

**First Regular Session  
Sixty-ninth General Assembly  
STATE OF COLORADO**

**REVISED**

*This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted  
on Second Reading in the Second House*

LLS NO. 13-0992.01 Kristen Forrestal x4217

**SENATE BILL 13-285**

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**SENATE SPONSORSHIP**

**Tochtrop,**

**HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

**Williams,**

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**Senate Committees**

Business, Labor, & Technology

Appropriations

**House Committees**

Business, Labor, Economic, & Workforce  
Development

Appropriations

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**A BILL FOR AN ACT**

101 **CONCERNING THE PROCEDURES IN WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIMS**  
102 **FOR THE RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES, AND, IN CONNECTION**  
103 **THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.**

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**Bill Summary**

*(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries>.)*

The bill requires a claimant to be reimbursed by the employer or workers' compensation carrier for medical treatment provided if the employer, after notice of the injury, fails to provide medical treatment.

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.

*Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.*

*Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.*

HOUSE  
2nd Reading Unamended  
May 7, 2013

SENATE  
3rd Reading Unamended  
May 6, 2013

SENATE  
Amended 2nd Reading  
May 3, 2013

After notice of termination of a fringe benefit or other advantage, the employer, carrier, or third-party administrator is required to recalculate the average weekly wage and begin payment of the wages based on the recalculated amount.

The bill requires temporary partial disability to be paid at least once every 2 weeks and requires an employer, carrier, or third-party administrator to provide a claimant a complete copy of the claim file within 15 days after the mailing of a written request.

In order to request attorney fees and costs when an opposing attorney requests a hearing for an unripe issue, the requesting party must prove that it attempted to have any unripe issues stricken by a prehearing administrative law judge. Fees and costs may only be awarded if they are directly caused by the listing of the unripe issue.

The bill extends the amount of time that must pass before an employer or insurer may request an independent medical examiner if the treating physician has not determined that an injured worker has reached maximum medical improvement from 18 to 24 months. If the independent medical examiner selected determines that the worker has reached maximum medical improvement, the independent medical examiner shall also determine the worker's permanent medical impairment.

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1     *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

2             **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-42-101, **add** (6) as  
3 follows:

4             **8-42-101. Employer must furnish medical aid - approval of**  
5 **plan - fee schedule - contracting for treatment - no recovery from**  
6 **employee - medical treatment guidelines - accreditation of physicians**  
7 **- rules - repeal.** (6) (a) IF AN EMPLOYER RECEIVES NOTICE OF INJURY AND  
8 THE EMPLOYER OR, IF INSURED, THE EMPLOYER'S INSURANCE CARRIER,  
9 AFTER NOTICE OF THE INJURY, FAILS TO FURNISH REASONABLE AND  
10 NECESSARY MEDICAL TREATMENT TO THE INJURED WORKER FOR A CLAIM  
11 THAT IS ADMITTED OR FOUND TO BE COMPENSABLE, THE EMPLOYER OR  
12 CARRIER SHALL REIMBURSE THE CLAIMANT, OR ANY INSURER OR  
13 GOVERNMENTAL PROGRAM THAT PAYS FOR RELATED MEDICAL  
14 TREATMENT, FOR THE COSTS OF REASONABLE AND NECESSARY

1 TREATMENT THAT WAS PROVIDED. AN EMPLOYER, INSURER, CARRIER, OR  
2 PROVIDER MAY NOT RECOVER THE COST OF CARE FROM A CLAIMANT  
3 WHERE THE EMPLOYER OR CARRIER HAS FURNISHED MEDICAL TREATMENT  
4 EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF FRAUD.

5 (b) IF A CLAIMANT HAS PAID FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT THAT IS  
6 ADMITTED OR FOUND TO BE COMPENSABLE AND THAT COSTS MORE THAN  
7 THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION FEE SCHEDULE,  
8 THE EMPLOYER OR, IF INSURED, THE EMPLOYER'S INSURANCE CARRIER,  
9 SHALL REIMBURSE THE CLAIMANT FOR THE FULL AMOUNT PAID. THE  
10 EMPLOYER OR CARRIER IS ENTITLED TO REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE  
11 MEDICAL PROVIDERS FOR THE AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT  
12 SPECIFIED IN THE WORKER'S COMPENSATION FEE SCHEDULE.

13 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-42-103, **add** (2) as  
14 follows:

15 **8-42-103. Disability indemnity payable as wages - period of**  
16 **disability.** (2) WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF WRITTEN NOTICE  
17 BY THE EMPLOYER OR, IF INSURED, THE EMPLOYER'S WORKERS'  
18 COMPENSATION INSURANCE CARRIER OR THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR OF  
19 THE TERMINATION OF A FRINGE BENEFIT OR ADVANTAGE ENUMERATED IN  
20 SECTION 8-40-201 (19) (b), AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE  
21 TERMINATION AND COST OF CONVERSION, THE EMPLOYER OR, IF INSURED,  
22 THE EMPLOYER'S WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE CARRIER OR  
23 THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR SHALL RECALCULATE THE APPLICABLE  
24 AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE AND BEGIN PAYMENT OF BENEFITS IN  
25 ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECALCULATION WITH INTEREST BEGINNING ON  
26 THE DATE THE BENEFIT WAS TERMINATED.

27 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-42-106, **amend** (1)

1 as follows:

2 **8-42-106. Temporary partial disability.** (1) In case of  
3 temporary partial disability, the employee shall receive sixty-six and  
4 two-thirds percent of the difference between ~~said~~ THE employee's average  
5 weekly wage at the time of the injury and ~~said~~ THE employee's average  
6 weekly wage during the continuance of the temporary partial disability,  
7 not to exceed a maximum of ninety-one percent of the state average  
8 weekly wage per week. TEMPORARY PARTIAL DISABILITY SHALL BE PAID  
9 AT LEAST ONCE EVERY TWO WEEKS.

10 **SECTION 4.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-203, **add** (4) as  
11 follows:

12 **8-43-203. Notice concerning liability - notice to claimants -**  
13 **notice of rights and claims process - rules.** (4) WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS  
14 AFTER THE MAILING OF A WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A COPY OF THE CLAIM  
15 FILE, THE EMPLOYER OR, IF INSURED, THE EMPLOYER'S INSURANCE  
16 CARRIER OR THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR SHALL PROVIDE TO THE  
17 CLAIMANT OR HIS OR HER REPRESENTATIVE A COMPLETE COPY OF THE  
18 CLAIM FILE THAT INCLUDES ALL MEDICAL RECORDS, PLEADINGS,  
19 CORRESPONDENCE, INVESTIGATION FILES, INVESTIGATION REPORTS,  
20 WITNESS STATEMENTS, INFORMATION ADDRESSING DESIGNATION OF THE  
21 AUTHORIZED TREATING PHYSICIAN, AND WAGE AND FRINGE BENEFIT  
22 INFORMATION FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS LEADING UP TO THE DATE OF  
23 INJURY AND THEREAFTER, REGARDLESS OF THE FORMAT. IF A PRIVILEGE OR  
24 OTHER PROTECTION IS CLAIMED FOR ANY MATERIALS, THE MATERIALS  
25 MUST BE DETAILED IN AN ACCOMPANYING PRIVILEGE LOG.

26 **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-211, **amend** (2)  
27 (d) as follows:

1           **8-43-211. Notice - request for hearing.** (2) Hearings shall be set  
2 by the office of administrative courts in the department of personnel  
3 within eighty to one hundred days after any of the following occur:

4           (d) If ~~any person~~ AN ATTORNEY requests a hearing or files a notice  
5 to set a hearing on ~~issues which are~~ AN ISSUE THAT IS not ripe for  
6 adjudication at the time ~~such~~ THE request or filing is made, ~~such person~~  
7 ~~shall~~ THE ATTORNEY MAY be assessed the reasonable attorney fees and  
8 costs of the opposing party in preparing for ~~such~~ THE hearing or setting.  
9 THE REQUESTING PARTY MUST PROVE ITS ATTEMPT TO HAVE AN UNRIPE  
10 ISSUE STRICKEN BY A PREHEARING ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE TO  
11 REQUEST FEES OR COSTS. REQUESTED FEES OR COSTS INCURRED AFTER A  
12 PREHEARING CONFERENCE MAY ONLY BE AWARDED IF THEY ARE DIRECTLY  
13 CAUSED BY THE LISTING OF THE UNRIPE ISSUE.

14           **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-42-107, **amend** (8)  
15 (b) (II) (A), (8) (b) (III), and (8) (c) as follows:

16           **8-42-107. Permanent partial disability benefits - schedule -**  
17 **medical impairment benefits - how determined.** (8) **Medical**  
18 **impairment benefits - determination of MMI for scheduled and**  
19 **nonscheduled injuries.** (b) (II) If either party disputes a determination  
20 by an authorized treating physician on the question of whether the injured  
21 worker has or has not reached maximum medical improvement, an  
22 independent medical examiner may be selected in accordance with  
23 section 8-42-107.2; except that, if an authorized treating physician has not  
24 determined that the employee has reached maximum medical  
25 improvement, the employer or insurer may only request the selection of  
26 an independent medical examiner if all of the following conditions are  
27 met:

1 (A) At least ~~eighteen~~ TWENTY-FOUR months have passed since the  
2 date of injury;

3 (III) NOTWITHSTANDING PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8),  
4 IF THE INDEPENDENT MEDICAL EXAMINER SELECTED PURSUANT TO  
5 SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b) FINDS THAT THE INJURED  
6 WORKER HAS REACHED MAXIMUM MEDICAL IMPROVEMENT, THE  
7 INDEPENDENT MEDICAL EXAMINER SHALL ALSO DETERMINE THE INJURED  
8 WORKER'S PERMANENT MEDICAL IMPAIRMENT RATING. The finding  
9 REGARDING MAXIMUM MEDICAL IMPROVEMENT AND PERMANENT MEDICAL  
10 IMPAIRMENT of an independent medical examiner in a dispute arising  
11 under subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (b) ~~shall~~ MAY be overcome only  
12 by clear and convincing evidence. A hearing on this matter shall not take  
13 place until the finding of the independent medical examiner has been filed  
14 with the division.

15 (c) When the injured employee's date of maximum medical  
16 improvement has been determined pursuant to SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF  
17 paragraph (b) of this subsection (8), and there is a determination that  
18 permanent medical impairment has resulted from the injury, the  
19 authorized treating physician shall determine a medical impairment rating  
20 as a percentage of the whole person based on the revised third edition of  
21 the "American Medical Association Guides to the Evaluation of  
22 Permanent Impairment", in effect as of July 1, 1991. Except for a  
23 determination by the authorized treating physician providing primary care  
24 that no permanent medical impairment has resulted from the injury, any  
25 physician who determines a medical impairment rating shall have  
26 received accreditation under the level II accreditation program pursuant  
27 to section 8-42-101. For purposes of determining levels of medical

1 impairment, the physician shall not render a medical impairment rating  
2 based on chronic pain without anatomic or physiologic correlation.  
3 Anatomic correlation must be based on objective findings. If either party  
4 disputes the authorized treating physician's finding of medical  
5 impairment, including a finding that there is no permanent medical  
6 impairment, the parties may select an independent medical examiner in  
7 accordance with section 8-42-107.2. The finding of ~~such~~ THE independent  
8 medical examiner ~~shall~~ MAY be overcome only by clear and convincing  
9 evidence. A hearing on this matter shall not take place until the finding  
10 of the independent medical examiner has been filed with the division.

11 **SECTION 7. Appropriation.** In addition to any other  
12 appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the state  
13 employee workers' compensation account in the risk management fund  
14 created in section 24-30-1510.7 (1) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, not  
15 otherwise appropriated, to the department of personnel, for the fiscal year  
16 beginning July 1, 2013, the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may  
17 be necessary, for allocation to the division of human resources, risk  
18 management services, workers' compensation, workers' compensation  
19 claims for claims related to the implementation of this act.

20 **SECTION 8. Effective date - applicability.** This act takes effect  
21 July 1, 2013, and applies to claims in existence on or after said date.

22 **SECTION 9. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,  
23 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate  
24 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.