First Regular Session Sixty-eighth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 11-1028.01 Michael Dohr

SENATE BILL 11-254

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Steadman, Carroll

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Pace,

Senate Committees Judiciary

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING STATUTORY CHANGES TO IMPROVE PRACTICES FOR PERSONS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill permits time credit for nonresidential community corrections programs.

The bill creates criteria for when a person sentenced to a community corrections sentence may be considered for early termination of his or her sentence. When the person meets the criteria, his or her

probation officer must submit a petition for early termination to the court and notify the district attorney and defendant. The court then decides the petition based on the statutory criteria.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:* 2 **SECTION 1.** The introductory portion to 18-1.3-301 (1) (i) (I) 3 and 18-1.3-301 (1) (i) (IV), (1) (i) (VI), (1) (j), and (1) (k), Colorado 4 Revised Statutes, are amended to read: Authority to place offenders in community 5 18-1.3-301. corrections programs. (1) (i) (I) An offender sentenced directly to a 6 7 community corrections program by the sentencing court pursuant to this 8 subsection (1) may SHALL be eligible for time credit deductions from the 9 offender's sentence not to exceed ten days for each month of placement 10 upon a demonstration to the program administrator by the offender that 11 the offender has made consistent progress in the following categories: 12 (IV) An offender shall not be credited with more than one-half the 13 allowable time credits for any month or portion thereof unless the 14 offender was employed, WAS ACTIVELY SEEKING EMPLOYMENT OR 15 UNABLE TO BE EMPLOYED DUE TO A DISABILITY WAIVER, or was 16 participating in training, education, or treatment programs which 17 precluded the ability to remain employed. This subparagraph (IV) shall 18 not apply to those offenders excused from such employment or training 19 by the program administrator or for medical reasons. 20 (VI) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (i), 21 time credits shall not reduce the sentence of any offender sentenced 22 directly to a community corrections program by a period of time which is 23 more than twenty-five percent of the sentence or twenty-five percent of 24 the sentence after adjustments are calculated for any credits outlined by

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the mittimus.

(j) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (k) of this
subsection (1), any offender sentenced to the department of corrections
subsequent to placement in a community corrections program is entitled
to credit against the term of confinement as described in section
17-27-104 (9), C.R.S. The court shall make a finding of the amount of
such time credits and include such finding in the mittimus that orders the
offender to be placed in the custody of the department of corrections. The
department of corrections shall apply credits for residential placement
AND NONRESIDENTIAL TIME COMPLETED in a community corrections
program in the same manner as credits for time served in a department of
corrections facility.

- (k) Any offender who escapes from a residential community corrections program or who absconds from a nonresidential community corrections program shall MAY forfeit any time credit deductions earned pursuant to paragraph (i) of this subsection (1) AND SHALL NOT BE CREDITED WITH ANY TIME ON ESCAPE OR ABSCONDER STATUS. Within thirty days after an offender's escape or abscondment, the program administrator shall submit to the sentencing court a statement on the form described in subparagraph (III) of paragraph (i) of this subsection (1) of the time credit deductions that would have been earned by the offender.
- **SECTION 2.** 17-27-104 (9), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
- 17-27-104. Community corrections programs operated by units of local government, state agencies, or nongovernmental agencies. (9) The administrator of any community corrections program shall document the number of days of residential placement AND

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NONRESIDENTIAL TIME completed by each offender sentenced directly to the community corrections program by the court and the time credits granted to such offender pursuant to section 18-1.3-301 (1) (i), C.R.S. If any such offender is rejected after acceptance by the community corrections board or the community corrections program, the program administrator shall provide a written summary of the residential days completed by such offender to the referring agency. If the offender is thereafter committed to the department of corrections, such summary shall be reported to the department of corrections to facilitate the calculation of any time credits pursuant to part 3 or part 4 of article 22.5 of this title.

- **SECTION 3.** 18-1.3-301 (1) (h), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
 - **18-1.3-301.** Authority to place offenders in community corrections programs. (1) (h) (I) The sentencing court shall have the authority to modify the sentence of an offender who has been directly sentenced to a community corrections program in the same manner as if the offender had been placed on probation.
 - (II) A DEFENDANT WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETES THE RESIDENTIAL PHASE OF A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS SENTENCE, HAS PAID THE COSTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM IN FULL, AND IS BEING SUPERVISED ON NONRESIDENTIAL STATUS AT EITHER A LOW OR ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL IS ELIGIBLE FOR CONSIDERATION FOR EARLY TERMINATION OF HIS OR HER COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS SENTENCE BY THE COURT.
- (III) WHEN THE DEFENDANT HAS MET THE ELIGIBLITY CRITERIA ENUMERATED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (h), THE

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1	DEFENDANT'S PROBATION OFFICER SHALL SUBMIT A PETITION FOR EARLY
2	TERMINATION OF SENTENCE TO THE COURT AND NOTIFY THE DISTRICT
3	ATTORNEY AND THE DEFENDANT.
4	(IV) IF VICTIM NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED, THE PROBATION
5	OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE VICTIM NOTIFICATION PURSUANT TO PART 3 OF
6	ARTICLE 4.1 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S.
7	(V) IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO GRANT OR DENY THE PETITION,
8	THE COURT MAY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING FACTORS:
9	(A) THE DEFENDANT'S ASSESSED RISK OF REOFFENSE;
10	(B) VICTIM INPUT, IF ANY;
11	(C) THE DEFENDANT'S COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS AND
12	CONDITIONS OF THE SENTENCE OR COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM;
13	(D) COMPLETION OF ANY TREATMENT REQUIRED BY THE COURT OR
14	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM; AND
15	(E) OTHER FACTORS DEEMED RELEVANT BY THE COURT.
16	(VI) IF THE DEFENDANT IS GRANTED EARLY TERMINATION, THE
17	COURT MAY CONVERT ANY OUTSTANDING COURT-ORDERED RESTITUTION,
18	COSTS, FINES, FEES, OR SURCHARGES TO A CIVIL JUDGMENT OR THE COURT
19	MAY WAIVE ANY OUTSTANDING COURT-ORDERED COSTS, FINES, FEES, OR
20	SURCHARGES IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THERE IS NOT A REASONABLE
21	PROBABILITY THAT THE DEFENDANT WILL BE ABLE TO PAY.
22	SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
23	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
24	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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