First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 13-0840.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 13-197

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hudak, Newell

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

McCann and Fields,

Senate Committees

Judiciary Appropriations

House Committees

Judiciary Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	PREVENTING	PERSONS	WHO	HAVE	COMN	AITTED
102	DOMEST	TIC VIOLENCE	FROM POSS	SESSING	<u>FIREA</u>	RMS, A	ND, IN
103	CONNEC	TION THEREWI	TH, MAKIN	G AN AP	PROPRI	ATION	<u>.</u>

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

When a court subjects a person to a protection order to prevent domestic violence or a protection order that prohibits the person from possessing or controlling firearms or other weapons, or the court convicts a person of a misdemeanor or felony domestic violence offense, the court SENATE ird Reading Unamended March 11, 2013

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading March 8, 2013 shall require the person to relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the person's immediate possession or control or subject to the person's immediate possession or control. In the case of a person who is served in court with a protection order to prevent domestic violence, and in the case of a person who is served with a mandatory protection order prohibiting the person from possessing or controlling firearms or other weapons, the person must relinquish any firearm or ammunition within 24 hours. In the case of a person who is served outside of the court with a protection order to prevent domestic violence, the person must relinquish any firearm or ammunition within 48 hours. However, a court may allow a person up to 72 hours to comply if the person demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court that he or she is unable to comply within 24 or 48 hours, as applicable.

To satisfy the requirement, the person may:

- ! Sell or transfer possession of the firearm or ammunition to a federally licensed firearms dealer;
- ! Arrange for the storage of the firearm or ammunition by a law enforcement agency; or
- ! Sell or transfer the firearm or ammunition to a private party; except that the person shall not transfer a firearm or ammunition to a private party unless the private party has been approved to possess or purchase a firearm pursuant to a background check of the national instant criminal background check system.

If a person is unable to satisfy the requirement because he or she is incarcerated or otherwise held in the custody of a law enforcement agency, the court, as a condition of the person's sentence, shall require the person to relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the person's immediate possession or control or subject to the person's immediate possession or control before the person may be released from such incarceration or custody.

If a person sells or otherwise transfers a firearm or ammunition to a private party, the person shall acquire:

- ! From the transferee, a written receipt acknowledging the transfer, which receipt shall be dated and signed by the person and the transferee; and
- ! From the licensed gun dealer who requests from the Colorado bureau of investigation a background check of the transferee, a written statement of the results of the background check.

If a local law enforcement agency elects to store firearms or ammunition for a person:

! The agency may charge a fee for such storage, the amount of which shall not exceed the direct and indirect costs incurred by the agency in providing such storage; and

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! The agency may establish policies for disposal of abandoned or stolen firearms or ammunition.

A federally licensed firearms dealer who takes possession of a firearm or ammunition, and a law enforcement agency that stores a firearm or ammunition, shall issue a receipt to the person who transfers possession of the firearm or ammunition. Not more than 3 calendar days after relinquishing the firearm or ammunition, the person shall file a copy of the receipt with the court as proof of the relinquishment. A person who fails to timely file a receipt commits a class 2 misdemeanor.

A person subject to a protection order who possesses or attempts to purchase or receive a firearm or ammunition while the protection order is in effect violates the protection order.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly finds that:

- (a) Many domestic violence offenders are subjected to civil or criminal protection orders or are convicted of crimes with an underlying factual basis of domestic violence and, pursuant to federal law, are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition;
- (b) Despite efforts by law enforcement, prosecutors, and judges at the state level, gun violence against intimate partners continues to plague Colorado;
- (c) Each year, persons who commit domestic violence use firearms to threaten, injure, and kill victims, and firearms are the weapon used most often in deaths due to domestic violence;
- (d) The immediate period proceeding a domestic violence conviction or the issuance of a domestic violence protection order is a particularly dangerous time for victims of domestic violence;
- (e) The federal "Gun Ban for Individuals Convicted of a Misdemeanor Crime of Domestic Violence", Pub.L. 104–208, specifically addresses the most dangerous domestic violence offenders; that is, those

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1	who have the highest risk of committing a domestic violence homicide
2	involving a firearm; and
3	(f) State enforcement of these federal laws is needed and is the
4	key to help protect victims of domestic violence and their children.
5	(2) Now, therefore, the general assembly hereby declares that if
6	a person is convicted of a qualifying misdemeanor or felony offense with
7	an underlying factual basis of domestic violence or subjected to a
8	qualifying civil or mandatory criminal protection order that prohibits the
9	person from purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition under the
10	federal "Gun Control Act of 1968", chapter 44 of title 18, U.S.C., as
11	amended, the court shall require the respondent to:
12	(a) Refrain from possessing or purchasing any firearm or
13	ammunition for the duration of the order; and
14	(b) Relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the respondent's
15	immediate possession or control or subject to the respondent's immediate
16	possession or control.
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18	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-6-803.5, amend
19	(1) as follows:
20	18-6-803.5. Crime of violation of a protection order - penalty
21	- peace officers' duties. (1) A person commits the crime of violation of
22	a protection order if, after the person has been personally served with a
23	protection order that identifies the person as a restrained person or
24	otherwise has acquired from the court or law enforcement personnel
25	actual knowledge of the contents of a protection order that identifies the
26	person as a restrained person, the person:
27	(a) Contacts, harasses, injures, intimidates, molests, threatens, or

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1	touches the protected person or protected property, including an animal,
2	identified in the protection order or enters or remains on premises or
3	comes within a specified distance of the protected person, protected
4	property, including an animal, or premises or violates any other provision
5	of the protection order to protect the protected person from imminent
6	danger to life or health, and such conduct is prohibited by the protection
7	order; or
8	(b) Except as permitted pursuant to section 18-13-126 (1) (b),
9	hires, employs, or otherwise contracts with another person to locate or
10	assist in the location of the protected person; OR
11	(c) VIOLATES A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO
12	SECTION 13-14-102 (22), C.R.S., OR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-1001 (9)
13	BY:
14	(I) Possessing or attempting to purchase or receive a
15	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE THE PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT; OR
16	(II) FAILING TO TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT
17	WITH THE COURT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-14-102 (22) (i), C.R.S., OR
18	IN SECTION 18-1-1001 (9) (i) OR 18-6-801(8) (i).
19	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-14-102, add (22)
20	as follows:
21	13-14-102. Civil protection orders - legislative declaration.
22	(22) (a) When the court subjects a person to a civil protection
23	ORDER TO PREVENT DOMESTIC ABUSE, WHICH PROTECTION ORDER
24	QUALIFIES AS AN ORDER DESCRIBED IN $18U.S.C.$ SEC. $922(d)(8)$ AND (g)
25	(8), THE COURT, AS PART OF SUCH ORDER:
26	(I) SHALL ORDER THE PERSON TO:
27	(A) REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING OR PURCHASING ANY FIREARM OR

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1	AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND
2	(\underline{B}) Relinquish, for the duration of the order, any firearm
3	OR AMMUNITION IN THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
4	CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
5	CONTROL; AND
6	(II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE PERSON IS RELEASED FROM
7	CUSTODY ON BOND, THE PERSON SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION
8	OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE PERSON'S
9	IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE PERSON'S
10	IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.
11	(b) (I) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
12	PARAGRAPH (b), UPON ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH
13	(a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), THE RESPONDENT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY
14	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION:
15	(A) NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED
16	WITH THE ORDER IN OPEN COURT; OR
17	(B) NOT MORE THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED
18	WITH THE ORDER OUTSIDE OF THE COURT.
19	(II) A COURT MAY ALLOW A RESPONDENT UP TO SEVENTY-TWO
20	HOURS TO COMPLY WITH SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b) IF
21	THE RESPONDENT DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT
22	THAT HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN THE TIME FRAME SET
23	FORTH IN SAID SUBPARAGRAPH (I).
24	(III) TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENT IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
25	PARAGRAPH (b), THE RESPONDENT MAY:
26	(A) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR
27	AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN

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1	18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
2	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
3	DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
4	AMMUNITION;
5	(B) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
6	BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
7	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
8	PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR
9	(C) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
10	TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR
11	AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A PERSON WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A
12	FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (C) SHALL SATISFY ALL
13	OF THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., CONCERNING PRIVATE
14	FIREARMS TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE
15	OF A CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.
16	(c) If a respondent is unable to satisfy the provisions of
17	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS
18	INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW
19	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE RESPONDENT TO
20	SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER
21	HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN
22	CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS
23	PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE
24	RESPONDENT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
25	RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
26	RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF
27	THE RESPONDENT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A RESPONDENT'S

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1	FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL
2	CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT.
3	(d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES
4	POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
5	SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT AT THE TIME OF
6	RELINQUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL
7	NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS
8	THE DEALER:
9	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
10	CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND
11	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
12	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
13	(e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE
14	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
15	(22). IF AN AGENCY SO ELECTS:
16	(I) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE
17	AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS
18	INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE;
19	(II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF
20	ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION; AND
21	(III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH RESPONDENT
22	AT THE TIME THE RESPONDENT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM
23	OR AMMUNITION.
24	(f) If a local law enforcement agency elects to store
25	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
26	(22), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE FIREARM
2.7	OR AMMINITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS THE AGENCY:

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1	(1) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
2	CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND
3	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
4	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
5	(g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A
6	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
7	(22) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION. A LAW
8	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE STORING A FIREARM OR
9	AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON SHALL NOTIFY THE PERSON OF SUCH DECISION
10	AND REQUEST THAT THE PERSON IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR
11	THE TRANSFER OF THE POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO
12	THE PERSON OR, IF THE PERSON IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A
13	FIREARM, TO ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS
14	<u>A FIREARM.</u>
15	(II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING
16	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON AND NOTIFIES THE PERSON AS
17	DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (g), THE LAW
18	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IF
19	THE PERSON FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
20	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID TRANSFER WITHIN NINETY
21	DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.
22	$\underline{\text{(h)}}$ If a respondent sells or otherwise transfers a firearm
23	OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
24	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF
25	SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), THE
26	RESPONDENT SHALL ACQUIRE:
27	(I) From the transferee, a written receipt acknowledging

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1	THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
2	RESPONDENT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND
3	(II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
4	$\underline{\mathtt{BUREAU}}$ A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
5	SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF
6	THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
7	(i) (I) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE
8	RELINQUISHMENT, THE RESPONDENT SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT
9	ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ OF THIS SUBSECTION
10	(22), AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF
11	A BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE RESPONDENT, AS DESCRIBED
12	IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), WITH
13	THE COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A RESPONDENT FAILS TO
14	TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS
15	PARAGRAPH <u>(i):</u>
16	$\underline{(A)}$ The failure constitutes a violation of the protection
17	ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION $18-6-803.5(1)(c)$, C.R.S.; AND
18	(\underline{B}) The court shall issue a warrant for the respondent's
19	ARREST.
20	(II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF A
21	PROTECTION ORDER DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL
22	TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT
23	OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE
24	OF A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION
25	18-6-803.5(1)(c),C.R.S., and testimony of the clerk of the court
26	OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.
27	(i) NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (22) SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO

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1	LIMIT A RESPONDENT'S RIGHT TO PETITION THE COURT FOR DISMISSAL OF
2	A PROTECTION ORDER.
3	(k) A PERSON SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
4	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION WHO POSSESSES OR
5	ATTEMPTS TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE
6	THE PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT VIOLATES THE ORDER PURSUANT TO
7	SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S.
8	(1) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH
9	TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO
10	SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF
11	THIS SUBSECTION (22) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE
12	FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT.
13	(II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF
14	<u>A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A PERSON IN GOOD FAITH AS PERMITTED BY</u>
15	$\underline{PARAGRAPH(f)OFTHISSUBSECTION(22)SHALLNOTBEHELDCRIMINALLY}$
16	OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION.
17	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-1001, add (9)
18	as follows:
19	18-1-1001. Protection order against defendant. (9) (a) WHEN
20	THE COURT SUBJECTS A $\underline{\text{DEFENDANT}}$ TO A MANDATORY PROTECTION ORDER
21	THAT QUALIFIES AS AN ORDER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 922 (g) (8),
22	THE COURT, AS PART <u>OF SUCH ORDER:</u>
23	(I) SHALL ORDER THE DEFENDANT TO:
24	$\underline{(A)}$ REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING OR PURCHASING ANY FIREARM OR
25	AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND
26	$\underline{(B)}$ Relinquish, for the duration of the order, any firearm
27	OD AMMINITION IN THE DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OF

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1	CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE <u>DEFENDANT'S</u> IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
2	CONTROL; AND
3	(II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE DEFENDANT IS RELEASED
4	FROM CUSTODY ON BOND, THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE
5	DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
6	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
7	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.
8	(b) Upon issuance of an order pursuant to paragraph (a) of
9	THIS SUBSECTION (9), THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> SHALL RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM
10	OR AMMUNITION NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING
11	SERVED WITH THE ORDER; EXCEPT THAT A COURT MAY ALLOW A
12	<u>DEFENDANT</u> UP TO SEVENTY-TWO HOURS TO COMPLY WITH THIS
13	$PARAGRAPH (b) IF THE \underline{DEFENDANT} DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION$
14	OF THE COURT THAT HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN
15	TWENTY-FOUR HOURS. TO SATISFY THIS REQUIREMENT, THE <u>DEFENDANT</u>
16	MAY:
17	(I) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR
18	AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN
19	18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
20	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
21	DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
22	AMMUNITION;
23	(II) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
24	BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
25	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
26	PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR
27	(III) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION

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1	TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR
2	AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A $\underline{DEFENDANT}$ WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A
3	FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III) SHALL SATISFY ALL OF
4	THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, CONCERNING PRIVATE FIREARMS
5	TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF A
6	CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.
7	(c) If a $\underline{\text{DEFENDANT}}$ is unable to satisfy the provisions of
8	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS
9	INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW
10	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO
11	SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER
12	HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN
13	CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS
14	PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE
15	DEFENDANT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
16	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
17	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF
18	THE DEFENDANT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A DEFENDANT'S
19	FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL
20	CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT.
21	(d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES
22	POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
23	SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT THE TIME OF
24	RELINQUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL
25	NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS
26	THE DEALER:
2.7	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND

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1	CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND
2	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
3	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
4	(e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE
5	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
6	(9). If an agency so elects:
7	(I) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE
8	AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS
9	INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE;
10	(II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF
11	ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION; AND
12	(III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT
13	THE TIME THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR
14	AMMUNITION.
15	(f) If a local law enforcement agency elects to store
16	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS
17	SUBSECTION (9), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE
18	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS THE AGENCY:
19	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
20	CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND
21	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
22	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
23	(g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A
24	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS
25	SUBSECTION (9) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR
26	AMMUNITION. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE
27	STORING A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY

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1	THE DEFENDANT OF SUCH DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEFENDANT
2	IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
3	POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT OR, IF
4	THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, TO
5	ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS A FIREARM.
6	(II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING
7	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON AND NOTIFIES THE DEFENDANT
8	AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (g), THE LAW
9	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IF
10	THE DEFENDANT FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF
11	THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID TRANSFER WITHIN
12	NINETY DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.
13	(h) If a <u>defendant</u> sells or otherwise transfers a firearm
14	OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
15	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF
16	${\tt PARAGRAPH}(b) {\tt OFTHIS} {\tt SUBSECTION}(9), \\ {\tt THE} \underline{{\tt DEFENDANT}} {\tt SHALL} {\tt ACQUIRE};$
17	(I) From the transferee, a written receipt acknowledging
18	THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
19	<u>DEFENDANT</u> AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND
20	(II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
21	<u>BUREAU</u> A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
22	SECTION 18-12-112, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF THE
23	BACKGROUND CHECK.
24	$\underline{\text{(i)}}$ $\underline{\text{(I)}}$ Not more than three business days after the
25	RELINQUISHMENT, THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT
26	ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR (\underline{h}) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9)
27	AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF A

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1	BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE $\underline{DEFENDANT}$ AS DESCRIBED IN
2	${\tt SUBPARAGRAPH(II)OFPARAGRAPH\underline{(h)}OFTHISSUBSECTION(9),WITHTHE}$
3	COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A $\underline{\text{DEFENDANT}}$ FAILS TO
4	TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS
5	PARAGRAPH <u>(i):</u>
6	(\underline{A}) The failure constitutes a violation of the protection
7	ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION $18-6-803.5(1)(c)$; AND
8	(B) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE <u>DEFENDANT'S</u>
9	ARREST.
10	(II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF A
11	PROTECTION ORDER DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL
12	TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT
13	OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE
14	OF A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION
15	18-6-803.5 (1) (C), C.R.S., AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT
16	OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.
17	(\underline{j}) Nothing in this subsection (9) shall be construed to
18	LIMIT A <u>DEFENDANT'S</u> RIGHT TO PETITION THE COURT FOR DISMISSAL OF A
19	PROTECTION ORDER.
20	(k) A PERSON SUBJECT TO A MANDATORY PROTECTION ORDER
21	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (9) WHO POSSESSES OR ATTEMPTS
22	TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE THE
23	PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT VIOLATES THE ORDER PURSUANT TO
24	SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c).
25	(1) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH
26	TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT
27	TO SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF

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1	THIS SUBSECTION (9) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE
2	FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT.
3	(II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF
4	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A DEFENDANT IN GOOD FAITH AS
5	PERMITTED BY PARAGRAPH (f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9) SHALL NOT BE
6	HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION.
7	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-6-801, add (8) as
8	follows:
9	18-6-801. Domestic violence - sentencing. (8) (a) IN ADDITION
10	TO ANY SENTENCE THAT IS IMPOSED UPON A <u>DEFENDANT</u> FOR VIOLATION
11	OF ANY CRIMINAL LAW UNDER THIS TITLE, IF A <u>DEFENDANT</u> IS CONVICTED
12	OF ANY CRIME, THE UNDERLYING FACTUAL BASIS OF WHICH IS FOUND BY
13	THE COURT ON THE RECORD TO BE A MISDEMEANOR CRIME OF DOMESTIC
14	VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 921 (a) (33), OR THAT IS
15	PUNISHABLE BY A TERM OF IMPRISONMENT EXCEEDING ONE YEAR AND
16	INCLUDES AN ACT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
17	<u>18-6-800.3 (1), THE COURT:</u>
18	(I) SHALL ORDER THE DEFENDANT TO:
19	$\underline{(A)}$ Refrain from Possessing or Purchasing any Firearm or
20	AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND
21	(B) RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
22	<u>DEFENDANT'S</u> IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
23	<u>DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL; AND</u>
24	(II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE DEFENDANT IS RELEASED
25	FROM CUSTODY ON BOND, THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE
26	DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
27	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE

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1	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.
2	(b) Upon issuance of an order to relinquish one or more
3	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
4	SUBSECTION (8), THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR
5	AMMUNITION NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED
6	WITH THE ORDER; EXCEPT THAT A COURT MAY ALLOW A <u>DEFENDANT</u> UP TO
7	SEVENTY-TWO HOURS TO COMPLY WITH THIS PARAGRAPH (b) IF THE
8	<u>DEFENDANT</u> DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT THAT
9	HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS. TO
10	SATISFY THIS REQUIREMENT, THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> MAY:
11	(I) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR
12	AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN
13	18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
14	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
15	DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
16	AMMUNITION;
17	(II) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
18	BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
19	NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
20	PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR
21	(III) SELLOR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
22	TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR
23	AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A <u>DEFENDANT</u> WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A
24	FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III) SHALL SATISFY ALL OF
25	THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, CONCERNING PRIVATE FIREARMS
26	TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF A
27	CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.

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1	(c) If a defendant is unable to satisfy the provisions of
2	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS
3	INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW
4	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO
5	SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER
6	HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN
7	CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS
8	PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE
9	DEFENDANT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
10	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
11	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF
12	THE DEFENDANT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A DEFENDANT'S
13	FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL
14	CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT.
15	(d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES
16	POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS
17	SUBSECTION (8) SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT THE TIME
18	OF RELINQUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL
19	NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS
20	THE DEALER:
21	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
22	CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND
23	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
24	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
25	(e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE
26	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
27	(8). If an agency so elects:

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1	(1) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE
2	AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS
3	INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE;
4	(II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF
5	ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION; AND
6	(III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT
7	THE TIME THE DEFENDANT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR
8	AMMUNITION.
9	(f) If a local law enforcement agency elects to store
10	FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS
11	SUBSECTION (8), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE
12	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS THE AGENCY:
13	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
14	CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND
15	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
16	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
17	(g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A
18	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS
19	SUBSECTION (8) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR
20	AMMUNITION. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE
21	STORING A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY
22	THE DEFENDANT OF SUCH DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEFENDANT
23	IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
24	POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT OR, IF
25	THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, TO
26	ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS A FIREARM.
27	(II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING

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1	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT AND NOTIFIES THE
2	$\underline{DEFENDANT}ASDESCRIBEDINSUBPARAGRAPH(I)OFTHISPARAGRAPH(g),$
3	THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR
4	AMMUNITION IF THE DEFENDANT FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE
5	TRANSFER OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID
6	TRANSFER WITHIN NINETY DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.
7	(h) IF A DEFENDANT SELLS OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERS A FIREARM
8	OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
9	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF
10	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8), THE DEFENDANT SHALL
11	ACQUIRE:
12	(I) FROM THE TRANSFEREE, A WRITTEN RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGING
13	THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
14	DEFENDANT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND
15	(II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
16	<u>BUREAU</u> A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
17	SECTION 18-12-112, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF THE
18	BACKGROUND CHECK.
19	(i) (I) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE
20	RELINQUISHMENT, THE DEFENDANT SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT
21	ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR (\underline{h}) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8),
22	AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF A
23	BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
24	SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ OF THIS SUBSECTION (8), WITH THE
25	COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A DEFENDANT FAILS TO
26	TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS
27	PARAGRAPH <u>(i):</u>

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1	(A) THE FAILURE CONSTITUTES A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR, AND THE
2	DEFENDANT SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1.3-401;
3	AND
4	(B) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE DEFENDANT'S
5	ARREST.
6	(II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS
7	PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE
8	DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH
9	WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS
10	VIOLATED THIS PARAGRAPH (i), AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE
11	COURT OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.
12	(j) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH
13	TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT
14	$\text{TO SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBPARAGRAPH ($
15	THIS SUBSECTION (8) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE
16	FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT.
17	(II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF
18	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A DEFENDANT IN GOOD FAITH AS
19	PERMITTED BY PARAGRAPH (f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) SHALL NOT BE
20	HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION.
21	SECTION 6. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other
22	appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
23	general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the judicial department, for
24	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, the sum of \$45,742 and 0.8 FTE,
25	or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be allocated to trial court
26	programs for the implementation of this act as follows:
27	(a) \$39,804 and 0.8 FTE for personal services; and

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1	(b) \$5,938 for operating expenses.
2	
3	SECTION 7. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds
4	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
5	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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