Second Regular Session Sixty-seventh General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 10-0352.01 Richard Sweetman

HOUSE BILL 10-1122

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Roberts and Merrifield, Gagliardi, Kefalas, Tyler

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Williams, Morse

House CommitteesHealth and Human Services

Senate Committees

Health and Human Services

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MEDICAL ORDERS DETERMINING THE SCOPE OF
102	TREATMENT AN ADULT WISHES TO RECEIVE UNDER CERTAIN
103	CIRCUMSTANCES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill provides that a medical orders for scope of treatment form (MOST form) that is properly executed and signed by an adult's physician, advanced practice nurse, or, if under the supervision or authority of the physician, physician's assistant shall have the same force

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unam ended February 25,2010

HOUSE Am ended 2nd Reading February 24, 2010 and effect as a physician's order with respect to medical treatment of the adult who is the subject of the MOST form. An adult with decisional capacity or an authorized decision-maker for an adult who lacks decisional capacity may execute a MOST form.

The bill requires emergency medical service personnel, a health care provider, or a health care facility to comply with a MOST form that is apparent and immediately available. Emergency medical service personnel, a health care provider, or a health care facility that complies with a MOST form is exempt from civil or criminal liability or regulatory sanction. A verbal order from an adult's physician, advanced practice nurse, or, if under the supervision or authority of the physician, physician's assistant shall have the same force and effect as an executed MOST form so long as the verbal order is acknowledged in writing and signed by the adult's physician, advanced practice nurse, or, if under the supervision or authority of the physician, physician's assistant. A health care facility or a health care provider may delay compliance with an adult's executed MOST form for the purpose of consulting with the adult, the adult's authorized surrogate decision-maker, or the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician's assistant who signed the form concerning the provisions of the form and their applicability in the present treatment environment.

The bill requires a health care facility that transfers an adult who is known to have properly executed and signed a MOST form to communicate the existence of the form to the receiving health care facility before the transfer and ensure that the form accompanies the adult upon admission to or discharge from a health care facility.

A health care provider or health care facility that provides care to an adult whom the health care provider or health care facility knows to have executed a MOST form must provide notice to the adult or, if appropriate, to the adult's authorized surrogate decision-maker, of any policies based on moral convictions or religious beliefs of the health care provider or health care facility relative to the withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment. A health care provider or health care facility must promptly transfer an adult who has executed a MOST form to another health care provider or health care facility if the original health care provider or health care facility will not comply with the provisions of the form on the basis of policies based on moral convictions or religious beliefs.

An adult with decisional capacity may revoke all or part of his or her executed MOST form at any time. An authorized surrogate decision-maker may revoke an adult's MOST form if it was originally executed by an authorized surrogate decision-maker. Emergency medical service personnel, a health care provider, or an authorized surrogate decision-maker who becomes aware of the revocation of a MOST form must promptly communicate the fact of the revocation to a physician,

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advanced practice nurse, or physician's assistant who is providing health care to the adult who is the subject of the form.

A health care facility may not require an adult to complete a MOST form as a condition of being admitted to, or receiving treatment from, the health care facility. Neither the existence nor absence of a MOST form shall be the basis for any delay in issuing or refusing to issue an annuity or policy of life or health insurance or any increase of a premium therefor. The bill clarifies the effect of a MOST form on conflicting provisions of another form of advance medical directive.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. Title 15, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY
3	THE ADDITION OF A NEW ARTICLE to read:
4	ARTICLE 18.7
5	Directives Concerning Medical Orders
6	for Scope of Treatment
7	15-18.7-101. Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL
8	ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS THAT:
9	(a) COLORADO LAW HAS TRADITIONALLY RECOGNIZED THE RIGHT
10	OF AN ADULT OR HIS OR HER AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER
11	TO ACCEPT OR REJECT MEDICAL TREATMENT AND ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION
12	OR HYDRATION;
13	(b) EACH ADULT HAS THE RIGHT TO ESTABLISH, IN ADVANCE OF
14	THE NEED FOR LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT, DIRECTIVES AND
15	INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL
16	TREATMENT IN THE EVENT THE ADULT LATER IS IN A TERMINAL CONDITION
17	AND LACKS THE DECISIONAL CAPACITY TO PROVIDE INFORMED CONSENT
18	TO, WITHDRAW FROM, OR REFUSE LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT;
19	(c) Current instruments for making advance medical
20	DIRECTIVES ARE OFTEN UNDERUTILIZED, HAMPERED BY CERTAIN

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1	INSTITUTIONAL BARRIERS, AND INCONSISTENTLY INTERPRETED AND
2	IMPLEMENTED; AND
3	(d) THE FRAIL ELDERLY, CHRONICALLY OR TERMINALLY ILL, AND
4	NURSING HOME RESIDENT POPULATION IS IN PARTICULAR NEED OF A
5	CONSISTENT METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING AND COMMUNICATING CRITICAL
6	TREATMENT PREFERENCES THAT EACH SECTOR OF THE HEALTH CARE
7	COMMUNITY WILL RECOGNIZE AND FOLLOW.
8	(2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THEREFORE CONCLUDES THAT IT IS
9	$\hbox{in the best interests of the people of } Colorado \hbox{to adopt statutes}$
10	PROVIDING FOR MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT. CONSISTENT
11	WITH THE GOAL OF ENHANCING PATIENT-CENTERED, COMPASSIONATE
12	CARE THROUGH METHODS TO ENHANCE CONTINUITY ACROSS HEALTH CARE
13	SETTINGS, MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT WILL PROVIDE A
14	PROCESS FOR TIMELY DISCUSSION BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS AND THEIR
15	HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS ABOUT CHOICES TO ACCEPT, WITHDRAW, OR
16	REFUSE LIFE-SUSTAINING <u>MEDICAL TREATMENT IN THE EVENT OF A</u>
17	TERMINAL CONDITION AND, THROUGH THE USE OF STANDARDIZED FORMS,
18	WILL ENSURE THOSE PREFERENCES ARE CLEARLY AND UNEQUIVOCALLY
19	DOCUMENTED.
20	15-18.7-102. Definitions. AS USED IN THIS ARTICLE, UNLESS THE
21	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
22	(1) "ADULT" MEANS A PERSON EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.
23	(2) "ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVE" MEANS A WRITTEN
24	INSTRUCTION CONCERNING MEDICAL TREATMENT DECISIONS TO BE MADE
25	ON BEHALF OF THE ADULT WHO PROVIDED THE INSTRUCTION IN THE EVENT
26	THAT HE OR SHE BECOMES INCAPACITATED. AN ADVANCE MEDICAL
27	DIRECTIVE INCLUDES, BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO:

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1	(a) A MEDICAL DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY EXECUTED
2	PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-14-506;
3	(b) A DECLARATION EXECUTED PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO
4	MEDICAL TREATMENT DECISION ACT", ARTICLE 18 OF THIS TITLE;
5	(c) A POWER OF ATTORNEY GRANTING MEDICAL TREATMENT
6	AUTHORITY EXECUTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1992, PURSUANT TO SECTION
7	15-14-501, AS IT EXISTED PRIOR TO THAT DATE; OR
8	(d) A CPR directive or declaration executed pursuant to
9	ARTICLE 18.6 OF THIS TITLE.
10	(3) "ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION OR HYDRATION" MEANS:
11	(a) NUTRITION OR HYDRATION SUPPLIED THROUGH A TUBE
12	INSERTED INTO THE STOMACH OR INTESTINES; OR
13	(b) Nutrients or fluids injected intravenously into the
14	BLOODSTREAM.
15	(4) "AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER" MEANS A
16	GUARDIAN APPOINTED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE, AN AGENT
17	APPOINTED PURSUANT TO A MEDICAL DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY, A
18	PROXY DECISION-MAKER FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT DECISIONS APPOINTED
19	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 18.5 OF this title, or a similarly authorized
20	SURROGATE, AS DEFINED BY THE LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE, WHO IS
21	AUTHORIZED TO MAKE MEDICAL DECISIONS FOR AN INDIVIDUAL WHO
22	LACKS DECISIONAL CAPACITY.
23	(5) "CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION" OR "CPR" SHALL HAVE
24	THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION $15-18.6-101$ (1).
25	(6) "CPR DIRECTIVE" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET
26	FORTH IN SECTION 15-18.6-101 (2).
27	(7) "DECISIONAL CAPACITY" MEANS THE ABILITY TO PROVIDE

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I	INFORMED CONSENT TO OR REFUSAL OF MEDICAL TREATMENT OR THE
2	ABILITY TO MAKE AN INFORMED HEALTH CARE BENEFIT DECISION.
3	(8) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an
4	EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN WHO IS CERTIFIED OR LICENSED BY THE
5	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, CREATED AND
6	EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-102, C.R.S., OR ANY FIRST
7	RESPONDER CERTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
8	ENVIRONMENT OR THE DIVISION OF FIRE SAFETY IN THE OFFICE OF
9	PREPAREDNESS, SECURITY, AND FIRE SAFETY IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
10	PUBLIC SAFETY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 12 OF ARTICLE 33.5 OF TITLE
11	24, C.R.S.
12	(9) "HEALTH CARE FACILITY" MEANS A HOSPITAL, A HOSPICE
13	INPATIENT RESIDENCE, A NURSING FACILITY, A DIALYSIS TREATMENT
14	FACILITY, AN ASSISTED LIVING RESIDENCE, AN ENTITY THAT PROVIDES
15	HOME- AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES, A HOSPICE OR HOME HEALTH
16	CARE AGENCY, OR ANOTHER FACILITY THAT PROVIDES OR CONTRACTS TO
17	PROVIDE HEALTH CARE SERVICES, WHICH FACILITY IS LICENSED,
18	CERTIFIED, OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED OR PERMITTED BY LAW TO
19	PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT.
20	(10) "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" MEANS:
21	(a) A PHYSICIAN OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL WHO PROVIDES MEDICAL
22	TREATMENT TO AN ADULT AND WHO IS LICENSED, CERTIFIED, OR
23	OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED OR PERMITTED BY LAW TO PROVIDE MEDICAL
24	TREATMENT OR WHO IS EMPLOYED BY OR ACTING FOR SUCH AN
25	AUTHORIZED PERSON; OR

(b) A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LICENSED AND

CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE.

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1	(11) (a) "LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT" MEANS ANY
2	MEDICAL TREATMENT THAT, IF ADMINISTERED TO A PATIENT, WOULD
3	SERVE ONLY TO PROLONG THE DYING PROCESS.
4	(b) "LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT" SHALL NOT INCLUDE:
5	(I) ANY MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR NOURISHMENT OF A PATIENT,
6	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION OR HYDRATION,
7	UNLESS SUCH NOURISHMENT IS NO LONGER ADEQUATE TO SUSTAIN BODILY
8	<u>LIFE.</u>
9	(II) ANY MEDICAL TREATMENT THAT A PATIENT'S ATTENDING
10	PHYSICIAN CONSIDERS TO BE NECESSARY TO PROVIDE COMFORT OR
11	ALLEVIATE PAIN.
12	(12) "MEDICAL TREATMENT" MEANS THE PROVISION,
13	WITHHOLDING, OR WITHDRAWAL OF ANY:
14	(a) HEALTH CARE;
15	(b) Medical procedure, including but not limited to
16	SURGERY, CPR, AND ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION OR HYDRATION; OR
17	(c) SERVICE TO MAINTAIN, DIAGNOSE, TREAT, OR PROVIDE FOR A
18	PATIENT'S PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH CARE.
19	(13) "TERMINAL CONDITION" MEANS AN INCURABLE OR
20	IRREVERSIBLE CONDITION FOR WHICH THE ADMINISTRATION OF
21	LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT WILL SERVE ONLY TO POSTPONE
22	THE MOMENT OF DEATH.
23	15-18.7-103. Medical orders for scope of treatment forms -
24	form contents. (1) A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM
25	SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ADULT
26	WHOSE MEDICAL TREATMENT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE MEDICAL ORDERS
27	FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM:

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1	(a) THE ADULT'S NAME, DATE OF BIRTH, AND SEX;
2	(b) THE ADULT'S EYE AND HAIR COLOR;
3	(c) THE ADULT'S RACE OR ETHNIC BACKGROUND;
4	(d) IF APPLICABLE, THE NAME OF THE HOSPICE PROGRAM IN WHICH
5	THE ADULT IS ENROLLED;
6	(e) The name, address, and telephone number of the
7	ADULT'S PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR PHYSICIAN'S
8	ASSISTANT;
9	(f) THE ADULT'S SIGNATURE OR MARK OR, IF APPLICABLE, THE
10	SIGNATURE OF THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER;
11	(g) THE DATE UPON WHICH THE MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
12	TREATMENT FORM WAS SIGNED;
13	(h) THE ADULT'S INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING:
14	(I) THE ADMINISTRATION OF CPR;
15	(II) OTHER MEDICAL INTERVENTIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
16	TO CONSENT TO COMFORT MEASURES ONLY, TRANSFER TO A HOSPITAL,
17	LIMITED INTERVENTION, OR FULL TREATMENT; AND
18	(III) OTHER TREATMENT OPTIONS;
19	(i) The signature of the adult's physician, advanced
20	PRACTICE NURSE, OR, IF UNDER THE SUPERVISION OR AUTHORITY OF THE
21	PHYSICIAN, PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT.
22	15-18.7-104. Duty to comply with medical orders for scope of
23	treatment form - immunity - effect on criminal charges against
24	another person - transferability. (1) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN
25	SECTIONS 15-18.7-105, 15-18.7-107 (1), AND 15-18.7-108, EMERGENCY
26	MEDICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL, A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, OR A HEALTH
27	CARE EACH ITY SHALL COMDLY WITH AN ADDILT'S EXECUTED MEDICAL

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1	ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM THAT:
2	(I) HAS BEEN EXECUTED IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE;
3	(II) IS APPARENT AND IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE; AND
4	(III) REASONABLY SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF A MEDICAL
5	ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM SPECIFIED IN SECTION
6	15-18.7-103.
7	(b) THE FACT THAT THE PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE,
8	OR PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT WHO SIGNED AN ADULT'S MEDICAL ORDERS FOR
9	SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM DOES NOT HAVE ADMITTING PRIVILEGES AT
10	THE HOSPITAL OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY WHERE THE ADULT IS BEING
11	TREATED DOES NOT REMOVE THE DUTY OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE
12	PERSONNEL, A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, OR A HEALTH CARE FACILITY TO
13	COMPLY WITH THE MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM AS
14	REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1).
15	(2) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL, A HEALTH CARE
16	PROVIDER, A HEALTH CARE FACILITY, OR ANY OTHER PERSON WHO
17	COMPLIES WITH A LEGALLY EXECUTED MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
18	TREATMENT FORM THAT IS APPARENT AND IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE AND
19	THAT HE OR SHE BELIEVES TO BE THE MOST CURRENT VERSION OF THE
20	FORM SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY OR
21	REGULATORY SANCTION FOR SUCH COMPLIANCE.
22	(3) COMPLIANCE BY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL,
23	A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, OR A HEALTH CARE FACILITY WITH AN
24	EXECUTED MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM SHALL NOT
25	AFFECT THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OF A PERSON OTHERWISE CHARGED
26	WITH THE COMMISSION OF A CRIMINAL ACT.
27	(4) IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EXECUTED MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE

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OF TREATMENT FORM DECLINING CPR OR A CPR DIRECTIVE, AN ADULT'S
CONSENT TO CPR SHALL BE PRESUMED.

3 (5) AN ADULT'S PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR, IF 4 UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE PHYSICIAN, PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT MAY 5 PROVIDE A VERBAL CONFIRMATION TO A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO 6 SHALL ANNOTATE ON THE MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT 7 FORM THE TIME AND DATE OF THE VERBAL CONFIRMATION AND THE NAME 8 AND LICENSE NUMBER OF THE PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR 9 PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT. THE PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR 10 PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT SHALL COUNTERSIGN THE ANNOTATION OF THE 11 VERBAL CONFIRMATION ON THE MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF 12 TREATMENT FORM WITHIN A TIME PERIOD THAT SATISFIES ANY APPLICABLE 13 STATE LAW OR WITHIN THIRTY DAYS, WHICHEVER PERIOD IS LESS, AFTER 14 PROVIDING THE VERBAL CONFIRMATION. THE SIGNATURE OF THE 15 PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT MAY 16 BE PROVIDED BY PHOTOCOPY, FAX, OR ELECTRONIC MEANS. A MEDICAL 17 ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM WITH ANNOTATED VERBAL 18 CONFIRMATION, AND A PHOTOCOPY, FAX, OR OTHER ELECTRONIC 19 REPRODUCTION THEREOF, SHALL BE GIVEN THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT 20 AS THE ORIGINAL FORM SIGNED BY THE PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE 21 NURSE, OR PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT.

(6) (a) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO MODIFY OR ALTER ANY GENERALLY ACCEPTED ETHICS, STANDARDS, PROTOCOLS, OR LAWS FOR THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE OR NURSING, INCLUDING THE PROVISIONS IN SECTION 15-18.6-108 CONCERNING EUTHANASIA AND MERCY KILLING.

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(b) A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM SHALL

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1	NOT BE CONSTRUED TO COMPEL OR AUTHORIZE A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER
2	OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY TO ADMINISTER MEDICAL TREATMENT THAT IS
3	MEDICALLY INAPPROPRIATE OR PROHIBITED BY STATE OR FEDERAL LAW.
4	
5	(7) If an adult who is known to have properly executed
6	AND SIGNED A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM IS
7	TRANSFERRED FROM ONE HEALTH CARE FACILITY OR HEALTH CARE
8	PROVIDER TO ANOTHER, THE TRANSFERRING HEALTH CARE FACILITY OR
9	HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SHALL COMMUNICATE THE EXISTENCE OF THE
10	FORM TO THE RECEIVING HEALTH CARE FACILITY OR HEALTH CARE
11	PROVIDER BEFORE THE TRANSFER. THE TRANSFERRING HEALTH CARE
12	FACILITY OR HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SHALL ENSURE THAT THE FORM OR
13	A COPY OF THE FORM ACCOMPANIES THE ADULT UPON ADMISSION TO OR
14	DISCHARGE FROM A HEALTH CARE FACILITY.
15	15-18.7-105. Moral convictions and religious beliefs - notice
16	required - transfer of a patient. (1) A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR
17	HEALTH CARE FACILITY THAT PROVIDES CARE TO AN ADULT WHOM THE
18	HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY KNOWS TO HAVE
19	EXECUTED A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM SHALL
20	PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE ADULT OR, IF APPROPRIATE, TO THE AUTHORIZED
21	SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER OF THE ADULT, OF ANY POLICIES BASED ON
22	MORAL CONVICTIONS OR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS OF THE HEALTH CARE
23	PROVIDER OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY RELATIVE TO THE WITHHOLDING OR
24	WITHDRAWAL OF MEDICAL TREATMENT. THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR
25	HEALTH CARE FACILITY SHALL PROVIDE THE NOTICE, WHEN REASONABLY
26	POSSIBLE, PRIOR TO PROVIDING MEDICAL TREATMENT OR PRIOR TO OR

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1	AS SOUN AS POSSIBLE THEREAFTER.
2	(2) A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY SHALL
3	PROVIDE FOR THE PROMPT TRANSFER OF AN ADULT WHO HAS EXECUTED A
4	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM TO ANOTHER HEALTH
5	CARE PROVIDER OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY IF THE TRANSFERRING HEALTH
6	CARE PROVIDER OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY CHOOSES NOT TO COMPLY
7	WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE FORM ON THE BASIS OF POLICIES BASED ON
8	MORAL CONVICTIONS OR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS.
9	(3) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL RELIEVE OR EXONERATE AN
10	ATTENDING PHYSICIAN OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY FROM THE DUTY TO
11	PROVIDE FOR THE CARE AND COMFORT OF AN ADULT PENDING TRANSFER
12	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
13	$15\text{-}18.7\text{-}106. \ \ Medical \ orders \ for \ scope \ of \ treatment \ form - who$
14	may consent. (1) AN ADULT WHO HAS DECISIONAL CAPACITY MAY
15	EXECUTE A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM.
16	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION $\underline{15-18.7-111}$ (3), THE
17	AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER FOR AN ADULT WHO LACKS
18	DECISIONAL CAPACITY MAY EXECUTE A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
19	TREATMENT FORM FOR SAID ADULT.
20	15-18.7-107. Revision and revocation of a medical orders for
21	scope of treatment form - duty to inform. (1) (a) A HEALTH CARE
22	PROVIDER MAY REVISE THE PROVISIONS OF AN ADULT'S EXECUTED
23	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM ONLY IF:
24	(I)(A)The adult's medical condition has changed since the
25	ADULT OR THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER
26	EXECUTED THE FORM; OR
27	(B) THE PROVISIONS OF THE FORM ARE NOT, IN THE PROVIDER'S

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1	INDEPENDENT MEDICAL JUDGMENT, MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE;
2	(II) THE PROVIDER CONSULTS WITH THE ADULT OR, IF THE ADULT
3	LACKS DECISIONAL CAPACITY, THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE
4	DECISION-MAKER CONCERNING THE REVISION OF THE FORM; AND
5	(III) THE ADULT OR, IF THE ADULT LACKS DECISIONAL CAPACITY,
6	THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER CONSENTS TO
7	THE REVISION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE FORM.
8	(b) If a health care provider revises an adult's executed
9	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM PURSUANT TO
10	PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1):
11	(I) THE PROVIDER SHALL RECORD THE REVISIONS ON THE FORM;
12	AND
13	(II) THE PROVIDER AND THE ADULT OR, IF THE ADULT LACKS
14	DECISIONAL CAPACITY, THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE
15	DECISION-MAKER, SHALL SIGN AND DATE THE FORM.
16	(2) An adult who has decisional capacity and has
17	EXECUTED A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM MAY
18	REVOKE HIS OR HER CONSENT TO ALL OR PART OF THE FORM AT ANY TIME
19	AND IN ANY MANNER THAT CLEARLY COMMUNICATES AN INTENT TO
20	REVOKE ALL OR PART OF THE FORM.
21	(3) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION $\underline{15-18.7-111}$ (3), THE
22	AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER FOR AN ADULT WHO LACKS
23	DECISIONAL CAPACITY MAY REVOKE THE ADULT'S PREVIOUSLY EXECUTED
24	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM.
25	(4) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL, A HEALTH CARE
26	PROVIDER, OR AN AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER WHO
27	BECOMES AWARE OF THE REVOCATION OF A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE

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1	OF TREATMENT FORM SHALL PROMPTLT COMMUNICATE THE FACT OF THE
2	REVOCATION TO A PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR
3	PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT WHO IS PROVIDING CARE TO THE ADULT WHO IS
4	THE SUBJECT OF THE FORM.
5	15-18.7-108. Withdrawal - withholding of life-sustaining
6	medical treatment. In the event that an attending physician is
7	PRESENTED WITH AN UNREVOKED MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
8	TREATMENT FORM EXECUTED BY AN ADULT WHOM THE PHYSICIAN
9	BELIEVES HAS A TERMINAL CONDITION, WHICH FORM AUTHORIZES THE
10	WITHDRAWAL OR WITHHOLDING OF LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT
11	IN THE EVENT THAT THE ADULT IS IN A TERMINAL CONDITION AND LACKS
12	THE DECISIONAL CAPACITY TO PROVIDE INFORMED CONSENT TO,
13	WITHDRAW FROM, OR REFUSE LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT, THE
14	ATTENDING PHYSICIAN, PRIOR TO WITHDRAWING OR WITHHOLDING
15	LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT, SHALL CAUSE THE ADULT TO BE
16	EXAMINED BY ONE OTHER PHYSICIAN. IF BOTH PHYSICIANS FIND THAT THE
17	ADULT HAS A TERMINAL CONDITION, THEY SHALL CERTIFY SUCH FACT IN
18	WRITING AND ENTER SUCH IN THE ADULT'S MEDICAL RECORD OF THE
19	HOSPITAL IN WHICH THE WITHHOLDING OR WITHDRAWAL OF
20	LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT MAY OCCUR, TOGETHER WITH A
21	COPY OF THE ADULT'S MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM.
22	IF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE
23	WHEREABOUTS OF THE ADULT'S SPOUSE, ANY OF HIS OR HER ADULT
24	CHILDREN, A PARENT, OR ATTORNEY-IN-FACT UNDER A DURABLE POWER
25	OF ATTORNEY, THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL IMMEDIATELY MAKE A
26	REASONABLE EFFORT TO NOTIFY AT LEAST ONE OF SAID PERSONS, IN THE
27	ORDER NAMED, THAT A CERTIFICATE OF TERMINAL CONDITION HAS BEEN

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1	SIGNED. IF NO ACTION TO CHALLENGE THE VALIDITY OF A DECLARATION
2	HAS BEEN FILED WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT CONSECUTIVE HOURS AFTER THE
3	CERTIFICATION IS MADE BY THE PHYSICIANS, THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN
4	SHALL THEN WITHDRAW OR WITHHOLD ALL LIFE-SUSTAINING MEDICAL
5	TREATMENT PURSUANT TO THE TERMS OF THE ADULT'S EXECUTED
6	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM.
7	<u>15-18.7-109.</u> Medical orders for scope of treatment form not
8	required for treatment. A HEALTH CARE FACILITY SHALL NOT REQUIRE
9	A PERSON TO HAVE EXECUTED A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
10	TREATMENT FORM AS A CONDITION OF BEING ADMITTED TO, OR RECEIVING
11	MEDICAL TREATMENT FROM, THE HEALTH CARE FACILITY.
12	15-18.7-110. Effect of a medical orders for scope of treatment
13	form on life or health insurance. NEITHER A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR
14	SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM NOR THE FAILURE OF AN ADULT TO EXECUTE
15	A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM SHALL AFFECT,
16	IMPAIR, OR MODIFY A CONTRACT OF LIFE OR HEALTH INSURANCE OR AN
17	ANNUITY OR BE THE BASIS FOR A DELAY IN ISSUING OR REFUSAL TO ISSUE
18	AN ANNUITY OR POLICY OF LIFE OR HEALTH INSURANCE OR FOR ANY
19	INCREASE OF A PREMIUM THEREFOR.
20	15-18.7-111. Effect of article on existing advance medical
21	directives. (1) In executing a medical orders for scope of
22	TREATMENT FORM, AN ADULT, OR THE ADULT'S AUTHORIZED SURROGATE
23	DECISION-MAKER, AND THE PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR
24	PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT WHO SIGNS THE FORM SHALL MAKE A GOOD FAITH
25	EFFORT TO LOCATE AND INCORPORATE, AS APPROPRIATE AND DESIRED,
26	TREATMENT PREFERENCES DOCUMENTED IN THE ADULT'S PREVIOUSLY
27	EXECUTED ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES, IF ANY.

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1	(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF
2	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, IN CASE OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN A
3	MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM AND AN ADULT'S
4	ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES, THE DOCUMENT MOST RECENTLY
5	EXECUTED SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE FOR THE MEDICAL DECISION OR
6	TREATMENT PREFERENCE AT ISSUE. MEDICAL DECISIONS AND TREATMENT
7	PREFERENCES DOCUMENTED IN AN ADULT'S ADVANCE MEDICAL
8	DIRECTIVES OR ASSERTED BY AN AUTHORIZED SURROGATE
9	DECISION-MAKER ON THE ADULT'S BEHALF, BUT NOT SPECIFICALLY
10	ADDRESSED IN A MORE RECENTLY EXECUTED MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE
11	OF TREATMENT FORM, SHALL NOT BE AFFECTED BY THE MEDICAL ORDERS
12	FOR SCOPE OF TREATMENT FORM.
13	(3) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF
14	THIS SECTION:
15	(a) AN AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER OR A
16	PHYSICIAN, ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE, OR PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT MAY
17	NOT REVOKE OR ALTER AN ADULT'S PREVIOUSLY EXECUTED ADVANCE
18	MEDICAL DIRECTIVE REGARDING PROVISION OF ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION OR
19	HYDRATION IF THE DIRECTIVE IS DOCUMENTED IN A DECLARATION
20	EXECUTED BY THE ADULT PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO MEDICAL
21	TREATMENT DECISION ACT", ARTICLE 18 OF THIS TITLE.
22	(b) AN AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER MAY NOT
23	REVOKE A PREEXISTING CPR DIRECTIVE UNLESS IT WAS ORIGINALLY
24	EXECUTED BY AN AUTHORIZED SURROGATE DECISION-MAKER.
25	(c) An authorized surrogate decision-maker who is a

PROXY DECISION-MAKER PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 18.5 OF THIS TITLE MAY

AUTHORIZE THE WITHDRAWAL OF ARTIFICIAL NUTRITION OR HYDRATION

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1	FROM A PATIENT WHO HAS EXECUTED A MEDICAL ORDERS FOR SCOPE OF
2	TREATMENT FORM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE, AND WHO HAS
3	BEEN CERTIFIED BY HIS OR HER ATTENDING PHYSICIAN AND AT LEAST ONE
4	OTHER PHYSICIAN TO BE IN A TERMINAL CONDITION PURSUANT TO SECTION
5	15-18.7-108, ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 15-18.5-103 (6).
6	SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
7	shall take effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
8	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
9	11, 2010, if adjournment sine die is on May 12, 2010); except that, if a
10	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
11	state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
12	within such period, then the act, item, section, or part shall not take effect
13	unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
14	November 2010 and shall take effect on the date of the official
15	declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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