
(III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b) WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF
NOTICE OF FORFEITURE, BY PROCEDURES SET BY THE COURT; AND

(C) AN ADVISEMENT THAT IF THE COMPENSATED SURETY DOES
NOT REQUEST A SHOW CAUSE HEARING PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (III)
OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b), JUDGMENT SHALL BE ENTERED UPON EXPIRATION
OF THIRTY-FIVE DAYS FOLLOWING THE ENTRY OF FORFEITURE.

1 (III) A COMPENSATED SURETY, UPON WHOM NOTICE OF A BAIL 2 FORFEITURE ORDER HAS BEEN SERVED, SHALL HAVE FOURTEEN DAYS 3 AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF SUCH FORFEITURE TO REQUEST A HEARING 4 TO SHOW CAUSE WHY JUDGMENT ON THE FORFEITURE SHOULD NOT BE 5 ENTERED FOR THE STATE AGAINST THE COMPENSATED SURETY. SUCH 6 REQUEST SHALL BE GRANTED BY THE COURT AND A HEARING SHALL BE SET 7 WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF FORFEITURE OR AT THE 8 COURT'S EARLIEST CONVENIENCE. AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE HEARING 9 REQUESTED BY THE COMPENSATED SURETY, IF ANY, THE COURT MAY 10 ENTER JUDGMENT FOR THE STATE AGAINST THE COMPENSATED SURETY, OR 11 THE COURT MAY IN ITS DISCRETION ORDER FURTHER HEARINGS. UPON 12 EXPIRATION OF THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF FORFEITURE, THE 13 COURT SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT FOR THE STATE AGAINST THE 14 COMPENSATED SURETY IF THE COMPENSATED SURETY DID NOT REQUEST 15 WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF SUCH FORFEITURE 16 A HEARING TO SHOW CAUSE.

17 (IV) IF SUCH A SHOW CAUSE HEARING WAS TIMELY SET BUT THE 18 HEARING DID NOT OCCUR WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF 19 FORFEITURE, ANY ENTRY OF JUDGMENT AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE 20 HEARING AGAINST THE COMPENSATED SURETY SHALL NOT BE VACATED ON 21 THE GROUNDS THAT THE MATTER WAS NOT TIMELY HEARD. IF JUDGMENT 22 IS ENTERED AGAINST A COMPENSATED SURETY UPON THE CONCLUSION OF 23 A REQUESTED SHOW CAUSE HEARING, AND SUCH HEARING DID NOT OCCUR 24 WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF FORFEITURE, EXECUTION 25 UPON SAID JUDGMENT SHALL BE AUTOMATICALLY STAYED FOR NO MORE 26 THAN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-SIX DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF FORFEITURE. 27 (V) (A) IF AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO THE ENTRY OF JUDGMENT, THE

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DEFENDANT APPEARS IN COURT, EITHER VOLUNTARILY OR IN CUSTODY
 AFTER SURRENDER OR ARREST, THE COURT SHALL ON ITS OWN MOTION
 DIRECT THAT THE BAIL FORFEITURE BE SET ASIDE AND THE BOND
 EXONERATED AT THE TIME THE DEFENDANT FIRST APPEARS IN COURT;
 EXCEPT THAT, IF THE STATE EXTRADITES SUCH DEFENDANT, ALL
 NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH EXTRADITION
 SHALL BE BORNE BY THE SURETY UP TO THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND.

8 (B) IF, AT A TIME PRIOR TO THE ENTRY OF JUDGMENT, THE SURETY 9 PROVIDES PROOF TO THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT IS IN CUSTODY IN 10 ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WITHIN THE STATE. THE COURT SHALL ON ITS 11 OWN MOTION DIRECT THAT THE BAIL FORFEITURE BE SET ASIDE AND THE 12 BOND EXONERATED; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE COURT EXTRADITES THE 13 DEFENDANT, ALL NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE 14 EXTRADITION SHALL BE BORNE BY THE SURETY UP TO THE AMOUNT OF THE 15 BOND. IF THE COURT ELECTS TO EXTRADITE THE DEFENDANT, ANY 16 FORFEITURE WILL BE STAYED UNTIL SUCH TIME THE DEFENDANT APPEARS 17 IN THE COURT WHERE THE BOND RETURNS.

18 (C) A COMPENSATED SURETY SHALL BE EXONERATED FROM 19 LIABILITY UPON THE BOND BY SATISFACTION OF THE BAIL FORFEITURE 20 JUDGMENT, SURRENDER OF THE DEFENDANT, OR ORDER OF THE COURT. IF 21 THE SURETY PROVIDES PROOF TO THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT IS IN 22 CUSTODY IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WITHIN THE STATE, WITHIN 23 NINETY-ONE DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF JUDGMENT, THE COURT SHALL ON 24 ITS OWN MOTION DIRECT THAT THE BAIL FORFEITURE JUDGMENT BE 25 VACATED AND THE BOND EXONERATED; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE COURT 26 EXTRADITES THE DEFENDANT, ALL NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS 27 ASSOCIATED WITH THE EXTRADITION SHALL BE BORNE BY THE SURETY UP

TO THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND. IF THE COURT ELECTS TO EXTRADITE THE
 DEFENDANT, ANY JUDGMENT WILL BE STAYED UNTIL THE TIME THE
 DEFENDANT APPEARS IN THE COURT WHERE THE BOND RETURNS.

4 (c) EXECUTION UPON SAID BAIL FORFEITURE JUDGMENT SHALL BE 5 AUTOMATICALLY STAYED FOR NINETY-ONE DAYS FROM THE DATE OF 6 ENTRY OF JUDGMENT; EXCEPT THAT, IF JUDGMENT IS ENTERED AGAINST A 7 COMPENSATED SURETY UPON THE CONCLUSION OF A REQUESTED SHOW 8 CAUSE HEARING, AND SUCH HEARING DID NOT OCCUR WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE 9 DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF FORFEITURE, THE JUDGMENT SHALL BE 10 AUTOMATICALLY STAYED AS SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF 11 PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5).

(d) UPON THE EXPIRATION OF THE STAY OF EXECUTION DESCRIBED
IN PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5), THE BAIL FORFEITURE
JUDGMENT SHALL BE PAID FORTHWITH BY THE COMPENSATED SURETY, IF
NOT PREVIOUSLY PAID, UNLESS THE DEFENDANT APPEARS IN COURT,
EITHER VOLUNTARILY OR IN CUSTODY AFTER SURRENDER OR ARREST, OR
THE COURT ENTERS AN ORDER GRANTING AN ADDITIONAL STAY OF
EXECUTION OR OTHERWISE VACATES THE JUDGMENT.

19 (e) IF A BAIL FORFEITURE JUDGMENT IS NOT PAID ON OR BEFORE 20 THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE STAY OF EXECUTION DESCRIBED IN 21 PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5). THE NAME OF THE BONDING 22 AGENT SHALL BE PLACED ON THE BOARD OF THE COURT THAT ENTERED 23 THE JUDGMENT. THE BONDING AGENT SHALL BE PROHIBITED FROM 24 EXECUTING ANY FURTHER BAIL BONDS IN THIS STATE UNTIL THE 25 JUDGMENT GIVING RISE TO PLACEMENT ON THE BOARD IS SATISFIED, 26 VACATED, OR OTHERWISE DISCHARGED BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

27 (f) IF A BAIL FORFEITURE JUDGMENT REMAINS UNPAID FOR

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1 THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE NAME OF THE BONDING AGENT IS PLACED ON 2 THE BOARD, THE COURT SHALL SEND NOTICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL TO THE 3 BAIL INSURANCE COMPANY FOR WHOM THE BONDING AGENT HAS 4 EXECUTED THE BOND THAT IF SAID JUDGMENT IS NOT PAID WITHIN 5 FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF MAILING OF SAID NOTICE, THE NAME 6 OF THE BAIL INSURANCE COMPANY SHALL BE PLACED ON THE BOARD AND 7 SUCH COMPANY SHALL BE PROHIBITED FROM EXECUTING ANY FURTHER 8 BAIL BONDS IN THIS STATE UNTIL THE JUDGMENT GIVING RISE TO 9 PLACEMENT ON THE BOARD IS SATISFIED, VACATED, OR OTHERWISE 10 DISCHARGED BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

(g) A COMPENSATED SURETY SHALL BE REMOVED FORTHWITH
FROM THE BOARD ONLY AFTER EVERY JUDGMENT FOR WHICH THE
COMPENSATED SURETY WAS PLACED ON THE BOARD IS SATISFIED,
VACATED, OR DISCHARGED OR STAYED BY ENTRY OF AN ADDITIONAL STAY
OF EXECUTION. NO COMPENSATED SURETY SHALL BE PLACED ON THE
BOARD IN THE ABSENCE OF THE NOTICE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (b) OR
(f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5).

(h) THE COURT MAY ORDER THAT A BAIL FORFEITURE JUDGMENT
BE VACATED AND SET ASIDE OR THAT EXECUTION THEREON BE STAYED
UPON SUCH CONDITIONS AS THE COURT MAY IMPOSE, IF IT APPEARS THAT
JUSTICE SO REQUIRES.

(i) A COMPENSATED SURETY SHALL BE EXONERATED FROM
LIABILITY UPON THE BOND BY SATISFACTION OF THE BAIL FORFEITURE
JUDGMENT, SURRENDER OF THE DEFENDANT, OR BY ORDER OF THE COURT.
IF THE DEFENDANT APPEARS IN COURT, EITHER VOLUNTARILY OR IN
CUSTODY AFTER SURRENDER OR ARREST, WITHIN NINETY-ONE DAYS AFTER
THE ENTRY OF JUDGMENT, THE COURT, AT THE TIME THE DEFENDANT FIRST

APPEARS IN COURT, SHALL ON ITS OWN MOTION DIRECT THAT THE BAIL
 FORFEITURE JUDGMENT BE VACATED AND THE BOND EXONERATED;
 EXCEPT THAT, IF THE STATE EXTRADITES SUCH DEFENDANT, ALL
 NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH EXTRADITION
 SHALL BE BORNE BY THE SURETY UP TO THE AMOUNT OF THE BOND.

6 (j) IF, WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER PAYMENT OF THE BAIL FORFEITURE 7 JUDGMENT, THE COMPENSATED SURETY EFFECTS THE APPREHENSION OR 8 SURRENDER OF THE DEFENDANT AND PROVIDES REASONABLE NOTICE TO 9 THE COURT TO WHICH THE BOND RETURNS THAT THE DEFENDANT IS 10 AVAILABLE FOR EXTRADITION, THE COURT SHALL VACATE THE JUDGMENT 11 AND ORDER A REMISSION OF THE AMOUNT PAID ON THE BOND LESS ANY 12 NECESSARY AND ACTUAL COSTS INCURRED BY THE STATE AND THE 13 SHERIFF WHO HAS ACTUALLY EXTRADITED THE DEFENDANT.

14 (k) BAIL BONDS SHALL BE DEEMED VALID NOTWITHSTANDING THE 15 FACT THAT A BOND MAY HAVE BEEN WRITTEN BY A COMPENSATED SURETY 16 WHO HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE BOARD PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (e) OR 17 (f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5) AND IS OTHERWISE PROHIBITED FROM WRITING 18 BAIL BONDS. THE INELIGIBILITY OF A COMPENSATED SURETY TO WRITE 19 BONDS BECAUSE THE NAME OF THE COMPENSATED SURETY HAS BEEN 20 PLACED ON THE BOARD PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (e) OR (f) OF THIS 21 SUBSECTION (5) SHALL NOT BE A DEFENSE TO LIABILITY ON ANY 22 APPEARANCE BOND ACCEPTED BY A COURT.

(1) THE AUTOMATIC STAY OF EXECUTION UPON A BAIL FORFEITURE
JUDGMENT AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5)
SHALL EXPIRE PURSUANT TO ITS TERMS UNLESS THE DEFENDANT APPEARS
AND SURRENDERS TO THE COURT HAVING JURISDICTION OR SATISFIES THE
COURT THAT APPEARANCE AND SURRENDER BY THE DEFENDANT WAS

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IMPOSSIBLE AND WITHOUT FAULT BY SUCH DEFENDANT. THE COURT MAY
 ORDER THAT A FORFEITURE BE SET ASIDE AND JUDGMENT VACATED AS SET
 FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (5).

4 (6) A BAIL INSURANCE COMPANY SHALL NOT WRITE BAIL BONDS
5 UNLESS THROUGH A LICENSED BAIL BONDING AGENT.

6 <u>16-4-115. Severability.</u> IF ANY PROVISION OF THIS PART (1) OR THE
7 <u>APPLICATION THEREOF TO ANY PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCE IS HELD</u>
8 <u>INVALID, SUCH INVALIDITY DOES NOT AFFECT OTHER PROVISIONS OR</u>
9 <u>APPLICATIONS OF THIS PART (1) THAT CAN BE GIVEN EFFECT WITHOUT THE</u>
10 <u>INVALID PROVISION OR APPLICATION, AND TO THIS END THE PROVISIONS OF</u>
11 <u>PART (1) ARE DECLARED TO BE SEVERABLE.</u>

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-201, amend (1)
(a) as follows:

- 14 **16-4-201.** Bail after conviction. (1) (a) After conviction, either 15 before or after sentencing, the defendant may orally, or in writing, move 16 for release on bail pending determination of a motion for a new trial or 17 motion in arrest of judgment or during any stay of execution or pending 18 review by an appellate court, and, except in cases where the defendant has 19 been convicted of a capital offense, the trial court, in its discretion, may 20 continue the bond given for pretrial release, or may release the defendant 21 on increased bail BOND WITH ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS INCLUDING 22 MONETARY CONDITIONS, or require bond under one or more of the 23 alternatives set forth in section 16-4-104.
- SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-202, amend (1)
 introductory portion as follows:

26 16-4-202. Appeal bond hearing - factors to be considered.
27 (1) The court shall consider the following factors in deciding whether or

1	not an appeal bond should be granted and determining the amount of bail
2	and the type of bond to be AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE required:
3	
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-1-211, amend (6)
5	as follows:
6	10-1-211. Protocols for market conduct actions. (6) Subject to
7	section 16-4-108 16-4-110 (1) (c) and (2), C.R.S., a bail premium is
8	earned in its entirety by a compensated surety upon the defendant's
9	release from custody.
10	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-2-705, add (3.5)
11	as follows:
12	10-2-705. Bail bond documents - requirements - rules.
13	(3.5) (a) IF THE BOND IS TO BE SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, THE BAIL
14	BONDING AGENT SHALL PROVIDE THE PROPERTY OWNER WITH A WRITTEN
15	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM AT THE TIME AN INITIAL
16	APPLICATION IS FILED:
17	DISCLOSURE OF LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY
18	DO NOT SIGN THIS DOCUMENT UNTIL YOU READ AND
19	UNDERSTAND IT! THIS BAIL BOND WILL BE SECURED BY
20	REAL PROPERTY YOU OWN OR IN WHICH YOU HAVE AN
21	INTEREST. FAILURE TO PAY THE BAIL BOND PREMIUMS
22	WHEN DUE OR THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO COMPLY
23	WITH THE CONDITIONS OF BAIL COULD RESULT IN THE
24	LOSS OF YOUR PROPERTY!
25	(b) THE DISCLOSURE REQUIRED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
26	SUBSECTION (3.5) SHALL BE PRINTED IN FOURTEEN-POINT, BOLD-FACED
27	TYPE EITHER:

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(I) ON A SEPARATE AND SPECIFIC DOCUMENT ATTACHED TO OR
 ACCOMPANYING THE APPLICATION; OR

3 (II) IN A CLEAR AND CONSPICUOUS STATEMENT ON THE FACE OF
4 THE APPLICATION.

5 (c) BEFORE A PROPERTY OWNER EXECUTES ANY INSTRUMENT 6 CREATING A LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY, THE BAIL BONDING AGENT 7 SHALL PROVIDE THE PROPERTY OWNER WITH A COMPLETED COPY OF THE 8 INSTRUMENT CREATING THE LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY AND THE 9 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS 10 SUBSECTION (3.5). IF A BAIL BONDING AGENT FAILS TO COMPLY FULLY 11 WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPHS (a) AND (b) OF THIS 12 SUBSECTION (3.5) AND THIS PARAGRAPH (c), ANY INSTRUMENT CREATING 13 A LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE VOIDABLE.

14 (d) THE BONDING AGENT SHALL DELIVER TO THE PROPERTY OWNER 15 A FULLY EXECUTED AND NOTARIZED RECONVEYANCE OF TITLE, A 16 CERTIFICATE OF DISCHARGE, OR A FULL RELEASE OF ANY LIEN AGAINST 17 REAL PROPERTY THAT SECURES PERFORMANCE OF THE CONDITIONS OF A 18 BAIL BOND WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE THAT THE 19 TIME FOR APPEALING AN ORDER THAT EXONERATED THE BAIL BOND HAS 20 EXPIRED. THE BONDING AGENT SHALL ALSO DELIVER TO THE PROPERTY 21 OWNER THE ORIGINAL CANCELLED NOTE AS EVIDENCE THAT THE 22 INDEBTEDNESS SECURED BY ANY LIEN INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN PAID OR 23 THAT THE PURPOSES OF SAID INSTRUMENT HAVE BEEN FULLY SATISFIED 24 AND THE ORIGINAL DEED OF TRUST, SECURITY AGREEMENT, OR OTHER 25 INSTRUMENT THAT SECURED THE BAIL BOND OBLIGATION. IF A TIMELY 26 NOTICE OF APPEAL IS FILED, THE THIRTY-FIVE-DAY PERIOD SHALL BEGIN 27 ON THE DAY THE APPELLATE COURT'S AFFIRMATION OF THE ORDER

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1 BECOMES FINAL. IF THE BONDING AGENT FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE 2 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d), THE PROPERTY OWNER MAY 3 PETITION THE DISTRICT COURT TO ISSUE AN ORDER DIRECTING THE CLERK 4 OF SUCH COURT TO EXECUTE A FULL RECONVEYANCE OF TITLE, A 5 CERTIFICATE OF DISCHARGE, OR A FULL RELEASE OF ANY LIEN AGAINST 6 REAL PROPERTY CREATED TO SECURE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONDITIONS 7 OF THE BAIL BOND. THE PETITION SHALL BE VERIFIED AND SHALL ALLEGE 8 FACTS SHOWING THAT THE BONDING AGENT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH 9 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d).

(e) ANY BAIL BONDING AGENT WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION
(3.5) IS LIABLE TO THE PROPERTY OWNER FOR ALL DAMAGES THAT MAY BE
SUSTAINED BY REASON OF THE VIOLATION, PLUS STATUTORY DAMAGES IN
THE SUM OF THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS. THE PROPERTY OWNER SHALL BE
ENTITLED TO RECOVER COURT COSTS AND REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES,
AS DETERMINED BY THE COURT, UPON PREVAILING IN ANY ACTION
BROUGHT TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3.5).

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-23-101, amend
(2) as follows:

19 10-23-101. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
 20 otherwise requires:

(2) "On the board" means that the name of the person has been
publicly posted or disseminated by a court as being ineligible to write bail
bonds under section 16-4-112 16-4-114 (5) (e) or (5) (f), C.R.S.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-23-105, amend
(1) and (2) as follows:

26 10-23-105. Qualification bond - forfeiture. (1) Each
27 cash-bonding agent shall post a cash qualification bond of fifty thousand

1 dollars with the division. The bond must be to the people of the state of 2 Colorado in favor of any court in this state, whether municipal, county, 3 district, or other court, and to the division for the purposes of this section. 4 In the event of a forfeiture of a cash-bonding agent's qualification bond, 5 the division has priority over all other claimants. To comply with this 6 subsection (1), the bond must be conditioned upon full and prompt 7 payment into the court ordering the bond forfeited. Cash-bonding agents 8 shall not issue bonds except in accordance with section $\frac{16-4-104}{10}$ (1) (b) 9 (III) 16-4-104 (1) (c) (III), C.R.S. In the event of a qualification bond 10 forfeiture, a cash-bonding agent shall not write new bail bonds until the 11 qualification bond is restored to fifty thousand dollars.

12 (2)Each professional cash-bail agent shall post a cash 13 qualification bond of no less than fifty thousand dollars with the division. 14 The bond shall be to the people of the state of Colorado in favor of any 15 court in this state, whether municipal, county, district, or other court, and 16 to the division for the purposes of this section. A professional cash-bail 17 agent shall not furnish a single bail greater than twice the amount of the 18 bond posted with the division. In the event of a forfeiture of a 19 professional cash-bail agent's qualification bond, the division has priority 20 over all other claimants to the bond. To comply with this subsection (2), 21 the bond must be conditioned upon full and prompt payment into the 22 court ordering the bond forfeited. Professional cash-bail agents shall not 23 issue bonds except in accordance with section 16-4-104 (1) (b) (III) 24 16-4-104 (1) (c) (III), C.R.S. In the event of a qualification bond 25 forfeiture, a professional cash-bail agent shall not write new bail bonds 26 until the qualification bond is restored to at least fifty thousand dollars. 27 **SECTION 9.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-23-108, add (3.5)

1 as follows:

10-23-108. Bail bond documents - requirements - rules.
(3.5) (a) IF THE BOND IS TO BE SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, THE BAIL
BONDING AGENT SHALL PROVIDE THE PROPERTY OWNER WITH A WRITTEN
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM AT THE TIME AN INITIAL
APPLICATION IS FILED:

7 **DISCLOSURE OF LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY** 8 DO NOT SIGN THIS DOCUMENT UNTIL YOU READ AND 9 UNDERSTAND IT! THIS BAIL BOND WILL BE SECURED BY 10 **REAL PROPERTY YOU OWN OR IN WHICH YOU HAVE AN** 11 **INTEREST. FAILURE TO PAY THE BAIL BOND PREMIUMS** 12 WHEN DUE OR THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO COMPLY 13 WITH THE CONDITIONS OF BAIL COULD RESULT IN THE 14 LOSS OF YOUR PROPERTY!

15 (b) THE DISCLOSURE REQUIRED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
16 SUBSECTION (3.5) SHALL BE PRINTED IN FOURTEEN-POINT, BOLD-FACED
17 TYPE EITHER:

(I) ON A SEPARATE AND SPECIFIC DOCUMENT ATTACHED TO OR
 ACCOMPANYING THE APPLICATION; OR

20 (II) IN A CLEAR AND CONSPICUOUS STATEMENT ON THE FACE OF21 THE APPLICATION.

(c) BEFORE A PROPERTY OWNER EXECUTES ANY INSTRUMENT
CREATING A LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY, THE BAIL BONDING AGENT
SHALL PROVIDE THE PROPERTY OWNER WITH A COMPLETED COPY OF THE
INSTRUMENT CREATING THE LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY AND THE
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
SUBSECTION (3.5). IF A BAIL BONDING AGENT FAILS TO COMPLY FULLY

WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPHS (a) AND (b) OF THIS
 SUBSECTION (3.5) AND THIS PARAGRAPH (c), ANY INSTRUMENT CREATING
 A LIEN AGAINST REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE VOIDABLE.

4 (d) THE BONDING AGENT SHALL DELIVER TO THE PROPERTY OWNER 5 A FULLY EXECUTED AND NOTARIZED RECONVEYANCE OF TITLE, A 6 CERTIFICATE OF DISCHARGE, OR A FULL RELEASE OF ANY LIEN AGAINST 7 REAL PROPERTY THAT SECURES PERFORMANCE OF THE CONDITIONS OF A 8 BAIL BOND WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE THAT THE 9 TIME FOR APPEALING AN ORDER THAT EXONERATED THE BAIL BOND HAS 10 EXPIRED. THE BONDING AGENT SHALL ALSO DELIVER TO THE PROPERTY 11 OWNER THE ORIGINAL CANCELLED NOTE AS EVIDENCE THAT THE 12 INDEBTEDNESS SECURED BY ANY LIEN INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN PAID OR 13 THAT THE PURPOSES OF SAID INSTRUMENT HAVE BEEN FULLY SATISFIED 14 AND THE ORIGINAL DEED OF TRUST, SECURITY AGREEMENT, OR OTHER 15 INSTRUMENT THAT SECURED THE BAIL BOND OBLIGATION. IF A TIMELY 16 NOTICE OF APPEAL IS FILED, THE THIRTY-FIVE-DAY PERIOD SHALL BEGIN 17 ON THE DAY THE APPELLATE COURT'S AFFIRMATION OF THE ORDER 18 BECOMES FINAL. IF THE BONDING AGENT FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE 19 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d), THE PROPERTY OWNER MAY 20 PETITION THE DISTRICT COURT TO ISSUE AN ORDER DIRECTING THE CLERK 21 OF SUCH COURT TO EXECUTE A FULL RECONVEYANCE OF TITLE. A 22 CERTIFICATE OF DISCHARGE, OR A FULL RELEASE OF ANY LIEN AGAINST 23 REAL PROPERTY CREATED TO SECURE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONDITIONS 24 OF THE BAIL BOND. THE PETITION SHALL BE VERIFIED AND SHALL ALLEGE 25 FACTS SHOWING THAT THE BONDING AGENT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH 26 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d).

27

(e) ANY BAIL BONDING AGENT WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION

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1 (3.5) SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE PROPERTY OWNER FOR ALL DAMAGES THAT 2 MAY BE SUSTAINED BY REASON OF THE VIOLATION, PLUS STATUTORY 3 DAMAGES IN THE SUM OF THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS. THE PROPERTY 4 OWNER SHALL BE ENTITLED TO RECOVER COURT COSTS AND REASONABLE 5 ATTORNEY FEES, AS DETERMINED BY THE COURT, UPON PREVAILING IN ANY 6 ACTION BROUGHT TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3.5). 7 SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-13-130, amend 8 (1) (g) as follows:

9 18-13-130. Bail bond - prohibited activities - penalties. (1) It
10 is unlawful for any person who engages in the business of writing bail
11 bonds to engage in any of the following activities related to a bail bond
12 transaction:

(g) Post a bail bond in any court of record in this state while the
name of the person is on the board under section 16-4-112 16-4-114 (5)
(e), C.R.S., or under any circumstance where the person has failed to pay
a bail forfeiture judgment after all applicable stays of execution have
expired and the bond has not been exonerated or discharged;

18 SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-509, amend
19 (4) (a) as follows:

19-2-509. Bail. (4) (a) In determining the amount of bail and the
type of bond to be furnished by AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE FOR the
juvenile, the judge or magistrate fixing the same shall consider the criteria
set forth in section 16-4-105 (1) 16-4-103, C.R.S.

SECTION 12. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.