

STATE and LOCAL FISCAL IMPACT

Sen. King S. Fiscal Analyst: Jessika Shipley (303-866-3528)

TITLE: CONCERNING THE ADDRESS CONFIDENTIALITY PROGRAM.

Fiscal Impact Summary	FY 2011-2012	FY 2012-2013
State Revenue Cash Funds Fines Collection Cash Fund	less than \$5,000	less than \$5,000
State Expenditures		
FTE Position Change		
Effective Date: Upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.		
Appropriation Summary for FY 2011-2012: None required		
Local Government Impact: Minimal		

Summary of Legislation

This bill makes it a class 1 misdemeanor to knowingly make available on the Internet the address of, or a legal description of property owned by, a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program in the Secretary of State's Office (program). The prohibition applies only to individuals who are aware that the address or described property belongs to a program participant. Additionally, the bill removes the requirement that the application assistant in the Secretary of State's Office, who assists in the preparation of an application to renew participation in the program, sign and date the renewal application.

State Revenue

State law specifies that the fine penalty is \$500 to \$5,000 for a class 1 misdemeanor. Unless otherwise provided by law, the fines are to be deposited in the state Fines Collection Cash Fund for annual appropriations to cover associated administrative and personnel costs. All unexpended balances of the cash fund revert to the state General Fund at the end of each fiscal year. Because the courts have the discretion of imposing incarceration, a fine, or both, the impact to the cash fund and the General Fund cannot be determined.

Page 2 January 24, 2011

State Expenditures

The bill is likely to increase misdemeanor case filings in county courts, but the total number of new cases is expected to be extremely low. As such, the Judicial Branch will absorb any increased costs using existing appropriations.

Local Government Impact

The penalty for a class 1 misdemeanor is 6 to 18 months imprisonment in a county jail, a fine of \$500 to \$5,000, or both. Because the courts have the discretion of imposing incarceration, a fine, or both, the impact at the local level cannot be determined. The cost to house an offender in county jails varies from \$45 to \$50 per day in smaller rural jails to \$62 to \$72 per day for larger Denver-metro area jails. For the current fiscal year, the state reimburses county jails at a daily rate of \$50.44 to house state inmates. It is assumed that the impact of any new misdemeanor convictions will be minimal and will not create the need for additional county jail space.

Departments Contacted

Judicial Secretary of State Clerks and Recorders