Second Regular Session Sixty-eighth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 12-0234.02 Christy Chase x2008

HOUSE BILL 12-1311

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Summers, Acree, Brown, Fields, Joshi, Kefalas, McCann, Schafer S., Young

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House Committees

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Health and Environment Finance Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING CONTINUATION OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE SUNSET REVIEW AND REPORT REGARDING THE BOARD AND RECODIFYING THE LAWS REGULATING PHARMACISTS, THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY, AND THE MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND DISPENSING OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Sunset Process - House Health and Environment Committee.

The bill implements the recommendations of the sunset review and report on the Colorado state board of pharmacy as follows:

Recommendation 1 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-103(3)(b) and Section 3 of the bill

! The bill continues the state board of pharmacy (board) and its functions and the regulation of the practice of pharmacy through September 1, 2021.

Recommendation 2 - Contained in C.R.S. sections 12-42.5-106(1)(j) and 12-42.5-202(1.5) and Section 2 of the bill

The bill repeals the rehabilitation evaluation committee, which is tasked with reviewing applications to participate in the pharmacy peer health assistance program and making recommendations to the board. The functions of the rehabilitation evaluation committee are transferred to the board.

Recommendation 3 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-203 (2)(a)

! The pharmacy peer health assistance program is funded from license and renewal fees, the amount of which are set in statute. The bill permits the board annually to increase license and renewal fees, based on increases in the consumer price index, to cover the costs of the pharmacy peer health assistance program.

Recommendation 4 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-102 (25)(b)

The definition of an "other outlet" that registers with the board is expanded to include ambulatory surgical centers, medical clinics operated by hospitals, and long-term care facilities for seniors.

Recommendation 5 - Contained in C.R.S. sections 12-42.5-102 (16) and 12-42.5-118 (10)

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Currently, hospitals, which are registered as prescription drug outlets (PDOs), are allowed to operate "satellite" pharmacies that are located in an area outside the PDO but at the same location as the PDO. If a satellite has an address that differs from the PDO, the satellite must obtain a separate registration from the federal drug enforcement agency (DEA), which requires, as a prerequisite, a state registration; however, current law does not permit a separate registration for a satellite that has a different address than the PDO. The bill establishes a new hospital satellite pharmacy registration to require a satellite that is located in a building that is under the same ownership and control as a registered PDO but that has a different address to obtain a separate registration from the board, thereby

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allowing the hospital satellite pharmacy to obtain its own registration from the DEA.

Recommendation 6 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-302 (2)

Current law permits the board to exempt wholesalers who exclusively distribute veterinary prescription drugs from the requirements that otherwise apply to prescription drug wholesalers, including the requirement to maintain records of the pedigree of each wholesale distribution of a prescription drug that occurs outside the normal distribution channel. The bill allows the board to exempt wholesalers that distribute veterinary prescription drugs from the pedigree requirement, regardless of whether the wholesaler exclusively distributes veterinary prescription drugs.

Recommendation 7 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-119 (3)(b) and 12-64-111 (1)(hh)

A licensed veterinarian is permitted to issue an oral prescription order to a wholesaler, in which case the veterinarian must provide a written prescription to the wholesaler within 72 hours after issuing the oral order. A licensed veterinarian is subject to discipline by the state board of veterinary medicine if he or she fails to provide a written prescription within 72 hours as required by section 12 of the bill.

Recommendation 8 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-125 (6)

Under current law, the board may issue a letter of admonition to a licensee as a form of discipline, but the board is not authorized to issue letters of admonition to registrants. The bill permits the board to issue letters of admonition to registrants as a disciplinary tool.

Recommendation 9 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-125 (7)

When the board issues a confidential letter of concern to a licensee or registrant, current law requires the board to send the letter via certified mail. The bill deletes the certified mail requirement, thereby allowing the board to determine the manner in which to transmit the letter to the licensee or registrant.

Recommendation 10 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-117 (1)(b)

PDOs are required to employ a pharmacist manager to ensure the PDO operates in accordance with applicable laws. If the pharmacist manager's employment is terminated, either voluntarily or involuntarily, the PDO must replace the former pharmacist manager and, within 14 days after termination of the former pharmacist manager, apply to transfer the registration of the former pharmacist

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manager to a new pharmacist manager, and pay a transfer fee. The bill extends the deadline for applying for the registration transfer and payment of the fee to 30 days after termination of the former pharmacist manager.

Recommendation 11 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-204 (1) and (2)(a)

Current law requires a pharmacist or pharmacy intern to actually experience impaired practice before he or she is allowed to apply to the board for participation in a pharmacy peer health assistance program. The requirement to experience impaired practice is repealed, and a pharmacist or pharmacy intern who recognizes a potential for the existence of a problem that may impair his or her practice is allowed to apply for the program.

Recommendation 12 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-123 (2)

When a practitioner determines that an equivalent drug should not be substituted for the prescribed drug, the practitioner must indicate that order by writing "dispense as written" on the prescription order or by initialing in his or her own handwriting a preprinted box labeled "dispense as written". The bill allows the practitioner, when issuing an electronically generated prescription order, to indicate the "dispense as written" by electronic means, including use of an electronic signature.

Recommendation 13 - Contained in C.R.S. sections 12-42.5-124 (1)(d) and (1)(r) and 12-42.5-125

Under current law, a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is subject to discipline if he or she is unfit to practice by reason of a physical or mental illness. The bill removes as grounds for discipline the mere existence of a physical or mental illness and instead authorizes discipline only if the pharmacist or pharmacy intern fails to notify the board of a physical or mental illness or condition that affects his or her ability to safely practice pharmacy; fails to act within the limitations of the illness or condition; or fails to comply with the limitations agreed to under a confidential agreement with the board. Additionally, the bill authorizes the board to enter into a confidential agreement to limit the practice of a pharmacist or pharmacy intern who has a physical or mental illness or condition that impedes his or her ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety.

The bill, in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-119 (13), permits interns to practice pharmacy under the direct and immediate supervision of a registered manufacturer or regulated health care-related professional, as determined pursuant to board rule.

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Section 1 of the bill also recodifies and relocates the laws regulating pharmacists and the practice of pharmacy by the board from article 22 in title 12, C.R.S., to a new article 42.5 in title 12, C.R.S. **Section 5** relocates laws pertaining to the licensing of addiction programs and researchers by the department of human services to a new part 2 in article 80 of title 27, C.R.S.

Sections 6 through 91 contain conforming amendments related to the recodification and relocations.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2012.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended
3	and relocated provisions article 42.5 to title 12 as follows:
4	ARTICLE 42.5
5	Pharmacists, Pharmacy Businesses,
6	and Pharmaceuticals
7	PART 1
8	GENERAL PROVISIONS
9	12-42.5-101. [Formerly 12-22-101] Public interest. The practice
10	of pharmacy is declared a professional practice affecting the public
11	health, safety, and welfare and is subject to regulation and control in the
12	public interest. It is a matter of public interest and concern that the
13	practice of pharmacy, as defined in this part 1 ARTICLE, merits and
14	receives the confidence of the public, and that only qualified persons be
15	permitted to practice pharmacy in this state. This part 1 shall be ARTICLE
16	Is liberally construed to carry out these objects and purposes. Pursuant to
17	these standards and obligations, the state board of pharmacy may adopt
18	by rule and regulation, rules of professional conduct IN ACCORDANCE
19	WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S.
20	12-42.5-102. [Formerly 12-22-102] Definitions. As used in this

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1	part 1 ARTICLE, unless the context otherwise requires OR THE TERM IS
2	OTHERWISE DEFINED IN ANOTHER PART OF THIS ARTICLE:
3	(1) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug to the
4	body of a patient or research subject by injection, inhalation, ingestion,
5	or any other method.
6	(2) "Advertise" means to publish or display information about
7	prescription prices or drugs in any medium.
8	(2.5) (3) "Anabolic steroid" has the same meaning as that set forth
9	in section 18-18-102 (3), C.R.S.
10	(3) Repealed.
11	(3.5) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (b)] "Authorized distributor of
12	record" means a wholesaler with whom a manufacturer has established an
13	ongoing relationship to distribute the manufacturer's prescription drug.
14	FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (3.5), an ongoing relationship is
15	deemed to exist between a wholesaler and a manufacturer when the
16	wholesaler, including any affiliated group of the wholesaler as defined in
17	section 1504 of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", complies
18	with the following:
19	(I) (a) The wholesaler has a written agreement currently in effect
20	with the manufacturer evidencing such ongoing relationship; and
21	(H) (b) The wholesaler is listed on the manufacturer's current list
22	of authorized distributors of record, which list is updated by the
23	manufacturer on no less than a monthly basis.
24	(4) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
25	(5) [Formerly 12-22-303 (6)] "Bureau" means the drug
26	enforcement administration, or its successor agency, of the United States
27	department of justice.

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(5) (6) "Casual sale" means a transfer, delivery, or distribution to
a corporation, individual, or other entity, other than a consumer, entitled
to possess prescription drugs; except that the amount of drugs transferred,
delivered, or distributed in such manner by any registered prescription
drug outlet or hospital other outlet shall not exceed ten percent of the total
number of dosage units of drugs dispensed and distributed on an annual
basis by such outlet.
(6.5) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (d)] "Chain pharmacy warehouse"
means a physical location for prescription drugs that acts SERVES as a
central warehouse and performs intracompany sales or transfers of such
PRESCRIPTION drugs to a group of chain pharmacies or other chain
pharmacy warehouses that are under common ownership or control.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 8 ARTICLE, a chain
pharmacy warehouse receiving distributions on behalf of, or making
distributions to, an intracompany pharmacy is not required to NEED NOT
be an authorized distributor of record to be considered part of the normal

- (6) (7) (a) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device:
- (I) As the result of a practitioner's prescription drug order, chart order, or initiative, based on the relationship between the practitioner, patient, and pharmacist in the course of professional practice; or
- (II) For the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing.
- (b) "Compounding" also includes the preparation of drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns.

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I	(8) [Formerly 12-22-303 (7)] "Controlled substance" shall have
2	the same meaning as in section 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.
3	(7) (9) "Delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted
4	transfer of a drug or device from one person to another, whether or not for
5	consideration.
6	(8) (10) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement,
7	machine, contrivance, implant, or similar or related article that is required
8	under federal law to bear the label, "Caution: federal law requires
9	dispensing by or on the order of a physician." "Device" also includes
10	any component part of, or accessory or attachment to, any such article,
11	whether or not the component part, accessory, or attachment is separately
12	so labeled.
13	(9) (11) "Dispense" means to interpret, evaluate, and implement
14	a prescription drug order or chart order, including the preparation of a
15	drug or device for a patient or patient's agent in a suitable container
16	appropriately labeled for subsequent administration to or use by a patient.
17	(10) (12) "Distribution" means the transfer of a drug or device
18	other than by administering or dispensing.
19	(11) (13) (a) "Drug" means:
20	(I) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States
21	pharmacopoeia, national formulary, or the official homeopathic
22	pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them
23	COMPENDIA;
24	(II) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
25	treatment, or prevention of disease in individuals or animals;
26	(III) Substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure
27	or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and

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1	(IV) Substances intended for use as a component of any substance
2	specified in subparagraph (I), (II), or (III) of this paragraph (a).
3	(b) "Drug" does not include devices or their components, parts, or
4	accessories.
5	(12) (14) "Generic drug type" means the chemical or generic
6	name, as determined by the United States adopted names (USAN) and
7	accepted by the federal food and drug administration (FDA), of those
8	drug products having exactly the same active chemical ingredients in
9	exactly the same strength and quantity.
10	(13) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2003, p. 944, § 1, effective July
11	1, 2003.)
12	(14) (15) "Hospital" means a general hospital or specialty hospital
13	having a license or certificate of compliance issued by the department of
14	public health and environment.
15	(16) "HOSPITAL SATELLITE PHARMACY" MEANS A SATELLITE THAT
16	REGISTERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-117 (10) FOR THE PURPOSE OF
17	ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS TO PATIENTS WHILE BEING TREATED IN THE
18	FACILITY.
19	(15) (17) "Intern" means a person who is: attending, or who is in
20	good standing with, an accredited school of pharmacy, who has graduated
21	from an accredited school of pharmacy and is completing an internship
22	to satisfy board requirements for licensure, or who is licensed
23	(a) (I) ENROLLED IN A PROFESSIONAL DEGREE PROGRAM OF A
24	SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OF PHARMACY THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE
25	BOARD;
26	(II) CURRENTLY LICENSED BY THE BOARD TO ENGAGE IN THE
27	PRACTICE OF PHARMACY; AND

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1	(III) IS SATISFACTORILY PROGRESSING TOWARD MEETING THE
2	REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE AS A PHARMACIST;
3	(b) LICENSED AS A PHARMACIST IN COLORADO OR ANOTHER STATE
4	OR TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES and in good standing and making
5	the clinical rotations of the nontraditional pharmacy program at the
6	university of Colorado or a substantially equivalent program as
7	determined by the board;
8	(c) A GRADUATE OF AN APPROVED PROFESSIONAL DEGREE
9	PROGRAM OF A SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OF PHARMACY OR A GRADUATE WHO
10	HAS ESTABLISHED EDUCATION EQUIVALENCY BY OBTAINING A
11	BOARD-APPROVED FOREIGN PHARMACY GRADUATE CERTIFICATION AND
12	WHO IS CURRENTLY LICENSED BY THE BOARD FOR THE PURPOSE OF
13	OBTAINING PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE AS A REQUIREMENT FOR LICENSURE AS
14	A PHARMACIST; OR
15	(d) A QUALIFIED APPLICANT AWAITING EXAMINATION FOR
16	LICENSURE AS A PHARMACIST OR MEETING BOARD REQUIREMENTS FOR
17	LICENSURE.
18	(16) (18) "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing
19	a label to any drug container, exclusive, however, of the labeling by a
20	manufacturer, packer, or distributor of a nonprescription drug or
21	commercially packaged legend drug or device. Any such label shall
22	include all information required by federal and state law or regulation.
23	(16.5) (19) "Location" means the physical confines of an
24	individual building or at the same address.
25	(19.5) "LONG-TERM CARE FACILITY" MEANS A NURSING FACILITY,
26	AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25.5-4-103 (14), C.R.S., THAT IS LICENSED
27	PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-103, C.R.S.

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1	(17) (20) "Manufacture" means to cultivate, grow, or prepare by
2	other process drugs for sale to wholesalers or other persons entitled to
3	purchase drugs other than the ultimate user, but "manufacture" does not
4	include the compounding and dispensing of a prescription drug pursuant
5	to a prescription order.
6	(18) and (19) Repealed.
7	(20.5) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (h)] "Manufacturer's exclusive
8	distributor" means anyone A PERSON who contracts with a manufacturer
9	to provide or coordinate warehousing, distribution, or other services on
10	behalf of a manufacturer and who takes title to the manufacturer's
11	prescription drug but who does not have general responsibility to direct
12	the sale or disposition of the manufacturer's prescription drug. Such
13	manufacturer's exclusive distributor shall be licensed as a wholesaler
14	under this part 8 and, To be considered part of the normal distribution
15	channel, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-42.5-301 (6), A MANUFACTURER'S
16	EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTOR shall also be an authorized distributor of record.
17	(20) (21) "Nonprescription drug" means a drug that may be sold
18	without a prescription and that is labeled for use by the consumer in
19	accordance with the requirements of the law and rules of this state and the
20	federal government.
21	(21) (22) "Nuclear pharmacy" means a specialized pharmacy
22	which THAT deals with the preparation and delivery of radioactive
23	material as defined in section 25-11-101, C.R.S.
24	(22) (23) "Official compendia" means the official United States
25	pharmacopeia, national formulary, homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the
26	United States, or any supplements thereto.
27	(22.5) (24) "Order" means:

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(a) A prescription order which THAT is any order, other than a chart order, authorizing the dispensing of a single drug or device that is written, mechanically produced, computer generated and signed by the practitioner, transmitted electronically or by facsimile, or produced by other means of communication by a practitioner to a licensed pharmacy or pharmacist and that includes the name or identification of the patient, the date, the symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed, if included by the practitioner at the patient's authorization, and sufficient information for compounding, dispensing, and labeling; or

(b) A chart order, which is an order for inpatient drugs or medications that are to be dispensed by a pharmacist, or by a pharmacy intern under the direct supervision of a pharmacist, and administered by an authorized person only during the patient's stay in a hospital, MEDICAL CLINIC OPERATED BY A HOSPITAL, AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER, HOSPICE, or long-term care facility. The chart order shall contain the name of the patient and the medicine ordered and such directions as the practitioner may prescribe concerning strength, dosage, frequency, and route of administration.

$\frac{(23)}{(25)}$ "Other outlet" means: any

(a) A hospital that does not operate a registered pharmacy, and any rural health clinic, FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 1861 (aa) (4) OF THE FEDERAL "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa) (4), family planning clinic, school, jail, county or district public health agency, community health clinic, university, or college that:

(I) Has facilities in this state registered pursuant to this article; and

(II) that Engages in the compounding, dispensing, and delivery of

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1	drugs or devices; OR
2	(b) AN AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER LICENSED PURSUANT TO
3	PART 1 OF ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 25, C.R.S., A MEDICAL CLINIC OPERATED BY
4	A HOSPITAL, OR A HOSPICE LICENSED PURSUANT TO PART 1 OF ARTICLE 3
5	OF TITLE 25, C.R.S., THAT:
6	(I) Has facilities in this state registered pursuant to this
7	ARTICLE; AND
8	(II) ENGAGES IN THE COMPOUNDING, DISPENSING, AND DELIVERY
9	OF DRUGS OR DEVICES FOR ADMINISTRATION TO PATIENTS WHILE BEING
10	TREATED IN THE FACILITY.
11	(23.5) (26) "Patient counseling" means the oral communication by
12	a pharmacist or intern of information to the patient or caregiver in order
13	to improve therapy by ensuring proper use of drugs and devices.
14	(23.6) (27) "Pharmaceutical care" means the provision of drug
15	therapy and other pharmaceutical patient care services by a pharmacist
16	intended to achieve outcomes related to the cure or prevention of a
17	disease, elimination or reduction of a patient's symptoms, or arresting or
18	slowing of a disease process. In addition to the preparation, dispensing,
19	and distribution of medications, "pharmaceutical care" may include
20	assessment and evaluation of the patient's medication-related needs and
21	development and communication of a therapeutic plan with defined
22	outcomes in consultation with the patient and the patient's other health
23	care professionals to attain the desired outcome. This function includes
24	efforts to prevent, detect, and resolve medication-related problems for
25	individual patients. "Pharmaceutical care" does not include prescriptive
26	authority; except that a pharmacist may prescribe only over-the-counter
27	medications to a recipient under the "Colorado Medical Assistance Act"

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1	as authorized pursuant to section 25.5-5-322, C.R.S.
2	(24) (28) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state
3	to engage in the practice of pharmacy.
4	(24.1) (29) "Pharmacist manager" means an individual, licensed
5	in this state as a pharmacist, who has direct control of the pharmaceutical
6	affairs of a prescription drug outlet, and who is not the manager of any
7	other prescription drug outlet.
8	(29.5) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (k)] "Pharmacy buying
9	cooperative warehouse" means a permanent physical location that acts as
10	a central warehouse for prescription drugs and from which sales of such
11	PRESCRIPTION drugs are made to an exclusive group of pharmacies that
12	are members or member owners of the buying cooperative operating the
13	warehouse. that shall be licensed as a wholesaler.
14	(24.2) (30) "Pharmacy technician" means an unlicensed person
15	who performs those functions set forth in paragraph (b) of subsection (26)
16	(31) of this section under the supervision of a pharmacist.
17	(24.5) and (25) Repealed.
18	(26) (31) "Practice of pharmacy" means:
19	(a) The interpretation, evaluation, implementation, and dispensing
20	of orders; participation in drug and device selection, drug administration,
21	drug regimen reviews, and drug or drug-related research; provision of
22	patient counseling; and the provision of those acts or services necessary
23	to provide pharmaceutical care in all areas of patient care; and
24	(b) (I) The preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, labeling,
25	or delivery of a drug or device;
26	(II) Proper and safe storage of drugs or devices; and
27	(III) The maintenance of proper records for such drugs and

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1	devices.
2	(c) (Deleted by amendment, L. 81, p. 696, § 1, effective July 1,
3	1981.)
4	(27) (32) "Practitioner" means a person authorized by law to
5	prescribe any drug or device, acting within the scope of such authority.
6	(28) Repealed.
7	(29) (33) "Prescription" means the finished product of the
8	dispensing of a prescription order in an appropriately labeled and suitable
9	container.
10	(30) (34) "Prescription drug" means a drug that:
11	(a) IS REQUIRED BY ANY APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE LAW OR
12	RULE TO BE DISPENSED ONLY PURSUANT TO AN ORDER;
13	(b) IS RESTRICTED BY ANY APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE LAW OR
14	RULE TO USE BY PRACTITIONERS ONLY; OR
15	(c) Prior to being dispensed or delivered, is required UNDER
16	FEDERAL LAW to be labeled with ONE OF the following statement:
17	"Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without a prescription."
18	STATEMENTS:
19	(I) "Rx only"; or
20	(II) "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the
21	order of a licensed veterinarian."
22	(30.2) (35) "Prescription drug outlet" OR "PHARMACY" means any
23	pharmacy outlet registered pursuant to this article where prescriptions are
24	compounded and dispensed. "Prescription drug outlet" includes, without
25	limitation, a compounding prescription drug outlet registered pursuant to
26	section 12-22-120 (9) 12-42.5-117 (9) OR SPECIALIZED PRESCRIPTION
27	DRUG OUTLET REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-117 (11).

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1	(30.3) (36) "Refill" means the compounding and dispensing of any
2	drug pursuant to a previously executed order.
3	(31) Repealed.
4	(36.3) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (m)] "Repackage" means
5	repackaging or otherwise changing the container, wrapper, or labeling to
6	further the distribution of a prescription drug, excluding that
7	REPACKAGING OR LABELING completed by the pharmacist responsible for
8	dispensing product to the patient.
9	(36.5) [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) (n)] "Repackager" means a
10	person who repackages prescription drugs.
11	(32) (37) "Sample" means any prescription drug given free of
12	charge to any practitioner for any reason except for a bona fide research
13	program.
14	(32.5) (38) "Satellite" means an area outside the prescription drug
15	outlet where pharmaceutical care and services are provided and that is in
16	the same location.
17	(32.6) (39) "Supervision" means that a licensed pharmacist is on
18	the location and readily available to consult with and assist unlicensed
19	personnel performing tasks described in paragraph (b) of subsection (26)
20	(31) of this section.
21	(33) (40) "Therapeutically equivalent" or "equivalent" means
22	those compounds containing the identical active chemical ingredients of
23	identical strength, quantity, and dosage form and of the same generic drug
24	type, which, when administered in the same amounts, will provide the
25	same therapeutic effect as evidenced by the control of a symptom or
26	disease.
27	(33.5) Repealed.

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1	(41) [Formerly 12-22-303 (33)] "Ultimate user" means a person
2	who lawfully possesses a controlled substance PRESCRIPTION DRUG for his
3	OR HER own use, for the use of a member of his THE PERSON'S household,
4	or for use in administering to an animal owned by him THE PERSON or a
5	member of his OR HER household.
6	(42) [Formerly 12-22-801 (2)] (a) For the purposes of this part
7	8, "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to
8	persons or entities other than a consumer or patient.
9	(b) "Wholesale distribution" does not include:
10	(a) (I) Intracompany sales or transfers of prescription drugs,
11	including a transaction or transfer between a division, subsidiary, parent,
12	or affiliated or related company under common ownership or control of
13	an entity;
14	(b) (II) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a
15	prescription drug or offer to sell, purchase, distribute, trade, or transfer a
16	prescription drug for emergency medical reasons or during a state or
17	national declaration of emergency;
18	(e) (III) The sale or transfer of a drug for medical reasons by a
19	retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary
20	shortage; pursuant to Colorado law;
21	(d) (IV) The distribution of prescription drug samples by a
22	manufacturer's representative;
23	(e) (V) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care
24	entity, or charitable institution in accordance with 21 CFR 203.23;
25	(f) (VI) The sale of minimal quantities of prescription drugs by
26	retail pharmacies to licensed practitioners for office use;
27	(VII) A retail pharmacy's delivery of prescription drugs to a

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1	patient or patient's agent pursuant to the lawful order of a licensed
2	practitioner;
3	(h) (VIII) The sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation of all or part
4	of the business of a pharmacy or pharmacies from or with another
5	pharmacy or pharmacies, whether accomplished as a purchase and sale of
6	stock or business assets;
7	(i) (IX) The direct sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer
8	of a prescription drug from a manufacturer to an authorized distributor of
9	record to one additional authorized distributor of record but only if an
10	authorized distributor of record that purchases a prescription drug from
11	an authorized distributor of record that purchased the prescription drug
12	directly from the manufacturer:
13	(I) (A) Provides the supplying authorized distributor of record
14	with a verifiable statement that the product is unavailable from the
15	manufacturer; and
16	(II) (B) Receives a verifiable statement from the supplying
17	authorized distributor of record that the product was purchased directly
18	from the manufacturer;
19	(j) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1246, § 1, effective
20	August 3, 2007.)
21	$\frac{k}{k}$ (X) The delivery of, or offer to deliver, a prescription drug by
22	a common carrier solely in the common carrier's usual course of business
23	of transporting prescription drugs where the common carrier does not
24	store, warehouse, or take legal ownership of the prescription drug;
25	(1) (XI) The sale or transfer from a retail pharmacy or chain
26	pharmacy warehouse of expired, damaged, returned, or recalled
27	prescription drugs to the original manufacturer or to a third-party returns

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1	processor;
2	(m) (XII) The sale or transfer of compounded drugs compounded
3	by a retail pharmacy as defined in section 12-22-102 (6) SUBSECTION (7)
4	OF THIS SECTION and as authorized by section 12-22-121 12-42.5-119 (6)
5	(b);
6	(n) (XIII) The transfer of prescription drugs within Colorado
7	purchased with public funds by the department of public health and
8	environment, created in section 25-1-102, C.R.S., or a district or county
9	public health agency, created pursuant to section 25-1-506, C.R.S., and
10	procured by a physician licensed in Colorado who is either the executive
11	director or the chief medical officer appointed pursuant to section

county or district public health agency selected pursuant to section 25-1-508 (5) (c) (I), C.R.S. The transfers may only be made to the department of public health and environment pursuant to the Colorado

25-1-105, C.R.S., or a public health director or medical officer of a

medical license of the executive director or chief medical officer, a

district or county public health agency pursuant to the Colorado medical

license of the public health director or medical officer, or a physician

19 licensed in Colorado.

(34) (43) "Wholesaler" means a corporation, individual, or other entity with facilities in this state that buys drugs or devices for resale or distributes drugs or devices to corporations, individuals, or entities entitled to possess such drugs or devices, other than consumers PERSON ENGAGED IN THE WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTION OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS TO PERSONS, OTHER THAN CONSUMERS, WHO ARE ENTITLED TO POSSESS PRESCRIPTION DRUGS, INCLUDING: REPACKAGERS; OWN-LABEL DISTRIBUTORS; PRIVATE-LABEL DISTRIBUTORS; JOBBERS; BROKERS;

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1	WAREHOUSES, INCLUDING MANUFACTURERS' AND DISTRIBUTORS'
2	WAREHOUSES; MANUFACTURERS' EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS; AUTHORIZED
3	DISTRIBUTORS OF RECORD; DRUG WHOLESALERS OR DISTRIBUTORS;
4	INDEPENDENT WHOLESALE DRUG TRADERS; PHARMACY BUYING
5	COOPERATIVE WAREHOUSES; RETAIL PHARMACIES THAT CONDUCT
6	WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTION; AND CHAIN PHARMACY WAREHOUSES THAT
7	CONDUCT WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTION.
8	12-42.5-103. [Formerly 12-22-103] State board of pharmacy
9	- creation - subject to termination - repeal of parts. (1) The
10	responsibility for enforcement of the provisions of this part 1 ARTICLE is
11	vested in the state board of pharmacy, which is hereby created. The board
12	shall have HAS all of the duties, powers, and authority specifically granted
13	by and necessary to the enforcement of this part 1 ARTICLE, as well as
14	such other duties, powers, and authority as may be granted by statute from
15	time to time. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, the board shall
16	exercise all its duties, powers, and authority in accordance with the "State
17	Administrative Procedure Act", article 4 of title 24, C.R.S.
18	(2) The board shall exercise its powers and perform its duties and
19	functions specified by this part 1 ARTICLE under the department of
20	regulatory agencies and the executive director thereof OF THE
21	DEPARTMENT as if the same were transferred to the department by a type
22	1 transfer, as such transfer is defined in the "Administrative Organization
23	Act of 1968", article 1 of title 24, C.R.S.
24	(3) (a) The provisions of Section 24-34-104, C.R.S., concerning
25	the termination schedule for regulatory bodies of the state, unless
26	extended as provided in that section, are applicable APPLIES to the state
27	board of pharmacy created by this section.

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1	(b) PARTS 1 TO 3 OF this article is ARE repealed, effective July 1,
2	2012 SEPTEMBER 1, 2021. PRIOR TO THE REPEAL, THE DEPARTMENT OF
3	REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL REVIEW THE BOARD AND THE REGULATION
4	OF THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY PURSUANT TO PARTS 1 TO 3 OF THIS
5	ARTICLE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 24-34-104, C.R.S.
6	12-42.5-104. [Formerly 12-22-104] Membership of board -
7	removal - compensation - meetings. (1) (a) The board shall be IS
8	composed of five licensed pharmacists, each having at least five years'
9	experience in this state and actively engaged in the practice of pharmacy
10	in this state, and two nonpharmacists who have no financial interest in the
11	practice of pharmacy.
12	(2) (b) THE GOVERNOR SHALL MAKE all appointments shall be
13	made by the governor TO THE BOARD in accordance with this section.
14	(3) (c) For purposes of achieving a balance in the membership on
15	the board, the governor shall consider:
16	(a) (I) Whether the appointee's home is in:
17	(I) (A) An urban or rural location; and
18	(II) (B) An area already represented geographically by another
19	appointee on the board; and
20	(b) (II) The type of practice of the appointee so that various types
21	of practices are represented on the board.
22	(4) (a) (d) (I) The term of office of each member shall be IS four
23	years.
24	(b) (II) In the case of any AN appointment to fill a vacancy, the
25	appointee shall complete the unexpired term of the former board member.
26	(e) (III) No member of the board may serve more than two
27	consecutive full terms.

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(5) (e) No more than four members of the board shall be members of the same major political party.

- (6) (f) The GOVERNOR SHALL APPOINT THE pharmacist members shall be appointed so IN A MANNER TO ENSURE that the term of one member shall expire EXPIRES July 1 OF each year.
- (2) **[Formerly 12-22-105]** The governor may remove any board member for misconduct, incompetence, or neglect of duty.
- (3) [Formerly 12-22-106] Each member of the board shall receive the compensation provided for in section 24-34-102 (13), C.R.S.
- (4) [Formerly 12-22-107] Meetings of The board shall be held HOLD MEETINGS at least once every four months at such THE times and places as may be fixed by the board. AT one meeting, THE BOARD shall be for the purpose of electing officers, who shall be ELECT a president and a vice-president. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute CONSTITUTES a quorum for the conduct of business, and, except as otherwise provided in this part 1, all actions of the board shall MUST be by a majority of a quorum. THE BOARD SHALL GIVE full and timely notice of all meetings of the board shall be given pursuant to any requirements of state laws. All board meetings and hearings shall be ARE open to the public; except that the board may conduct any portion of its meetings in executive session closed to the public, as may be permitted by law.
- 12-42.5-105. [Formerly 12-22-108] Rules. The board shall make, adopt, amend, or repeal such rules and regulations as may be deemed IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S., THAT THE BOARD DEEMS necessary by the board for the proper administration and enforcement of the responsibilities and duties delegated to the board by this article, including those relating to prescription drug outlets dealing

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1	with the prescription and delivering of radioactive materials, as defined
2	in section 25-11-101, C.R.S. All rules adopted or amended by the board
3	on or after July 1, 1979, shall be subject to sections 24-4-103 (8) (c) and
4	(8) (d) and 24-34-104 (9) (b) (II), C.R.S. NUCLEAR PHARMACIES.
5	$\textbf{12-42.5-106.} \ \textbf{[Formerly 12-22-110] Powers and duties.} \ (1) \ \text{The}$
6	board shall:
7	(a) Inspect, or direct inspectors who are licensed pharmacists to
8	inspect, all outlets and investigate violations of this part 1 ARTICLE;
9	(b) Prescribe forms and receive applications for licensure and
10	registration and grant, and renew, REACTIVATE, AND REINSTATE licenses
11	and registrations;
12	(c) Deny, suspend, or revoke licenses or registrations;
13	(d) Apply to the courts for and obtain in accordance with the
14	Colorado rules of civil procedure restraining orders and injunctions to
15	enjoin violations of the laws which THAT the board is empowered to
16	enforce;
17	(e) Administer examinations to, and determine the qualifications
18	and fitness of, applicants for licensure OR REGISTRATION;
19	(f) Keep a record of:
20	(I) All licenses, registrations, and license and registration
21	renewals, REACTIVATIONS, AND REINSTATEMENTS for a reasonable period;
22	(II) All suspensions, revocations, and any other disciplinary
23	actions; and
24	(III) Its own proceedings;
25	(g) Collect all fees prescribed by this part 1 ARTICLE;
26	(h) Fine registrants when consistent with the provisions of this
27	article and the rules adopted pursuant to this article;

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(i) (I) Make CONDUCT investigations, hold hearings, and take evidence in all matters relating to the exercise and performance of the powers and duties of the board.

- (II) (A) The board or an administrative law judge may administer oaths, take affirmations of witnesses, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all relevant papers, books, records, documentary evidence, and materials in any hearing, investigation, accusation, or other matter coming before the board.
- (B) The board may appoint an administrative law judge pursuant to part 10 of article 30 of title 24, C.R.S., to take evidence, and to make findings, and report them THE FINDINGS to the board.
- (III) Upon failure of any witness to comply with such A subpoena or process, the district court of the county in which the subpoenaed person or licensee resides or conducts business, upon application by the board or director with notice to the subpoenaed person or licensee, may issue to the person or licensee an order requiring that person or licensee to appear before the board; or director; to produce the relevant papers, books, records, documentary evidence, or materials if so ordered; or to give evidence touching the matter under investigation or in question. THE COURT MAY HOLD THE PERSON OR LICENSEE IN CONTEMPT OF COURT FOR failure to obey the order of the court. may be punished by the court as a contempt of court.
- (j) REVIEW AND APPROVE OR REJECT APPLICATIONS FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE PHARMACY PEER HEALTH ASSISTANCE DIVERSION PROGRAM PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF THIS ARTICLE AND PERFORM ANY OTHER FUNCTIONS THAT WERE PERFORMED BY THE REHABILITATION EVALUATION COMMITTEE PRIOR TO ITS REPEAL.

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1	(2) The board shall have such HAS other duties, powers, and
2	authority as may be necessary to the enforcement of ENFORCE this part 1
3	ARTICLE and to the enforcement of THE rules and regulations made
4	pursuant thereto ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.
5	(3) The board may:
6	(a) Adopt a seal to be used only in such THE manner as may be
7	prescribed by the board PRESCRIBES;
8	(b) Promulgate rules governing the compounding of
9	pharmaceutical products, which rules shall MUST address the following:
10	(I) Training and qualifications;
11	(II) Quality control;
12	(III) Internal operating procedures;
13	(IV) Procurement of compounding materials;
14	(V) Formulation, documentation, and testing requirements;
15	(VI) Equipment standards;
16	(VII) Facility standards; and
17	(VIII) A recall system.
18	(4) (a) (I) Whenever a duly authorized agent of the board finds or
19	has probable cause to believe that, in any registered outlet, any drug,
20	nonprescription drug, or device is adulterated or misbranded within the
21	meaning of the "Colorado Food and Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title
22	25, C.R.S., the agent shall affix to such THE article a tag or other
23	appropriate marking giving notice:
24	(A) That such THE article is, or is suspected of being, adulterated
25	or misbranded; and
26	(B) THAT THE ARTICLE has been detained or embargoed; and
27	(C) Warning all persons not to remove or dispose of such THE

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article by sale or otherwise until THE BOARD, ITS AGENT, OR THE COURT GIVES provision for removal or disposal. is given by the board, its agent, or the court.

- (II) No person shall remove or dispose of such AN embargoed article by sale or otherwise without the permission of the board or its agent or, after summary proceedings have been instituted, without permission from the court.
- (b) If the BOARD OR THE COURT REMOVE THE embargo, is removed by the board or by the court, neither the board nor the state shall be held Is liable for damages because of such THE embargo in the event that IF the court finds that there was probable cause for the embargo.
- (c) When an AGENT FINDS THAT AN article detained or embargoed under paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) has been found by an agent to be IS adulterated or misbranded, such THE agent shall petition the judge of the district court in whose jurisdiction the article is detained or embargoed for an order for condemnation of such THE article. When such THE agent finds that an article so detained or embargoed is not adulterated or misbranded, he OR SHE shall remove the tag or other marking.
- (d) (I) If the court finds that a detained or embargoed article is adulterated or misbranded, such article shall EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d), THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE ARTICLE, after entry of the decree, TO be destroyed at the expense of the owner thereof OF THE ARTICLE under the supervision of such THE agent. and THE OWNER OF THE ARTICLE OR THE OWNER'S AGENT SHALL BEAR all court costs and fees, storage, and other proper expense; shall be borne by the owner of such article or his agent; except that,
 - (II) When THE OWNER CAN CORRECT the adulteration or

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misbranding can be corrected by proper labeling or processing of the article, the court, after entry of the decree and after such THE OWNER HAS PAID THE costs, fees, and expenses have been paid by the owner of such article and HAS POSTED a good and sufficient bond, conditioned that such THE article shall be so PROPERLY labeled or processed, has been executed, THE COURT may by order, direct, BY ORDER, that such THE article be delivered to the owner thereof for such PROPER labeling or processing under the supervision of an agent. The OWNER SHALL PAY THE expense of such THE AGENT'S supervision. shall be paid by the owner. Such THE bond shall MUST be returned to the owner of the article on representation ONCE THE BOARD REPRESENTS to the court by the board that the article is no longer in violation of the embargo and that THE OWNER HAS PAID the expenses of supervision. have been paid.

(e) It is the duty of the attorney general or the district attorney to whom the board reports any violation of this subsection (4) to cause INSTITUTE appropriate proceedings to be instituted in the proper courts without delay and to be prosecuted PROSECUTE THE MATTER in the manner required by law. Nothing in this paragraph (e) shall be construed as requiring REQUIRES the board to report violations whenever WHEN the board believes the public interest will be adequately served in the circumstances by a suitable written notice or warning.

12-42.5-107. [Formerly 12-22-112] Drugs, devices, and other materials. (1) The board shall be IS responsible for the control and regulation of drugs, including the following:

- (a) The regulation of the sale at retail and the dispensing of drugs;
- (b) The specification of minimum professional and technical

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- equipment, environment, supplies, and procedures for the compounding or dispensing of medications and drugs;
 - (c) The control of the purity and quality of drugs.

(2) The board shall be IS responsible for the control and regulation of the sale of devices at retail.

12-42.5-108. [Formerly 12-22-113] Publications. THE BOARD SHALL ISSUE ITS publications of the board THAT ARE circulated in quantity outside the executive branch shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of section 24-1-136, C.R.S. THE BOARD SHALL CIRCULATE ITS publications of the board shall be circulated to all registered prescription drug outlets which THAT will be directly affected by the publications.

12-42.5-109. [Formerly 12-22-113.5] Reporting - malpractice claims. (1) Each insurance company licensed to do business in this state and engaged in the writing of malpractice insurance for licensed pharmacists AND PHARMACIES, and each pharmacist or pharmacy that self-insures, shall send to the board, in the form prescribed by the board, information relating to each malpractice claim against a licensed pharmacist which THAT is settled or in which judgment is rendered against the insured.

- (2) The insurance company or self-insured pharmacist or pharmacy shall provide information relating to each malpractice claim as is deemed necessary by the board to conduct a further investigation and hearing.
- (3) Information relating to each malpractice claim provided by insurance companies or self-insured pharmacists or pharmacies shall be Is exempt from the provisions of any law requiring that the proceedings of the board be conducted publicly or that the minutes or records of the

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1	board be open to public inspection unless there is THE BOARD TAKES final
2	disciplinary action. taken. The board may use such THE information in any
3	formal hearing involving a licensee OR REGISTRANT.
4	12-42.5-110. [Formerly 12-22-114] Fees. (1) The director of
5	THE DIVISION OF REGISTRATIONS SHALL DETERMINE, AND THE BOARD
6	SHALL COLLECT, fees shall be determined and collected pursuant to
7	section 24-34-105, C.R.S., for the following licenses and registrations:
8	(a) For certifying to another state the grades of a person who has
9	taken the pharmacist examination in this state;
10	(b) Repealed.
11	(c) (b) For the initial licensure, upon examination, as a pharmacist,
12	as provided in section 12-22-116 (3.3) 12-42.5-112 (4);
13	(d) (c) For the initial licensure, without examination and upon
14	presentation of evidence of licensure in another state, as a pharmacist, as
15	provided in section 12-22-116 (7) 12-42.5-112 (8);
16	(e) (d) For the renewal of a license as a licensed pharmacist, as
17	provided in section 12-22-118 (2) 12-42.5-114 (1);
18	(f) (e) For reinstatement as a licensed pharmacist, as provided in
19	section 12-22-118 (2) 12-42.5-114 (2);
20	(g) (f) For the transfer of a prescription drug outlet registration to
21	a new owner, as provided in section 12-22-119 (2) 12-42.5-116 (2);
22	(h) (g) For the transfer of a manager's name, as provided in
23	section 12-22-119 (1) 12-42.5-116 (1);
24	(i) (h) For the issuance of a duplicate certificate to a licensed
25	pharmacist;
26	(j) (i) For the initial licensure as a pharmacy intern;
27	(k) (j) For the issuance of a duplicate license of a pharmacy intern;

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1	(1) Repealed.
2	(m) (k) For the transfer of a prescription drug outlet registration
3	to a new location, as provided in section 12-22-119 (2) 12-42.5-116 (2);
4	(n) (l) For reissuing a prescription drug outlet registration in a new
5	store name, without change of owner or manager, as provided in section
6	12-22-119 (2) 12-42.5-116 (2);
7	(o) (m) For the initial registration or the renewal of the registration
8	of a prescription drug outlet, as provided in section 12-22-119 (2)
9	12-42.5-116 (2);
10	(p) (n) For the initial certificate evidencing licensure for all
11	pharmacists;
12	(q) (o) For the initial and renewal registration of all other outlets
13	under section 12-22-120 12-42.5-117 not covered in this section;
14	(r) (p) For the initial and renewal registration of all nonresident
15	prescription drug outlets under section 12-22-130. 12-42.5-130;
16	(q) FOR THE INITIAL AND RENEWAL REGISTRATION OF HUMANE
17	SOCIETIES AND ANIMAL CONTROL AGENCIES PURSUANT TO SECTION
18	12-42.5-117 (12).
19	(2) Any licensed pharmacist licensed in Colorado for fifty years
20	or more as a licensed pharmacist shall be IS exempt from the payment of
21	fees under this part 1 but shall be ARTICLE AND IS allowed to practice as
22	a licensed pharmacist.
23	12-42.5-111. [Formerly 12-22-115] Approval of schools. (1) A
24	school or college of pharmacy which THAT is approved by the board as a
25	school or college of pharmacy from which graduation is required in order
26	for the graduate thereof OF THE SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OF PHARMACY to be
27	an applicant for licensure APPLY FOR A LICENSE as a pharmacist shall

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MUST meet the requirements set forth by the board.

- (2) The board may utilize the facilities, reports, requirements, and recommendations of any recognized accrediting organization in determining the requirements for a school or college of pharmacy.
- (3) THE BOARD SHALL MAINTAIN a list of approved schools or colleges. shall be maintained by the board at its office.
- 12-42.5-112. [Formerly 12-22-116] Licensure or registrations
 applicability applications licensure requirements. (1) The
 provisions of This part 1 shall apply ARTICLE APPLIES to all persons in this
 state engaged in the practice of pharmacy and to all outlets in this state
 engaged in the manufacture, DISPENSING, production, sale, and
 distribution of drugs, devices, and other materials used in the treatment
 of injury, illness, and disease.
- (2) (a) Every applicant for a license under this part 1 shall be able to ARTICLE MUST read and write the English language, or IF THE APPLICANT IS a partnership, each of whose members meet said qualifications, or MEMBER OF THE PARTNERSHIP MUST READ AND WRITE THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE. IF THE APPLICANT IS a Colorado corporation, THE CORPORATION MUST BE in good standing, or AND IF THE APPLICANT IS a foreign corporation, IT MUST BE qualified to do business in this state.
- (b) [Formerly 12-22-305 (1)] The department or the board as provided in section 12-22-304 (1) or (2) shall issue the appropriate license REGISTRATION to each manufacturer distributor, researcher, and addiction program meeting all WHOLESALER THAT MEETS the requirements of this part 3 ARTICLE unless it THE BOARD determines that the issuance of the license REGISTRATION would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the department or the board shall consider

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1	the following factors:
2	(a) (I) Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of
3	controlled substances into illegitimate medical, scientific, or industrial
4	channels;
5	(b) (II) Compliance with applicable state and local laws;
6	(c) (III) Any conviction of the applicant under any federal or state
7	law relating to a controlled substance;
8	(d) (IV) Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of
9	controlled substances and the existence in the applicant's establishment
10	of effective controls against diversion;
11	(e) (V) Any false or fraudulent information in an application filed
12	under this part 3 1;
13	(f) (VI) Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal
14	registration to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance
15	as authorized by federal law; and
16	(g) (VII) Any other factors relevant to and consistent with the
17	public peace, health, and safety.
18	(3) Every applicant for a license or registration under this part 1
19	ARTICLE shall make written application in the manner and form prescribed
20	by the board, setting forth the applicant's name and address, the
21	applicant's qualifications for said THE license or registration, and other
22	information required by the board. Every THE APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT
23	WITH THE application shall be accompanied by the REQUIRED fee.
24	specified, and, if the applicant is required to take an examination, such
25	THE applicant shall appear for examination at the time and place fixed by
26	the board.
27	(3.3) (4) (a) (I) An applicant who has graduated from a school or

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1	college of pharmacy approved by the board may take an examination
2	before the board.
3	(II) The examination shall be fairly MUST BE designed FAIRLY to
4	test the applicant's knowledge of pharmacy and other related subjects and
5	shall MUST be in a form approved by the board. except that The
6	examination shall not CANNOT be administered orally.
7	(III) An applicant for licensure by examination shall have
8	completed an internship as prescribed by the board.
9	(b) A person who produces evidence satisfactory to the board that
10	such THE person has graduated and obtained a degree from a school of
11	pharmacy outside the United States and has passed a foreign graduate
12	equivalency test given or approved by the board may apply to take the
13	examination set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection (3.3) (4).
14	(3.5) (5) Every applicant for licensure as a pharmacist, whether by
15	examination, transfer of license, REACTIVATION, or reinstatement, shall
16	take a jurisprudence examination approved by the board that tests such
17	applicant's knowledge of the laws of this state.
18	(4) Repealed.
19	(5) (6) No applicant shall exercise the privileges of licensure or
20	registrations REGISTRATION until the BOARD GRANTS THE license or
21	registration. has been granted by the board.
22	(6) (7) The board may require any applicant for licensure to
23	display written or oral competency in English. The board may utilize a
24	standardized test to determine language proficiency.
25	(7) (8) A person licensed by examination and in good standing in
26	another state may apply for A license transfer. The board shall designate
27	a clearinghouse for license transfer applicants, and such individuals A

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1	PERSON APPLYING FOR A LICENSE TRANSFER shall apply for license
2	transfer through the clearinghouse designated by the board.
3	(8) (9) The board shall adopt such rules and regulations as may be
4	deemed necessary by the board to ensure that any person who
5	manufactures drugs as defined in section 12-22-102 (17), and any
6	wholesaler of drugs as defined in section 12-22-102 (34), possesses
7	the minimum qualifications required for wholesale drug distributors
8	pursuant to the federal "Prescription Drug Marketing Act of 1987", 21
9	U.S.C. sec. 353, as amended.
10	(9) (10) No individual A PERSON whose license has been revoked
11	shall NOT reapply for licensure earlier than two years after the effective
12	date of the revocation.
13	(11) [Formerly 12-22-305 (2)] Issuance of a license OR
14	REGISTRATION under subsection (1) of this section AND SECTION
15	12-42.5-117 does not entitle a licensee OR REGISTERED FACILITY OR
16	OUTLET to wholesale, manufacture, distribute, DISPENSE, or professionally
17	use controlled substances beyond the scope of his OR HER federal
18	registration.
19	12-42.5-113. [Formerly 12-22-116.5] Exemptions from
20	licensure - hospital residency programs - home renal dialysis -
21	research companies. (1) The board shall have the authority IS
22	AUTHORIZED to approve hospital residency programs in the practice of
23	pharmacy. Persons accepted into an approved hospital residency program
24	who are licensed to practice pharmacy in another state shall be ARE
25	exempt from the licensing requirements of this part 1 ARTICLE so long as
26	their practice is limited to participation in the residency program.
27	(2) This article shall DOES not apply to the sale or delivery of a

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dialysis solution if all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The sale or delivery is made directly by the manufacturer to a person with chronic kidney failure or to the designee of such a THE person;
 - (b) Such THE sale or delivery is for the purpose of self-administration by the person pursuant to an order by a physician lawfully practicing in this state; and
- (c) The solution is sold or delivered in original packages, properly labeled, and unadulterated in accordance with the requirements of the "Colorado Food and Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title 25, C.R.S., and the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act".
- (3) A manufacturer that must obtain a prescription drug or device solely for use in its research, development, or testing procedures and that does not further distribute the drug or device may apply to the board for a waiver of registration pursuant to this subsection (3). The board may grant such a waiver if the manufacturer submits to the board the name of the drug or device it requires and an affidavit certifying that the drug or device shall WILL only be used for necessary research, development, or testing procedures and shall WILL not be further distributed. No A waiver granted pursuant to this subsection (3) shall DOES NOT apply to any A controlled substance, as defined in state SECTION 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or IN federal law.
- (4) [Formerly 12-22-304 (5)] The following persons need not be licensed by the department or by the board to lawfully possess controlled substances under this part 3:
- 26 (a) to (d) (Deleted by amendment, L. 92, p. 387, § 6, effective July
 27 1, 1992.)

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1	(e) Employees of facilities AN EMPLOYEE OF A FACILITY, as
2	defined in section 25-1.5-301, C.R.S., who are IS administering and
3	monitoring medications to persons under the care or jurisdiction of such
4	facilities THE FACILITY pursuant to part 3 of article 1.5 of title 25, C.R.S.,
5	NEED NOT BE LICENSED BY THE BOARD TO LAWFULLY POSSESS
6	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
7	12-42.5-114. [Formerly 12-22-118] Expiration and renewal of
8	licenses or registrations. (1) All licenses shall AND REGISTRATIONS
9	expire pursuant to a schedule established by the director of the division
10	of registrations within the department of regulatory agencies and shall
11	MUST be renewed or reinstated pursuant to section 24-34-102 (8), C.R.S.
12	The director of the division of registrations within the department of
13	regulatory agencies may establish renewal fees and delinquency fees for
14	reinstatement pursuant to section 24-34-105, C.R.S. If a person fails to
15	renew his or her license OR REGISTRATION pursuant to the schedule
16	established by the director of the division of registrations, such THE
17	license shall expire OR REGISTRATION EXPIRES. Any person whose license
18	has expired shall be OR REGISTRATION EXPIRES IS subject to the penalties
19	provided in this article or section 24-34-102 (8), C.R.S.
20	(2) (a) and (b) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2004, p. 1806, § 29,
21	effective August 4, 2004.)
22	(c) (2) Any A pharmacist failing WHO FAILS to renew such
23	pharmacist's HIS OR HER license on or before the applicable renewal time
24	may be HAVE HIS OR HER LICENSE reinstated for the remainder of the
25	current renewal period by filing a proper application, satisfying the board
26	that such THE pharmacist is fully qualified to practice, and paying the
27	reinstatement fee as provided in section 12-22-114 (1) (f) 12-42.5-110 (1)

-36(e) and all delinquent fees.

(3) Except for good cause shown, no THE BOARD SHALL NOT GRANT A license shall be granted to a pharmacy intern more than two years after the applicant has ceased to be an enrolled student in a college or school of pharmacy approved by the board.

12-42.5-115. [Formerly 12-22-118.5] Continuing education.

- (1) Except as permitted in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the board may SHALL not renew, REINSTATE, or reactivate the license of any pharmacist until the pharmacist presents evidence of having THAT HE OR SHE HAS completed twenty-four hours of approved continuing pharmaceutical education within the preceding two years. Subject to subsection (9) of this section, such THE evidence may be provided by checking a sign-off box on the license renewal application.
- (2) (a) The board may renew the license of a pharmacist who presents acceptable evidence that the pharmacist was unable to comply with subsection (1) of this section.
- (b) The board may grant a six-month compliance extension to pharmacists who are unable to comply with subsection (1) of this section.
- (c) With regard to license renewals occurring prior to July 1, 2002, the board shall require pharmacists to present evidence of having completed only twelve hours of approved continuing pharmaceutical education.
- (3) The board may renew the license for the first renewal period following the issuance of the original license without requiring a pharmacist to complete any continuing pharmaceutical education if the pharmacist obtains a license within one year after the completion of the pharmacist's pharmaceutical education.

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(4) To qualify for continuing education credit, a program of
continuing pharmaceutical education must be currently approved by the
American ACCREDITATION council on pharmaceutical education or an
equivalent accrediting body as determined by the board.

- (5) Each program of continuing pharmaceutical education shall MUST consist of at least one continuing education unit, which is one hour of participation in an organized continuing educational experience, including postgraduate studies, institutes, seminars, lectures, conferences, workshops, correspondence courses, cassette programs, programmed learning courses, audiovisual programs, internet programs, and any other form of presentation that is accredited.
- (6) Any aspect of the practice of pharmacy may be the subject of a program of continuing pharmaceutical education, including but not limited to, pharmaceutics, compounding, pharmacology, pharmaceutical chemistry, biochemistry, physiology, microbiology, pharmacy administration, and professional practice management.
- (7) A program of continuing pharmaceutical education may include but is not limited to, the following:
 - (a) A definite stated objective;
 - (b) Presentation in an organized manner; and
- 21 (c) A method of program evaluation that is suitable to the type of 22 program being presented.
 - (8) A program of continuing pharmaceutical education shall MUST meet the requirements as established by the accrediting body.
 - (9) The board may annually audit up to five percent of the pharmacists licensed and residing in Colorado to determine compliance with this section.

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(10) Failure IF A LICENSED PHARMACIST FAILS to obtain the twenty-four hours of approved continuing pharmaceutical education, shall result in the PHARMACIST'S license becoming BECOMES inactive. AN inactive licensees shall LICENSEE IS not be required to comply with any continuing pharmaceutical education requirement so long as such licensees remain THE LICENSEE REMAINS inactive, but shall THE LICENSEE MUST continue to be required to pay applicable fees, including renewal fees. Inactive status shall be noted THE BOARD SHALL NOTE "INACTIVE STATUS" on the face of any license issued IT ISSUES TO A LICENSEE while the licensee remains inactive. Should an inactive pharmacist wish to resume the practice of pharmacy after being placed on an inactive list, the pharmacist shall file an application therefor TO ACTIVATE HIS OR HER LICENSE, pay the registration LICENSE renewal fee, and, subject to subsections (2) and (3) of this section, meet the twenty-four-hour continuing education requirement. Engaging IF A LICENSED PHARMACIST ENGAGES in the practice of pharmacy while on inactive status, pursuant to this article THAT CONDUCT may be grounds for license revocation UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

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12-42.5-116. [Formerly 12-22-119] Prescription drug outlet under charge of pharmacist. (1) (a) A prescription drug outlet shall MUST be under the direct charge of a pharmacist manager. A proprietor who is not a pharmacist shall comply with this requirement and shall provide a manager who is a pharmacist.

(b) The registration of any prescription drug outlet shall become BECOMES void if the pharmacist manager in whose name the prescription drug outlet registration was issued ceases to be engaged as the manager. and The owner shall close the prescription drug outlet unless such THE

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- 2 (I) has employed EMPLOYS a NEW pharmacist manager; and
- (II) Within fourteen THIRTY days after termination of the former
 manager's employment: has made application
 - (A) APPLIES to transfer the registration to the new pharmacist manager; and
 - (B) has paid PAYS the REGISTRATION transfer fee. therefor.
 - (c) At the time the pharmacist manager in whose name the registration was obtained at the time such pharmacist manager ceases to be employed as such the pharmacist manager of the pharmacist manager. He or she is no longer manager of the prescription drug outlet. Such the pharmacist manager shall be held is responsible as the manager until the cessation of employment is reported. The proprietor of the prescription drug outlet shall also notify the board of the termination of managership.
 - (2) No A prescription drug outlet shall NOT commence business until it has made application APPLIES TO THE BOARD for a registration and has received RECEIVES from the board a registration showing the name of the proprietor and the name of the manager. Upon transfer of the ownership of a prescription drug outlet, THE NEW PROPRIETOR SHALL SUBMIT TO THE BOARD an application to transfer the registration of said THE prescription drug outlet, shall be submitted, and, upon approval of the transfer by the board, the BOARD SHALL TRANSFER THE registration shall be transferred to the new proprietor. Upon the change of name or location of a prescription drug outlet, the registrant shall submit an application to change the name or location AND THE APPLICABLE FEE, and, upon approval of the same and the payment of the fee therefor APPLICATION,

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THE BOARD SHALL ISSUE a new registration showing the new name or new location. shall be issued.

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(3) (a) A prescription drug outlet operated by the state of Colorado or any political subdivision thereof, OF THE STATE is not required to be registered but, in lieu thereof, shall OF A REGISTRATION, MUST apply to the board, on a form approved by the board, for a certificate of compliance. The board shall determine whether said THE prescription drug outlet is operated in accordance with the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the board. and, If it THE BOARD determines that the prescription drug outlet is so operated IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND BOARD RULES, except for the holding of a prescription drug outlet registration, it THE BOARD shall issue a certificate of compliance, which shall expire CERTIFICATE EXPIRES and may be renewed in accordance with the provisions of section 24-34-102 (8), C.R.S. and, thereafter, said ONCE THE BOARD ISSUES THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE, THE prescription drug outlet shall have HAS the rights and privileges of, and shall be IS treated in all respects as, a registered prescription drug outlet. The provisions of this part 1 ARTICLE with respect to the denial, suspension, or revocation of a prescription drug outlet registration shall apply to a certificate of compliance.

(b) An outlet as recognized in section 12-22-120 (1) (e) 12-42.5-117 (1) (d) need not be under the direct charge of a pharmacist, but a licensed pharmacist shall either initially interpret all prescription orders compounded or dispensed from such THE outlet or provide written protocols for such compounding and dispensing by unlicensed persons. An outlet qualifying for registration under this paragraph (b) may also apply to the board for a waiver of such THE requirements concerning

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1	physical space, equipment, inventory, or business hours as may be
2	necessary and consistent with the outlet's limited public welfare purpose.
3	In determining the grant GRANTING or denial of such A waiver
4	application, the board shall ensure that the public interest criteria set forth
5	in section 12-22-101 12-42.5-101 are satisfied. All other provisions of
6	this part 1 ARTICLE, except as specifically waived by the board, shall
7	apply to such THE outlet.
8	(4) The registration of Every outlet and the license of every
9	pharmacist and pharmacy intern regularly practicing shall be
10	conspicuously displayed DISPLAY THE REGISTRATION AND LICENSE,
11	RESPECTIVELY, within the premises of the place of practice or outlet.
12	(5) (a) Repealed.
13	(b) (I) (5) The pharmacist responsible for the prescription order
14	or chart order may delegate certain specific tasks as provided DESCRIBED
15	in section 12-22-102 (26) (b), 12-42.5-102 (31) (b) to a person who is not
16	a pharmacist or pharmacy intern but who is an unlicensed assistant under
17	such THE pharmacist's supervision if, in the pharmacist's professional
18	judgment, such THE delegation is appropriate; except that no such THE
19	PHARMACIST SHALL NOT MAKE THE delegation may be made if the
20	delegation jeopardizes the public health, safety, or welfare, is prohibited
21	by rule or regulation of the board, or violates the provisions of section
22	12-22-126 (1) 12-42.5-126 (1).
23	(II) This paragraph (b) is effective February 1, 1999.
24	12-42.5-117. [Formerly 12-22-120] Registration of facilities -
25	rules. (1) All outlets with facilities in this state shall register with the
26	board in one of the following classifications:
27	(a) Prescription drug outlet;

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1	(b) Wholesale drug outlet;
2	(c) Manufacturing drug outlet;
3	(d) Repealed.
4	(e) (d) Any other outlet, as may be authorized by this article or
5	that meets the definition of outlet as set forth in section 12-22-102 (23)
6	12-42.5-102 (25).
7	(2) The board shall establish, by rule, or regulation criteria,
8	consistent with section 12-22-116 12-42.5-112 and with the public
9	interest as set forth in section 12-22-101 , which 12-42.5-101, THAT an
10	outlet that has employees or personnel engaged in the practice of
11	pharmacy must meet to qualify for registration in each classification.
12	(3) The board shall specify by rule or regulation the registration
13	procedures to be followed APPLICANTS MUST FOLLOW, including but not
14	limited to, the specification of forms SPECIFICATIONS for use in applying
15	APPLICATION for registration and the information needed.
16	(4) Registrations issued by the board pursuant to this section are
17	transferable or assignable only pursuant to this article and rules
18	established by the board.
19	(5) It shall be IS lawful for a person to sell and distribute
20	nonprescription drugs. Any person engaged in the sale and distribution of
21	such NONPRESCRIPTION drugs shall is not be deemed to be improperly
22	engaged in the practice of pharmacy, nor AND THE BOARD shall the board
23	NOT promulgate any rule or regulation pursuant to this part 1 which
24	ARTICLE THAT permits the sale of nonprescription drugs only by a
25	licensed pharmacist or only under the supervision of a licensed
26	pharmacist or which THAT would otherwise apply to or interfere with the

sale and distribution of nonprescription drugs.

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(6) The board shall accept the licensure or certification of nursing
care facilities and intermediate care facilities required by the department
of public health and environment as sufficient registration under this
section.

- (7) A separate registration shall be Is required under this section for any area outside the outlet that is not a satellite where pharmaceutical care and services are provided and for any such area OUTSIDE THE OUTLET that is under different ownership from the outlet.
- (8) No hospital outlet filling inpatient chart orders shall sell or otherwise transfer any portion of its prescription drug inventory to another registered outlet for sale or dispensing at retail. This subsection (8) shall not be construed to DOES NOT limit any transfer of prescription drugs for the hospital's own use or to limit the ability of a hospital outlet to engage in a casual sale. as defined in section 12-22-102 (5).
- (9) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subsection (9), a prescription drug outlet may register as a compounding prescription drug outlet.
- (b) No The BOARD SHALL NOT REGISTER A facility shall be registered as a compounding prescription drug outlet unless:
- (I) The facility has been accredited by a board-approved compounding accreditation entity to be within acceptable parameters to compound more than ten percent of the facility's total sales; and
 - (II) Ownership of the facility is vested solely in a pharmacist.
- (c) To be approved by the board to accredit a compounding prescription drug outlet, a compounding accreditation entity shall be, at a minimum, a scientific organization with expertise in compounding medications.

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1	(10) (a) On or after January 1, 2013, a satellite shall
2	REGISTER AS A HOSPITAL SATELLITE PHARMACY IF THE SATELLITE:
3	(I) IS LOCATED IN A FACILITY THAT IS UNDER THE SAME
4	MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL AS THE BUILDING OR SITE WHERE THE
5	PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET IS LOCATED; AND
6	(II) HAS A DIFFERENT ADDRESS THAN THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG
7	OUTLET.
8	(b) THE BOARD SHALL ADOPT RULES AS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT
9	THIS SUBSECTION (10). AT A MINIMUM, THE RULES MUST SET FORTH THE
10	MANNER IN WHICH A SATELLITE IS TO APPLY FOR A HOSPITAL SATELLITE
11	PHARMACY REGISTRATION AND THE LIMITS ON THE DISTANCE OF
12	SATELLITES FROM THE MAIN PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET.
13	(11) On or after January 1, 2013, a prescription drug
14	OUTLET MAY REGISTER AS A SPECIALIZED PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET IF
15	IT ENGAGES IN THE COMPOUNDING, DISPENSING, AND DELIVERY OF DRUGS
16	AND DEVICES TO, OR THE PROVISION OF PHARMACEUTICAL CARE TO
17	RESIDENTS OF, A LONG-TERM CARE FACILITY. THE BOARD SHALL ADOPT
18	RULES AS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THIS SUBSECTION (11).
19	(12) [Formerly 12-22-304 (3)] (a) A license issued by A
20	HUMANE SOCIETY THAT IS DULY REGISTERED WITH THE SECRETARY OF
21	STATE AND HAS BEEN IN EXISTENCE AND IN BUSINESS FOR AT LEAST FIVE
22	YEARS IN THIS STATE AS A NONPROFIT CORPORATION, OR AN ANIMAL
23	CONTROL AGENCY THAT IS OPERATED BY A UNIT OF GOVERNMENT, SHALL
24	REGISTER WITH the board. shall be obtained annually by a humane society
25	as provided in this subsection (3). The board shall, as provided in section
26	24-34-105, C.R.S., collect a fee and issue a license to a humane society
27	as provided in this subsection (3).

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(b) A humane society that is duly registered with the secretary of state and has been in existence and in business for at least five years in this state as a nonprofit corporation, or an animal control agency that is operated by a unit of government, may apply to the board for a license for the purposes of being authorized to purchase, possess, and administer sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia, to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted pets and animals and to purchase, possess, and administer drugs commonly used for the chemical capture of animals for control purposes or to sedate or immobilize pet animals immediately prior to euthanasia. Any society or agency so licensed shall not permit a person to administer scheduled controlled substances, sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other noncontrolled prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia unless such person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to be used in administering such drug or combination of drugs. The board may issue a limited license to carry out the provisions of this subsection (3) A HUMANE SOCIETY OR ANIMAL CONTROL AGENCY TO PERFORM THE ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-42.5-118 (17).

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(c) The board shall issue such ADOPT rules as it deems necessary to ensure strict compliance with the provisions of this subsection (3) (12) AND SECTION 12-42.5-118 (17) and, shall, in conjunction with the state board of veterinary medicine, SHALL develop criteria for training individuals in the administration of such THE drug or combination of drugs. The board may suspend or revoke the license upon determination that the person administering such drug or combination of drugs has not

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1	demonstrated adequate knowledge required by this subsection (3).
2	(d) Nothing in this subsection (3) shall be construed to apply (12)
3	APPLIES to a licensed veterinarian.
4	(13) [Formerly 12-22-307 (1)] An applicant A FACILITY OR
5	OUTLET APPLYING for a license REGISTRATION under this part 3 must
6	SECTION SHALL have adequate and proper facilities for the handling and
7	storage of controlled substances and SHALL maintain proper control over
8	such THE controlled substances to insure against their being ENSURE THE
9	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ARE NOT illegally dispensed or distributed.
10	(14) [Formerly 12-22-304 (7)] No license shall be issued The
11	BOARD SHALL NOT ISSUE A REGISTRATION under this part 3 SECTION to a
12	researcher, manufacturer or distributor of marijuana or marijuana
13	concentrate, AS THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION 27-80-203 (15)
14	AND (16), C.R.S., RESPECTIVELY.
15	12-42.5-118. [Formerly 12-22-121] Compounding - dispensing
16	- sale of drugs and devices - rules. (1) Except as otherwise provided in
17	this section and part 3 of this article OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27,
18	C.R.S., no drug, controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7),
19	or device shall be sold, compounded, dispensed, given, received, or held
20	in possession unless it is sold, compounded, dispensed, given, or received
21	in accordance with this section.
22	(2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a
23	manufacturer of drugs may sell or give any drug to:
24	(a) Any wholesaler of drugs;
25	(b) A licensed hospital;
26	(c) An other outlet; as defined in section 12-22-102 (23);
27	(d) A registered prescription drug outlet; or

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1	(e) Any practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the drugs.
2	(3) (a) A wholesaler may sell or give any drug or device to:
3	(I) Another wholesaler of drugs or devices;
4	(II) Any licensed hospital;
5	(III) A registered prescription drug outlet;
6	(IV) An other outlet; as defined in section 12-22-102 (23); or
7	(V) Any practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the drugs or
8	devices.
9	(b) A wholesaler may sell or deliver to a person responsible for
10	the control of an animal a drug intended for veterinary use for that animal
11	only if a licensed veterinarian has issued, prior to such sale or delivery,
12	a written prescription order for the drug in the course of an existing,
13	valid veterinarian-client-patient relationship as defined in section
14	12-64-103 (15.5); EXCEPT THAT, IF THE PRESCRIPTION ORDER IS FOR A
15	DRUG THAT IS NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OR IS A CONTROLLED
16	SUBSTANCE LISTED ON SCHEDULE III, IV, OR V, THE LICENSED
17	VETERINARIAN MAY ISSUE AN ORAL PRESCRIPTION ORDER FOR THAT DRUG.
18	IF THE LICENSED VETERINARIAN ISSUES AN ORAL PRESCRIPTION ORDER FOR
19	A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE LISTED ON SCHEDULE III, IV, OR V, THE
20	LICENSED VETERINARIAN SHALL PROVIDE A WRITTEN PRESCRIPTION TO THE
21	WHOLESALER WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER ISSUING THE ORAL
22	ORDER.
23	(4) An order shall be compounded ONLY A REGISTERED
24	PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET OR OTHER OUTLET REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
25	SECTION 12-42.5-117 (1) (d) MAY COMPOUND or DISPENSE a prescription.
26	dispensed only from a registered prescription drug outlet or other outlet
27	registered pursuant to section 12-22-120(1)(e). INITIAL INTERPRETATION

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1	AND FINAL EVALUATION, AS DEFINED BY THE BOARD, MAY BE CONDUCTED
2	AT A LOCATION OTHER THAN A REGISTERED PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET
3	OR OTHER OUTLET REGISTERED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE IN
4	ACCORDANCE WITH RULES ADOPTED BY THE BOARD.
5	(5) (a) A registered prescription drug or licensed hospital other
6	outlet may:
7	(I) Make a casual sale or loan of or may give a drug to another
8	registered outlet or to a wholesaler of drugs; or it may
9	(II) Sell or give a drug to a practitioner authorized by law to
10	prescribe the drug; or it may
11	(III) Supply an emergency kit OR STARTER DOSE, AS DEFINED BY
12	THE BOARD BY RULE, to:
13	(A) Any facility approved by the board for receipt of an
14	emergency kit;
15	(B) Any home health agency certified LICENSED by the department
16	of public health and environment and approved by the board for receipt
17	of an emergency kit; and
18	(C) Any licensed hospice approved by the board for receipt of an
19	emergency kit in compliance with subsection (13) (12) of this section.
20	(b) In the case of a county or district public health agency that
21	operates registered other outlets, as defined in section 12-22-102 (23),
22	one registered other outlet may make a casual sale of a drug to another
23	registered other outlet if:
24	(I) The drug is sold in the original sealed container in which it was
25	originally received from the wholesaler;
26	(II) No such A casual sale is NOT made to any A registered other
27	outlet that is not owned or operated by that county or district public health

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agency;	anc

- 2 (III) The amount sold does not exceed the five TEN percent limit 3 established by section 12-22-102 (5) 12-42.5-102 (6).
 - (c) PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-1-113.1, C.R.S., the department of corrections may pursuant to section 17-1-113.1, C.R.S., transfer, deliver, or distribute to a corporation, individual, or other entity other than a consumer, entitled to possess prescription drugs, OTHER THAN A CONSUMER, PRESCRIPTION DRUGS in an amount that is less than, equal to, or in excess of five percent of a casual sale THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DOSAGE UNITS OF DRUGS DISPENSED AND DISTRIBUTED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS.
 - (6) (a) A practitioner may personally compound and dispense for any patient under the practitioner's care any drug that the practitioner is authorized to prescribe and that the practitioner deems desirable or necessary in the treatment of any condition being treated by the practitioner, and such THE practitioner shall be IS exempt from all provisions of this part 1 ARTICLE except for the provisions of section 12-22-126 12-42.5-126.
 - (b) The board shall promulgate rules authorizing a pharmacist to compound drugs for office use by a practitioner. Such THE rules shall MUST limit the amount of drugs a pharmacist may compound to no more than ten percent of the total number of drug dosage units dispensed and distributed on an annual basis by such THE outlet.
 - (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit PROHIBITS an optometrist licensed pursuant to article 40 of this title or a physician licensed pursuant to article 36 of this title from charging a fee for prescribing, adjusting, fitting, adapting, or dispensing ophthalmic devices, such as contact

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lenses, that are classified by the federal food and drug administration as a drug, as long as the activity is within the scope of practice of the optometrist pursuant to article 40 of this title or the scope of practice of the physician pursuant to article 36 of this title.

- (7) Distribution of any sample shall MAY be made only upon written receipt from a practitioner, and such THE receipt must be given specifically for each drug or drug strength received.
- (8) It is lawful for the vendor of any drug or device to repurchase the same DRUG OR DEVICE from the vendee to correct an error, to retire an outdated article, or for other good reason, under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt to protect consumers of drugs and devices against the possibility of obtaining unsafe or contaminated drugs or devices.
- (9) A duly authorized agent or employee of an outlet registered by the board is not deemed to be in possession of a drug or device in violation of this section if he OR SHE is in possession thereof OF THE DRUG OR DEVICE for the sole purpose of carrying out the authority granted by this section to his OR HER principal or employer.
- (10) (Deleted by amendment, L. 96, p. 1424, § 12, effective July 1, 1996.)
- (11) (10) Any hospital employee or agent authorized by law to administer or dispense medications may dispense a twenty-four-hour supply of drugs on the specific order of a practitioner to a registered emergency room patient.
- (12) (11) The original, duplicate, or electronic or mechanical facsimile of a chart order by the physician or lawfully designated agent shall constitute CONSTITUTES a valid authorization to a pharmacist or

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pharmacy intern to dispense to a hospitalized patient for administration such THE amounts of such THE drugs as will enable an authorized person to administer to such THE patient the drug ordered by the practitioner. It shall be the responsibility of the practitioner to verify for THE PRACTITIONER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING THE accuracy OF any chart order HE OR SHE transmitted to anyone other than a pharmacist or pharmacist intern within forty-eight hours of such THE transmittal. (13) (12) Any facility approved by the board, any home health agency certified by the department of public health and environment and approved by the board, and any licensed hospice approved by the board may maintain emergency drugs provided and owned by a prescription drug outlet, consisting of drugs and quantities as established by the board. (14) Repealed. (15) (13) Interns AN INTERN under the direct and immediate supervision of a pharmacist may engage in the practice of pharmacy. AN INTERN, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-42.5-102 (17) (a), ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY WITHIN THE CURRICULUM OF A SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OF PHARMACY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-42.5-102 (17) (a), MAY BE SUPERVISED BY A MANUFACTURER REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-112 OR BY ANOTHER REGULATED INDIVIDUAL AS PROVIDED FOR IN RULES ADOPTED BY THE BOARD. (14) No A manufacturer or wholesaler of prescription drugs shall NOT sell or give any prescription drug, as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, to a licensed hospital or registered outlet or to any practitioner unless the prescription drug stock container bears a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer of the finished dosage form of the drug and, if different from the manufacturer,

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1	the name and place of business of the packer or distributor.
2	(17) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 807, § 4, effective
3	August 3, 2007.)
4	(18) (15) (a) A compounding prescription drug outlet registered
5	pursuant to section 12-22-120 (9) 12-42.5-117 (9) may dispense and
6	distribute compounded drugs without limitation to practitioners or to
7	prescription drug outlets under common ownership with the pharmacist
8	who owns the compounding prescription drug outlet.
9	(b) The following may distribute compounded and prepackaged
10	medications, without limitation, to pharmacies under common ownership
11	of the entity:
12	(I) A prescription drug outlet owned and operated by a hospital
13	that is accredited by the joint commission on accreditation of healthcare
14	organizations or a successor organization; and
15	(II) A prescription drug outlet operated by a health maintenance
16	organization, as defined in section 10-16-102, C.R.S.
17	(c) (I) A prescription drug outlet shall not compound drugs that
18	are commercially available except as provided in subparagraph (II) of this
19	paragraph (c).
20	(II) A pharmacist may compound a commercially available drug
21	if the compounded drug is significantly different from the commercially
22	available drug or if use of the compounded drug is in the best medical
23	interest of the patient, based upon the practitioner's drug order, including
24	without limitation, the removal of a dye that causes an allergic reaction.
25	If the pharmacist compounds a drug is compounded in lieu of a
26	commercially available product, the PHARMACIST SHALL NOTIFY THE
27	patient shall be notified of the THAT fact.

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(19) (16) A prescription drug outlet may allow a licensed pharmacist to remove immunizations and vaccines from the prescription drug outlet for the purpose of administration by a licensed pharmacist, or an intern under the supervision of a pharmacist certified in immunization, pursuant to rules promulgated by the board. The board shall promulgate rules regarding the storage, transportation, and record-keeping of immunizations and vaccines that are administered off-site.

- (17) [Formerly 12-22-304 (3) (b)] (a) A humane society OR ANIMAL CONTROL AGENCY that is duly registered with the secretary of state and has been in existence and in business for at least five years in this state as a nonprofit corporation, or an animal control agency that is operated by a unit of government, may apply to the board for a license for the purposes of being authorized PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-117(12) IS AUTHORIZED to:
- (I) Purchase, possess, and administer sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia, to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted pets and animals; and to
- (II) Purchase, possess, and administer drugs commonly used for the chemical capture of animals for control purposes or to sedate or immobilize pet animals immediately prior to euthanasia.
- (b) Any A society or agency so licensed REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-117 (12) shall not permit a person to administer scheduled controlled substances, sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other noncontrolled prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia unless such THE person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper

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techniques to be used in administering such THE drug or combination of drugs. The board may issue a limited license to carry out the provisions of this subsection (3). The board shall issue such rules as it deems necessary to ensure strict compliance with the provisions of this subsection (3) and shall, in conjunction with the state board of veterinary medicine, develop criteria for training individuals in the administration of such drug or combination of drugs. The board may suspend or revoke the license upon determination that the person administering such drug or combination of drugs has not demonstrated adequate knowledge required by this subsection (3). Nothing in this subsection (3) shall be construed to apply to a licensed veterinarian.

(18) **[Formerly 12-22-304 (4)]** Persons licensed REGISTERED as required under this part 3 1, or otherwise licensed OR REGISTERED as required by federal law, may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, OR administer or conduct or do research with controlled substances only to the extent authorized by their licenses REGISTRATIONS OR FEDERAL REGISTRATIONS OR LICENSES and in conformity with the provisions of this part 3 ARTICLE and with article 18 of title 18, C.R.S.

12-42.5-119. [Formerly 12-22-121.7] Limited authority to delegate activities constituting practice of pharmacy to pharmacy interns or pharmacy technicians.

(1) Repealed.

(2) (a) (1) A pharmacist may supervise up to three persons who are either pharmacy interns or pharmacy technicians, of whom no more than two may be pharmacy interns. If three pharmacy technicians are on duty, at least one shall MUST be certified by a nationally recognized certification board, possess a degree from an accredited pharmacy

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technician training program, or have completed five hundred hours of experiential training in duties described in section 12-22-102 (26) (b) 12-42.5-102 (31) (b) at the pharmacy as certified by the pharmacist manager.

(2) The Pharmacy Shall have retained within the pharmacy for review by the

- (2) THE PHARMACY SHALL RETAIN documentation verifying the training shall be retained within the pharmacy for review by the pharmacist responsible for the final check on prescriptions filled by the pharmacy technician and SHALLMAKE THE DOCUMENTATION available for inspection by the board.
- (3) This THE supervision ratio SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION does not include other ancillary personnel that WHO may be in the prescription drug outlet but WHO are not performing duties described in section 12-22-102 (26) (b) 12-42.5-102 (31) (b) that are delegated to such THE interns or pharmacy technicians.
 - (b) This subsection (2) is effective February 1, 1999.
- **12-42.5-120.** [Formerly 12-22-122] Prescription required exception. (1) Except as provided in section 18-18-414, C.R.S., and subsection (2) of this section, an order is required prior to dispensing any prescription drug. Orders shall be readily retrievable within the appropriate statute of limitations.
- (2) A pharmacist may refill a prescription order for any prescription drug without the prescriber's PRACTITIONER'S authorization when all reasonable efforts to contact the prescriber PRACTITIONER have failed and when, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, continuation of the medication is necessary for the patient's health, safety, and welfare. Such THE prescription refill shall MAY only be in an amount sufficient to maintain the patient until the prescriber PRACTITIONER can be contacted,

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1	but in no event shall MAY a refill under this subsection (2) continue
2	medication beyond seventy-two hours. However, if the prescriber
3	PRACTITIONER states on the prescription that there shall be no emergency
4	filling of the prescription IS PERMITTED, then the pharmacist shall not
5	issue any medication THAT IS not authorized by the prescription. Neither
6	a prescription drug outlet nor a pharmacist shall incur any liability IS
7	LIABLE as a result of refusing to refill a prescription pursuant to this
8	subsection (2).
9	12-42.5-121. [Formerly 12-22-123] Labeling. (1) A prescription
10	drug dispensed pursuant to an order must be labeled as follows:
11	(a) Repealed.
12	(b) (a) Drugs compounded and dispensed pursuant to a chart order
13	for a patient in a hospital shall MUST bear a label containing the name of
14	the outlet, the name and location of the patient, and the identification of
15	the drug and, when applicable, any suitable control numbers, the
16	expiration date, any warnings, and any precautionary statements.
17	(e) (b) (I) If the prescription is for an anabolic steroid, the purpose
18	for which the anabolic steroid is being prescribed shall MUST appear on
19	the label.
20	(II) If the prescription is for any drug other than an anabolic
21	steroid, the symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed
22	shall MUST appear on the label, if, after being advised by the practitioner,
23	the patient or the patient's authorized representative so requests. If the
24	PRACTITIONER DOES NOT PROVIDE THE symptom or purpose for which a
25	drug is being prescribed, is not provided by the practitioner, the
26	pharmacist may fill the prescription order without contacting the

practitioner, patient, or the patient's representative, unless the prescription

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is for an anabolic steroid.

(2) Except as otherwise required by law, any drug dispensed pursuant to a prescription order shall MUST bear a label prepared and placed on or securely attached to the medicine container stating at least the name and address of the prescription drug outlet, the serial number and the date of the prescription or of its dispensing, the name of the drug dispensed unless otherwise requested by the practitioner, the name of the practitioner, the name of the practitioner, the name of the patient, and, if stated in the prescription, the directions for use and cautionary statements, if any, contained in such THE prescription.

12-42.5-122. [Formerly 12-22-124] Substitution of prescribed drugs authorized - when - conditions. (1) A pharmacist filling a prescription order for a specific drug by brand or proprietary name may substitute an equivalent drug product if the substituted drug product is the same generic drug type as defined in section 12-22-102 (12) and, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, the substituted drug product is therapeutically equivalent, as defined in section 12-22-102 (33), is interchangeable with the prescribed drug, and is permitted to be moved in interstate commerce. A pharmacist making a substitution shall assume the same responsibility for selecting the dispensed drug product as he OR SHE would incur in filling a prescription for a drug product prescribed by a generic name; except that he shall be THE PHARMACIST IS charged with notice and knowledge of the federal food and drug administration list of approved drug substances and manufacturers as may be THAT IS published from time to time PERIODICALLY.

(2) (a) If, in the opinion of the practitioner, it is in the best interest of his THE patient that THE PHARMACIST NOT SUBSTITUTE an equivalent

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1	drug not be substituted, he FOR THE SPECIFIC DRUG HE OR SHE
2	PRESCRIBED, THE PRACTITIONER may so indicate on the prescription by
3	either writing the words "dispense as written" or by CONVEY THIS
4	INFORMATION TO THE PHARMACIST IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MANNERS:
5	(I) Initialing in his own handwriting BY HAND OR
6	ELECTRONICALLY a preprinted box labeled THAT STATES "dispense as
7	written" In no case shall a facsimile of the handwritten signature or the
8	handwritten initials of a practitioner be OR "DAW";
9	(II) SIGNING BY HAND OR ELECTRONICALLY A preprinted to
10	indicate BOX STATING "DO NOT SUBSTITUTE" OR "dispense as written"; OR
11	(III) ORALLY, if the PRACTITIONER COMMUNICATES THE
12	prescription is communicated or ally by the practitioner to the pharmacist.
13	the practitioner may indicate the prohibition on substitution in the same
14	manner and at the same time.
15	(b) THE PRACTITIONER SHALL NOT TRANSMIT BY FACSIMILE HIS OR
16	HER HANDWRITTEN SIGNATURE, NOR PREPRINT HIS OR HER INITIALS, TO
17	INDICATE "DISPENSE AS WRITTEN".
18	(3) If a PHARMACIST MAKES A substitution, is made, the
19	PHARMACIST SHALL COMMUNICATE THE substitution shall be
20	communicated to the purchaser in writing and orally, LABEL the container
21	shall be labeled with the name of the drug dispensed, and the pharmacist
22	shall indicate on the file copy of the prescription both the name of the
23	prescribed drug and the name of the drug dispensed in lieu thereof.
24	Communication of such OF THE PRESCRIBED DRUG. THE PHARMACIST IS
25	NOT REQUIRED TO COMMUNICATE A substitution to institutionalized
26	patients. shall not be required.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, in no case

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1	shari the pharmacist shall not substitute a drug product as provided in
2	this section unless the drug product substituted costs the purchaser less
3	than the drug product prescribed. The prescription shall be priced as if it
4	had been prescribed generically.
5	(5) If a prescription drug outlet does not have in stock the
6	prescribed drug product and the only equivalent drug product in stock is
7	higher priced, the pharmacist, with the consent of the purchaser, may
8	substitute the higher priced drug product. This subsection (5) applies only
9	to a prescription drug outlet located in a town, as defined in section
10	31-1-101 (13), C.R.S.
11	12-42.5-123. [Formerly 12-22-125] Unprofessional conduct -
12	grounds for discipline. (1) The board may suspend, revoke, refuse to
13	renew, or otherwise discipline any license or registration issued by it,
14	after a hearing held in accordance with the provisions of this section,
15	upon proof that the licensee or registrant:
16	(a) Is guilty of misrepresentation, fraud, or deceit in procuring,
17	attempting to procure, or renewing a license or registration;
18	(b) Is guilty of the commission of a felony or has had accepted by
19	a court a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or has received a
20	deferred judgment and sentence for a felony;
21	(c) Has violated:
22	(I) Any of the provisions of this part 1 ARTICLE, including but not
23	limited to any acts COMMISSION OF AN ACT DECLARED UNLAWFUL in
24	section 12-22-126 12-42.5-126;
25	(II) The lawful rules of the board; or
26	(III) Any state or federal law pertaining to drugs;
27	(d) Is unfit or incompetent by reason of negligence OR habits, or

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1	physical or mental illness, or for any other cause, to practice as such
2	PHARMACY;
3	(e) Is addicted to, dependent on, or engages in the habitual or
4	excessive use or abuse of intoxicating liquors, a habit-forming drug, or a
5	controlled substance, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
6	(f) Knowingly permits a person not licensed as a pharmacist or
7	pharmacy intern to engage in the practice of pharmacy;
8	(g) Has had his or her license to practice pharmacy in another state
9	revoked or suspended, or is otherwise disciplined or has committed acts
10	in any other state that would subject him or her to disciplinary action in
11	this state;
12	(h) Has engaged in advertising that is misleading, deceptive, or
13	false;
14	(i) Has dispensed a schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance
15	order as listed in sections 18-18-205 to 18-18-207, C.R.S., more than six
16	months after the date of issue of the order;
17	(j) Has engaged in the practice of pharmacy while on inactive
18	status;
19	(k) Has failed to meet generally accepted standards of pharmacy
20	practice;
21	(l) Fails or has failed to permit the board or its agents to conduct
22	a lawful inspection;
23	(m) Has violated any lawful board order;
24	(n) Has committed any fraudulent insurance act as defined in
25	section 10-1-128, C.R.S.;
26	(o) Has willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the board or its
27	agents with regard to any matter under investigation by the board;

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2	deferred judgment within thirty days after such THE conviction or
3	judgment;
4	(q) Has failed to notify the board of any discipline against his or
5	her license in another state within thirty days after such THE discipline;
6	(r) (I) HAS FAILED TO NOTIFY THE BOARD OF A PHYSICAL OR
7	MENTAL ILLNESS OR CONDITION THAT AFFECTS THE PERSON'S ABILITY TO
8	TREAT CLIENTS WITH REASONABLE SKILL AND SAFETY OR THAT MAY
9	ENDANGER THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF PERSONS UNDER HIS OR HER CARE;
10	(II) HAS FAILED TO ACT WITHIN THE LIMITATIONS CREATED BY A
11	PHYSICAL OR MENTAL ILLNESS OR CONDITION THAT RENDERS THE PERSON
12	UNABLE TO PRACTICE PHARMACY WITH REASONABLE SKILL AND SAFETY
13	OR THAT MAY ENDANGER THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF PERSONS UNDER HIS
14	OR HER CARE; OR
15	(III) HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE LIMITATIONS AGREED TO
16	UNDER A CONFIDENTIAL AGREEMENT ENTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION
17	12-42.5-134;
18	(s) [Formerly 12-22-308 (1)(c)] Has had his or her federal
19	registration to manufacture, conduct research on, distribute, or dispense
20	a controlled substance suspended or revoked. or
21	(2) In considering the conviction of a crime, the board shall be IS
22	governed by the provisions of section 24-5-101, C.R.S.
23	(3) to (7) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2003, p. 950, § 10, effective
24	July 1, 2003.)
25	12-42.5-124. [Formerly 12-22-125.2] Disciplinary actions.
26	(1) (a) The board may deny or discipline an applicant, licensee, or
27	registrant when the board determines that such THE applicant, licensee, or

(p) Has failed to notify the board of any criminal conviction or

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1	registrant has engaged in activities that are grounds for discipline.
2	(b) THE BOARD MAY SUSPEND OR REVOKE A REGISTRATION ISSUED
3	PURSUANT TO SECTION $12-42.5-117(12)$ UPON DETERMINATION THAT THE
4	PERSON ADMINISTERING A DRUG OR COMBINATION OF DRUGS TO AN
5	ANIMAL HAS NOT DEMONSTRATED ADEQUATE KNOWLEDGE REQUIRED BY
6	SECTIONS 12-42.5-117 (12) AND 12-42.5-118 (17).
7	(2) (a) Proceedings for the denial, suspension, or revocation of a
8	license or registration and any judicial review of such A suspension or
9	revocation shall MUST be CONDUCTED in accordance with the provisions
10	of article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., and THE BOARD OR, AT THE BOARD'S
11	DISCRETION, AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, SHALL CONDUCT the
12	hearing and opportunity for review. shall be conducted pursuant to said
13	article by the board or, at the board's discretion, by an administrative law
14	judge.
15	(b) Upon the finding of the existence of THAT grounds for
16	discipline of any person holding or seeking a license or registration or the
17	renewal thereof under the provisions of PURSUANT TO section 12-22-125
18	12-42.5-123 EXIST, the board may impose one or more of the following
19	penalties ON A PERSON WHO HOLDS OR IS SEEKING A NEW OR RENEWAL
20	LICENSE OR REGISTRATION:
21	(I) Suspension of the offender's license or registration for a period
22	to be determined by the board;
23	(II) Revocation of the offender's license or registration;
24	(III) Restriction of the offender's license or registration to prohibit
25	the offender from performing certain acts or from practicing pharmacy in

(IV) Refusal to renew the offender's license or registration;

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(V) Placement of the offender on probation and supervision by the board for a period to be determined by the board;

- (VI) Suspension of the registration of the outlet that is owned by or employs the offender for a period to be determined by the board.
- (c) [Formerly 12-22-308 (2)] The department or the board may limit revocation or suspension of a license REGISTRATION to the particular controlled substance which was the basis for revocation or suspension.
- (d) [Formerly 12-22-308 (3)] If the department or the board suspends or revokes a license REGISTRATION, THE BOARD MAY PLACE all controlled substances owned or possessed by the licensee REGISTRANT at the time of the suspension or on the effective date of the revocation order may be placed under seal. No disposition may be made THE BOARD MAY NOT DISPOSE of substances under seal until the time for making an appeal has elapsed or until all appeals have been concluded, unless a court orders otherwise or orders the sale of any perishable controlled substances and the deposit of the proceeds with the court. Upon WHEN a revocation order's becoming BECOMES final, all controlled substances may be forfeited to the state.
- (e) [Formerly 12-22-308 (4)] The department or the board shall promptly notify the bureau and the appropriate professional licensing agency, if any, of all charges and the final disposition thereof OF THE CHARGES and of all forfeitures of a controlled substance.
- (3) The board may also include in any disciplinary order that allows the licensee or registrant to continue to practice such conditions as THAT the board may deem DEEMS appropriate to assure that the licensee OR REGISTRANT is physically, mentally, morally, and otherwise qualified to practice pharmacy in accordance with the generally accepted

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professional standards of practice, including any or all of the following:

- (a) Requiring the licensee OR REGISTRANT to submit to such examinations as THAT the board may order to determine the licensee's physical or mental condition or professional qualifications;
- (b) Requiring the licensee to take such therapy courses of training or education as may be needed THAT THE BOARD DEEMS NECESSARY to correct deficiencies found either in the hearing or by such examinations REQUIRED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (3);
- (c) Requiring the review or supervision of the licensee's practice as may be necessary to determine the quality of AND CORRECT DEFICIENCIES IN his or her practice; and to correct deficiencies therein; and
- (d) Imposing restrictions upon the nature of the licensee's practice to assure that he or she does not practice beyond the limits of his or her capabilities.
- (4) Upon failure of the licensee or registrant to comply with any conditions imposed by the board pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, unless due to conditions beyond the licensee's or registrant's control, the board may order suspension of the license or registration in this state until such time as the licensee or registrant complies with such THE conditions.
- (5) In addition to any other penalty that THE BOARD may be imposed IMPOSE pursuant to this section, THE BOARD MAY FINE any registrant violating any provision of this article or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article may be fined not less than five hundred dollars and not more than five thousand dollars for each such violation. THE BOARD SHALL TRANSMIT any moneys collected as administrative fines pursuant

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to this subsection (5) shall be transmitted to the state treasurer who shall FOR credit such moneys to the general fund.

- (6) (a) When a complaint or an investigation discloses an instance of misconduct that, in the opinion of the board, does not warrant formal action by the board but which should not be dismissed as being without merit, THE BOARD MAY SEND a letter of admonition may be sent by certified mail to the licensee OR REGISTRANT against whom a THE complaint was made OR WHO WAS THE SUBJECT OF INVESTIGATION and, IN THE CASE OF A COMPLAINT, MAY SEND a copy thereof OF THE LETTER OF ADMONITION to the person making the complaint.
- (b) When THE BOARD SENDS a letter of admonition is sent by certified mail by the board to a licensee OR REGISTRANT complained against, such THE BOARD SHALL INCLUDE IN THE LETTER A STATEMENT ADVISING THE licensee shall be advised OR REGISTRANT that he or she THE LICENSEE OR REGISTRANT has the right to request in writing, within twenty days after receipt of the letter, that THE BOARD INITIATE formal disciplinary proceedings be initiated to adjudicate the propriety of the conduct upon which the letter of admonition is based.
- (c) If the request for LICENSEE OR REGISTRANT TIMELY REQUESTS adjudication, is timely made, the letter of admonition shall be deemed IS vacated, and the BOARD SHALL PROCESS THE matter shall be processed by means of formal disciplinary proceedings.
- (7) (a) When a complaint or an investigation discloses an instance of conduct that does not warrant formal action by the board but the board determines that continuation of such THE conduct could warrant action if continued, THE BOARD MAY SEND a confidential letter of concern may be sent by certified mail to the licensee or registrant against whom the

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complaint was made or who was the subject of investigation. If a complaint precipitated the investigation, THE BOARD SHALL SEND a response shall be sent to the person making the complaint.

- (b) Notice that a confidential letter of concern has been issued by the board shall be sent to the complainant.
- (c) (b) A confidential letter of concern shall not be construed as IS NOT discipline.
- (8) When a complaint or an investigation discloses an instance of misconduct that, in the opinion of the board, warrants formal action, the BOARD SHALL NOT RESOLVE THE complaint shall not be resolved by a deferred settlement, action, judgment, or prosecution.
- (9) (a) If it appears to the board, based upon credible evidence as presented in a written complaint by any person, that a licensee or registrant is acting in a manner that is an imminent threat to the health and safety of the public or a person is acting or has acted without the required license or registration, the board may issue an order to cease and desist such THE activity. The order BOARD shall set forth IN THE ORDER the statutes and rules alleged to have been violated, the facts alleged to have constituted the violation, and the requirement that all unlawful acts or unlicensed or unregistered practices immediately cease.
- (b) Within ten days after service of the order to cease and desist pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (9), the respondent may request a hearing on the question of whether acts or practices in violation of this part 1 ARTICLE have occurred. Such THE BOARD SHALL CONDUCT THE hearing shall be conducted pursuant to sections 24-4-104 and 24-4-105, C.R.S.
- (10) (a) If it appears to the board, based upon credible evidence

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as presented in a written complaint by any person, that a person has violated any other portion of this part 1 ARTICLE, then, in addition to any specific powers granted pursuant to this part 1 ARTICLE, the board may issue to such THE person an order to show cause as to why the board should not issue a final order directing such THE person to cease and desist from the unlawful act or unlicensed or unregistered practice.

(b) The Board Shall Promptly notify a person against whom The Board has Issued an order to show cause has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (10) shall be promptly notified by the board of the issuance of the order along with AND SHALL INCLUDE IN THE NOTICE a copy of the order, the factual and legal basis for the order, and the date set by the board for a hearing on the order. Such The Board May Serve the notice may be served upon the person against whom the Order is issued by personal service, by first-class United States mail, postage prepaid, or as may be practicable. upon any person against whom such order is issued. Personal service or mailing of an order or document pursuant to this subsection (10) shall constitute Constitutes notice thereof to the person.

(c) (I) The BOARD SHALL COMMENCE THE hearing on an order to show cause shall be commenced no sooner than ten and no later than forty-five calendar days after the date of transmission or service of the notification by the board as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (10). The BOARD MAY CONTINUE THE hearing may be continued by agreement of all parties based upon the complexity of the matter, number of parties to the matter, and legal issues presented in the matter, but in no event shall THE BOARD COMMENCE the hearing commence later than sixty calendar days after the date of transmission or service of the notification.

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(II) If a person against whom an order to show cause has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (10) does not appear at the hearing, the board may present evidence that notification was properly sent or served upon such THE person pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection (10) and such other evidence related to the matter as the board deems appropriate. The board shall issue the order within ten days after the board's determination related to reasonable attempts to notify the respondent, and the order shall become BECOMES final as to that person by operation of law. Such THE hearing shall MUST be conducted pursuant to sections 24-4-104 and 24-4-105, C.R.S.

(III) If the board reasonably finds that the person against whom the order to show cause was issued is acting or has acted without the required license or registration or has or is about to engage in acts or practices constituting violations of this part 1 ARTICLE, THE BOARD MAY ISSUE a final cease-and-desist order may be issued directing such THE person to cease and desist from further unlawful acts or unlicensed or unregistered practices.

(IV) The board shall provide notice, in the manner set forth in paragraph (b) of this subsection (10), of the final cease-and-desist order within ten calendar days after the hearing conducted pursuant to this paragraph (c) to each person against whom the final order has been issued. The final order issued pursuant to subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (c) shall be IS effective when issued and shall be IS a final order for purposes of judicial review.

(11) If it appears to the board, based upon credible evidence presented to the board, that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in any unlicensed or unregistered act or practice, any act or practice

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1	constituting a violation of this part 1 ARTICLE, any rule promulgated
2	pursuant to this part 1 ARTICLE, OR any order issued pursuant to this part
3	† ARTICLE, or any act or practice constituting grounds for administrative
4	sanction pursuant to this part 1 ARTICLE, the board may enter into a
5	stipulation with such THE person.
6	(12) If any person fails to comply with a final cease-and-desist
7	order or a stipulation, the board may request the attorney general or the
8	district attorney for the judicial district in which the alleged violation
9	exists to bring, and if so requested such attorney shall bring, suit for a
10	temporary restraining order and for injunctive relief to prevent any further
11	or continued violation of the final order.
12	(13) A person aggrieved by the final cease-and-desist order may
13	seek judicial review of the board's determination or of the board's final
14	order as provided in section 12-22-125.5 12-42.5-125.
15	12-42.5-125. [Formerly 12-22-125.5] Judicial review. The court
16	of appeals shall have HAS initial jurisdiction to review all final actions and

12-42.5-125. [Formerly 12-22-125.5] Judicial review. The court of appeals shall have HAS initial jurisdiction to review all final actions and orders that are subject to judicial review of the board Such AND SHALL CONDUCT THE JUDICIAL REVIEW proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with section 24-4-106 (11), C.R.S.

12-42.5-126. [Formerly 12-22-126] Unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful:

(a) To practice pharmacy without a license;

- (b) To obtain or dispense or to procure the administration of a drug by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge, or by the forgery or alteration of an order, or by the use of a false name or the giving of a false address;
 - (c) To willfully make a false statement in any order, report,

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1	application, or record required by this part 1 ARTICLE;
2	(d) To falsely assume the title of or to falsely represent that one
3	is a pharmacist, practitioner, or registered outlet;
4	(e) To make or utter a false or forged order;
5	(f) To affix a false or forged label to a package or receptacle
6	containing drugs;
7	(g) Repealed.
8	(h) (g) To sell, compound, dispense, give, receive, or possess any
9	drug or device unless it was sold, compounded, dispensed, given, or
10	received in accordance with sections 12-22-121 to 12-22-124 12-42.5-118
11	то 12-42.5-122;
12	(i) (h) Except as provided in section 12-22-124 12-42.5-122, to
13	dispense a different drug or brand of drug in place of the drug or brand
14	ordered or prescribed without the oral or written permission of the
15	practitioner ordering or prescribing the drug;
16	(j) (i) To manufacture, process, pack, distribute, sell, dispense, or
17	give a drug, which, or the container or labeling of which THE DRUG, THAT,
18	without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other
19	identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a drug
20	manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the person who
21	in fact manufactured, processed, packed, or distributed such drug,
22	CONTAINER, OR LABEL and which THAT thereby falsely purports or is
23	represented to be the product of or to have been packed or distributed by
24	such other drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor;
25	(k) (j) For an employer or an employer's agent or employee to
26	coerce a pharmacist to dispense a prescription drug against the
27	professional judgment of the pharmacist;

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1	(t) (k) For an employer, or an employer's agent or employee, or a
2	pharmacist to use or coerce to be used a nonpharmacist personnel in any
3	position or task which THAT would require the nonpharmacist to practice
4	pharmacy or to make a judgmental decision using pharmaceutical
5	knowledge or in violation of the delegatory restrictions enumerated in
6	section 12-22-119 (5) 12-42.5-116 (5);
7	(m) (l) To dispense any drug without complying with the labeling,
8	drug identification, and container requirements imposed by law.
9	12-42.5-127. [Formerly 12-22-127] Unauthorized practice -
10	penalties. Any person who practices or offers or attempts to practice
11	pharmacy without an active license issued under this article commits a
12	class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section
13	18-1.3-501, C.R.S., for the first offense, and any person committing a
14	second or subsequent offense commits a class 6 felony and shall be
15	punished as provided in section 18-1.3-401, C.R.S.
16	12-42.5-128. [Formerly 12-22-128] New drugs - when sales
17	permissible. (1) No person shall sell, deliver, offer for sale, hold for sale,
18	or give away any new drug not authorized to move in interstate commerce
19	under appropriate federal law.
20	(2) This section shall DOES not apply to a drug intended solely for
21	investigational use by experts qualified by scientific training and
22	experience to investigate the safety and effectiveness of drugs if the drug
23	is plainly labeled to be for investigational use only.
24	12-42.5-129. [Formerly 12-22-129] Advertising of prescription
25	drug prices. A prescription drug outlet may advertise its prices for
26	prescription drugs. If the drug is advertised by its brand or proprietary
27	name, THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET SHALL ALSO INCLUDE its generic

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name shall also be included in the advertisement.

12-42.5-130. [Formerly 12-22-130] Nonresident prescription drug outlet - registration. (1) Any prescription drug outlet located outside this state that ships, mails, or delivers, in any manner, drugs or devices into this state shall be considered IS a nonresident prescription drug outlet AND shall be registered REGISTER with the board and shall disclose to the board the following:

- (a) The location, names, and titles of all principal entity officers and all pharmacists who are dispensing drugs or devices to the residents of this state. THE NONRESIDENT PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET SHALL SUBMIT a report containing this information shall be made TO THE BOARD on an annual basis and within thirty days after any change of office, officer, or pharmacist.
- (b) A VERIFICATION that it complies with all lawful directions and requests for information from the regulatory or licensing agency of the state in which it is licensed as well as with all requests for information made by the board pursuant to this section. The nonresident prescription drug outlet shall maintain at all times a valid, unexpired license, permit, or registration to conduct the prescription drug outlet in compliance with the laws of the state in which it is a resident. As a prerequisite to registering with the board, the nonresident prescription drug outlet shall submit a copy of the most recent inspection report resulting from an inspection conducted by the regulatory or licensing agency of the state in which it is located.
- (2) The registration requirements of this section shall apply only to a nonresident prescription drug outlet which THAT only ships, mails, or delivers, IN ANY MANNER, drugs in any manner, and devices into this state

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pursuant to a prescription order.

- (3) A nonresident prescription drug outlet doing business in this state that has not obtained a registration shall not conduct the business of selling or distributing drugs in this state without first registering as a nonresident prescription drug outlet. Applications A NONRESIDENT PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET SHALL MAKE APPLICATION for A nonresident prescription drug outlet registration shall be made on a form furnished by the board. The board may require such information as it deems necessary to carry out the purpose of this section.
- (4) (a) The board may deny, revoke, or suspend a nonresident prescription drug outlet registration for failure to comply with any provision of this section or with any reasonable rule promulgated by the board.
- (b) The board may deny, revoke, or suspend a nonresident prescription drug outlet registration if such THE NONRESIDENT prescription drug outlet's license or registration has been revoked or not renewed for noncompliance with the laws of the state in which it is a resident.
- 12-42.5-131. [Formerly 12-22-131] Records. (1) (a) All PERSONS LICENSED OR REGISTERED UNDER THIS ARTICLE SHALL KEEP AND MAINTAIN records of THE receipt, distribution, or other disposal of prescription drugs or controlled substances, shall be MAKE THE RECORDS available to the board upon request for inspection, copying, verification, or any other purpose, Such records shall be retained AND SHALL RETAIN THE RECORDS for two years OR FOR A PERIOD OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY LAW.
 - (b) The board may permit a wholesaler to maintain a portion of its

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records at a central location that is different from the storage facility of the wholesaler. If such the BOARD GRANTS the permission, has been granted, the wholesaler shall make available all relevant records within forty-eight hours after a request for inspection, copying, verification, or any other purpose by the board. The wholesaler shall make all other records that are available for immediate access shall be readily available to the board.

- (2) A wholesale distributor WHOLESALER shall establish and maintain inventories and records of all transactions regarding the receipt and distribution of prescription drugs. Availability of A WHOLESALER SHALL MAKE ITS records maintained by a wholesale distributor shall be AVAILABLE TO THE BOARD in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. Such records A WHOLESALER shall include the following information IN ITS RECORDS:
- (a) The source of the prescription drugs, including the name and principal address of the seller or transferor of the prescription drugs and the address of the location from which the prescription drugs were shipped;
- (b) The identity and quantity of the drugs received, distributed, or disposed of by the wholesale distributor; and
- (c) The dates of receipt, distribution, or other disposition of the prescription drugs.
- (3) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (2)]** The record of any controlled substance distributed, administered, dispensed, or otherwise used shall MUST show the date the name and address of person to whom, for whose use, the controlled substance was distributed, administered, dispensed, used, or otherwise disposed of, THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON

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TO WHOM OR FOR WHOSE USE THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WAS DISTRIBUTED, ADMINISTERED, DISPENSED, USED, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF, and the kind and quantity of such THE controlled substance.

- (4) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (3)]** Manufacturing records of controlled substances shall MUST include the kind and quantity of controlled substances produced or removed from process of manufacture and the dates of such production or removal from process of manufacture.
- (5) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (4)]** The keeping of A PERSON WHO MAINTAINS a record required by federal law containing THAT CONTAINS substantially the same information as set forth in subsections (1) to (3) (4) of this section shall constitute compliance IS DEEMED TO COMPLY with the record-keeping requirements of this part 3 SECTION.
- (6) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (5)]** A PERSON REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN RECORDS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL KEEP A record shall also be kept of any controlled substance lost, destroyed, or stolen, the kind and quantity of such THE controlled substance, and the date of such THE loss, destruction, or theft.
- (7) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (5.5)]** Prescription drug outlets shall report thefts of controlled substances to the proper law enforcement agencies and to the board within thirty days after the occurrence of such THE thefts.
- (8) **[Formerly 12-22-318 (6)]** A PERSON LICENSED, REGISTERED, OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS ARTICLE OR OTHER LAWS OF THIS STATE SHALL DISTRIBUTE, ADMINISTER, DISPENSE, USE, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSE OF controlled substances listed in schedule I or II of part 2 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., shall be distributed by persons licensed or otherwise authorized under this part 3 or other laws of this state only

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pursuant to an order form. Compliance with the provisions of federal law respecting order forms shall be IS deemed compliance with this section.

(9) [Formerly 12-22-320] Prescriptions, orders, and records required by this part 3 1 and stocks of controlled substances shall be ARE open for inspection only to federal, state, county, and municipal officers whose duty it is to enforce the laws of this state or of the United States relating to controlled substances or the regulation of practitioners. No officer having knowledge by virtue of his OR HER office, of any such A prescription, order, or record shall divulge such HIS OR HER knowledge, except in connection with a prosecution or proceeding in court or before a licensing or registration board or officer to which prosecution or proceeding the person to whom such THE prescriptions, orders, or records relate is a party.

12-42.5-132. [Formerly 12-22-132] Immunity. Any member of the board, any member of the board's staff, any person acting as a witness or consultant to the board, any witness testifying in a proceeding authorized under this part 1 ARTICLE, and any person who lodges a complaint pursuant to this part 1 shall be ARTICLE IS immune from liability in any civil action brought against him or her for acts occurring while acting in his or her capacity as board member, staff, consultant, or witness, respectively, if such THE individual was acting in good faith within the scope of his or her respective capacity, made a reasonable effort to obtain the facts of the matter as to which he or she acted, and acted in the reasonable belief that the action taken by him or her was warranted by the facts. Any person participating in good faith in lodging a complaint or participating in any investigative or administrative proceeding pursuant to this part 1 shall be ARTICLE IS immune from any

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1	civil or criminal liability that may result from such participation.
2	12-42.5-133. [Formerly 12-22-133] Unused medication -
3	licensed facilities - reuse - rules. (1) As used in this section, and section
4	12-22-134, unless the context otherwise requires:
5	(a) "Licensed facility" means a hospital, hospital unit, community
6	mental health center, acute treatment unit, hospice, nursing care facility,
7	or assisted living residence that is required to be licensed pursuant to
8	section 25-3-101, C.R.S., or a licensed long-term care facility as defined
9	in section 25-1-124 (2.5) (b), C.R.S.
10	(b) "Medical device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement,
11	machine, contrivance, implant, or similar or related article that is required
12	to be labeled pursuant to 21 CFR part 801.
13	(c) "Medical supply" means a consumable supply item that is
14	disposable and not intended for reuse.
15	(d) "Medication" means a prescription that is not a controlled
16	substance.
17	(2) (a) (I) If donated by the patient, resident, or the patient's or
18	resident's next of kin, a licensed facility may return unused medications,
19	medical supplies, and medical devices to a pharmacist within the licensed
20	facility or a prescription drug outlet in order for the medication to be
21	redispensed to another patient or donated to a nonprofit entity that has the
22	legal authority to possess the medication or to a practitioner authorized by
23	law to prescribe the medication.
24	(II) (A) A licensed facility may donate unused medications to a
25	person legally authorized to dispense the medications on behalf of a
26	nonprofit entity that has the express purpose of providing medications,
27	medical devices, or medical supplies for the relief of victims who are in

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1	urgent need as a result of natural or other types of disasters. A LICENSED
2	PHARMACIST SHALL REVIEW the process of donating the unused
3	medications to the nonprofit entity. shall be reviewed by a licensed
4	pharmacist.
5	(B) Nothing in this subparagraph (II): shall be construed to create
6	CREATES or abrogate ABROGATES any liability on behalf of a prescription
7	drug manufacturer for the storage, donation, acceptance, or dispensing of
8	a medication or product; or to create CREATES any civil cause of action
9	against a prescription drug manufacturer in addition to that which is
10	available under applicable law.
11	(b) Medications shall ARE only be available to be dispensed to
12	another person or donated to a nonprofit entity under this section if the
13	medications are:
14	(I) Liquid and the vial is still sealed and properly stored;
15	(II) Individually packaged and the packaging has not been
16	damaged; or
17	(III) In the original, unopened, sealed, and tamper-evident unit
18	dose packaging.
19	(c) The following medications may not be donated:
20	(I) Medications packaged in traditional brown or amber pill
21	bottles;
22	(II) Controlled substances;
23	(III) Medications that require refrigeration, freezing, or special
24	storage;
25	(IV) Medications that require special registration with the
26	manufacturer; or
27	(V) Medications that are adulterated or misbranded, as determined

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by a person legally authorized to dispense the medications on behalf of
 the nonprofit entity.

- (3) Medication dispensed or donated pursuant to this section shall MUST bear an expiration date that is later than six months after the date the drug was donated.
 - (4) The board shall adopt rules that allow a pharmacist to redispense medication pursuant to this section and section 25.5-5-502, C.R.S., and to donate medication pursuant to this section.
 - (5) **[Formerly 12-22-134]** Nothing in THIS section 12-22-133 or SECTION 25.5-5-502, C.R.S., shall be construed to create CREATES or abrogate ABROGATES any liability on behalf of a prescription drug manufacturer for the storage, donation, acceptance, or dispensing of an unused donated medication or to create CREATES any civil cause of action against a prescription drug manufacturer in addition to that which is available under applicable law.

12-42.5-134. Confidential agreement to limit practice - violation - grounds for discipline. (1) If a pharmacist or intern has a physical or mental illness or condition that renders the person unable to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety to clients, the pharmacist or intern shall notify the board of the illness or condition in a manner and within a period determined by the board. The board may require the pharmacist or intern to submit to an examination or refer the pharmacist or intern to the pharmacy peer health assistance diversion program established in part 2 of this article to evaluate the extent of the illness or condition and its impact on the pharmacist's or intern's ability to practice pharmacy with

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1	REASONABLE SKILL AND SAFETY TO CLIENTS.
2	(2) (a) Upon determining that a pharmacist or intern with
3	A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL ILLNESS OR CONDITION IS ABLE TO RENDER
4	LIMITED SERVICES WITH REASONABLE SKILL AND SAFETY TO CLIENTS, THE
5	BOARD MAY ENTER INTO A CONFIDENTIAL AGREEMENT WITH THE
6	PHARMACIST OR INTERN IN WHICH THE PHARMACIST OR INTERN AGREES TO
7	LIMIT HIS OR HER PRACTICE BASED ON THE RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED BY THE
8	ILLNESS OR CONDITION, AS DETERMINED BY THE BOARD.
9	(b) AS PART OF THE AGREEMENT, THE PHARMACIST OR INTERN IS
10	SUBJECT TO PERIODIC REEVALUATIONS OR MONITORING AS DETERMINED
11	APPROPRIATE BY THE BOARD. THE BOARD MAY REFER THE PHARMACIST OR
12	INTERN TO THE PHARMACY PEER HEALTH ASSISTANCE DIVERSION
13	PROGRAM FOR REEVALUATION OR MONITORING.
14	(c) THE PARTIES MAY MODIFY OR DISSOLVE THE AGREEMENT AS
15	NECESSARY BASED ON THE RESULTS OF A REEVALUATION OR OF
16	MONITORING.
17	(3) BY ENTERING INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH THE BOARD
18	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO LIMIT HIS OR HER PRACTICE, A PHARMACIST
19	OR INTERN IS NOT ENGAGING IN ACTIVITIES PROHIBITED PURSUANT TO
20	SECTION 12-42.5-123. THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A
21	RESTRICTION OR DISCIPLINE BY THE BOARD. HOWEVER, IF THE
22	PHARMACIST OR INTERN FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF AN
23	AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE FAILURE
24	CONSTITUTES A PROHIBITED ACTIVITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-42.5-123
25	(1) (r), AND THE PHARMACIST OR INTERN IS SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE IN
26	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-42.5-124.

(4) This section does not apply to a pharmacist or intern

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1	SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE FOR PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES AS DESCRIBED IN
2	SECTION 12-42.5-123 (1) (e).
3	PART 2
4	PHARMACY PEER HEALTH ASSISTANCE
5	DIVERSION PROGRAM
6	12-42.5-201. [Formerly 12-22-601] Legislative declaration.
7	(1) The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that the
8	creation of a pharmacy peer health assistance diversion program for those
9	persons subject to the jurisdiction of the state board of pharmacy will
10	serve to safeguard the life, health, property, and public welfare of the
11	people of this state. Such A pharmacy peer health assistance diversion
12	program will help practitioners experiencing impaired practice due to
13	psychiatric, psychological, or emotional problems or excessive alcohol or
14	drug use or addiction. The general assembly further declares that such A
15	pharmacy peer health assistance diversion program will protect the
16	privacy and welfare of those persons who provide services and at the
17	same time assist the board in carrying out its duties and responsibilities
18	to ensure that only qualified persons are allowed to engage in providing
19	those services which THAT are under the jurisdiction of the board.
20	(2) It is the intent of the general assembly that the pharmacy peer
21	health assistance diversion program and its related procedures shall be
22	utilized by the state board of pharmacy in conjunction with, or as an
23	alternative to, the use of disciplinary proceedings by the board, which
24	proceedings are by their nature time-consuming and costly to the people
25	of this state. The pharmacy peer health assistance diversion program is
26	hereby established to alleviate the need for such disciplinary proceedings,
27	while at the same time providing safeguards that protect the public health.

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1	safety, and weffare. The general assembly further declares that it is its
2	intent INTENDS that the state board of pharmacy will act to implement the
3	provisions of this article.
4	(3) The general assembly further finds, determines, and declares
5	that effective July 1, 1994, the pharmacy peer health assistance fund shall
6	be terminated, the balance of moneys in the fund shall be transferred prior
7	to June 30, 1994, to an administering entity selected by the board, which
8	entity shall administer the programs of board selected designated
9	providers, and that the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993, shall be used
10	by the department of regulatory agencies as a transition year to plan for
11	the transfer of responsibilities for such programs.
12	12-42.5-202. [Formerly 12-22-602] Definitions. As used in this
13	part 6 2, unless the context otherwise requires:
14	(1) "Board" shall have the same meaning as set forth in section
15	12-22-102 (4).
16	(1.5) "Committee" means the rehabilitation evaluation committee
17	which is appointed by the board to carry out specified duties pursuant to
18	section 12-22-606.
19	(2)(1) "Impaired practice" means a licensee's inability to meet the
20	requirements of the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the
21	board governing his or her practice when the licensee's cognitive,
22	interpersonal, or psychomotor skills are affected by psychiatric,
23	psychological, or emotional problems or excessive alcohol or drug use or
24	addiction.
25	(3) (2) "Licensee" means any pharmacist or intern who is licensed
26	by the board.
27	(4) (3) "Peer health assistance organization" means an

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1 organization which THAT provides a formal, structured program that 2 meets the requirements specified in this part 6. Such program 2 AND is 3 administered by appropriate professionals for the purpose of assisting 4 licensees experiencing impaired practice to obtain evaluation, treatment, 5 short-term counseling, monitoring of progress, and ongoing support for 6 the purpose of arresting and treating the licensee's psychiatric, 7 psychological, or emotional problems or excessive alcohol or drug use or 8 addiction. 9 12-42.5-203. [Formerly 12-22-603] Pharmacy peer health 10 **assistance fund.** (1) (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 11 pharmacy peer health assistance fund. The fund shall consist CONSISTS of 12 moneys collected by the board and required to be credited to the fund 13 pursuant to subsection (3) (2) of this section. Any interest earned on the 14 investment of moneys in the fund shall MUST be credited at least annually 15 to said THE fund. 16 (b) Prior to June 30, 1994, the board shall transfer the balance in 17 the fund, if any, to the administering entity chosen by the board pursuant 18 to paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (3) of this section. 19 (2) Repealed. 20 (3) (a) Repealed. 21 (b) (2) (a) Effective July 1, 2003, As a condition of licensure and 22 licensure renewal in this state, every applicant shall pay to the 23 administering entity that has been selected by the board pursuant to the 24 provisions of paragraphs (d) and (e) (c) AND (d) of this subsection (3) (2) 25 an amount set by the board not to exceed fifty-six dollars biennially, 26 which amount shall be used to support designated providers that have been selected by the board to provide assistance to pharmacists AND 27

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1	INTERNS needing help in dealing with physical, emotional, psychiatric,
2	psychological, drug abuse, or alcohol abuse problems that may be
3	detrimental to their ability to practice.
4	(e) (b) The board shall select one or more peer health assistance
5	organizations as designated providers. To be eligible for designation by
6	the board a peer health assistance DIVERSION program shall:
7	(I) Provide for the education of pharmacists AND INTERNS with
8	respect to the recognition and prevention of physical, emotional, and
9	psychological problems and provide for intervention when necessary or
10	under circumstances which THAT may be established by rules
11	promulgated by the board;
12	(II) Offer assistance to a pharmacist OR INTERN in identifying
13	physical, emotional, or psychological problems;
14	(III) Evaluate the extent of physical, emotional, or psychological
15	problems and refer the pharmacist OR INTERN for appropriate treatment;
16	(IV) Monitor the status of a pharmacist OR INTERN who has been
17	referred for treatment;
18	(V) Provide counseling and support for the pharmacist OR INTERN
19	and for the family of any pharmacist OR INTERN referred for treatment;
20	(VI) Agree to receive referrals from the board;
21	(VII) Agree to make their services available to all licensed
22	Colorado pharmacists AND INTERNS.
23	(d) (c) The administering entity shall MUST be a qualified,
24	nonprofit, private foundation that is qualified under section 501 (c) (3) of
25	the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", as amended, and $\frac{1}{2}$ MUST
26	be dedicated to providing support for charitable, benevolent, educational,
27	and scientific purposes that are related to pharmaceutical education,

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1	pnarmaceutical research and science, and other pnarmaceutical charitable
2	purposes.
3	(e) (d) The responsibilities of the administering entity shall be
4	ARE:
5	(I) To collect the required annual payments, directly or through
6	the board;
7	(II) To verify to the board, in a manner acceptable to the board,
8	the names of all pharmacist AND INTERN applicants who have paid the fee
9	set by the board;
10	(III) To distribute the moneys collected, less expenses, to the
11	designated provider, as directed by the board; and to members of the
12	rehabilitation evaluation committee, pursuant to section 12-22-606 (3);
13	(IV) To provide an annual accounting to the board of all amounts
14	collected, expenses incurred, and amounts disbursed; and
15	(V) To post a surety performance bond in an amount specified by
16	the board to secure performance under the requirements of this section.
17	The administering entity may recover the actual administrative costs
18	incurred in performing its duties under this section in an amount not to
19	exceed ten percent of the total amount collected.
20	(f) (e) The board, at its discretion, may collect the required annual
21	payments payable to the administering entity for the benefit of the
22	administering entity and shall transfer all such payments to the
23	administering entity. All required annual payments collected or due to the
24	board for each fiscal year shall be deemed ARE custodial funds that are
25	not subject to appropriation by the general assembly, and such THE funds
26	shall DO not constitute state fiscal year spending for purposes of section
27	20 of article X of the state constitution.

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1	12-42.5-204. [Formerly 12-22-605] Eligibility - participants.
2	(1) Any licensee who is experiencing impaired practice may apply to the
3	board for participation in a qualified peer health assistance DIVERSION
4	program.
5	(2) In order to be eligible for participation, a licensee shall:
6	(a) Acknowledge the existence OR THE POTENTIAL EXISTENCE of
7	a psychiatric, psychological, or emotional problem or excessive alcohol
8	or drug use or addiction;
9	(b) After a full explanation of the operation of and the
10	requirements of the peer health assistance DIVERSION program, agree to
11	voluntarily participate in such THE program and agree in writing to
12	participate in the program of the peer health assistance organization
13	designated by the board.
14	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the board may
15	summarily suspend the license of any licensee who is referred to a peer
16	health assistance DIVERSION program by the board and who fails to attend
17	or to complete such the program. If the board summarily suspends
18	THE LICENSE, the board shall thereupon schedule a hearing on such THE
19	suspension, which shall be conducted in accordance with section
20	24-4-105, C.R.S.
21	12-42.5-205. [Formerly 12-22-607] Liability. Nothing in this
22	section shall be construed to create PART 2 CREATES any liability of the
23	board, members of the board, a committee, the members of a committee,
24	or the state of Colorado for the actions of the board in making awards to
25	pharmacy peer health assistance organizations or in designating licensees
26	to participate in the programs of such PHARMACY PEER HEALTH
27	ASSISTANCE organizations. No civil action may be brought or maintained

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1	against the board, its members, a committee, the members of a committee,
2	or the state for an injury alleged to have been the result of an act or
3	omission of a licensee participating in or referred to a state-funded
4	program provided by a pharmacy peer health assistance organization.
5	However, the state shall remain REMAINS liable under the provisions of
6	the "Colorado Governmental Immunity Act", article 10 of title 24, C.R.S.,
7	if an injury alleged to have been the result of an act or omission of a
8	licensee participating in or referred to a state-funded peer health
9	assistance diversion program occurred while such THE licensee was
10	performing duties as an employee of the state.
11	12-42.5-206. [Formerly 12-22-608] Immunity. Any member of
12	the board or any member of a rehabilitation evaluation committee acting
13	pursuant to the provisions of this part 6 shall be 2 is immune from suit in
14	any civil action if such THE member acted in good faith within the scope
15	of the function of such THE board, or committee, made a reasonable effort
16	to obtain the facts of the matter as to which the member acted, and acted
17	in the reasonable belief that the action taken by the member was
18	warranted by the facts.
19	PART 3
20	WHOLESALERS
21	12-42.5-301. [Formerly 12-22-801 (1) and (2)] Definitions.
22	(1) As used in this section PART 3, unless the context otherwise requires:
23	(a) (1) "Authentication" means the process of affirmatively
24	verifying that each transaction listed on a pedigree has occurred before
25	any wholesale distribution of a prescription drug occurs.
26	(b) "Authorized distributor of record" means a wholesaler with
27	whom a manufacturer has established an ongoing relationship to

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1	distribute the manufacturer's prescription drug. An ongoing relationship
2	is deemed to exist between a wholesaler and a manufacturer when the
3	wholesaler, including any affiliated group of the wholesaler as defined in
4	section 1504 of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", complies
5	with the following:
6	(I) The wholesaler has a written agreement currently in effect with
7	the manufacturer evidencing such ongoing relationship; and
8	(II) The wholesaler is listed on the manufacturer's current list of
9	authorized distributors of record, which list is updated by the
10	manufacturer on no less than a monthly basis.
11	(c) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
12	(c.5) (2) "Board-registered outlet" means a prescription drug
13	outlet, an entity licensed pursuant to section 12-22-304, an other outlet,
14	a nonresident prescription drug outlet, a wholesaler, or a manufacturer.
15	
16	(d) "Chain pharmacy warehouse" means a physical location for
17	prescription drugs that acts as a central warehouse and performs
18	intracompany sales or transfers of such drugs to a group of chain
19	pharmacies or other chain pharmacy warehouses that are under common
20	ownership or control. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 8,
21	a chain pharmacy warehouse receiving distributions on behalf of, or
22	making distributions to, an intracompany pharmacy is not required to be
23	an authorized distributor of record to be considered part of the normal
24	distribution channel.
25	(e) (3) "Designated representative" means a person authorized by
26	a licensed wholesaler to act as a representative for the wholesaler.
27	(f) (4) "Drop shipment" means the sale by a manufacturer of the

-89manufacturer's prescription drug, that manufacturer's third-party logistics provider, or that manufacturer's exclusive distributor to a wholesaler whereby the wholesaler takes title to, but not possession of, such THE prescription drug and the wholesaler invoices the board-registered outlet or practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the prescription drug and the board-registered outlet or the practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the prescription drug and the board-registered outlet or the practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the prescription drug receives delivery of the prescription drug directly from the manufacturer of such drug, that manufacturer's third-party logistics provider, or that manufacturer's exclusive distributor.

- (g) (5) "Facility" means a facility of a wholesaler where prescription drugs are stored, handled, repackaged, or offered for sale.
- (h) "Manufacturer's exclusive distributor" means anyone who contracts with a manufacturer to provide or coordinate warehousing, distribution, or other services on behalf of a manufacturer and who takes title to the manufacturer's prescription drug but who does not have general responsibility to direct the sale or disposition of the manufacturer's prescription drug. Such manufacturer's exclusive distributor shall be licensed as a wholesaler under this part 8 and, to be considered part of the normal distribution channel, shall also be an authorized distributor of record.
- (i) (6) "Normal distribution channel" means a chain of custody for a prescription drug that goes directly or by drop shipment from a manufacturer of the prescription drug to:
- (1) (a) (I) A wholesaler to a pharmacy to a patient or other designated persons authorized by law to dispense or administer such A PRESCRIPTION drug to a patient;
 - (II) A wholesaler to a chain pharmacy warehouse to their

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1	intracompany pharmacies to a patient;
2	(III) A chain pharmacy warehouse to their ITS intracompany
3	pharmacies to a patient; or
4	(IV) A pharmacy to a patient; or
5	(II) (b) A manufacturer's colicensed partner, third-party logistics
6	provider, or exclusive distributor to a wholesaler to a pharmacy to a
7	patient or other designated persons authorized by law to dispense or
8	administer such drug to a patient; or
9	(HH) (c) A manufacturer's colicensed partner, or that
10	manufacturer's third-party logistics provider, or exclusive distributor to
11	a wholesaler to a chain pharmacy warehouse to that chain pharmacy
12	warehouse's intracompany pharmacy to a patient or other designated
13	persons authorized by law to dispense or administer such drug to a
14	patient; or
15	(IV) A specialty wholesaler to a pharmacy, physician, or hospital;
16	or
17	(V) (d) A wholesaler to a pharmacy buying cooperative warehouse
18	to a pharmacy that is a member or member owner of such THE
19	cooperative to a patient or other designated person authorized by law to
20	dispense or administer the prescription drug to a patient.
21	(j) (7) "Pedigree" means a document or electronic file containing
22	information that records each distribution of any given prescription drug
23	that leaves the normal distribution channel.
24	(k) "Pharmacy buying cooperative warehouse" means a permanent
25	physical location that acts as a central warehouse for prescription drugs
26	and from which sales of such drugs are made to an exclusive group of
27	pharmacies that are members or member owners of the buying

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cooperative operating the warehouse that shall be licensed as a wholesaler.

- (l) "Prescription drug" means any drug, including any biological product, except for blood and blood components, including factor, intended for transfusion or biological products that are also medical devices, required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only by a prescription, including finished dosage forms and bulk drug substances subject to section 503(b) of the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act".
- (m) "Repackage" means repackaging or otherwise changing the container, wrapper, or labeling to further the distribution of a prescription drug, excluding that completed by the pharmacist responsible for dispensing product to the patient.
- (n) "Repackager" means a person who repackages prescription drugs.
- (o) "Specialty wholesaler" means a person who exclusively distributes a prescription drug to a specific group of specialty pharmacies or licensed practitioners and who has certified to the board that the distribution of such products will only occur in the limited situations described in this paragraph (o). Such specialty wholesale distributors shall be separately licensed and designated as specialty wholesale distributors by the board.
- (p) (8) "Third-party logistics provider" means anyone who contracts with a manufacturer to provide or coordinate warehousing, distribution, or other services on behalf of a manufacturer but does not take title to a prescription drug or have general responsibility to direct the prescription drug's sale or disposition. A third-party logistics provider shall be licensed as a wholesale distributor under this part 8.

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(q) "Wholesaler" means any person engaged in the wholesale
distribution of prescription drugs, including, but not limited to,
repackagers; own-label distributors; private-label distributors; jobbers;
brokers; warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors'
$warehouses; manufacturers' exclusive \ distributors; authorized \ distributors$
of record; drug wholesalers or distributors; independent wholesale drug
traders; specialty wholesale distributors; pharmacy buying cooperative
warehouses; retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale distribution; and
chain pharmacy warehouses that conduct wholesale distribution.

- (2) For the purposes of this part 8, "wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to persons or entities other than a consumer or patient. "Wholesale distribution" does not include:
- (a) Intracompany sales or transfers of prescription drugs, including a transaction or transfer between a division, subsidiary, parent, or affiliated or related company under common ownership or control of an entity;
- (b) The sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug or offer to sell, purchase, distribute, trade, or transfer a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons or during a state or national declaration of emergency;
- (c) The sale or transfer of a drug for medical reasons by a retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary shortage pursuant to Colorado law;
- (d) The distribution of prescription drug samples by a manufacturer's representative;
 - (e) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care entity,

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1	or charitable institution in accordance with 21 CFR 203.23;
2	(f) The sale of minimal quantities of prescription drugs by retain
3	pharmacies to licensed practitioners for office use;
4	(g) A retail pharmacy's delivery of prescription drugs to a patien
5	or patient's agent pursuant to the lawful order of a licensed practitioner
6	(h) The sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation of all or part of the
7	business of a pharmacy or pharmacies from or with another pharmacy or
8	pharmacies, whether accomplished as a purchase and sale of stock of
9	business assets;
10	(i) The direct sale, purchase, distribution, trade, or transfer of a
11	prescription drug from a manufacturer to an authorized distributor of
12	record to one additional authorized distributor of record but only if ar
13	authorized distributor of record that purchases a prescription drug from
14	an authorized distributor of record that purchased the prescription drug
15	directly from the manufacturer:
16	(I) Provides the supplying authorized distributor of record with a
17	verifiable statement that the product is unavailable from the
18	manufacturer; and
19	(II) Receives a verifiable statement from the supplying authorized
20	distributor of record that the product was purchased directly from the
21	manufacturer;
22	(j) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1246, § 1, effective
23	August 3, 2007.)
24	(k) The delivery of, or offer to deliver, a prescription drug by a
25	common carrier solely in the common carrier's usual course of business
26	of transporting prescription drugs where the common carrier does no
27	store, warehouse, or take legal ownership of the prescription drug;

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1	(1) The sale or transfer from a retail pharmacy or chain pharmacy
2	warehouse of expired, damaged, returned, or recalled prescription drugs
3	to the original manufacturer or to a third-party returns processor;
4	(m) The sale or transfer of compounded drugs compounded by a
5	retail pharmacy as defined in section 12-22-102 (6) and as authorized by
6	section 12-22-121 (6) (b);
7	(n) The transfer of prescription drugs within Colorado purchased
8	with public funds by the department of public health and environment,
9	created in section 25-1-102, C.R.S., or a district or county public health
10	agency, created pursuant to section 25-1-506, C.R.S., and procured by a
11	physician licensed in Colorado who is either the executive director or the
12	chief medical officer appointed pursuant to section 25-1-105, C.R.S., or
13	a public health director or medical officer of a county or district public
14	health agency selected pursuant to section 25-1-508 (5) (c) (I), C.R.S. The
15	transfers may only be made to the department of public health and
16	environment pursuant to the Colorado medical license of the executive
17	director or chief medical officer, a district or county public health agency
18	pursuant to the Colorado medical license of the public health director or
19	medical officer, or a physician licensed in Colorado.
20	12-42.5-302. [Formerly 12-22-801 (3)] Exemptions.
21	(3) (1) (a) The board shall have the authority to MAY exempt a pharmacy
22	benefits entity from the requirements of sections 12-22-802 and
23	12-22-803 12-42.5-303 AND 12-42.5-304 if such THE entity's purchases
24	are solely from a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor in the normal
25	distribution channel, and any subsequent sales or further distributions are
26	to entities other than a wholesaler within the normal distribution channel.
27	(b) For the purposes of this subsection (3) SECTION, "pharmacy

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benefits entity" means an entity that is not engaged in the activities described in paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of this section OF A CHAIN PHARMACY WAREHOUSE but that assists in the administration of pharmacy benefits under contracts with insurers or to a company under common ownership with that entity.

- (b) (2) The board shall have the authority to MAY exempt a wholesaler from any of the requirements REQUIREMENT of this part 8 3 if the wholesaler exclusively distributes animal health medicines. THE BOARD MAY EXEMPT A WHOLESALER THAT DISTRIBUTES ANIMAL HEALTH MEDICINES FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 12-42.5-306.
- $\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{(3)}}$ The board shall exempt from the requirements of sections $\frac{12-22-802}{\text{and}}$ $\frac{12-42-803}{12-42.5-303}$ AND $\frac{12-42.5-304}{12-42.5-304}$:
- (a) A licensed wholesaler operated by a nonprofit organization exempt from taxation under section 501 (c) (3) of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", as amended, that engages only in intracompany sales or transfers of prescription drugs to licensed other outlets or pharmacies that are controlled by, or under common ownership or control with, the wholesaler and that purchase drugs directly from the manufacturer or the manufacturer's authorized distributor of record for distribution or transfer to the wholesaler's licensed other outlets, pharmacies, or other areas authorized by state law; The board shall exempt
- (b) A licensed wholesaler operated by a hospital, a state agency, or a political subdivision from the requirements of sections 12-22-802 and 12-22-803 if such THE entity purchases drugs directly from a manufacturer or a manufacturer's authorized distributor of record and if any further distribution is to authorized licensed entities within its own

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network.

12-42.5-303. [Formerly 12-22-802] Wholesaler license
requirements. (1) (a) A wholesaler that resides in this state shall MUST
be licensed by the board. A wholesaler that does not reside in this state
shall MUST be licensed in this state prior to engaging in the wholesale
distribution of prescription drugs in this state. The board shall exempt a
manufacturer and that manufacturer's third-party logistics providers to the
extent involving that manufacturer's drugs under contract from any
licensing qualifications and other requirements, including the
requirements in subparagraphs (VI) and (VII) of paragraph (a) of
subsection (3) of this section, subsections (4) to (6) of this section, and
section 12-22-803 12-42.5-304, to the extent the requirements are not
required by federal law or regulation, unless the particular requirements
are deemed necessary and appropriate following rule-making by the
board.

- (b) A MANUFACTURER'S EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTOR AND PHARMACY BUYING COOPERATIVE WAREHOUSE MUST BE LICENSED BY THE BOARD AS A WHOLESALER PURSUANT TO THIS PART 3. A THIRD-PARTY LOGISTICS PROVIDER MUST BE LICENSED BY THE BOARD AS A WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR PURSUANT TO THIS PART 3.
- (2) (a) The board may adopt rules to approve an accreditation body to evaluate a wholesaler's operations to determine compliance with professional standards and any other applicable laws and to perform inspections of each facility and location where THE WHOLESALER CONDUCTS wholesale distribution operations. are conducted by the wholesaler.
- (b) An applicant for a license shall pay any reasonable fee

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1	required by the accreditation body or the board and comply with any rules
2	promulgated by the board.
3	(c) The board shall not issue or renew a license to a wholesaler
4	who does not comply with this part $\frac{8}{3}$.
5	(3) (a) An applicant for a wholesaler license shall provide to the
6	board the following information, and any other information deemed
7	appropriate by the board on a form provided by the board:
8	(I) The name, full business address, and telephone number of the
9	applicant;
10	(II) The trade and business names used by the applicant;
11	(III) The addresses, telephone numbers, and the names of the
12	contact persons for all facilities used by the applicant for the storage,
13	handling, and distribution of prescription drugs;
14	(IV) The type of ownership or operation of the applicant;
15	(V) The names of the owner and the operator of the applicant,
16	including:
17	(A) The name of each partner if the applicant is a partnership;
18	(B) The name and title of each officer and director, the name of
19	the corporation, and the state of incorporation, if the applicant is a
20	corporation;
21	(C) The name of the limited liability company, if the applicant is
22	a limited liability company, and the name of the parent company, if any,
23	and the state of incorporation OR FORMATION of both; and OR
24	(D) The name of the sole proprietor and the business entity if the
25	applicant is a sole proprietorship;
26	(VI) A list of the licenses and permits issued to the applicant by
27	any other state that authorizes the applicant to purchase or possess

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1	prescription drugs; and
2	(VII) The name of the applicant's designated representative for
3	the facility, the fingerprints of the designated representative, and a
4	personal information statement for the designated representative that
5	includes information as required by the board, including but not limited
6	to the information in subsection (5) of this section.
7	(b) A licensee shall complete and return a form approved by the
8	board at each renewal period. The board may suspend or revoke the
9	license of a wholesaler if the board determines that the wholesaler no
10	longer qualifies for a license.
11	(4) Prior to issuing a wholesaler license to an applicant, the board,
12	state board of pharmacy THE REGULATORY OVERSIGHT BODY FROM
13	ANOTHER STATE, or board-approved accreditation body may conduct a
14	physical inspection of the facility at the business address provided by the
15	applicant. Nothing in this subsection (4) shall preclude the board from
16	inspecting a wholesaler.
17	(5) The designated representative of an applicant for a wholesaler
18	license shall:
19	(a) Be at least twenty-one years of age;
20	(b) Have at least three years of full-time employment history with
21	a pharmacy or a wholesaler in a capacity related to the dispensing and
22	distribution of and the record-keeping related to prescription drugs;
23	(c) Be employed by the applicant in a full-time managerial
24	position;
25	(d) Be actively involved in and aware of the actual daily operation
26	of the wholesaler;

(e) Be physically present at the facility of the applicant during

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regular business hours, except when the absence of the designated representative is authorized, including, but not limited to, sick leave and vacation leave;

- (f) Serve in the capacity of a designated representative for only one applicant or wholesaler at a time, except where more than one licensed wholesaler is co-located in the same facility and the wholesalers are members of an affiliated group as defined by section 1504 of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986";
- (g) Not have any convictions under federal, state, or local law relating to wholesale or retail prescription drug distribution or a controlled substance, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
- (h) Not have any felony convictions pursuant to federal, state, or local law; and
- (i) Update all of the information required in this part 8 3 whenever changes occur.
- (6) A wholesaler shall obtain a license for each facility it uses for the distribution of prescription drugs.

12-42.5-304. [Formerly 12-22-803] Criminal history record check. Prior to submission of an application, each designated representative shall have his or her fingerprints taken by a local law enforcement agency for the purpose of obtaining a fingerprint-based criminal history record check. The designated representative is required to SHALL submit payment by certified check or money order for the fingerprints and for the actual costs of said THE record check at the time the fingerprints are submitted to the Colorado bureau of investigation. Upon receipt of fingerprints and receipt of the payment for costs, the Colorado bureau of investigation shall conduct a state and national

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fingerprint-based criminal history record check utilizing records of the Colorado bureau of investigation and the federal bureau of investigation.

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12-42.5-305. [Formerly 12-22-804] Restrictions **transactions.** (1) A wholesaler shall receive ACCEPT prescription drug returns or exchanges from a pharmacy or a chain pharmacy warehouse pursuant to the terms and conditions of the agreement between the wholesale distributor and the pharmacy or chain pharmacy warehouse. The RECEIVING WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR SHALL DISTRIBUTE returns or exchanges of expired, damaged, recalled, or otherwise unsaleable pharmaceutical product shall be distributed by the receiving wholesale distributor only to either the original manufacturer or to a third-party returns processor. The returns or exchanges of prescription drugs, saleable or unsaleable, including any redistribution by a receiving wholesaler, shall ARE not be subject to the pedigree requirements of section 12-22-805 12-42.5-306, so long as the drugs are exempt from the pedigree requirement of the federal food and drug administration's currently applicable "Prescription Drug Marketing Act of 1987" guidance. The pharmacies, chain pharmacy warehouses, and cooperative pharmacy BUYING COOPERATIVE warehouses shall be ARE responsible for ensuring that the prescription drugs returned are what they purport to be and shall ensure that those returned prescription drugs were stored under proper conditions since their receipt. Wholesalers shall be held accountable ARE RESPONSIBLE for policing their returns process and helping to ensure that their operations are secure and do not permit the entry of adulterated or counterfeit product. A pharmacist shall not knowingly return a medication that is not what it purports to be.

(2) A manufacturer or wholesaler shall furnish prescription drugs

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only to a board-registered outlet or practitioner authorized by law to prescribe the drugs. Before furnishing prescription drugs to a person or entity not known to the manufacturer or wholesaler, the manufacturer or wholesaler shall affirmatively verify that the person or entity is legally authorized to receive the prescription drugs by contacting the board.

(3) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1249, § 4, effective August 3, 2007.)

(4) (3) A MANUFACTURER OR WHOLESALER MAY FURNISH prescription drugs may be furnished to a hospital pharmacy receiving area if a pharmacist or authorized receiving agent signs, at the time of delivery, a receipt showing the type and quantity of the prescription drug received. THE PHARMACIST OR AUTHORIZED RECEIVING AGENT SHALL REPORT any discrepancy between the receipt and the type and quantity of the prescription drug actually received shall be reported to the delivering

the pharmacy receiving area.

(5) (4) A manufacturer or wholesaler shall not accept payment for, or allow the use of, a person's or entity's credit to establish an account for the purchase of prescription drugs from any person other than the owner of record, the chief executive officer, or the chief financial officer listed on the license of a person or entity legally authorized to receive prescription drugs. An account established for the purchase of prescription drugs must bear the name of the licensee. This subsection (5) shall (4) DOES not apply to standard ordering and purchasing business practices between a chain pharmacy warehouse, a wholesaler, and a manufacturer.

manufacturer or wholesaler by the next business day after the delivery to

12-42.5-306. [Formerly 12-22-805] Records - study -

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authentication - pedigree. (1) A wholesaler shall establish and maintain inventories and records of all transactions regarding the receipt and distribution or other disposition of prescription drugs. The records shall MUST include the pedigree for each wholesale distribution of a prescription drug that occurs outside the normal distribution channel.

- (2) On or before June 1, 2007, the board shall determine and establish an implementation date for the use of electronic pedigrees. The implementation date shall be on or after December 31, 2007. In making its determination, the board shall consult with manufacturers, wholesalers, and pharmacies responsible for the sale and distribution of prescription drugs in this state.
- (3) (2) A wholesaler in the possession of a pedigree for a prescription drug shall verify that each transaction on the pedigree has occurred prior to distributing the prescription drug.
- (4) (3) A pedigree shall include all necessary identifying information concerning each sale in the chain of distribution of the product from the manufacturer or the first authorized distributor of record through the acquisition and sale by a wholesaler until final sale to a pharmacy or other person dispensing or administering the prescription drug. The pedigree shall include, at a minimum:
- (a) The name, address, telephone number, and, if available, the electronic mail address of each owner of the prescription drug and each wholesaler of the drug;
- (b) The name and address of each location from which the prescription drug was shipped, if different from that of the owner;
- (c) The transaction dates;
 - (d) Certification that each recipient has authenticated the

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1	pedigree;
2	(e) The name of the prescription drug;
3	(f) The dosage form and strength of the prescription drug;
4	(g) The size and number of containers;
5	(h) The lot number of the prescription drug; and
6	(i) The name of the manufacturer of the finished dosage form.
7	(5)(4) A purchaser or wholesaler shall maintain each pedigree for
8	three years after the date of the sale or transfer of the prescription drug
9	and shall make the pedigree available for inspection or use within five
10	business days upon the request of an authorized law enforcement officer
11	or an authorized agent of the board.
12	(6) (5) This section shall DOES not apply to a retail pharmacy or
13	chain pharmacy warehouse if the retail pharmacy or chain pharmacy
14	warehouse does not engage in the wholesale distribution of prescription
15	drugs.
16	(7) (6) The board shall adopt rules as necessary for the
17	implementation of this part $\frac{8}{3}$.
18	12-42.5-307. [Formerly 12-22-806] Penalty. (1) A person who
19	engages in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs in violation
20	of this part 8 shall be 3 IS subject to a penalty of up to fifty thousand
21	dollars.
22	(2) A person who knowingly engages in the wholesale
23	distribution of prescription drugs in violation of this part 8 shall be 3 is
24	subject to a penalty of up to five hundred thousand dollars.
25	PART 4
26	ELECTRONIC MONITORING OF
2.7	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

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1	12-42.5-401. [Formerly 12-22-701] Legislative declaration.
2	(1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:
3	(a) Prescription drug abuse occurs in this country to an extent that
4	exceeds or rivals the abuse of illicit drugs;
5	(b) Prescription drug abuse occurs at times due to the deception
6	of the authorized prescribers PRACTITIONERS where patients seek
7	controlled substances for treatment and the prescriber PRACTITIONER is
8	without knowledge UNAWARE of the patient's other medical providers and
9	treatments;
10	(c) Electronic monitoring of prescriptions for controlled
11	substances would provide PROVIDES a mechanism whereby prescribers
12	could PRACTITIONERS CAN discover the extent of each patient's requests
13	for drugs and whether other providers have prescribed similar substances
14	during a similar period of time;
15	(d) Electronic monitoring of prescriptions for controlled
16	substances provides a mechanism for law enforcement officials and
17	regulatory boards to efficiently investigate prescriber PRACTITIONER
18	behavior that is potentially harmful to the public.
19	12-42.5-402. [Formerly 12-22-702] Definitions. As used in this
20	part 7 4, unless the context otherwise requires:
21	(1) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
22	(2) Repealed.
23	(3) (1) "Controlled substance" means any schedule II, III, IV, or
24	V drug as listed in sections 18-18-204, 18-18-205, 18-18-206, and
25	18-18-207, C.R.S.
26	(4) (2) "Division" means the division of registrations in the
27	department of regulatory agencies.

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2	substance for nonmedical purposes or in a manner that does not meet
3	generally accepted standards of medical practice.
4	(6) "Practitioner" shall have the same meaning as in section
5	18-18-102 (29), C.R.S.
6	(7) (4) "Prescription drug outlet" OR "PHARMACY" means any
7	resident or nonresident pharmacy outlet registered or licensed pursuant
8	to this article where prescriptions are compounded and dispensed.
9	(8) (5) "Program" means the electronic prescription drug
10	monitoring program developed or procured by the board in accordance
11	with section 12-22-704 12-42.5-403.
12	12-42.5-403. [Formerly 12-22-704] Prescription drug use
13	monitoring program. (1) The board shall develop or procure a
14	prescription controlled substance electronic program to track
15	INFORMATION REGARDING prescriptions for controlled substances
16	dispensed in Colorado, The program shall track information regarding
17	controlled substance prescriptions that includes, but is not limited to,
18	INCLUDING the following INFORMATION:
19	(a) The date the prescription was dispensed;
20	(b) The name of the patient and the prescriber PRACTITIONER;
21	(c) The name and amount of the controlled substance;
22	(d) The method of payment;
23	(e) The name of the dispensing pharmacy; and
24	(f) Any other data elements necessary to determine whether a
25	patient is visiting multiple prescribers PRACTITIONERS or pharmacies, or
26	both, to receive the same or similar medication.
27	(1.5) (2) Each prescriber PRACTITIONER and each dispensing

(5) (3) "Drug abuse" or "abuse" means utilization of a controlled

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1	pharmacy shall disclose to a patient receiving a controlled substance that
2	his or her identifying prescription information will be entered into the
3	program database and may be accessed for limited purposes by specified
4	individuals.
5	(2) (3) The board shall establish a method and format for
6	prescription drug outlets to convey the necessary information to the board
7	or its designee. The method shall MUST not require more than a one-time
8	entry of data per patient per prescription by a prescription drug outlet.
9	(3) (4) The division may contract with any individual or public or
10	private agency or organization in carrying out the data collection and
11	processing duties required by this part 7 4.
12	12-42.5-404. [Formerly 12-22-705] Program operation - access
13	- rules. (1) The board shall operate and maintain the program.
14	(2) The board shall adopt all rules necessary to implement the
15	program.
16	(3) The program is available for query only to the following
17	persons or groups of persons:
18	(a) Board staff responsible for administering the program;
19	(b) Any licensed practitioner with the statutory authority to
20	prescribe controlled substances to the extent the query relates to a current
21	patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or
22	considering prescribing any controlled substance;
23	(c) Practitioners engaged in a legitimate program to monitor a
24	patient's controlled substance DRUG abuse;
25	(d) Licensed Pharmacists, with statutory authority to dispense
26	controlled substances to the extent the information requested relates
27	specifically to a current patient to whom the pharmacist is dispensing or

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considering dispensing a controlled substance or to whom the pharmacist is providing clinical patient care services;

- (e) Law enforcement officials so long as the information released is specific to an individual patient or prescriber PRACTITIONER and is part of a bona fide investigation, and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena;
- (f) The individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription so long as the information released is specific to such THE individual;
- (g) State regulatory boards within the division and the director of the division so long as the information released is specific to an individual prescriber PRACTITIONER and is part of a bona fide investigation, and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena; and
- (h) A resident physician with an active physician training license issued by the Colorado medical board pursuant to section 12-36-122 and under the supervision of a licensed physician.
- (4) THE BOARD SHALL NOT CHARGE a licensed practitioner or licensed pharmacist PHARMACY who transmits data in compliance with the operation and maintenance of the program shall not be charged a fee for the transmission of such THE data.
- (5) The state board, of pharmacy may, pursuant to a written agreement that ensures compliance with this part 7 4, MAY provide data to qualified personnel of a public or private entity for the purpose of bona fide research or education so long as such information THE DATA does not identify a recipient prescriber OF A PRACTITIONER WHO PRESCRIBED, or dispenser of A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET THAT DISPENSED, a

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(6) The board shall provide a means of sharing information about	
individuals whose information is recorded in the program with	
out-of-state health care practitioners and law enforcement officials that	
meet the requirements of paragraph (b), (c), or (e) of subsection (3) of	
this section.	

monitoring fund - creation - gifts, grants, and donations - fee. (1) The board is authorized to MAY seek and accept funds from any public or private entity for the purposes of implementing and maintaining the program. The BOARD SHALL TRANSMIT any such funds collected shall be transmitted IT RECEIVES to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the prescription drug monitoring fund, which fund is hereby created. The moneys in the fund shall be ARE subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly for the sole purpose of implementing and maintaining the program. The moneys in the fund shall MUST not be transferred to or revert to the general fund at the end of any fiscal year.

- (2) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1039, § 1, effective May 22, 2007.)
- (3) (2) After implementing the program, the board shall seek gifts, grants, and donations on an annual basis for the purpose of maintaining the program. The board shall report annually to the health and human services committees COMMITTEE of the senate and THE HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE OF THE house of representatives, or any successor committees, regarding the gifts, grants, and donations requested, of whom they were requested, and the amounts received.
 - (4) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2007, p. 1039, § 1, effective May

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2	(5) (3) If, based upon the appropriations for the direct and indirect
3	costs of the program, there are insufficient funds to maintain the
4	program, the division may collect an annual fee of no more than
5	seventeen dollars and fifty cents for the fiscal years 2011-2012 and
6	2012-2013, twenty dollars for the fiscal years 2013-2014 and 2014-2015,
7	and twenty-five dollars for each fiscal year thereafter, from an individual
8	who holds a license from the division that authorizes him or her to
9	prescribe a controlled substance, as defined by IN section 18-18-102 (5),
10	C.R.S. The DIVISION SHALL SET THE fee shall be established pursuant to
11	section 24-34-105, C.R.S., and shall be collected COLLECT THE FEE in
12	conjunction with the license renewal fees collected pursuant to section
13	24-34-105, C.R.S. Moneys collected pursuant to this subsection (5) shall
14	be (3) ARE credited to the prescription drug monitoring fund created in
15	subsection (1) of this section.
16	12-42.5-406. [Formerly 12-22-707] Violations - penalties. A
17	person who knowingly releases, obtains, or attempts to obtain
18	information from the program in violation of this part 7 4 shall be
19	punished by a civil fine of not less than one thousand dollars and not
20	more than ten thousand dollars for each violation. Fines paid shall be
21	deposited in the general fund.

12-42.5-407. [Formerly 12-22-708] Prescription drug outlets - prescribers - responsibilities - liability. (1) A prescription drug outlet shall submit information in the manner required by the board.

(2) A prescriber, PRACTITIONER who has, in good faith, written a prescription for a controlled substance to a patient shall not be held IS NOT liable for information submitted to the program. A prescriber

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1	PRACTITIONER or prescription drug outlet who has, in good faith,
2	submitted the required information to the program shall not be held IS
3	NOT liable for participation in the program.
4	12-42.5-408. [Formerly 12-22-709] Exemption - waiver. (1) A
5	hospital licensed or certified pursuant to section 25-1.5-103, C.R.S., a
6	prescription drug outlet located within the hospital that is dispensing a
7	controlled substance for a chart order or dispensing less than or equal to
8	a twenty-four-hour supply of a controlled substance, and emergency
9	medical services personnel certified pursuant to section 25-3.5-203,
10	C.R.S., shall be ARE exempt from the reporting provisions of this part 7
11	4. A hospital prescription drug outlet licensed pursuant to section
12	12-22-116 12-42.5-112 shall comply with the provisions of this part 7 4
13	for controlled substances dispensed for outpatient care that have more
14	than a twenty-four-hour supply.
15	(2) A prescription drug outlet that does not report controlled
16	substance data to the program due to a lack of electronic automation of
17	the outlet's business may apply to the board for a waiver from the
18	reporting requirements.
19	12-42.5-409. [Formerly 12-22-710] Repeal of part. This part 7
20	4 is repealed, effective July 1, 2021. Prior to such ITS repeal, the
21	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL REVIEW THE functions OF
22	THE BOARD AND THE PROGRAM under this part 7 shall be reviewed 4 as
23	provided in section 24-34-104, C.R.S.
24	SECTION 2. Repeal of relocated and nonrelocated provisions
25	in this act. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal article 22 of title 12;
26	except that 12-22-111, 12-22-306.1, and 12-22-606 are not relocated.
27	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, amend

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1	(43) introductory portion, (45) introductory portion, (45) (e), (52)
2	introductory portion, (52) (b), and (52.5) introductory portion; repeal
3	(25.7) (a) and (43) (a); and add (52.5) (b) as follows:
4	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
5	and functions for termination, continuation, or reestablishment.
6	(25.7) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate on July
7	1, 1996:
8	(a) The issuance of licenses relating to the manufacture or
9	distribution of drug precursors through the department of public health
10	and environment in accordance with part 3 of article 22 of title 12,
11	C.R.S.;
12	(43) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate
13	on July 1, 2012:
14	(a) The state board of pharmacy and regulation of the practice of
15	pharmacy by the department of regulatory agencies through the division
16	of registrations;
17	(45) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate on
18	July 1, 2014:
19	(e) The record-keeping and licensing functions of the department
20	of human services relating to addiction programs under which controlled
21	substances are compounded, administered, or dispensed in accordance
22	with part 3 2 of article 22 80 of title 12 27, C.R.S.;
23	(52) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate
24	on July 1, 2021:
25	(b) The electronic prescription drug monitoring program created
26	in part 7 4 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S.
27	(52.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate

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1	on September 1, 2021:
2	(b) THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY AND THE REGULATION OF
3	THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY
4	AGENCIES THROUGH THE DIVISION OF REGISTRATIONS IN ACCORDANCE
5	WITH PARTS 1 TO 3 OF ARTICLE 42.5 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S.
6	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-64-111, amend
7	(1) (v) and (1) (dd); and add (1) (hh) as follows:
8	12-64-111. Discipline of licensees. (1) Upon receipt of a signed
9	complaint by a complainant or upon its own motion, the board may
10	proceed to a hearing in conformity with section 12-64-112. After a
11	hearing, and by a concurrence of a majority of members, the board may
12	deny a license to an applicant or revoke or suspend the license of, place
13	on probation, or otherwise discipline or fine, a licensed veterinarian for
14	any of the following reasons:
15	(v) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of alcohol beverages, a
16	habit-forming drug, or a controlled substance as defined in section
17	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
18	(dd) Engaging in any act prohibited in article 22 42.5 of this title;
19	(hh) FAILURE TO PROVIDE A WRITTEN PRESCRIPTION TO A
20	WHOLESALER WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER ISSUING AN ORAL
21	PRESCRIPTION ORDER, AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 12-42.5-118 (3) (b).
22	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended
23	and relocated provisions part 2 to article 80 of title 27 as follows:
24	PART 2
25	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES
26	27-80-201. [Formerly 12-22-301] Short title. This part 3 2 shall
27	be known and may be cited as the "Colorado Licensing of Controlled

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1	Substances Act.
2	27-80-202. [Formerly 12-22-302] Legislative declaration. The
3	general assembly finds, determines, and declares that strict control of
4	controlled substances within this state is necessary for the immediate and
5	future preservation of the public peace, health, and safety and that the
6	licensing, record-keeping, penalty, and other provisions contained in this
7	part 3 2 are necessary for the achievement of such control.
8	27-80-203. [Formerly 12-22-303] Definitions. As used in this
9	part 3 2, unless the context otherwise requires:
10	(1) "Addict" means a person who has a physical or psychological
11	dependence on a controlled substance, which dependence develops
12	following the use of the controlled substance on a periodic or continuing
13	basis and is demonstrated by appropriate observation and tests by a
14	person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to article 36 of this title 12,
15	C.R.S.
16	(2) "Addiction program" means a program licensed under this part
17	3, 2 for the detoxification, withdrawal, or maintenance treatment of
18	addicts.
19	(3) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether
20	by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to the
21	body of a patient or research subject.
22	(4) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or
23	at the direction of a person licensed or otherwise authorized under this
24	part 3 2. "Agent" does not include a common or contract carrier, a public
25	warehouseman, or an employee of a carrier or warehouseman.
26	(5) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
27	(6) (5) "Bureau" means the drug enforcement administration, or

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1	its successor agency, of the United States department of justice.
2	(6.5) "Cocaine" means coca leaves, except coca leaves and
3	extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of
4	ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine, its salts, optical and
5	geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their
6	salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture, or
7	preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred
8	to in this subsection (6.5).
9	(6) [Formerly 12-22-102 (6)] (a) "Compounding" "COMPOUND"
10	means the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of TO
11	PREPARE, MIX, ASSEMBLE, PACKAGE, OR LABEL a drug or device:
12	(I) As the result of a practitioner's prescription drug order, chart
13	order, or initiative, based on the relationship between the practitioner
14	patient, and pharmacist in the course of professional practice; or
15	(II) For the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or
16	chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing.
17	(b) "Compounding" "COMPOUND" also includes the preparation of
18	drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based or
19	routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns.
20	(7) "Controlled substance" shall have the same meaning as in
21	section 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.
22	(7.5) (a) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the
23	chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical
24	structure of a controlled substance in schedule I or II and:
25	(I) Which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect or
26	the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant
27	depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a

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1	controlled substance included in schedule 1 of 11, of
2	(II) With respect to a particular individual, which that individual
3	represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic
4	effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant,
5	depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a
6	controlled substance included in schedule I or II.
7	(b) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:
8	(I) A controlled substance;
9	(II) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug
10	application;
11	(III) With respect to a particular person, any substance, if an
12	exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that person, under
13	section 505 of the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act", 21 U.S.C.
14	sec. 355, as amended, to the extent that conduct with respect to the
15	substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
16	(IV) Any substance to the extent not intended for human
17	consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to the
18	substance.
19	(8) "Deliver" or "delivery" means actual, constructive, or
20	attempted transfer of a controlled substance whether or not there is an
21	agency relationship.
22	(9) "Department" means the department of human services.
23	(10) (9) "Detoxification treatment" means a program for a short
24	term of not more than three weeks for the administering or dispensing, in
25	decreasing doses, of a controlled substance to an addict while he OR SHE
26	is receiving appropriate supportive medical treatment, with the immediate
27	goal being to render the addict no longer dependent on the intake of any

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1	amount of a controlled substance.
2	(10) [Formerly 12-22-102 (8)] "Device" means an instrument,
3	apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, or similar or
4	related article that is required under federal law to bear the label,
5	"Caution: federal law requires dispensing by or on the order of a
6	physician." "Device" also includes any component part of, or accessory
7	or attachment to, any such article, whether or not the component part,
8	accessory, or attachment is separately so labeled.
9	(11) "Dispense" shall have the same meaning as set forth in
10	section 12-22-102 (9) MEANS TO INTERPRET, EVALUATE, AND IMPLEMENT
11	A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ORDER OR CHART
12	ORDER, INCLUDING THE PREPARATION OF A DRUG OR DEVICE FOR A
13	PATIENT OR PATIENT'S AGENT IN A SUITABLE CONTAINER APPROPRIATELY
14	LABELED FOR SUBSEQUENT ADMINISTRATION TO OR USE BY A PATIENT.
15	(12) "Distribute" means to deliver a controlled substance other
16	than by administering or dispensing.
17	(12.5) "Distributor" has the same meaning as that set forth in
18	section 18-18-102 (12), C.R.S.
19	(13) (a) "Drug" means any of the substances:
20	(I) Recognized as drugs in the official United States
21	pharmacopoeia, national formulary, or the official homeopathic
22	pharmacopoeia of the United States, or a supplement thereof;
23	(II) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,
24	or prevention of disease in individuals or animals;
25	(III) Other than food, intended to affect the structure or any
26	function of the body of individuals or animals; or
27	(IV) Intended for use as a component of any substance specified

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1	in subparagraph (I), (II), or (III) of this paragraph (a).
2	(b) "Drug" does not include devices or their components, parts,
3	or accessories.
4	(13.5) Repealed.
5	(14) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which is a
6	principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and
7	which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used,
8	in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is
9	necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.
10	(15) (14) "Maintenance treatment" means a program of more than
11	six months' duration for the administering or dispensing of a controlled
12	substance, approved for such use by federal law or regulation, to an
13	addict for the purpose of continuing his OR HER dependence upon a
14	controlled substance in the course of conducting an authorized
15	rehabilitation program for addicts, with a long-term goal of decreasing
16	the addict's controlled substance dependency and leading to his OR HER
17	possible withdrawal.
18	(16) "Manufacturer" means a person who is licensed by this part
19	3 and who, by compounding, mixing, cultivating, planting, growing, or
20	other process, produces or prepares a controlled substance, but the term
21	does not include a pharmacist who compounds controlled substances to
22	be dispensed pursuant to a prescription, a practitioner who compounds
23	controlled substances for dispensing in the course of his professional
24	practice, or a researcher acting within the provisions of this part 3.
25	(17) (15) "Marihuana" or "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant
26	cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin
27	extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture,

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1	salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its resin.
2	It does not include fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from
3	the seeds of the plant, or sterilized seed of the plant which THAT is
4	incapable of germination, if these items exist apart from any other item
5	defined as "marihuana" "MARIJUANA" in this subsection (17).
6	"Marihuana" (15). "MARIJUANA" does not include marihuana MARIJUANA
7	concentrate as defined in subsection (18) (16) of this section.
8	(18) (16) "Marijuana concentrate" means hashish,
9	tetrahydrocannabinols, or any alkaloid, salt, derivative, preparation,
10	compound, or mixture, whether natural or synthesized, of
11	tetrahydrocannabinols.
12	(19) "Narcotic controlled substance" means any of the following,
13	whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
14	vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by
15	a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
16	(a) Opium or any opiate or any salt, compound, derivative, or
17	preparation of opium or any opiate;
18	(b) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof
19	which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances
20	referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection (19) but not including the
21	isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
22	(c) Any opium poppy or poppy straw.
23	(20) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming
24	or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of
25	conversion into a drug having an addiction-forming or
26	addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate" does not include, unless
27	specifically designated as controlled under this part 3, the dextrorotatory

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1	isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its salts
2	(dextromethorphan). The term does include its racemic and levorotatory
3	forms.
4	(21) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver
5	somniferum L., except its seeds.
6	(22) (17) "Peace officer" shall have the same meaning as set forth
7	in section 16-2.5-101, C.R.S.
8	(23) (18) "Person" means any individual, government,
9	governmental subdivision, agency, business trust, estate, trust,
10	partnership, corporation, association, institution, or other legal entity.
11	(24) (19) "Peyote" means all parts of the plant presently classified
12	botanically as lophophora williamsii lemaire, whether growing or not, the
13	seeds thereof, any extraction from any part of such plant, and every
14	compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such
15	plant or its seeds or extracts.
16	(25) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed pursuant to part
17	1 of this article to engage in the practice of pharmacy, as defined in
18	section 12-22-102 (26).
19	(26) "Pharmacy" or "prescription drug outlet" shall have the same
20	meaning as set forth in section 12-22-102 (30.2).
21	(27) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium
22	poppy, after mowing.
23	(28) (20) "Practitioner" shall have the same meaning as set forth
24	in section 12-22-102 (27) MEANS A PERSON AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO
25	PRESCRIBE ANY DRUG OR DEVICE, ACTING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF SUCH
26	AUTHORITY.
27	(21) [Formerly 12-22-102 (30)] "Prescription drug" means a drug

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1	that, prior to being dispensed or delivered, is required to be labeled with
2	the following statement: "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing
3	without a prescription.", "Rx only", or "Caution: Federal law restricts this
4	drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian."
5	(29) (22) "Production" or "produces" means the manufacturing,
6	planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
7	(30) "Remuneration" means anything of value, including money,
8	real property, tangible and intangible personal property, contract rights,
9	choses in action, services, and any rights of use or employment or
10	promises or agreements connected therewith.
11	(31) (23) "Researcher" means any person licensed by the
12	department pursuant to this part 3 2 to experiment with, study, or test any
13	controlled substance within this state and includes analytical laboratories.
14	(32) (24) (a) "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means synthetic
15	equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous
16	extractives of, cannabis, sp., or synthetic substances, derivatives, and
17	their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological
18	activity, such as the following:
19	(I) ¹cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
20	(II) ⁶ cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
21	(III) ^{3,4} cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
22	(b) Since the nomenclature of the substances listed in paragraph
23	(a) of this subsection (32) (24) is not internationally standardized,
24	compounds of these structures, regardless of the numerical designation
25	of atomic positions, are included in this definition.
26	(33) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a
27	controlled substance for his own use, for the use of a member of his

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1	household, or for use in administering to an animal owned by him or a
2	member of his household.
3	(34) (Deleted by amendment, L. 92, p. 386, § 5, effective July 1,
4	1992.)
5	(35) (25) "Withdrawal treatment" means a program for an
6	intermediate term, of more than three weeks but less than six months, for
7	the administering or dispensing, in decreasing doses, of a controlled
8	substance, approved for such use by federal law or regulation, to an
9	addict while receiving rehabilitative measures as indicated, with the
10	immediate goal being to render the addict no longer dependent on the
11	intake of any amount of a controlled substance.
12	27-80-204. [Formerly 12-22-304] License required - controlled
13	substances - repeal. (1) (a) In accordance with part 3 of article 18 of
14	title 18, C.R.S., AN ADDICTION PROGRAM THAT COMPOUNDS,
15	ADMINISTERS, OR DISPENSES A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE SHALL
16	ANNUALLY OBTAIN a license issued by the department shall be obtained
17	annually for each place of business or professional practice located in this
18	state. by:
19	(a) Repealed.
20	(b) (I) Every addiction program which compounds, administers,
21	or dispenses a controlled substance.
22	(II) (A) (b) (I) This paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1) is repealed,
23	effective July 1, 2014.
24	(B) (II) Prior to such the repeal, the DEPARTMENT OF
25	REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL REVIEW THE licensing functions of the
26	department shall be reviewed as provided in section 24-34-104, C.R.S.
27	IN CONDUCTING the review. THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES

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shall also consider whether the licensing pursuant to this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1) should be combined with the licensing of any other drug and alcohol addiction treatment programs by the department.

- (2) In accordance with part 3 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., a license issued by the board shall be obtained annually or biannually, if applicable, for:
- (a) Every manufacturer in this state who manufactures or distributes a controlled substance:
- (b) Every distributor who distributes a controlled substance in this state or who is doing business in this state.

(2.5) Repealed.

- (3) (a) A license issued by the board shall be obtained annually by a humane society as provided in this subsection (3). The board shall, as provided in section 24-34-105, C.R.S., collect a fee and issue a license to a humane society as provided in this subsection (3).
- (b) A humane society that is duly registered with the secretary of state and has been in existence and in business for at least five years in this state as a nonprofit corporation, or an animal control agency that is operated by a unit of government, may apply to the board for a license for the purposes of being authorized to purchase, possess, and administer sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia, to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted pets and animals and to purchase, possess, and administer drugs commonly used for the chemical capture of animals for control purposes or to sedate or immobilize pet animals immediately prior to euthanasia. Any society or agency so licensed shall not permit a person to administer scheduled controlled

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substances, sodium pentobarbital, or sodium pentobarbital in combination with other noncontrolled prescription drugs that are medically recognized for euthanasia unless such person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to be used in administering such drug or combination of drugs. The board may issue a limited license to carry out the provisions of this subsection (3). The board shall issue such rules as it deems necessary to ensure strict compliance with the provisions of this subsection (3) and shall, in conjunction with the state board of veterinary medicine, develop criteria for training individuals in the administration of such drug or combination of drugs. The board may suspend or revoke the license upon determination that the person administering such drug or combination of drugs has not demonstrated adequate knowledge required by this subsection (3). Nothing in this subsection (3) shall be construed to apply to a licensed veterinarian.

- (4) (2) Persons licensed as required under this part 3 2, or otherwise licensed as required by federal law, may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, administer, or conduct or do research with controlled substances only to the extent authorized by their licenses and in conformity with the provisions of this part 3 2 and with article 18 of title 18, C.R.S.
- (5) (3) The following persons need not be licensed by the department or by the board to lawfully possess controlled substances under this part 3:
- 24 (a) to (d) (Deleted by amendment, L. 92, p. 387, § 6, effective 25 July 1, 1992.)
 - (e) Employees of facilities AN EMPLOYEE OF A FACILITY, as defined in section 25-1.5-301, C.R.S., who are IS administering and

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1	monitoring medications to persons under the care or jurisdiction of such
2	facilities THE FACILITY pursuant to part 3 of article 1.5 of title 25, C.R.S.,
3	NEED NOT BE LICENSED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO LAWFULLY POSSESS
4	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES UNDER THIS PART 2.
5	(5.5) and (5.6) Repealed.
6	(6) (4) Any A person who is required to be BUT IS NOT YET
7	licensed and who is not so licensed may apply for a license at any time.
8	$\frac{1}{2}$ No A person who is required to be licensed under this part 2 shall not
9	engage in any activity for which a license is required until his THE
10	DEPARTMENT GRANTS THE PERSON'S application is granted and ISSUES a
11	license is issued to him by the department or the board OR HER.
12	(7) (5) No The department shall not issue a license shall be
13	issued under this part 3 2 to a researcher manufacturer, or distributor of
14	marijuana or marijuana concentrate.
15	27-80-205. [Formerly 12-22-305] Issuance of license - fees.
16	(1) The department, or the board as provided in section 12-22-304 (1) or
17	(2) 27-80-204 (1), shall issue the appropriate license to each
18	manufacturer, distributor, researcher and addiction program meeting all
19	the requirements of this part 3 2 unless it determines that the issuance of
20	the license would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining
21	the public interest, the department or the board shall consider the
22	following factors:
23	(a) Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of
24	controlled substances into illegitimate medical, scientific, or industrial
25	channels;
26	(b) Compliance with applicable state and local laws;
27	(c) Any conviction of the applicant under any federal or state law

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1	relating to a controlled substance;
2	(d) Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of
3	controlled substances and the existence in the applicant's establishment
4	of effective controls against diversion;
5	(e) Any false or fraudulent information in an application filed
6	under this part 3 2;
7	(f) Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration
8	to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance as
9	authorized by federal law; and
10	(g) Any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public
11	peace, health, and safety.
12	(1.5) Repealed.
13	(2) Issuance of a license under subsection (1) of this section does
14	not entitle a licensee to wholesale, manufacture, distribute or
15	professionally use controlled substances beyond the scope of his THE
16	LICENSEE'S federal registration.
17	(3) (a) The initial and annual license fees are as follows:
18	(I) Addiction program \$ 75.00
19	(II) Researchers
20	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this
21	subsection (3), the fees collected by the board under this article shall be
22	determined, collected, and appropriated pursuant to section 24-34-105,
23	C.R.S. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL TRANSMIT THE FEES COLLECTED
24	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO THE STATE TREASURER FOR DEPOSIT IN
25	THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PROGRAM FUND CREATED IN SECTION
26	27-80-206.
27	(4) Any person who is licensed may apply for license renewal not

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more than sixty days before the expiration date of his THE license.

(5) Neither The United States, nor the state of Colorado, or any of its political subdivisions shall SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE IS NOT REQUIRED TO pay any license fee required by this part 3.

27-80-206. [Formerly 12-22-306] Controlled substances program fund - disposition of fees. There is hereby created in the state treasury the controlled substances program fund. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL TRANSMIT all moneys collected by the department shall be transmitted IT COLLECTS PURSUANT TO THIS PART 2 to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same MONEYS to the controlled substances program fund. The general assembly shall make annual appropriations from the controlled substances program fund to the department for the purposes authorized by this part 3 2. All moneys credited to the controlled substances program fund and any interest earned on such THE fund shall remain in the fund and shall DO not revert to the general fund or any other fund at the end of any fiscal year.

27-80-207. [Formerly 12-22-307] Qualifications for license.

- (1) An applicant for a license under this part 3 must 2 SHALL have adequate and proper facilities for the handling and storage of controlled substances and SHALL maintain proper control over such THE controlled substances to insure against their being ENSURE THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ARE NOT illegally dispensed or distributed.
- (2) Any person registered as a researcher by the federal government shall be IS presumed to possess the qualifications described in this section so AS long as his OR HER federal registration is valid.
- (3) No THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT GRANT A license shall be granted to any A person who has been convicted within the last two years

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1	of a willful violation of this part 3 2 or any other state or federal law
2	regulating controlled substances.
3	(4) Except for fees, compliance by a registrant with the provisions
4	of the federal law respecting registration entitles the registrant to be
5	licensed under this part 3 2.
6	27-80-208. [Formerly 12-22-308] Denial, revocation, or
7	suspension of license. (1) The department may deny, suspend, or
8	REVOKE a license issued under this part 3 may be denied, suspended, or
9	revoked by the department or by the board PART 2 pursuant to article 4 of
10	title 24, C.R.S., upon a finding that the licensee:
11	(a) Has furnished false or fraudulent information in an application
12	filed under this part 3 2;
13	(b) Has been convicted of, or has had accepted by a court a plea
14	of guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony under any state or federal law
15	relating to a controlled substance;
16	(c) Has had his or her federal registration to manufacture, conduct
17	research on, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance suspended or
18	revoked; or
19	(d) Has violated any provision of this part 3 2 or the rules or
20	regulations of the department or of the STATE board OF HUMAN SERVICES
21	CREATED IN SECTION 26-1-107, C.R.S.
22	(2) The department or the board may limit revocation or
23	suspension of a license to the particular controlled substance which THAT
24	was the basis for revocation or suspension.
25	(3) If the department or the board suspends or revokes a license,
26	THE DEPARTMENT MAY PLACE all controlled substances owned or
27	possessed by the licensee at the time of the suspension or on the effective

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- date of the revocation order may be placed under seal. No disposition THE DEPARTMENT may be made NOT DISPOSE of substances under seal until the time for making an appeal has elapsed or until all appeals have been concluded, unless a court orders otherwise or orders the sale of any perishable controlled substances and the deposit of the proceeds with the court. Upon When a revocation order's becoming ORDER BECOMES final, all controlled substances may be forfeited to the state. (4) The department or the board shall promptly notify the bureau
 - (4) The department or the board shall promptly notify the bureau and the appropriate professional licensing agency, if any, of all charges and the final disposition thereof OF THE CHARGES, and of all forfeitures of a controlled substance.

- **27-80-209.** [Formerly 12-22-317] Exemptions. (1) The provisions of section 18-18-414, C.R.S., shall DO not apply to:
- (a) Agents of persons licensed under this part 3 2 or under part 3 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., acting within the provisions of their licenses; or
- (b) Officers or employees of appropriate agencies of federal, state, or local governments acting pursuant to their official duties.
- (2) All combination drugs that are exempted by regulation of the attorney general of the United States department of justice, pursuant to section 1006 (b) of Public Law 91-513 (84 Stat. 1236), known as the "Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970", on or after July 1, 1981, are exempted EXEMPT from the provisions of this part 3 2 and from the provisions of part 3 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S.
- (3) The provisions of This part 3 do 2 DOES not apply to peyote if said controlled substance IT is used in religious ceremonies of any bona fide religious organization.

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(4) The provisions of Section 12-22-318 shall 27-80-210 DOES not
apply to a practitioner authorized to prescribe with respect to any
controlled substance which THAT is listed in schedules III, IV, or V of
part 2 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., and which THAT is manufactured,
received, or dispensed by him the practitioner in the course of his or
HER professional practice, unless: he
(a) THE PRACTITIONER dispenses, other than by direct

- (a) THE PRACTITIONER dispenses, other than by direct administration, any such A SCHEDULE III, IV, OR V controlled substance to his OR HER patients, and they are charged therefor THE PRACTITIONER CHARGES THE PATIENTS either separately or together with charges for other professional services; or unless he
- (b) The Practitioner regularly engages in dispensing any such A SCHEDULE III, IV, OR V controlled substance to his OR HER patients.
- (5) The exemptions set forth in this section shall be ARE available as a defense to any person accused of violating the provisions of section 18-18-414, C.R.S.
- (6) It shall not be necessary for The state IS NOT REQUIRED to negate any exemption or exception in this part 3 2 or in part 3 or 4 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., in any complaint, information, indictment, or other pleading or in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding under this part 3 2 or under part 4 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S. The burden of proof of any such PROVING AN exemption or exception is upon the person claiming it THE EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION.
- **27-80-210.** [Formerly 12-22-318] Records to be kept order forms. (1) (a) Each person licensed or otherwise authorized under this part 3 2 or other laws of this state to manufacture, purchase, distribute, dispense, administer, store, or otherwise handle controlled substances

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shall keep and maintain separate detailed and accurate records and inventories relating to controlled substances and retain all such THE records and inventories for a period of two years after the respective dates of such THE transactions as shown on such THE records and inventories.

(b) Repealed.

- (2) The record of any controlled substance distributed, administered, dispensed, or otherwise used shall MUST show the date the name and address of person to whom, for whose use, the controlled substance was distributed, administered, dispensed, used, or otherwise disposed of, THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON TO WHOM OR FOR WHOSE USE THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WAS DISTRIBUTED, ADMINISTERED, DISPENSED, USED, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF, and the kind and quantity of such THE controlled substance.
- (3) Manufacturing records of controlled substances shall include the kind and quantity of controlled substances produced or removed from process of manufacture and the dates of such production or removal from process of manufacture.
- (4) (3) The keeping of A PERSON WHO MAINTAINS a record required by federal law containing THAT CONTAINS substantially the same information as set forth in subsections (1) to (3) AND (2) of this section shall constitute compliance IS DEEMED TO COMPLY with the record-keeping requirements of this part 3 2.
- (5) (4) A PERSON REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN RECORDS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL KEEP A record shall also be kept of any controlled substance lost, destroyed, or stolen, the kind and quantity of such THE controlled substance, and the date of such THE loss, destruction, or theft.

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(5.5) Prescription drug outlets shall report thefts of controlled substances to the proper law enforcement agencies and to the board within thirty days after the occurrence of such thefts.

(6) (5) A PERSON LICENSED OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS PART 2 OR OTHER LAWS OF THIS STATE SHALL DISTRIBUTE, ADMINISTER, DISPENSE, USE, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSE OF controlled substances listed in schedule I or II of part 2 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., shall be distributed by persons licensed or otherwise authorized under this part 3 or other laws of this state only pursuant to an order form. Compliance with the provisions of federal law respecting order forms shall be is deemed compliance with this section.

(7) to (11) Repealed.

- **27-80-211.** [Formerly 12-22-319] Enforcement and cooperation. (1) Each peace officer and district attorney in this state shall enforce all the provisions of this part 3 2 and shall cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of this state, all other states, and the United States relating to controlled substances.
- (2) The board shall make any inspections, investigations, and reports that may be necessary to determine compliance with the provisions of this part 3 as they pertain to pharmacies, pharmacists, and manufacturers and distributors of controlled substances. The department shall cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of this state, all other states, and the United States relating to controlled substances. To this end, the Department shall:
- (3) The department of human services shall cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of this state, all other states, and the United States relating to controlled substances. To this

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end, the department shall:

- (a) Arrange for the exchange of information among governmental officials concerning the use and abuse of controlled substances;
- (b) Cooperate with the bureau and with local, state, and other federal agencies by maintaining a centralized unit to accept, catalogue, file, and collect statistics, including records of dependent and other controlled substance law offenders within the state, and make the information available for federal, state, and local law enforcement or regulatory purposes. It THE DEPARTMENT shall not furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject whose identity could not be obtained under section 12-22-320 27-80-212.
- (c) Respond to referrals, complaints, or other information received regarding possible violations and, upon notification of the appropriate licensing authority, if applicable, and upon a written finding by the executive director of the department that probable cause exists to believe that there is illegal distribution or dispensing of controlled substances, to make any inspections, investigations, and reports that may be necessary to determine compliance with the provisions of this part 3 2 by all licensed or otherwise authorized individuals who handle controlled substances;
- (d) Cooperate with and make information available to appropriate state licensing and registration boards regarding any violations of this part 3 2 by persons licensed or registered by such THE boards;
- (e) Enter into contracts and encourage and conduct educational and research activities designed to prevent and determine misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

27-80-212. [Formerly 12-22-320] Records confidential.

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1	Prescriptions, orders, and records required by this part 3 2 and stocks of
2	controlled substances shall be ARE open for inspection only to federal,
3	state, county, and municipal officers whose duty it is to enforce the laws
4	of this state or of the United States relating to controlled substances or
5	the regulation of practitioners. No officer having knowledge, by virtue of
6	his OR HER office, of any such A prescription, order, or record shall
7	divulge such HIS OR HER knowledge, except in connection with a
8	prosecution or proceeding in court or before a licensing or registration
9	board or officer to which prosecution or proceeding the person to whom
10	such THE prescriptions, orders, or records relate is a party.
11	27-80-213. Rules. (1) [Formerly 12-22-321] By September 1,
12	2007, The department of human services shall update rules existing on
13	July 1, 2007, and promulgate new rules, as necessary AND PURSUANT TO
14	ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S., to implement the provisions of this part
15	3 pursuant to the procedures of article 4 of title 24, C.R.S. PART 2. The
16	department shall make the rules available to the public on its web site.
17	(2) (a) Repealed.
18	(b) (Deleted by amendment, L. 93, p. 1121, § 35, effective July
19	1, 1994.)
20	(2) [Formerly 12-22-322] The department of human services
21	shall promulgate rules, and regulations IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4
22	OF TITLE 24, C.R.S., for research programs and for the conduct of
23	detoxification treatment, maintenance treatment, and withdrawal
24	treatment programs for controlled substance addiction. Such rules and
25	regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of
26	article 4 of title 24, C.R.S.
27	27-80-214 [Formerly 12-22-324] Defenses The common law

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1 defense known as the "procuring agent defense" is not a defense to any 2 crime in this article PART 2 or in title 18, C.R.S. 3 **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-2-111.6, amend 4 (5) as follows: 5 8-2-111.6. Health care employers - immunity from civil 6 liability - requirements - exception to blacklisting prohibition -7 **legislative declaration.** (5) For the purposes of this section, "health care 8 worker" means any person registered, certified, or licensed pursuant to 9 article 22 of title 12, C.R.S., articles 29.5 to 43.2 of title 12, C.R.S., and 10 OR article 3.5 of title 25, C.R.S., or any person who interacts directly with 11 a patient or assists with the patient care process, who is currently 12 employed by, or is a prospective employee of, the employer making the 13 inquiry. 14 **SECTION 7.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-42-112.5, amend 15 (1) as follows: 16 8-42-112.5. Limitation on payments - use of controlled 17 **substances.** (1) Nonmedical benefits otherwise payable to an injured 18 worker shall be ARE reduced fifty percent where THE injury results from 19 the presence in the worker's system, during working hours, of not 20 medically prescribed controlled substances, as defined in section 21 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., THAT ARE NOT MEDICALLY 22 PRESCRIBED or of a blood alcohol level at or above 0.10 percent, or at or 23 above an applicable lower level as set forth by federal statute or 24 regulation, as evidenced by a forensic drug or alcohol test conducted by 25 a medical facility or laboratory licensed or certified to conduct such tests. 26 A duplicate sample from any test conducted shall MUST be preserved and 27 made available to the worker for purposes of a second test to be

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1 conducted at the worker's expense. If the test indicates the presence of 2 such substances or of alcohol at such level, it shall be IS presumed that 3 the employee was intoxicated and that the injury was due to such THE 4 intoxication. This presumption may be overcome by clear and convincing 5 evidence. 6 **SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-73-108, **amend** (4) 7 (b) (IV) introductory portion, (5) (e) (VIII), (5) (e) (IX), and (5) (e) (IX.5) 8 as follows: 9 8-73-108. Benefit awards - repeal. (4) Full award. An 10 individual separated from a job shall be given a full award of benefits if any of the following reasons and pertinent conditions related thereto are 12 determined by the division to have existed. The determination of whether 13 or not the separation from employment shall result in a full award of 14 benefits shall be the responsibility of the division. The following reasons 15 shall be considered, along with any other factors that may be pertinent to 16 such determination: 17 (b) (IV) The off-the-job or on-the-job use of not medically 18 prescribed intoxicating beverages or controlled substances, as defined in 19 section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., may be reason for a 20 determination for a full award pursuant to this paragraph (b), but only if: (5) **Disqualification.** (e) Subject to the maximum reduction 22 consistent with federal law, and insofar as consistent with interstate 23 agreements, if a separation from employment occurs for any of the 24 following reasons, the employer from whom such separation occurred 25 shall not be charged for benefits which are attributable to such

employment and, because any payment of benefits which are attributable

to such employment out of the fund as defined in section 8-70-103 (13)

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1	shall be deemed to have an adverse effect on such employer's account in
2	such fund, no payment of such benefits shall be made from such fund:
3	(VIII) Off-the-job use of not medically prescribed intoxicating
4	beverages or controlled substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
5	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., to a degree resulting in interference with job
6	performance;
7	(IX) On-the-job use of or distribution of not medically prescribed
8	intoxicating beverages or controlled substances, as defined in section
9	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
10	(IX.5) The presence in an individual's system, during working
11	hours, of not medically prescribed controlled substances, as defined in
12	section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or of a blood alcohol level
13	at or above 0.04 percent, or at or above an applicable lower level as set
14	forth by federal statute or regulation, as evidenced by a drug or alcohol
15	test administered pursuant to a statutory or regulatory requirement or a
16	previously established, written drug or alcohol policy of the employer and
17	conducted by a medical facility or laboratory licensed or certified to
18	conduct such tests;
19	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-2-123, amend (1)
20	(p) as follows:
21	12-2-123. Grounds for disciplinary action - administrative
22	penalties. (1) After notice and hearing as provided in section 12-2-125,
23	the board may deny the issuance of, refuse to renew, revoke, or suspend
24	any certificate of a certified public accountant issued under this article or
25	any prior law of this state or may fine, issue a letter of admonition to, or
26	place on probation the holder of any certificate and impose other
27	conditions or limitations for any of the following causes:

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1	(p) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of a
2	habit-forming drug, controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303
3	(7) 18-18-102(5), C.R.S., or alcoholic beverage that renders the certified
4	public accountant unfit to practice public accounting;
5	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-10-107.1,
6	amend (1) (d) as follows:
7	12-10-107.1. Grounds for discipline. (1) The director may deny,
8	suspend, revoke, place on probation, or issue a letter of admonition
9	against a license or an application for a license if the applicant or
10	licensee:
11	(d) Is addicted to or dependent upon alcohol or any controlled
12	substance, within the meaning of part 3 of article 22 of this title AS
13	DEFINED IN SECTION 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or is a habitual user of said
14	controlled substance, if the use, addiction, or dependency is a danger to
15	other participants or officials;
16	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-25-308, amend
17	(1) (i) as follows:
18	12-25-308. Disciplinary actions - grounds for discipline.
19	(1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license
20	of, place on probation, or limit the scope of practice of a licensee for the
21	following:
22	(i) Habitual intemperance with respect to, or excessive use of, any
23	habit-forming drug, any controlled substance as defined in section
24	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any alcoholic beverage, any of
25	which renders him or her unfit to practice architecture;
26	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-29.5-106,
27	amend (1) (m) as follows:

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1	12-29.5-106. Grounds for disciplinary action. (1) The director
2	may deny licensure to or take disciplinary action against an acupuncturist
3	pursuant to section 24-4-105, C.R.S., if the director finds that the
4	acupuncturist has committed any of the following acts:
5	(m) Continued in the practice of acupuncture while addicted to or
6	dependent upon alcohol or upon any habit-forming drug or while abusing
7	or habitually or excessively using any such habit-forming drug or any
8	controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5),
9	C.R.S.;
10	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-32-107, amend
11	(3) (n) and (3) (o) as follows:
12	12-32-107. Issuance, revocation, or suspension of license -
13	probation - immunity in professional review. (3) "Unprofessional
14	conduct" as used in this article means:
15	(n) Administering, dispensing, or prescribing any habit-forming
16	drug or any controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
17	18-18-102(5), C.R.S., other than in the course of legitimate professional
18	practice, which includes only prescriptions related to the scope of
19	podiatric medicine as defined in section 12-32-101 (3) (a);
20	(o) Conviction of violation of any federal or state law regulating
21	the possession, distribution, or use of any controlled substance, as defined
22	in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., and, for the purposes of
23	this paragraph (o), a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere accepted
24	by the court shall be considered as a conviction;
25	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-32-109.3,
26	amend (1) as follows:
27	12-32-100 3 Use of physician assistants (1) A person licensed

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under the laws of this state to practice podiatry may delegate to a physician assistant licensed by the Colorado medical board pursuant to section 12-36-107.4 the authority to perform acts that constitute the practice of podiatry to the extent and in the manner authorized by rules promulgated by the Colorado podiatry board. Such acts shall be consistent with sound practices of podiatry. Each prescription issued by a physician assistant shall have the name of his or her supervising podiatrist printed on the prescription. Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of otherwise licensed health personnel to perform delegated acts. The dispensing of prescription medication by a physician assistant shall be subject to section 12-22-121 (6) 12-42.5-118 (6).

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-36-106, **amend** (5) (a) as follows:

licensing requirements - unauthorized practice by physician assistants - penalties - rules. (5) (a) A person licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine may delegate to a physician assistant licensed by the board pursuant to section 12-36-107.4 the authority to perform acts that constitute the practice of medicine to the extent and in the manner authorized by rules promulgated by the board, including the authority to prescribe medication, including controlled substances, and dispense only such drugs as designated by the board. Such acts shall be consistent with sound medical practice. Each prescription issued by a physician assistant licensed by the board shall be imprinted with the name of his or her supervising physician. Nothing in this subsection (5) shall limit the ability of otherwise licensed health personnel to perform delegated acts. The dispensing of prescription medication by a physician

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2	12-42.5-118 (6).
3	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-36-117, amend
4	(1) (g), (1) (h), and (1) (i) as follows:
5	12-36-117. Unprofessional conduct. (1) "Unprofessional
6	conduct" as used in this article means:
7	(g) Administering, dispensing, or prescribing any habit-forming
8	drug or any controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
9	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., other than in the course of legitimate professional
10	practice;
11	(h) Any conviction of violation of any federal or state law
12	regulating the possession, distribution, or use of any controlled substance,
13	as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., and, in
14	determining if a license should be denied, revoked, or suspended, or if
15	the licensee should be placed on probation, the board shall be governed
16	by section 24-5-101, C.R.S. For purposes of this paragraph (h),
17	"conviction" includes the entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or
18	the imposition of a deferred sentence.
19	(i) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of alcohol, a habit-forming
20	drug, or a controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
21	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
22	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-37-107, amend
23	(3) (f) as follows:
24	12-37-107. Disciplinary action authorized - grounds for
25	discipline - injunctions - rules. (3) The director may deny, revoke, or
26	suspend a registration or issue a letter of admonition or place a registrant
27	on probation for any of the following acts or omissions:

assistant shall be subject to the provisions of section 12-22-121 (6)

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1	(f) Abuse or habitual or excessive use of a habit-forming drug, a
2	controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5),
3	C.R.S., or alcohol;
4	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-38-111.6,
5	amend (1), (9), and (10) as follows:
6	12-38-111.6. Prescriptive authority - advanced practice nurses
7	- rules. (1) The BOARD MAY AUTHORIZE an advanced practice nurse who
8	is listed on the advanced practice registry, has a license in good standing
9	without disciplinary sanctions issued pursuant to section 12-38-111, and
10	has fulfilled requirements established by the board pursuant to this
11	section may be authorized by the board to prescribe controlled substances
12	or prescription drugs as defined in PART 1 OF article 22 42.5 of this title.
13	(9) All prescriptions shall be in compliance MUST COMPLY with
14	applicable federal and state laws, including article 22 42.5 of this title and
15	part 2 of article 18 of title 18, C.R.S.
16	(10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit
17	dispensing or distribution, as defined in section 12-22-102 12-42.5-102
18	(11) AND (12), by an advanced practice nurse, except for samples, under
19	article 22 42.5 of this title and the federal "Prescription Drug Marketing
20	Act of 1987".
21	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-38-117, amend
22	(1) (i), (1) (q), (1) (r), and (1) (s) as follows:
23	12-38-117. Grounds for discipline. (1) "Grounds for discipline",
24	as used in this article, means any action by any person who:
25	(i) Excessively uses or abuses alcohol, habit-forming drugs,
26	controlled substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 18-18-102 (5),
27	C.R.S., or other drugs having similar effects, or is diverting controlled

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substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs having similar effects from the licensee's place of employment; except that the board has the discretion not to discipline the licensee if such licensee is participating in good faith in a program approved by the board designed to end such excessive use or abuse;

- (q) Has dispensed, injected, or prescribed an anabolic steroid, as defined in section 12-22-102 (2.5) 18-18-102 (3), C.R.S., for the purpose of hormonal manipulation that is intended to increase muscle mass, strength, or weight without a medical necessity to do so or for the intended purpose of improving performance in any form of exercise, sport, or game;
- (r) Has dispensed or injected an anabolic steroid, as defined in section 12-22-102 (2.5) 18-18-102 (3), C.R.S., unless such anabolic steroid is dispensed from a pharmacy pursuant to a written prescription or is dispensed by any person licensed to practice medicine in the course of such person's professional practice;
- (s) Has administered, dispensed, or prescribed any habit-forming drug or any controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., other than in the course of legitimate professional practice;
- **SECTION 20.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-38.1-111, 22 **amend** (1) (i) as follows:
 - **12-38.1-111. Grounds for discipline.** (1) The board may suspend, revoke, or deny any person's certification to practice as a nurse aide or authority to practice as a medication aide, or may issue to the person a letter of admonition, upon proof that such person:
 - (i) Has habitual intemperance or excessively uses any

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1	habit-forming drug or any controlled substance as defined in section
2	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs having similar
3	effects, or is diverting controlled substances, as defined in section
4	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs having similar effects from the
5	person's place of employment;
6	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-39-111, amend
7	(1) (g) as follows:
8	12-39-111. Grounds for discipline. (1) The board has the power
9	to revoke, suspend, withhold, or refuse to renew any license, to place on
10	probation a licensee or temporary license holder, or to issue a letter of
11	admonition to a licensee in accordance with the procedures set forth in
12	subsection (3) of this section, upon proof that such person:
13	(g) Is addicted to or dependent on alcohol or habit-forming drugs,
14	abuses or engages in the habitual or excessive use of any such
15	habit-forming drug or any controlled substance as defined in section
16	12-22-303 (7) or 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or participates in the unlawful
17	use of controlled substances as specified in section 18-18-404, C.R.S.;
18	except that the board has the discretion not to discipline the licensee if
19	such person is participating, in good faith, in a program approved by the
20	board designed to end such addiction or dependency;
21	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-40-108, amend
22	(1) (d) as follows:
23	12-40-108. Application for license - licensure by endorsement.
24	(1) A person who desires to practice optometry in the state may file with
25	the board an application for a license, giving the information required in
26	a form and manner approved by the board. The applicant shall
27	demonstrate that he or she possesses the following qualifications:

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1 (d) The applicant is not addicted to or dependent on, and has not 2 habitually or excessively used or abused, intoxicating liquors, 3 habit-forming drugs, or controlled substances as defined in section 4 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S. 5 **SECTION 23.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-40-109.5, 6 **amend** (1) and (1.5) as follows: 7 12-40-109.5. Use of prescription and nonprescription drugs. 8 Notwithstanding section 12-22-121 12-42.5-118, a licensed (1) 9 optometrist may purchase, possess, and administer prescription or 10 nonprescription drugs for examination purposes only if, after July 1, 11 1983, the optometrist has complied with the following minimum 12 requirements: Successful completion, by attendance and examination, of 13 at least fifty-five classroom hours of study in general, ocular, and clinical 14 pharmacology which must have been completed within twenty-four 15 months preceding the application for certification; except that, in the 16 event that such classroom hours have been completed since 1976, only 17 six of such classroom hours must have been completed within 18 twenty-four months preceding the application for certification. The 19 courses shall be offered by an institution that is accredited by a regional 20 or professional accreditation organization recognized or approved by the 21 council on postsecondary education or the United States department of 22 education or their successors. 23 (1.5) Notwithstanding section 12-22-121 12-42.5-118, a licensed 24 optometrist may purchase, possess, administer, and prescribe prescription 25 or nonprescription drugs for treatment on and after July 1, 1988, only if 26 the optometrist has complied with the following minimum requirements 27 within twenty-four months preceding the application for certification:

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1	Successful completion, by attendance and examination, of at least sixty			
2	classroom hours of study in ocular pharmacology, clinical pharmacology,			
3	therapeutics, and anterior segment disease; and successful completion by			
4	attendance and examination of at least sixty hours of approved supervised			
5	clinical training in the examination, diagnosis, and treatment of			
6	conditions of the human eye and its appendages. The courses shall be			
7	offered by an institution that is accredited by a regional or professiona			
8	accreditation organization recognized or approved by the council or			
9	postsecondary education or the United States department of education or			
10	their successors.			
11	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-40-118, amend			
12	(1) (e), (1) (bb), and (1) (cc) as follows:			
13	12-40-118. Unprofessional conduct defined. (1) The term			
14	"unprofessional conduct", as used in this article, means:			
15	(e) The habitual or excessive use or abuse of alcohol, a			
16	habit-forming drug, or any controlled substance as defined in section			
17	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;			
18	(bb) Administering, dispensing, or prescribing any prescription			
19	drug, as defined in section 12-22-102 (30) 12-42.5-102 (34), or any			
20	controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5),			
21	C.R.S., other than in the course of legitimate professional practice;			
22	(cc) Dispensing for a fee any prescription drug, as defined in			
23	section 12-22-102 12-42.5-102 (34), or any controlled substance, as			
24	defined in section 12-22-303 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., except as permitted			
25	in sections 12-22-121 (6) (c) 12-42.5-118 (6) (c) and 12-40-102 (5) (b);			
26	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-40-118.5,			
27	amend (5) (e) as follows:			

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1	12-40-118.5. Mental and physical examination of licensees.
2	(5) (e) For purposes of this subsection (5), "physical or mental illness or
3	condition" does not include the habitual or excessive use or abuse of
4	alcohol, a habit-forming drug, or any controlled substance as defined in
5	section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.
6	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-41-115, amend
7	(1) (l) as follows:
8	12-41-115. Grounds for disciplinary action. (1) The board may
9	take disciplinary action in accordance with section 12-41-116 against a
10	person who has:
11	(l) Engaged in the habitual or excessive use or abuse of alcohol,
12	a habit-forming drug, or a controlled substance as defined in section
13	12-22-303 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
14	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-41-210, amend
15	(1) (h) as follows:
16	12-41-210. Grounds for disciplinary action. (1) The board may
17	take disciplinary action in accordance with section 12-41-211 against a
18	person who has:
19	(h) Engaged in the habitual or excessive use or abuse of alcohol,
20	a habit-forming drug, or a controlled substance as defined in section
21	12-22-303 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
22	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-41.5-109,
23	amend (2) (h) as follows:
24	12-41.5-109. Grounds for action - disciplinary proceedings.
25	(2) The director has the power to revoke, suspend, deny, or refuse to
26	renew a license, place on probation a licensee, or issue a letter of
27	admonition to a licensee in accordance with subsections (3), (4), (5), and

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1	(6) of this section upon proof that such person:		
2	(h) Is an excessive or habitual user or abuser of alcohol or		
3	habit-forming drugs or is a habitual user of a controlled substance, as		
4	defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs		
5	having similar effects; except that the director has the discretion not to		
6	discipline the license holder if he or she is participating in good faith in		
7	a program approved by the director designed to end such use or abuse;		
8	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-42-113, amend		
9	(1) (i) as follows:		
10	12-42-113. Grounds for discipline. (1) "Grounds for discipline",		
11	as used in this article, means any action by any person who:		
12	(i) Is addicted to or dependent on alcohol or habit-forming drugs,		
13	is a habitual user of controlled substances, as defined in section		
14	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs having similar		
15	effects, or is diverting controlled substances, as defined in section		
16	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drugs having similar effects		
17	from the licensee's place of employment; except that the board has the		
18	discretion not to discipline the licensee if such licensee is participating		
19	in good faith in a program approved by the board designed to end such		
20	addiction or dependency;		
21	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43-222, amend		
22	(1) (e) as follows:		
23	12-43-222. Prohibited activities - related provisions. (1) A		
24	person licensed, registered, or certified under this article violates this		
25	article if the person:		
26	(e) Habitually or excessively uses or abuses alcohol, a		
27	habit-forming drug, or a controlled substance, as defined in section		

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1	12-22-303 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;			
2	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-104,			
3	amend (7) as follows:			
4	12-43.3-104. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the			
5	context otherwise requires:			
6	(7) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana that is grown and sold			
7	pursuant to the provisions of this article and for a purpose authorized by			
8	section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution but shall not be			
9	considered a nonprescription drug for purposes of section 12-22-102 (20)			
10	12-42.5-102 (21) or section 39-26-717, C.R.S., or an over-the-counter			
11	medication for purposes of section 25.5-5-322, C.R.S.			
12	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-58-110, amend			
13	(1) (l) as follows:			
14	12-58-110. Disciplinary action by board - licenses or			
1415	12-58-110. Disciplinary action by board - licenses or registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders.			
15	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders.			
15 16	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license			
15 16 17	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or			
15 16 17 18	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following			
15 16 17 18 19	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons:			
15 16 17 18 19 20	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons: (1) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of any			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons: (1) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of any habit-forming drug, any controlled substance as defined in section			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons: (1) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of any habit-forming drug, any controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any alcoholic beverage;			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons: (1) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of any habit-forming drug, any controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any alcoholic beverage; SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-4-102, amend			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	registrations denied, suspended, or revoked - cease-and-desist orders. (1) The board may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any license or registration issued or applied for under the provisions of this article or place a licensee or a registrant on probation for any of the following reasons: (1) Habitual intemperance with respect to or excessive use of any habit-forming drug, any controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any alcoholic beverage; SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-4-102, amend (2) (k) as follows:			

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1	review of the state board of pharmacy, as provided in section 12-22-125.5			
2	12-42.5-125, C.R.S.;			
3	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-115.5,			
4	amend (3) (c) (II) (Q) as follows:			
5	13-21-115.5. Volunteer service act - immunity - exception for			
6	operation of motor vehicles. (3) As used in this section, unless the			
7	context otherwise requires:			
8	(c) (II) "Volunteer" includes:			
9	(Q) A licensed pharmacist governed by the provisions of article			
10	22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., performing the practice of pharmacy, as			
11	defined in section 12-22-102 (26) 12-42.5-102 (31), C.R.S., as a			
12	volunteer for a nonprofit organization, a nonprofit corporation, a			
13	governmental entity, or a hospital;			
14	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-15-102, amend			
15	(1) (a) (VI) as follows:			
16	16-15-102. Ex parte order authorizing the interception of			
17	wire, oral, or electronic communications. (1) (a) An ex parte order			
18	authorizing or approving the interception of any wire, oral, or electronic			
19	communication may be issued by any judge of competent jurisdiction of			
20	the state of Colorado upon application of the attorney general or a district			
21	attorney, or his or her designee if the attorney general or district attorney			
22	is absent from his or her jurisdiction, showing by affidavit that there is			
23	probable cause to believe that evidence will be obtained of the			
24	commission of any one of the crimes enumerated in this subsection (1)			
25	or that one of said enumerated crimes will be committed:			
26	(VI) Dealing in controlled substances as covered by part 3 1 of			
27	article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27,			

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1	C.R.S., as such offenses are subject to prosecution as felonies;	
2	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, amend	
3	(5.5) (b) as follows:	
4	17-2-201. State board of parole. (5.5) (b) For purposes of this	
5	subsection (5.5), "drug" means:	
6	(I) Any "controlled substance" as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)	
7	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.; and	
8	(II) Any "drug" as defined in section 12-22-303 (13) 27-80-203	
9	(13), C.R.S., if chemical testing conducted pursuant to paragraph (a) of	
10	this subsection (5.5) reveals such drug is present at such a level as to be	
11	considered abusive pursuant to regulations established by the board in	
12	consultation with the department of human services.	
13	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-204, amend	
14	(2) (a) (VIII) as follows:	
15	18-1.3-204. Conditions of probation. (2) (a) When granting	
16	probation, the court may, as a condition of probation, require that the	
17	defendant:	
18	(VIII) Refrain from excessive use of alcohol or any unlawful use	
19	of controlled substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S.	
20	18-18-102 (5), or of any other dangerous or abusable drug without a	
21	prescription;	
22	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-3-106, amend	
23	(1) (b) (II) as follows:	
24	18-3-106. Vehicular homicide. (1) (b) (II) For the purposes of	
25	this subsection (1), one or more drugs shall mean all substances defined	
26	as a drug in section 12-22-303 (13) 27-80-203 (13), C.R.S., and all	
27	controlled substances defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102	

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1	(5), and glue-sniffing, aerosol inhalation, or the inhalation of any other	
2	toxic vapor or vapors as defined in section 18-18-412.	
3	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-3-205, amend	
4	(1) (b) (II) as follows:	
5	18-3-205. Vehicular assault. (1) (b) (II) For the purposes of this	
6	subsection (1), one or more drugs shall mean all substances defined as a	
7	drug in section 12-22-303 (13) 27-80-203 (13), C.R.S., and all controlled	
8	substances defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5), and	
9	glue-sniffing, aerosol inhalation, or the inhalation of any other toxic	
10	vapor or vapors as defined in section 18-18-412.	
11	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-202, amend	
12	(3) as follows:	
13	18-4-202. First degree burglary. (3) If under the circumstances	
14	stated in subsection (1) of this section the property involved is a	
15	controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S.	
16	18-18-102(5), within a pharmacy or other place having lawful possession	
17	thereof, such person commits first degree burglary of controlled	
18	substances, which is a class 2 felony.	
19	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-203, amend	
20	(2) (b) as follows:	
21	18-4-203. Second degree burglary. (2) Second degree burglary	
22	is a class 4 felony, but it is a class 3 felony if:	
23	(b) It is a burglary, the objective of which is the theft of a	
24	controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S.	
25	18-18-102 (5), lawfully kept within any building or occupied structure.	
26	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-204, amend	
27	(2) as follows:	

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1	18-4-204. Third degree burglary. (2) Third degree burglary is
2	a class 5 felony, but it is a class 4 felony if it is a burglary, the objective
3	of which is the theft of a controlled substance, as defined in section
4	12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5), lawfully kept in or upon the
5	property burglarized.
6	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-303, amend
7	(1) as follows:
8	18-4-303. Aggravated robbery of controlled substances. (1) A
9	person who takes any controlled substance, as defined in section
10	12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5), from any pharmacy or other place
11	having lawful possession thereof or from any pharmacist or other person
12	having lawful possession thereof under the aggravating circumstances
13	defined in section 18-4-302 is guilty of aggravated robbery of controlled
14	substances.
15	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-412, amend
16	(2) (a) as follows:
17	18-4-412. Theft of medical records or medical information -
18	penalty. (2) As used in this section:
19	(a) "Medical record" means the written or graphic documentation,
20	sound recording, or computer record pertaining to medical, mental health,
21	and health care services, including medical marijuana services, that are
22	performed at the direction of a physician or other licensed health care
23	provider on behalf of a patient by physicians, dentists, nurses,
24	technicians, emergency medical technicians, mental health professionals,
25	prehospital providers, or other health care personnel. "Medical record"
26	includes such diagnostic documentation as X rays, electrocardiograms,
27	electroencephalograms, and other test results. "Medical record" includes

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1	data entered into the prescription drug monitoring program pursuant to
2	section 12-22-704 12-42.5-403, C.R.S.
3	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-5-116, amend
4	(1) as follows:
5	18-5-116. Controlled substances - inducing consumption by
6	fraudulent means. (1) It is unlawful for any person, surreptitiously or
7	by means of fraud, misrepresentation, suppression of truth, deception, or
8	subterfuge, to cause any other person to unknowingly consume or receive
9	the direct administration of any controlled substance, as defined in
10	section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5); except that nothing in this
11	section shall diminish the scope of health care authorized by law.
12	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-203, amend
13	(1) (a) as follows:
14	18-8-203. Introducing contraband in the first degree. (1) A
15	person commits introducing contraband in the first degree if he or she
16	knowingly and unlawfully:
17	(a) Introduces or attempts to introduce a dangerous instrument,
18	malt, vinous, or spirituous liquor, as defined in section 12-47-103,
19	C.R.S., fermented malt beverage, as defined in section 12-46-103, C.R.S.,
20	controlled substance, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), or marijuana
21	or marijuana concentrate, as defined in section 12-22-303 (17) and (18)
22	27-80-203 (15) AND (16), C.R.S., into a detention facility or at any
23	location where an inmate is or is likely to be located, while the inmate is
24	in the custody and under the jurisdiction of a political subdivision of the
25	state of Colorado or the department of corrections, but not on parole; or
26	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-204, amend
27	(2) (g) as follows:

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1	18-8-204. Introducing contraband in the second degree.			
2	(2) "Contraband" as used in this section means any of the following, but			
3	does not include any article or thing referred to in section 18-8-203:			
4	(g) Any drug, other than a controlled substance as defined in			
5	section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5), in quantities other than			
6	those authorized by a physician;			
7	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-106, amend			
8	(1) (d) as follows:			
9	18-12-106. Prohibited use of weapons. (1) A person commits			
10	a class 2 misdemeanor if:			
11	(d) The person has in his or her possession a firearm while the			
12	person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or of a controlled			
13	substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7), C.R.S. 18-18-102 (5).			
14	Possession of a permit issued under section 18-12-105.1, as it existed			
15	prior to its repeal, or possession of a permit or a temporary emergency			
16	permit issued pursuant to part 2 of this article is no defense to a violation			
17	of this subsection (1).			
18	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-13-123, amend			
19	(4) (b) as follows:			
20	18-13-123. Unlawful administration of gamma			
21	hydroxybutyrate (GHB) or ketamine. (4) (b) It shall not be a violation			
22	of this section if ketamine is distributed or dispensed by or under the			
23	direction of such authorized person for use by a humane society that is			
24	duly registered with the secretary of state and has been in existence and			
25	in business for at least five years in this state as a nonprofit corporation,			
26	or by an animal control agency that is operated by a unit of government			
27	to control animals and to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted			

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1	pets or animals, if such the humane society or animal control agency is			
2	licensed REGISTERED pursuant to section 12-22-304 12-42.5-117 (12),			
3	C.R.S.			
4	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-17-103, amend			
5	(5) (b) (XIV) as follows:			
6	18-17-103. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context			
7	otherwise requires:			
8	(5) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to			
9	commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another			
10	person to commit:			
11	(b) Any violation of the following provisions of the Colorado			
12	statutes or any criminal act committed in any jurisdiction of the United			
13	States which, if committed in this state, would be a crime under the			
14	following provisions of the Colorado statutes:			
15	(XIV) Offenses relating to controlled substances (part 3 1 of			
16	article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27,			
17	C.R.S., and article 18 of this title);			
18	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-102, amend			
19	(2) and (27) as follows:			
20	18-18-102. Definitions. As used in this article:			
21	(2) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or			
22	at the direction of a person licensed or otherwise authorized under this			
23	article or under part 3 2 of article 22 80 of title 12 27, C.R.S. "Agent"			
24	does not include a common or contract carrier, a public warehouseman,			
25	or an employee of a carrier or warehouseman.			
26	(27) "Pharmacy" means a prescription drug outlet as defined in			
27	section 12-22-102 (30.2) 12-42.5-102 (35), C.R.S.			

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SECTION 52.	In Colorado Revised Statutes,	18-18-302, amend
(1) and (2) as follows:		

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18-18-302. Registration requirements. (1) Every person who manufactures, distributes, or dispenses any controlled substance within this state, or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of any controlled substance within this state, shall obtain annually or biannually, if applicable, a registration, issued by the respective licensing board or the department in accordance with rules adopted by such board or by the department. For purposes of this section and this article, "registration" or "registered" means the licensing REGISTERING of manufacturers, pharmacists, pharmacies, and humane societies located in this state, and distributors located in or doing business in this state, by the state board of pharmacy as set forth in parts 1 and 3 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., the licensing of physicians by the Colorado medical board, as set forth in article 36 of title 12, C.R.S., the licensing of podiatrists by the Colorado podiatry board, as set forth in article 32 of title 12, C.R.S., the licensing of dentists by the state board of dental examiners, as set forth in article 35 of title 12, C.R.S., the licensing of optometrists by the state board of optometry, as set forth in article 40 of title 12, C.R.S., the licensing of veterinarians by the state board of veterinary medicine, as set forth in article 64 of title 12, C.R.S., and the licensing of researchers and addiction programs by the department of human services, as set forth in part 3 2 of article 22 80 of title 12 27, C.R.S.

(2) A person registered by the board or the department under this part 3 to manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, or

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1	conduct research with those substances to the extent authorized by the
2	registration and in conformity with this article and with article 22 42.5 of
3	title 12, C.R.S.
4	SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-303, amend
5	(5) as follows:
6	18-18-303. Registration. (5) Persons licensed OR REGISTERED
7	under the provisions of part 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., or
8	article 32, 35, 36, 40, or 64 of title 12, C.R.S., need not be licensed
9	separately to distribute or dispense controlled substances to the extent
10	provided under law if they are registered or are exempt from registration
11	by the federal drug enforcement administration, provided that such
12	persons indicate on any initial application or renewal application the
13	schedules of controlled substances which such THAT THE persons are
14	authorized to use under Public Law 91-513, known as the federal
15	"Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970".
16	SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-403.5,
17	amend (1) as follows:
18	18-18-403.5. Unlawful possession of a controlled substance.
19	(1) Except as authorized by part 3 1 OR 3 of article 22 42.5 of title 12,
20	C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., or by part 2 or 3 of this
21	article, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess a controlled
22	substance.
23	SECTION 55. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-405, amend
24	(1) as follows:
25	18-18-405. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing,
26	or sale. (1) (a) Except as authorized by part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title
27	12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., or by part 2 or 3 of

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- this article, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, or to possess with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, a controlled substance; or induce, attempt to induce, or conspire with one or more other persons, to manufacture, dispense, sell, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, a controlled substance; or possess one or more chemicals or supplies or equipment with intent to manufacture a controlled substance. (b) As used in this subsection (1), "dispense" does not include labeling, as defined in section 12-22-102 (16) 12-42.5-102 (18), C.R.S. **SECTION 56.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406, amend (6) (a) (I), (6) (b) (I), (6) (b) (II), and (11) as follows: 18-18-406. Offenses relating to marijuana and marijuana
 - **18-18-406.** Offenses relating to marijuana and marijuana concentrate. (6) (a) (I) A person shall not knowingly process or manufacture any marijuana or marijuana concentrate or knowingly allow to be processed or manufactured on land owned, occupied, or controlled by him or her any marijuana or marijuana concentrate except as authorized pursuant to part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S.

(b) (I) Except as is otherwise provided in subsection (7) of this section and except as authorized by part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., or by part 2 or 3 of this article, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to dispense, sell, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute marijuana or marijuana concentrate; or attempt, induce, attempt to induce, or conspire with one or more other persons, to dispense, sell, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or

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1	distribute marijuana or marijuana concentrate.
2	(II) As used in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b), "dispense"
3	does not include labeling, as defined in section 12-22-102 (16)
4	12-42.5-102 (18), C.R.S.
5	(11) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person
6	who possesses, uses, prescribes, dispenses, or administers dronabinol
7	(synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a
8	federal food and drug administration approved drug product, pursuant to
9	part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF
10	TITLE 27, C.R.S.
11	SECTION 57. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.2
12	amend (4) as follows:
13	18-18-406.2. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing
14	dispensing, sale, or cultivation of synthetic cannabinoids or salvia
15	divinorum. (4) As used in this section, "dispense" does not include
16	labeling, as defined in section 12-22-102 (16) 12-42.5-102 (18), C.R.S.
17	SECTION 58. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-414, amend
18	(1) introductory portion, (1) (f), (1) (g), (1) (h), (1) (i), (1) (j), (1) (r), and
19	(1) (t) as follows:
20	18-18-414. Unlawful acts - licenses - penalties. (1) Except as
21	otherwise provided in this article or in article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S.,
22	the following acts are unlawful:
23	(f) The failure of a pharmacy to file and retain the prescription as
24	required in section 12-22-318 12-42.5-131, C.R.S.;
25	(g) The failure of a hospital to record and maintain a record of
26	such dispensing as provided in section 12-22-318 12-42.5-131 OR
27	27-80-210, C.R.S.;

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1	(h) The refusal to make available for inspection and to accord full
2	opportunity to check any record or file as required by this article, or part
3	3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF
4	TITLE 27, C.R.S.;
5	(i) The failure to keep records as required by this article, or part
6	3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF
7	TITLE 27, C.R.S.;
8	(j) The failure to obtain a license OR REGISTRATION as required by
9	this article, or part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF
10	ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S.;
11	(r) Knowingly furnishing false or fraudulent material information
12	in, or omitting any material information from, any application, report, or
13	other document required to be kept or filed under this article, or under
14	part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF
15	TITLE 27, C.R.S., or any record required to be kept by this article, or
16	under part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE
17	80 of title 27, C.R.S.;
18	(t) The refusal of entry into any premises for any inspection
19	authorized by this article, or part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S.,
20	OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S.
21	SECTION 59. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-418, amend
22	(1) (a), (2), (4), and (6) as follows:
23	18-18-418. Exemptions. (1) The provisions of section 18-18-414
24	shall not apply to:
25	(a) Agents of persons licensed under part 3 2 of article 22 80 of
26	title 12 27, C.R.S., or under part 3 of this article, acting within the
27	provisions of their licenses; or

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1	(2) All combination drugs that are exempted by regulation of the
2	attorney general of the United States department of justice, pursuant to
3	section 1006 (b) of Public Law 91-513 (84 Stat. 1236), known as the
4	"Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970", on
5	or after July 1, 1981, are exempted from the provisions of part 3 1 of
6	article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27,
7	C.R.S., and from the provisions of part 3 of this article.
8	(4) The provisions of section 12-22-318 12-42.5-131 AND
9	27-80-210, C.R.S., shall not apply to a practitioner authorized to
10	prescribe with respect to any controlled substance which THAT is listed
11	in schedule III, IV, or V of part 2 of this article and which THAT is
12	manufactured, received, or dispensed by him THE PRACTITIONER in the
13	course of his OR HER professional practice unless he OR SHE dispenses,
14	other than by direct administration, any such controlled substance to his
15	patients and they are charged therefor either separately or together with
16	charges for other professional services or unless he THE PRACTITIONER
17	regularly engages in dispensing any such controlled substance to his OR
18	HER patients.
19	(6) It shall not be necessary for the state to negate any exemption
20	or exception in this part 4, or in part 3 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12,
21	C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., or in part 3 of this
22	article in any complaint, information, indictment, or other pleading or in

article in any complaint, information, indictment, or other pleading or in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding under this part 4. The burden of proof of any such exemption or exception is upon the person claiming it.

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SECTION 60. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 18-18-602 as follows:

18-18-602. Continuation of rules - application to existing

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1	relationships. Any orders and rules adopted under any law affected by
2	this article and in effect on July 1, 1992, and not in conflict with this
3	article continue in effect until modified, superseded, or repealed. Rights
4	and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings
5	that were begun prior to July 1, 1992, are not affected by the enactment
6	of the "Uniform Controlled Substances Act of 1992" or the
7	corresponding repeal of provisions in article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S.,
8	and part 6 of article 5 of this title.
9	SECTION 61. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-3-604, amend
10	(2) (e) as follows:
11	19-3-604. Criteria for termination. (2) In determining
12	unfitness, conduct, or condition for purposes of paragraph (c) of
13	subsection (1) of this section, the court shall find that continuation of the
14	legal relationship between parent and child is likely to result in grave risk
15	of death or serious bodily injury to the child or that the conduct or
16	condition of the parent or parents renders the parent or parents unable or
17	unwilling to give the child reasonable parental care to include, at a
18	minimum, nurturing and safe parenting sufficiently adequate to meet the
19	child's physical, emotional, and mental health needs and conditions. In
20	making such determinations, the court shall consider, but not be limited
21	to, the following:
22	(e) Excessive use of intoxicating liquors or controlled substances,
23	as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., which affects
24	the ability to care and provide for the child;
25	SECTION 62. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-5-105, amend
26	(3.1) (a) (V) as follows:
27	19-5-105. Proceeding to terminate parent-child legal

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1	relationship. (3.1) The court may order the termination of the other birth
2	parent's parental rights upon a finding that termination is in the best
3	interests of the child and that there is clear and convincing evidence of
4	one or more of the following:
5	(a) That the parent is unfit. In considering the fitness of the child's
6	parent, the court shall consider, but shall not be limited to, the following:
7	(V) Excessive use of intoxicating liquors or use of controlled
8	substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.,
9	that affects the ability of the individual to care and provide for the child;
10	SECTION 63. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 22-1-110
11	as follows:
12	22-1-110. Effect of use of alcohol and controlled substances to
13	be taught. The nature of alcoholic drinks and controlled substances, as
14	defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., and special
15	instruction as to their effects upon the human system in connection with
16	the several divisions of the subject of physiology and hygiene, as to the
17	physical, emotional, psychological, and social dangers of their use with
18	an emphasis upon the nonuse of such substances by school-age children,
19	and as to the illegal aspects of their use shall be included in the branches
20	of study taught to school-age children during grades kindergarten through
21	grade twelve in the public schools of the state. They shall be studied and
22	taught, as thoroughly and in the same manner as other like required
23	branches are taught in said schools, by the use of instructional materials
24	and strategies designated by the board of directors of the respective
25	school districts.
26	SECTION 64. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 22-1-119
27	as follows:

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1	22-1-119. Students - dispensing of drugs to - liability. Any
2	school employee who dispenses any drug, as such term is defined in
3	section 12-22-102 (11) 12-42.5-102 (13), C.R.S., to a student in
4	accordance with written instructions from a parent or legal guardian shall
5	not be liable for damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in
6	any criminal proceedings for an adverse drug reaction suffered by the
7	student as a result of dispensing such drug.
8	SECTION 65. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-33-106, amend
9	(1) (d) (I) as follows:
10	22-33-106. Grounds for suspension, expulsion, and denial of
11	admission. (1) The following shall be grounds for suspension or
12	expulsion of a child from a public school during a school year:
13	(d) (I) Serious violations in a school building or in or on school
14	property, which suspension or expulsion shall be mandatory; except that
15	expulsion shall be mandatory for the following violations: Carrying,
16	bringing, using, or possessing a dangerous weapon without the
17	authorization of the school or the school district; the sale of a drug or
18	controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 18-18-102 (5),
19	C.R.S.; or the commission of an act which THAT, if committed by an
20	adult, would be robbery pursuant to part 3 of article 4 of title 18, C.R.S.,
21	or assault pursuant to part 2 of article 3 of title 18, C.R.S., other than the
22	commission of an act that would be third degree assault under section
23	18-3-204, C.R.S., if committed by an adult.
24	SECTION 66. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-60.5-107,
25	amend (2) (c) as follows:
26	22-60.5-107. Grounds for denying, annulling, suspending, or
27	revoking license, certificate, endorsement, or authorization. (2) Any

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1	needse, certificate, endorsement, of authorization may be defined,
2	annulled, suspended, or revoked in the manner prescribed in section
3	22-60.5-108, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this
4	section:
5	(c) When the applicant or holder is found guilty of or upon the
6	court's acceptance of a guilty plea or a plea of nolo contendere to a
7	misdemeanor violation of any law of this state or another state, any
8	municipality of this state or another state, or the United States or any
9	territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States involving the
10	illegal sale of controlled substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
11	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.;
12	SECTION 67. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-63-302, amend
13	(11) (a) (II) as follows:
14	22-63-302. Procedure for dismissal - judicial review.
15	(11) (a) The board of a school district may take immediate action to
16	dismiss a teacher, without a hearing, notwithstanding subsections (2) to
17	(10) of this section, pending the final outcome of judicial review or when
18	the time for seeking review has elapsed, when the teacher is convicted,
19	pleads nolo contendere, or receives a deferred sentence for:
20	(II) A violation of any law of this state, any municipality of this
21	state, or the United States involving the illegal sale of controlled
22	substances, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.
23	SECTION 68. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-1-122, amend
24	(3) (r) as follows:
25	24-1-122. Department of regulatory agencies - creation.
26	(3) The following boards and agencies are transferred by a type 1
27	transfer to the department of regulatory agencies and allocated to the

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1	division of registrations:
2	(r) State board of pharmacy, created by part 1 of article 22 42.5
3	of title 12, C.R.S.;
4	SECTION 69. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1-1202, amend
5	(1) (nnn) as follows:
6	25-1-1202. Index of statutory sections regarding medical
7	record confidentiality and health information. (1) Statutory
8	provisions concerning policies, procedures, and references to the release,
9	sharing, and use of medical records and health information include the
10	following:
11	(nnn) Section 12-22-707 12-42.5-406, C.R.S., concerning
12	information entered into the prescription drug monitoring program
13	database.
14	SECTION 70. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-301, amend
15	(4) (b) as follows:
16	25-1.5-301. Definitions. As used in this part 3, unless the context
17	otherwise requires:
18	(4) "Qualified manager" means a person who:
19	(b) Has completed training in the administration of medications
20	pursuant to section 25-1.5-303 or is a licensed nurse pursuant to article
21	38 of title 12, C.R.S., a licensed physician pursuant to article 36 of title
22	12, C.R.S., or a licensed pharmacist pursuant to article 22 42.5 of title 12,
23	C.R.S. Every unlicensed person who is a "qualified manager" within the
24	meaning of this subsection (4) shall, every four years, successfully
25	complete a test approved by the department pertaining to the
26	administration of medications.
27	SECTION 71. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-302, amend

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(1) (b) as follows:

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2 25-1.5-302. Administration of medications - powers and duties 3 **of department - criminal history record checks.** (1) The department 4 has, in addition to all other powers and duties imposed upon it by law, the 5 power and duty to establish and maintain by rule and regulation a 6 program for the administration of medications in facilities, which 7 program shall be developed and conducted by the department of human 8 services and the department of corrections, as provided in this part 3, 9 within the following guidelines: 10 (b) Any individual who is not otherwise authorized by law to 11 administer medication in a facility shall be allowed to perform such 12 duties only after passing a competency evaluation. An individual who 13 administers medications in facilities in compliance with the provisions of 14 this part 3 shall be exempt from the licensing requirements of the 15 "Colorado Medical Practice Act", the "Nurse Practice Act", and the laws 16 of this state pertaining to possession of controlled substances as 17 contained in part 1 of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF 18 ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., or the "Uniform Controlled Substances 19 Act of 1992", article 18 of title 18, C.R.S. 20 **SECTION 72.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-303, amend 21 (1) as follows: 22 Medication reminder boxes or systems -25-1.5-303. 23 **medication cash fund.** (1) Medication reminder boxes or systems may 24 be used if such containers have been filled and properly labeled by a 25 pharmacist licensed pursuant to article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., a nurse 26 licensed pursuant to article 38 of title 12, C.R.S., an unlicensed person

trained pursuant to this section, or filled and properly labeled through the

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1	gratuitous care by members of one's family or friends. Nothing in this
2	section authorizes or shall be construed to authorize the practice of
3	pharmacy, as defined in section 12-22-102 (26) 12-42.5-102 (31), C.R.S.
4	No unlicensed person shall fill and label medication reminder boxes
5	pursuant to this section until such person has completed appropriate
6	training approved by the department, and no facility shall use an
7	unlicensed person to perform such services unless such facility has a
8	qualified manager to oversee the work of such unlicensed person or
9	persons. Every unlicensed person and qualified manager described in this
10	section shall sign a disclosure statement under penalty of perjury stating
11	that he or she never had a professional license to practice nursing,
12	medicine, or pharmacy revoked in this or any other state for reasons
13	directly related to the administration of medications.
14	SECTION 73. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-35-102, amend
15	(3) and (8) as follows:
16	25-35-102. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
17	otherwise requires:
18	(3) "Dispense" shall have the same meaning as set forth in section
19	12-22-102 (9) 12-42.5-102 (11), C.R.S.
20	(8) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state
21	pursuant to the provisions of article 22 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., to engage
22	in the practice of pharmacy.
23	SECTION 74. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-35-103, amend
24	(3) (d) as follows:
25	25-35-103. Cancer drug repository - administration - donation
26	- dispensing - cancer drugs - medical devices. (3) A pharmacist may
27	accept and dispense cancer drugs and medical devices donated under the

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1	program to eligible patients if all of the following requirements are met:
2	(d) The cancer drug or medical device is prescribed by a
3	practitioner, as defined in section 12-22-102 (27) 12-42.5-102 (32)
4	C.R.S., for use by an eligible patient and is dispensed by a pharmacist.
5	SECTION 75. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25.5-5-322, amend
6	(2) (a) as follows:
7	25.5-5-322. Over-the-counter medications - rules. (2) (a) The
8	state board, in consultation with the state board of pharmacy created
9	pursuant to section 12-22-103 12-42.5-103, C.R.S., shall establish by rule
10	standards for when a licensed pharmacist may prescribe over-the-counter
11	medications as provided under this section for purposes of receiving
12	reimbursement under the medical assistance program.
13	SECTION 76. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25.5-5-502, amend
14	(2) introductory portion as follows:
15	25.5-5-502. Unused medications - reuse - rules. (2) A
16	pharmacist participating in the medical assistance program may accept
17	unused medication from a licensed facility, as defined in section
18	12-22-133 (1) (a), C.R.S., or a licensed health care provider
19	for the purpose of dispensing the medication to another person. A
20	pharmacist shall reimburse the state department for the cost of
21	medications that the state department has paid to the pharmacist if
22	medications are returned to a pharmacist and the medications are
23	available to be dispensed to another person. Medications shall only be
24	available to be dispensed to another person under this section if the
25	medications are:
26	SECTION 77. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-1-111, amend
27	(5) as follows:

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1	26-1-111. Activities of the state department under the
2	supervision of the executive director - cash fund - report - rules -
3	statewide adoption resource registry. (5) The state department,
4	through the unit in the state department that administers behavioral health
5	programs and services, including those related to mental health and
6	substance abuse, shall administer alcohol and drug abuse programs set
7	forth in articles 80, 81, and 82 of title 27, C.R.S. and applicable
8	provisions of article 22 of title 12, C.R.S.
9	SECTION 78. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-6-108, amend
10	(2) (c) as follows:
11	26-6-108. Denial of license - suspension - revocation -
12	probation - refusal to renew license - fines. (2) The department may
13	deny an application, or suspend, revoke, or make probationary the license
14	of any facility regulated and licensed under this part 1 or assess a fine
15	against the licensee pursuant to section 26-6-114 should the licensee, an
16	affiliate of the licensee, a person employed by the licensee, or a person
17	who resides with the licensee at the facility:
18	(c) Use any controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303
19	(7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or consume any alcoholic beverage during the
20	operating hours of the facility or be under the influence of a controlled
21	substance or alcoholic beverage during the operating hours of the facility;
22	or
23	SECTION 79. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-82-102, amend
24	(7) as follows:
25	27-82-102. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
26	otherwise requires:
27	(7) "Drug" means a controlled substance as defined in section

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1	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., and toxic vapors.
2	SECTION 80. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 31-31-803, amend
3	(3) (b) as follows:
4	31-31-803. Retirement for disability. (3) (b) For the purposes
5	of this subsection (3), the terms "addiction" and "controlled substance"
6	shall have the same meanings as such terms have in part $\frac{3}{2}$ of article $\frac{22}{2}$
7	80 of title 12 27, C.R.S.
8	SECTION 81. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 33-6-123
9	as follows:
10	33-6-123. Hunting under the influence. It is unlawful for any
11	person who is under the influence of alcohol or any controlled substance,
12	as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any other
13	drug to a degree which THAT renders such person incapable of safely
14	operating a firearm or bow and arrow to hunt or take any wildlife in this
15	state. The fact that any person charged with a violation of this section is
16	or has been entitled to use such controlled substance or drug under the
17	laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against any charge of
18	violating this section. For the purposes of this section, being under the
19	influence of any drug shall include the use of glue-sniffing, aerosol
20	inhalation, or the inhalation of any other toxic vapor. Any person who
21	violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
22	thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars
23	nor more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail
24	for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and
25	an assessment of twenty license suspension points.
26	SECTION 82. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-13-108.1,
27	amend (1) (a) (III) and (1) (a) (IV) as follows:

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1	33-13-108.1. Operating a vessel while under the influence.
2	(1) (a) It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate or be in actual
3	physical control of a vessel in this state while:
4	(III) Under the influence of any controlled substance as defined
5	in section 12-22-303 18-18-102(5), C.R.S., or any other drug that renders
6	the person incapable of safely operating a vessel;
7	(IV) Under the influence of any combination of alcohol and any
8	controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303 18-18-102 (5),
9	C.R.S., or any other drug, when the combination of alcohol and
10	controlled substance or any other drug renders the person incapable of
11	safely operating a vessel.
12	SECTION 83. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-13-110, amend
13	(3) (a) as follows:
14	33-13-110. Water skis, aquaplanes, surfboards, inner tubes,
15	and similar devices. (3) (a) No person shall operate, manipulate, or ride
16	water skis, an aquaplane, a surfboard, an inner tube, or any similar device
17	while under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance as defined in
18	section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any other drug, or any
19	combination thereof, which renders him THE PERSON incapable of the
20	safe operation of such device.
21	SECTION 84. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-14-116, amend
22	(3) as follows:
23	33-14-116. Other operating restrictions. (3) No person shall
24	operate a snowmobile while under the influence of alcohol, a controlled
25	substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or
26	any other drug, or any combination thereof, which renders him THE
27	PERSON incapable of the safe operation of a snowmobile.

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1	SECTION 85. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-44-109, amend
2	(9) as follows:
3	33-44-109. Duties of skiers - penalties. (9) No person shall
4	move uphill on any passenger tramway or use any ski slope or trail while
5	such person's ability to do so is impaired by the consumption of alcohol
6	or by the use of any controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303
7	(7) 18-18-102(5), C.R.S., or other drug or while such person is under the
8	influence of alcohol or any controlled substance, as defined in section
9	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or other drug.
10	SECTION 86. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 41-2-102, amend
11	(1) (b) and (1) (c) as follows:
12	41-2-102. Operating an aircraft under the influence -
13	operating an aircraft with excessive alcohol content - tests - penalties
14	- useful public service program. (1) (b) It is a misdemeanor for any
15	person who is an habitual user of any controlled substance, as defined in
16	section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., to operate any aircraft in
17	this state.
18	(c) For the purposes of this subsection (1), "one or more drugs"
19	shall mean all substances defined as a drug in section 12-22-303 (13)
20	27-80-203 (13), C.R.S., and all controlled substances, as defined in
21	section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S.
22	SECTION 87. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-104, amend
23	(2) (c) as follows:
24	42-2-104. Licenses issued - denied. (2) Except as otherwise
25	provided in this article, a person shall not be licensed by the department
26	to operate any motor vehicle in this state:
27	(c) Who has been adjudged or determined by a court of competent

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1	jurisdiction to be an habitual drunkard or addicted to the use of a
2	controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5),
3	C.R.S.
4	SECTION 88. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-125, amend
5	(1) (b) as follows:
6	42-2-125. Mandatory revocation of license and permit.
7	(1) The department shall immediately revoke the license or permit of any
8	driver or minor driver upon receiving a record showing that such driver
9	has:
10	(b) Been convicted of driving a motor vehicle while under the
11	influence of a controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
12	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or while an habitual user of such a controlled
13	substance;
14	SECTION 89. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-110, amend
15	(1) (d) as follows:
16	42-4-110. Provisions uniform throughout state. (1) The
17	provisions of this article shall be applicable and uniform throughout this
18	state and in all political subdivisions and municipalities therein. Cities
19	and counties, incorporated cities and towns, and counties shall regulate
20	and enforce all traffic and parking restrictions on streets which are state
21	highways as provided in section 43-2-135 (1) (g), C.R.S., and all local
22	authorities may enact and enforce traffic regulations on other roads and
23	streets within their respective jurisdictions. All such regulations shall be
24	subject to the following conditions and limitations:
25	(d) In no event shall local authorities have the power to enact by
26	ordinance regulations governing the driving of vehicles by persons under
27	the influence of alcohol or of a controlled substance, as defined in section

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1	$\frac{12-22-303}{(7)}$ 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or under the influence of any other
2	drug to a degree which THAT renders any such person incapable of safely
3	operating a vehicle, or whose ability to operate a vehicle is impaired by
4	the consumption of alcohol or by the use of a controlled substance, as
5	defined in section 12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or any other drug,
6	the registration of vehicles and the licensing of drivers, the duties and
7	obligations of persons involved in traffic accidents, and vehicle
8	equipment requirements in conflict with the provisions of this article; but
9	said local authorities within their respective jurisdictions shall enforce the
10	state laws pertaining to these subjects, and in every charge of violation
11	the complaint shall specify the section of state law under which the
12	charge is made and the state court having jurisdiction.
13	SECTION 90. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-805, amend
14	(3) as follows:
15	42-4-805. Pedestrians walking or traveling in a wheelchair on
16	highways. (3) It is unlawful for any person who is under the influence
17	of alcohol or of any controlled substance, as defined in section 12-22-303
18	(7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., or of any stupefying drug to walk or be upon
19	that portion of any highway normally used by moving motor vehicle
20	traffic.
21	SECTION 91. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-1301, amend
22	(1) (c) and (1) (d) as follows:
23	42-4-1301. Driving under the influence - driving while
24	impaired - driving with excessive alcoholic content - definitions -
25	penalties. (1) (c) It is a misdemeanor for any person who is an habitual
26	user of any controlled substance defined in section 12-22-303 (7)
27	18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., to drive a motor vehicle, vehicle, or low-power

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1	scooter in this state.
2	(d) For the purposes of this subsection (1), one or more drugs
3	shall mean all substances defined as a drug in section 12-22-303 (13)
4	27-80-203 (13), C.R.S., and all controlled substances defined in section
5	12-22-303 (7) 18-18-102 (5), C.R.S., and glue-sniffing, aerosol
6	inhalation, and the inhalation of any other toxic vapor or vapors.
7	SECTION 92. Effective date. This act takes effect July 1, 2012.
8	SECTION 93. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
9	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
10	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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