First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House SENATE BILL 13-197

LLS NO. 13-0840.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hudak, Newell

McCann and Fields,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Judiciary Appropriations

House Committees Judiciary Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING PREVENTING PERSONS WHO HAVE COMMITTED
102	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE FROM POSSESSING <u>FIREARMS, AND, IN</u>
103	CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

When a court subjects a person to a protection order to prevent domestic violence or a protection order that prohibits the person from possessing or controlling firearms or other weapons, or the court convicts a person of a misdemeanor or felony domestic violence offense, the court HOUSE Amended 3rd Reading April 22, 2013

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 19, 2013



Amended 2nd Reading

SENATE

March 8, 2013

shall require the person to relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the person's immediate possession or control or subject to the person's immediate possession or control. In the case of a person who is served in court with a protection order to prevent domestic violence, and in the case of a person who is served with a mandatory protection order prohibiting the person from possessing or controlling firearms or other weapons, the person must relinquish any firearm or ammunition within 24 hours. In the case of a person who is served outside of the court with a protection order to prevent domestic violence, the person must relinquish any firearm or ammunition within 24 hours. In the case of a person who is served outside of the court with a protection order to prevent domestic violence, the person must relinquish any firearm or ammunition within 48 hours. However, a court may allow a person up to 72 hours to comply if the person demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court that he or she is unable to comply within 24 or 48 hours, as applicable.

To satisfy the requirement, the person may:

- ! Sell or transfer possession of the firearm or ammunition to a federally licensed firearms dealer;
- ! Arrange for the storage of the firearm or ammunition by a law enforcement agency; or
- ! Sell or transfer the firearm or ammunition to a private party; except that the person shall not transfer a firearm or ammunition to a private party unless the private party has been approved to possess or purchase a firearm pursuant to a background check of the national instant criminal background check system.

If a person is unable to satisfy the requirement because he or she is incarcerated or otherwise held in the custody of a law enforcement agency, the court, as a condition of the person's sentence, shall require the person to relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the person's immediate possession or control or subject to the person's immediate possession or control before the person may be released from such incarceration or custody.

If a person sells or otherwise transfers a firearm or ammunition to a private party, the person shall acquire:

- From the transferee, a written receipt acknowledging the transfer, which receipt shall be dated and signed by the person and the transferee; and
- From the licensed gun dealer who requests from the Colorado bureau of investigation a background check of the transferee, a written statement of the results of the background check.

If a local law enforcement agency elects to store firearms or ammunition for a person:

The agency may charge a fee for such storage, the amount of which shall not exceed the direct and indirect costs incurred by the agency in providing such storage; and

The agency may establish policies for disposal of Į. abandoned or stolen firearms or ammunition.

A federally licensed firearms dealer who takes possession of a firearm or ammunition, and a law enforcement agency that stores a firearm or ammunition, shall issue a receipt to the person who transfers possession of the firearm or ammunition. Not more than 3 calendar days after relinquishing the firearm or ammunition, the person shall file a copy of the receipt with the court as proof of the relinquishment. A person who fails to timely file a receipt commits a class 2 misdemeanor.

A person subject to a protection order who possesses or attempts to purchase or receive a firearm or ammunition while the protection order is in effect violates the protection order.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds that:

4 (a) Many domestic violence offenders are subjected to civil or criminal protection orders or are convicted of crimes with an underlying 5 6 factual basis of domestic violence and, pursuant to federal law, are

- 7 prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition;
- 8 (b) Despite efforts by law enforcement, prosecutors, and judges 9 at the state level, gun violence against intimate partners continues to 10 plague Colorado;

11 Each year, persons who commit domestic violence use (c) 12 firearms to threaten, injure, and kill victims, and firearms are the weapon 13 used most often in deaths due to domestic violence;

- 14 (d) The immediate period proceeding a domestic violence 15 conviction or the issuance of a domestic violence protection order is a particularly dangerous time for victims of domestic violence; 16
- 17 The federal "Gun Ban for Individuals Convicted of a (e) 18 Misdemeanor Crime of Domestic Violence", Pub.L. 104-208, specifically 19 addresses the most dangerous domestic violence offenders; that is, those

who have the highest risk of committing a domestic violence homicide
 involving a firearm; and

3 (f) State enforcement of these federal laws is needed and is the
4 key to help protect victims of domestic violence and their children.

5 (2) Now, therefore, the general assembly hereby declares that if 6 a person is convicted of a qualifying misdemeanor or felony offense with 7 an underlying factual basis of domestic violence or subjected to a 8 qualifying civil or mandatory criminal protection order that prohibits the 9 person from purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition under the 10 federal "Gun Control Act of 1968", chapter 44 of title 18, U.S.C., as 11 amended, the court shall require the respondent to:

12 (a) Refrain from possessing or purchasing any firearm or13 ammunition for the duration of the order; and

(b) Relinquish any firearm or ammunition in the respondent's
immediate possession or control or subject to the respondent's immediate
possession or control.

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18 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-6-803.5, amend
19 (1) as follows:

18-6-803.5. Crime of violation of a protection order - penalty
- peace officers' duties. (1) A person commits the crime of violation of
a protection order if, after the person has been personally served with a
protection order that identifies the person as a restrained person or
otherwise has acquired from the court or law enforcement personnel
actual knowledge of the contents of a protection order that identifies the
person as a restrained person, the person:

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(a) Contacts, harasses, injures, intimidates, molests, threatens, or

touches the protected person or protected property, including an animal,
identified in the protection order or enters or remains on premises or
comes within a specified distance of the protected person, protected
property, including an animal, or premises or violates any other provision
of the protection order to protect the protected person from imminent
danger to life or health, and such conduct is prohibited by the protection
order; or

8 (b) Except as permitted pursuant to section 18-13-126 (1) (b),
9 hires, employs, or otherwise contracts with another person to locate or
10 assist in the location of the protected person; OR

11 (c) VIOLATES A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO
12 SECTION 13-14-102 (22), C.R.S., OR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-1001 (9)
13 BY:

(I) POSSESSING OR ATTEMPTING TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A
FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE THE PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT; OR
(II) FAILING TO TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT
<u>WITH THE COURT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 13-14-102 (22) (i), C.R.S., OR</u>
<u>IN SECTION 18-1-1001 (9) (i) OR 18-6-801(8) (i).</u>

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-14-102, add (22)
as follows:

13-14-102. Civil protection orders - legislative declaration.
(22) (a) WHEN THE COURT SUBJECTS A PERSON TO A CIVIL PROTECTION
ORDER TO PREVENT DOMESTIC ABUSE, WHICH PROTECTION ORDER
QUALIFIES AS AN ORDER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 922 (d) (8) AND (g)
(8), THE COURT, AS PART OF SUCH ORDER:

26 <u>(I) SHALL ORDER THE PERSON TO:</u>

27 (A) REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING OR PURCHASING ANY FIREARM OR

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1 AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND

2 (B) RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM
3 OR AMMUNITION IN THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
4 CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
5 CONTROL; AND

6 (II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE PERSON IS RELEASED FROM
7 CUSTODY ON BOND, THE PERSON SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION
8 OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE PERSON'S
9 IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE PERSON'S
10 IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

(b) (I) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
PARAGRAPH (b), UPON ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH
(a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), THE RESPONDENT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY
FIREARM OR AMMUNITION:

15 (A) NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED
16 WITH THE ORDER IN OPEN COURT; OR

17 (B) NOT MORE THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED18 WITH THE ORDER OUTSIDE OF THE COURT.

(II) A COURT MAY ALLOW A RESPONDENT UP TO SEVENTY-TWO
HOURS TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR UP TO FIVE DAYS TO RELINQUISH
AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b) IF
THE RESPONDENT DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT
THAT HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN THE TIME FRAME SET
FORTH IN SAID SUBPARAGRAPH (I).

(III) TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENT IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
PARAGRAPH (b), THE RESPONDENT MAY:

27 (A) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR

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AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN
 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
 NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
 DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
 AMMUNITION;

6 (B) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
7 BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
8 NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
9 PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR
10 (C) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION

11 TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR 12 AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A PERSON WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A 13 FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (C) SHALL SATISFY ALL 14 OF THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., CONCERNING PRIVATE 15 FIREARMS TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE 16 OF A CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.

17 (c) IF A RESPONDENT IS UNABLE TO SATISFY THE PROVISIONS OF 18 PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS 19 INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW 20 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE RESPONDENT TO 21 SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER 22 HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN 23 CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS 24 PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE 25 RESPONDENT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE 26 RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE 27 RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF

1 THE RESPONDENT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A RESPONDENT'S 2 FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL 3 CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT. 4 (d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES 5 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION 6 SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT AT THE TIME OF 7 RELINOUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL 8 NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS 9 THE DEALER: 10 (I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND 11 CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND 12 (II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU 13 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK. 14 (e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE 15 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 16 (22). IF AN AGENCY SO ELECTS: 17 (I) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE 18 AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS 19 INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE; 20 (II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF 21 ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION: AND 22 (III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH RESPONDENT 23 AT THE TIME THE RESPONDENT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM 24 OR AMMUNITION. 25 (f) IF A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO STORE 26 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 27 (22), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE FIREARM

1	OR AMMUNITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS THE AGENCY:
2	(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
3	CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND
4	(II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
5	AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.
6	(g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A
7	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
8	(22) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION. A LAW
9	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE STORING A FIREARM OR
10	AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON SHALL NOTIFY THE PERSON OF SUCH DECISION
11	AND REQUEST THAT THE PERSON IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR
12	THE TRANSFER OF THE POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO
13	THE PERSON OR, IF THE PERSON IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A
14	FIREARM, TO ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS
15	<u>A FIREARM.</u>
16	(II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING
17	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON AND NOTIFIES THE PERSON AS
18	DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (g), THE LAW
19	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IF
20	THE PERSON FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
21	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID TRANSFER WITHIN NINETY
22	DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.
23	(h) IF A RESPONDENT SELLS OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERS A FIREARM
24	OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
25	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF
26	SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), THE
27	RESPONDENT SHALL ACQUIRE:

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(I) FROM THE TRANSFEREE, A WRITTEN RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGING
 THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
 RESPONDENT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND

4 (II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
5 <u>BUREAU</u> A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
6 SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF
7 THE BACKGROUND CHECK.

8 (i) (I) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE 9 RELINOUISHMENT, THE RESPONDENT SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT 10 ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION 11 (22), AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF 12 A BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE RESPONDENT, AS DESCRIBED 13 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22), WITH 14 THE COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A RESPONDENT FAILS TO 15 TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS 16 PARAGRAPH (i):

17 (<u>A</u>) THE FAILURE CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION
18 ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S.; AND

19 (B) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE RESPONDENT'S
 20 ARREST.

(II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF A
PROTECTION ORDER DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL
TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT
OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE
OF A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION
18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S., AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT
OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.

(j) NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (22) SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO
 LIMIT A RESPONDENT'S RIGHT TO PETITION THE COURT FOR DISMISSAL OF
 A PROTECTION ORDER.

4 (k) A PERSON SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED
5 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION WHO POSSESSES OR
6 ATTEMPTS TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE
7 THE PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT VIOLATES THE ORDER PURSUANT TO
8 SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S.

9 (1) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH 10 TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO 11 SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF 12 THIS SUBSECTION (22) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE 13 FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT. 14 (II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF 15 A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A PERSON IN GOOD FAITH AS PERMITTED BY 16 <u>PARAGRAPH (f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (22) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY</u> 17 OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION. 18 **SECTION 4.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-1001, add (9) 19 as follows: 20 **18-1-1001.** Protection order against defendant. (9) (a) WHEN 21 THE COURT SUBJECTS A DEFENDANT TO A MANDATORY PROTECTION ORDER 22 THAT QUALIFIES AS AN ORDER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 922 (g) (8), 23 THE COURT, AS PART OF SUCH ORDER: 24 (I) Shall order the defendant to: 25 (A) REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING OR PURCHASING ANY FIREARM OR 26 AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND 27 (B) RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE <u>DEFENDANT'S</u> IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
 CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE <u>DEFENDANT'S</u> IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR
 <u>CONTROL; AND</u>

4 (II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE DEFENDANT IS RELEASED
5 FROM CUSTODY ON BOND, THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE
6 DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
7 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
8 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

9 (b) UPON ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF 10 THIS SUBSECTION (9), THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM 11 OR AMMUNITION NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING 12 SERVED WITH THE ORDER; EXCEPT THAT A COURT MAY ALLOW A 13 DEFENDANT UP TO SEVENTY-TWO HOURS TO RELINOUISH A FIREARM OR UP 14 TO FIVE DAYS TO RELINQUISH AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS 15 PARAGRAPH (b) IF THE DEFENDANT DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION 16 OF THE COURT THAT HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN 17 TWENTY-FOUR HOURS. TO SATISFY THIS REQUIREMENT, THE DEFENDANT 18 MAY:

(I) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR
AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN
18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
AMMUNITION;

(II) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION
BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO

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1 PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR 2 (III) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION 3 TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR 4 AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A DEFENDANT WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A 5 FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III) SHALL SATISFY ALL OF 6 THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, CONCERNING PRIVATE FIREARMS 7 TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF A 8 CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.

9 (c) IF A DEFENDANT IS UNABLE TO SATISFY THE PROVISIONS OF 10 PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS 11 INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW 12 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO 13 SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER 14 HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN 15 CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS 16 PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE 17 DEFENDANT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE 18 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE 19 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF 20 THE DEFENDANT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A DEFENDANT'S 21 FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL 22 CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT. 23 (d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES 24 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION 25 SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE DEFENDANT AT THE TIME OF

26 RELINQUISHMENT. <u>THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL</u>

27 NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS

1 THE DEALER:

2 (I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND 3 CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND 4 (II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU 5 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK. 6 (e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE 7 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 8 (9). IF AN AGENCY SO ELECTS: 9 (I) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE 10 AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS 11 INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE; 12 (II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF 13 ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION; AND 14 (III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT 15 THE TIME THE DEFENDANT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR 16 AMMUNITION. 17 (f) IF A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO STORE 18 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS 19 SUBSECTION (9), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE 20 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS THE AGENCY: 21 (I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND 22 CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND 23 (II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU 24 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK. 25 (g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A 26 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS 27 SUBSECTION (9) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR

1	AMMUNITION. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE
2	STORING A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY
3	THE DEFENDANT OF SUCH DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEFENDANT
4	IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
5	POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT OR, IF
6	THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, TO
7	ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS A FIREARM.
8	(II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING
9	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON AND NOTIFIES THE DEFENDANT
10	AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (g), THE LAW
11	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IF
12	THE DEFENDANT FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF
13	THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID TRANSFER WITHIN
14	NINETY DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.
15	(h) IF A <u>defendant</u> sells or otherwise transfers a firearm
16	OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
17	FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF
18	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9), THE $\underline{DEFENDANT}$ SHALL ACQUIRE:
19	(I) FROM THE TRANSFEREE, A WRITTEN RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGING
20	THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
21	DEFENDANT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND
22	(II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
23	BUREAU A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
24	SECTION 18-12-112, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF THE

25 BACKGROUND CHECK.

26 (i) (I) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE 27 RELINQUISHMENT, THE <u>DEFENDANT</u> SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT

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1 ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9) 2 AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF A 3 BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE DEFENDANT AS DESCRIBED IN 4 SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (9), WITH THE 5 COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A DEFENDANT FAILS TO 6 TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS 7 PARAGRAPH (i): 8 (A) THE FAILURE CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION 9 ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c); AND 10 (B) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE DEFENDANT'S 11 ARREST. 12 (II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF A 13 PROTECTION ORDER DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL

15OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE16OF A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION1718-6-803.5 (1) (C), C.R.S., AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT18OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.

TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT

14

(j) NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (9) SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO
 LIMIT A <u>DEFENDANT'S</u> RIGHT TO PETITION THE COURT FOR DISMISSAL OF A
 PROTECTION ORDER.

(k) A PERSON SUBJECT TO A MANDATORY PROTECTION ORDER
issued pursuant to <u>THIS SUBSECTION (9)</u> WHO POSSESSES OR ATTEMPTS
to purchase or receive a firearm or ammunition while the
protection order is in effect violates the order pursuant to
section 18-6-803.5 (1) (c).

27 (1) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH

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1	TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT
2	TO SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (b) OF
3	THIS SUBSECTION (9) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE
4	FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT.
5	(II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF
6	A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A DEFENDANT IN GOOD FAITH AS
7	<u>permitted by paragraph (f) of this subsection (9) shall not be</u>
8	HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION.
9	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-6-801, add (8) as
10	follows:
11	18-6-801. Domestic violence - sentencing. (8) (a) IN ADDITION
12	TO ANY SENTENCE THAT IS IMPOSED UPON A <u>DEFENDANT</u> FOR VIOLATION
13	OF ANY CRIMINAL LAW UNDER THIS TITLE, IF A <u>DEFENDANT</u> IS CONVICTED
14	OF ANY CRIME, THE UNDERLYING FACTUAL BASIS OF WHICH IS FOUND BY
15	THE COURT ON THE RECORD TO BE A MISDEMEANOR CRIME OF DOMESTIC
16	VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 921 (a) (33), OR THAT IS
17	PUNISHABLE BY A TERM OF IMPRISONMENT EXCEEDING ONE YEAR AND
18	INCLUDES AN ACT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
19	<u>18-6-800.3 (1), the court:</u>
20	(I) SHALL ORDER THE DEFENDANT TO:
21	(\underline{A}) Refrain from possessing or purchasing any firearm or
22	AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND
23	(B) RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE
24	<u>DEFENDANT'S</u> IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE
25	DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL; AND
26	(II) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE DEFENDANT IS RELEASED
27	FROM CUSTODY ON BOND, THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE

1DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE2DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE3DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

4 (b) UPON ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER TO RELINQUISH ONE OR MORE 5 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS 6 SUBSECTION (8), THE DEFENDANT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR 7 AMMUNITION NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED 8 WITH THE ORDER; EXCEPT THAT A COURT MAY ALLOW A DEFENDANT UP TO 9 SEVENTY-TWO HOURS TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR UP TO FIVE DAYS TO 10 RELINQUISH AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (b) IF THE 11 DEFENDANT DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT THAT 12 HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS. TO 13 SATISFY THIS REQUIREMENT, THE DEFENDANT MAY:

(I) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR
AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN
18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL
NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS
DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR
AMMUNITION;

20 (II) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION 21 BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL 22 NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO 23 PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR 24 (III) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION 25 TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR 26 AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A DEFENDANT WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A 27 FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III) SHALL SATISFY ALL OF

THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, CONCERNING PRIVATE FIREARMS
 TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF A
 CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.

4 (c) IF A DEFENDANT IS UNABLE TO SATISFY THE PROVISIONS OF 5 PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS 6 INCARCERATED OR OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW 7 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO 8 SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER 9 HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN 10 CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS 11 PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE 12 DEFENDANT TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE 13 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE 14 DEFENDANT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF 15 THE DEFENDANT'S INCARCERATION. IN SUCH A CASE, A DEFENDANT'S 16 FAILURE TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL 17 CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT. 18 (d) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES 19 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS 20 SUBSECTION (8) SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE DEFENDANT AT THE TIME 21 OF RELINQUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL 22 NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS 23 THE DEALER: 24 (I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND 25 CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND

26 (II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
27 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.

1 (e) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE 2 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 3 (8). IF AN AGENCY SO ELECTS: 4 (I) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE 5 AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS 6 INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE; 7 (II) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF 8 ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION: AND

9 (III) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH <u>DEFENDANT</u> AT
10 THE TIME THE DEFENDANT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR
11 AMMUNITION.

<u>(f) IF A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO STORE</u>
 <u>FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS</u>
 <u>SUBSECTION (8), THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE</u>
 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT UNLESS THE AGENCY:

(I) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
 CHECK OF THE DEFENDANT BE PERFORMED; AND

18 (II) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
19 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.

20 (g) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A 21 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO THIS 22 SUBSECTION (8) MAY ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR 23 AMMUNITION. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE 24 STORING A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY 25 THE DEFENDANT OF SUCH DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEFENDANT 26 IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE 27 POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE DEFENDANT OR, IF 1 THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, TO 2 ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS A FIREARM. 3 (II) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING 4 A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT AND NOTIFIES THE 5 DEFENDANT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (g), 6 THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR 7 AMMUNITION IF THE DEFENDANT FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE 8 TRANSFER OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID 9 TRANSFER WITHIN NINETY DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.

10 (h) IF A DEFENDANT SELLS OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERS A FIREARM
11 OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE
12 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF
13 PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8), THE DEFENDANT SHALL
14 ACQUIRE:

(I) FROM THE TRANSFEREE, A WRITTEN RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGING
THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE
DEFENDANT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND

(II) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE
<u>BUREAU</u> A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
SECTION 18-12-112, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF THE
BACKGROUND CHECK.

(i) (I) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE
RELINQUISHMENT, THE DEFENDANT SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT
ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d), (e), OR (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8),
AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF A
BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN
SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (h) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8), WITH THE

1 COURT AS PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A DEFENDANT FAILS TO 2 TIMELY FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS 3 PARAGRAPH (i): 4 (A) THE FAILURE CONSTITUTES A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR, AND THE 5 DEFENDANT SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1.3-401; 6 AND 7 (B) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE DEFENDANT'S 8 ARREST. 9 (II) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS 10 PARAGRAPH (i), THE COURT SHALL TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE 11 DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH 12 WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS 13 VIOLATED THIS PARAGRAPH (i), AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE 14 COURT OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED. 15 (i) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD FAITH 16 TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A DEFENDANT PURSUANT 17 TO SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH(B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH(III) OF PARAGRAPH(b) OF18 THIS SUBSECTION (8) SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE 19 FOR SUCH ELECTION NOT TO ACT. 20 (II) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF 21 A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A DEFENDANT IN GOOD FAITH AS 22 PERMITTED BY PARAGRAPH (f) OF THIS SUBSECTION (8) SHALL NOT BE 23 HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION. 24 **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-14-105.5 as 25 follows: 26 13-14-105.5. Civil protection orders - prohibition on 27 possessing or purchasing a firearm. (1) IF THE COURT SUBJECTS A

1 PERSON TO A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO A PROVISION OF THIS 2 ARTICLE AND THE PROTECTION ORDER QUALIFIES AS AN ORDER DESCRIBED 3 IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 922 (d) (8) OR (g) (8), THE COURT, AS PART OF SUCH 4 ORDER: 5 (a) SHALL ORDER THE PERSON TO: 6 (I) REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING OR PURCHASING ANY FIREARM OR 7 AMMUNITION FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER; AND 8 (II) RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM 9 OR AMMUNITION IN THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR 10 CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR 11 CONTROL; AND 12 (b) MAY REQUIRE THAT BEFORE THE PERSON IS RELEASED FROM 13 CUSTODY ON BOND, THE PERSON SHALL RELINQUISH, FOR THE DURATION 14 OF THE ORDER, ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE PERSON'S 15 IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE PERSON'S 16 IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL. 17 (2) (a) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS 18 SUBSECTION (2), UPON ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION 19 (1) OF THIS SECTION, THE RESPONDENT SHALL RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM 20 OR AMMUNITION: 21 (I) NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED 22 WITH THE ORDER IN OPEN COURT; OR 23 (II) NOT MORE THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED 24 WITH THE ORDER OUTSIDE OF THE COURT. 25 (b) A COURT MAY ALLOW A RESPONDENT UP TO SEVENTY-TWO 26 HOURS TO RELINQUISH A FIREARM OR UP TO FIVE DAYS TO RELINQUISH 27 AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) IF THE RESPONDENT DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT THAT
 HE OR SHE IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITHIN THE TIME FRAME SET FORTH IN
 SAID SUBSECTION (2).

4 (c) TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENT IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
5 SUBSECTION (2), THE RESPONDENT MAY:

6 (I) SELL OR TRANSFER POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR 7 AMMUNITION TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN 8 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL 9 NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS 10 DEALER TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM OR 11 AMMUNITION;

12 (II) ARRANGE FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION 13 BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL 14 NOT BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO 15 PROVIDE STORAGE OF FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR ANY PERSON; OR 16 (III) SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION 17 TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE FIREARM OR 18 AMMUNITION; EXCEPT THAT A PERSON WHO SELLS OR TRANSFERS A 19 FIREARM PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III) SHALL SATISFY ALL OF 20 THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., CONCERNING PRIVATE 21 FIREARMS TRANSFERS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERFORMANCE 22 OF A CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE.

(3) IF A RESPONDENT IS UNABLE TO SATISFY THE PROVISIONS OF
SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION BECAUSE HE OR SHE IS INCARCERATED OR
OTHERWISE HELD IN THE CUSTODY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE
COURT SHALL REQUIRE THE RESPONDENT TO SATISFY SUCH PROVISIONS
NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER HIS OR HER RELEASE FROM

1 INCARCERATION OR CUSTODY OR BE HELD IN CONTEMPT OF COURT. 2 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION (3), THE COURT 3 MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, REQUIRE THE RESPONDENT TO RELINQUISH ANY 4 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IN THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION 5 OR CONTROL OR SUBJECT TO THE RESPONDENT'S IMMEDIATE POSSESSION 6 OR CONTROL BEFORE THE END OF THE RESPONDENT'S INCARCERATION. IN 7 SUCH A CASE. A RESPONDENT'S FAILURE TO RELINOUISH A FIREARM OR 8 AMMUNITION AS REQUIRED SHALL CONSTITUTE CONTEMPT OF COURT. 9 (4) A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER WHO TAKES 10 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION 11 SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT AT THE TIME OF 12 RELINQUISHMENT. THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER SHALL 13 NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS 14 THE DEALER: 15 (a) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND 16 CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND 17 (b) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU 18 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK. 19 (5) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY ELECT TO STORE 20 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. IF 21 AN AGENCY SO ELECTS: 22 (a) THE AGENCY MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR SUCH STORAGE, THE 23 AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS 24 INCURRED BY THE AGENCY IN PROVIDING SUCH STORAGE; 25 (b) THE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH POLICIES FOR DISPOSAL OF 26 ABANDONED OR STOLEN FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION; AND 27 (c) THE AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A RECEIPT TO EACH RESPONDENT AT

THE TIME THE RESPONDENT RELINQUISHES POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR
 AMMUNITION.

3 (6) IF A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO STORE
4 FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION,
5 THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT RETURN THE FIREARM OR
6 AMMUNITION TO THE RESPONDENT UNLESS THE AGENCY:

7 (a) CONTACTS THE BUREAU TO REQUEST THAT A BACKGROUND
8 CHECK OF THE RESPONDENT BE PERFORMED; AND

9 (b) OBTAINS APPROVAL OF THE TRANSFER FROM THE BUREAU
10 AFTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BACKGROUND CHECK.

11 (7) (a) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO STORE A 12 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MAY 13 ELECT TO CEASE STORING THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS TO CEASE STORING A FIREARM OR 14 15 AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON SHALL NOTIFY THE PERSON OF SUCH DECISION 16 AND REQUEST THAT THE PERSON IMMEDIATELY MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR 17 THE TRANSFER OF THE POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO 18 THE PERSON OR, IF THE PERSON IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A 19 FIREARM, TO ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS LEGALLY PERMITTED TO POSSESS 20 A FIREARM.

(b) IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY ELECTS TO CEASE STORING A
FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON AND NOTIFIES THE PERSON AS
DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (7), THE LAW
ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY DISPOSE OF THE FIREARM OR AMMUNITION IF
THE PERSON FAILS TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE
FIREARM OR AMMUNITION AND COMPLETE SAID TRANSFER WITHIN NINETY
DAYS OF RECEIVING SUCH NOTIFICATION.

1 (8) IF A RESPONDENT SELLS OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERS A FIREARM 2 OR AMMUNITION TO A PRIVATE PARTY WHO MAY LEGALLY POSSESS THE 3 FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF 4 PARAGRAPH (c) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, THE RESPONDENT 5 SHALL ACQUIRE: 6 (a) FROM THE TRANSFEREE, A WRITTEN RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGING 7 THE TRANSFER, WHICH RECEIPT SHALL BE DATED AND SIGNED BY THE 8 RESPONDENT AND THE TRANSFEREE; AND 9 (b) FROM THE LICENSED GUN DEALER WHO REQUESTS FROM THE 10 BUREAU A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE TRANSFEREE, AS DESCRIBED IN 11 SECTION 18-12-112, C.R.S., A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF 12 THE BACKGROUND CHECK. 13 (9) (a) NOT MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE 14 RELINQUISHMENT, THE RESPONDENT SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE RECEIPT 15 ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4), (5), OR (8) OF THIS SECTION, AND, 16 IF APPLICABLE, THE WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF A 17 BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON THE RESPONDENT, AS DESCRIBED IN 18 PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION, WITH THE COURT AS 19 PROOF OF THE RELINQUISHMENT. IF A RESPONDENT FAILS TO TIMELY FILE 20 A RECEIPT OR WRITTEN STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (9): 21 (I) THE FAILURE CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION 22 ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S.; AND 23 (II) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT FOR THE RESPONDENT'S 24 ARREST. 25 (b) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF A 26 PROTECTION ORDER DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (9), THE COURT SHALL 27 TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO FILE A RECEIPT

OR WRITTEN STATEMENT, WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE
 OF A VIOLATION OF THE PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION
 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S., AND TESTIMONY OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT
 OR HIS OR HER DEPUTY IS NOT REQUIRED.
 (10) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT A
 RESPONDENT'S RIGHT TO PETITION THE COURT FOR DISMISSAL OF A

7 PROTECTION ORDER.

8 (11) A PERSON SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED 9 PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14-104.5 (1) (a) WHO POSSESSES OR ATTEMPTS 10 TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION WHILE THE 11 PROTECTION ORDER IS IN EFFECT VIOLATES THE ORDER PURSUANT TO 12 SECTION 18-6-803.5 (1) (c), C.R.S.

(12) (a) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT ELECTS IN GOOD
FAITH TO NOT STORE A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION FOR A PERSON PURSUANT
TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (c) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
SECTION SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH
ELECTION NOT TO ACT.

(b) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RETURNS POSSESSION OF
A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION TO A PERSON IN GOOD FAITH AS PERMITTED BY
SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE HELD CRIMINALLY OR
CIVILLY LIABLE FOR SUCH ACTION.

SECTION 7. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other
 appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
 general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the judicial department, for
 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, the sum of \$45,742 and 0.8 FTE,

26 or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be allocated to trial court

27 programs for the implementation of this act as follows:

1	(a) \$39,804 and 0.8 FTE for personal services; and
2	(b) \$5,938 for operating expenses.
3	
4	SECTION 8. Effective date. This act takes effect upon passage;
5	except that Section 6 of this act takes effect only if House Bill 13-1259
6	becomes law and takes effect either upon the effective date of this act or
7	House Bill 13-1259, whichever is later.
8	SECTION 9. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
9	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
10	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.