Second Regular Session Sixty-seventh General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 10-0318.01 Jane Ritter

SENATE BILL 10-050

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Spence,

(None),

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Education **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING TEACHER EMPLOYMENT STATUS AS IT RELATES TO
 102 CONTRACT RENEWAL, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
 103 IMPROVING TEACHING QUALITY FOR STUDENTS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill increases from 3 to 5 years the required length of continuous employment that a probationary teacher shall have before being classified as a nonprobationary teacher. Once a teacher is classified as a nonprobationary teacher, he or she shall be given a 5-year contract

that shall be renewed every 5 years thereafter if the teacher receives a satisfactory final cumulative written evaluation report at the end of the 5-year period. If the board of education of the employing school district is not going to renew the nonprobationary teacher's contract, the board will provide written notice to the teacher and provide him or her with the reasons why the contract is not being renewed.

The bill makes conforming amendments.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly
3	hereby finds and declares that:
4	(a) While Colorado has made significant progress in improving
5	the recruitment of teachers, little has been done to provide a process for
6	removing ineffective teachers from the classroom;
7	(b) Under Colorado law, a school district is required to enter into
8	a contract with a teacher after three consecutive years of adequate service,
9	giving the teacher tenure or nonprobationary status. Under Colorado law,
10	nonprobationary status has become a right, and it is nearly impossible to
11	take that status away or remove the teacher from his or her job.
12	(c) Colorado superintendents and school district boards of
13	education have expressed frustration with the difficulty in removing
14	nonperforming teachers from the classroom, describing the process as
15	complex, time-consuming, and legally challenging; and
16	(d) Tenure rules and laws exist to ensure that a struggling teacher
17	has a fair opportunity to improve his or her performance. Current law,
18	however, goes beyond that purpose and becomes an obstacle in removing
19	the teacher and thereby serves to protect jobs rather than children.
20	SECTION 2. 22-9-106 (1) (c) (I) and (1) (c) (II), the introductory
21	portion to 22-9-106 (1) (d), and 22-9-106 (1) (d) (III), Colorado Revised
22	Statutes, are amended to read:

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1 22-9-106. Local boards of education - duties. (1) All school 2 districts and boards of cooperative services that employ licensed 3 personnel, as defined in section 22-9-103 (1.5), shall adopt a written 4 system to evaluate the employment performance of school district and 5 board of cooperative services licensed personnel, including all teachers, 6 principals, and administrators, with the exception of licensed personnel 7 employed by a board of cooperative services for a period of six weeks or 8 less. In developing the licensed personnel performance evaluation system 9 and any amendments thereto, the local board and board of cooperative 10 services shall consult with administrators, principals, and teachers 11 employed within the district or participating districts in a board of 12 cooperative services, parents, and the school district licensed personnel 13 performance evaluation council or the board of cooperative services 14 personnel performance evaluation council created pursuant to section 15 22-9-107. The performance evaluation system shall contain, but shall not be limited to, the following information: 16

(c) The frequency and duration of the evaluations, which shall be
on a regular basis and of such frequency and duration as to ensure the
collection of a sufficient amount of data from which reliable conclusions
and findings may be drawn. At a minimum, the performance evaluation
system shall ensure that:

(I) Probationary teachers receive at least two documented
observations and one evaluation that results in a FINAL CUMULATIVE
written evaluation report pursuant to subsection (3) of this section each
academic year;

26 (II) Nonprobationary teachers receive at least one observation
27 each year and one evaluation that results in a FINAL CUMULATIVE written

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evaluation report pursuant to subsection (3) of this section every three
 FIVE years;

3 (d) The purposes of the FINAL CUMULATIVE evaluation REPORT,
4 which shall include but need not be limited to:

(III) Providing the measurement of satisfactory performance for
individual licensed personnel FOR THE PURPOSES OF CONTRACT RENEWAL
and serving as documentation for an unsatisfactory performance dismissal
proceeding under article 63 of this title;

9 SECTION 3. The introductory portion to 22-9-106 (3), Colorado
10 Revised Statutes, is amended, and the said 22-9-106 (3) is further
11 amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW PARAGRAPH to read:

12 22-9-106. Local boards of education - duties. (3) An A FINAL
 13 CUMULATIVE WRITTEN evaluation report shall be issued upon the
 14 completion of an evaluation made pursuant to this section and shall:

15 (h) PROVIDE A RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING CONTRACT
16 RENEWAL FOR NONPROBATIONARY TEACHERS PURSUANT TO SECTION
17 22-63-203 (2) (a) (II).

18 SECTION 4. 22-63-103 (7), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
19 amended to read:

20 22-63-103. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
21 otherwise requires:

(7) "Probationary teacher" means a teacher who has not completed
three FIVE full years of continuous employment with the employing
school district and who has not been reemployed for the fourth SIXTH
year.

26SECTION 5. 22-63-203 (1) and (2) (a), the introductory portion27to 22-63-203 (2) (b), and 22-63-203 (2) (b) (III), (2) (b) (IV), and (3),

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1 Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read:

2 22-63-203. Teachers - renewal and nonrenewal of employment
contract. (1) The provisions of this section shall apply only to
probationary teachers and shall no longer apply when the teacher has been
reemployed for the fourth year.

6 (2) (a) (I) During the first three FIVE school years that a teacher is 7 employed on a full-time continuous basis by a school district, such 8 teacher HE OR SHE shall be considered to be a probationary teacher whose 9 employment contract may be subject to nonrenewal in accordance with 10 subsection (4) of this section. A school district may also consider a 11 teacher employed on a part-time continuous basis by such THE district and 12 by a board of cooperative services to be a probationary teacher whose 13 contract may be subject to nonrenewal in accordance with subsection (4) 14 of this section. An employment contract with a probationary teacher shall 15 not exceed one school year.

16 (II) AFTER FIVE YEARS OF SATISFACTORY EMPLOYMENT 17 PERFORMANCE, A PROBATIONARY TEACHER SHALL BE CONSIDERED A 18 NONPROBATIONARY TEACHER. THE STANDARDS FOR SATISFACTORY AND 19 UNSATISFACTORY EMPLOYMENT PERFORMANCE SHALL BE ESTABLISHED 20 AND MADE AVAILABLE BY THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE TEACHER'S 21 EMPLOYING SCHOOL DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-9-106(1)(e). AN 22 EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT WITH A NONPROBATIONARY TEACHER SHALL BE 23 ANNUALLY RENEWED FOR FIVE YEARS WITH THE OPTION TO RENEW AFTER 24 THE FIFTH YEAR IF THE TEACHER DEMONSTRATES SATISFACTORY 25 EMPLOYMENT PERFORMANCE IN HIS OR HER FINAL CUMULATIVE WRITTEN 26 EVALUATION REPORT COVERING THE FIVE-YEAR PERIOD, AS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-9-106 (3) (h). IF THE BOARD OF THE 27

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EMPLOYING SCHOOL DISTRICT DOES NOT RENEW THE EMPLOYMENT
 CONTRACT OF A NONPROBATIONARY TEACHER PURSUANT TO THIS
 SUBPARAGRAPH (II), THE BOARD SHALL GIVE THE TEACHER A WRITTEN
 NOTICE OF CONTRACT NONRENEWAL. A NONPROBATIONARY TEACHER
 WHO IS GIVEN WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONTRACT NONRENEWAL MAY REQUEST
 AND SHALL RECEIVE THE REASONS FOR NONRENEWAL FROM THE CHIEF
 ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER OF THE EMPLOYING SCHOOL DISTRICT.

8 (b) For purposes of SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF paragraph (a) of this
9 subsection (2):

10 (III) The three FIVE school years of continuous employment 11 required for the probationary period shall not be deemed to be interrupted 12 by the temporary illness of a probationary teacher. A leave of absence 13 approved by the board of a school district or a military leave of absence 14 pursuant to article 3 of title 28, C.R.S., shall not be considered to be an 15 interruption of the continuous employment required for the probationary 16 period, but the time of such leaves of absence shall not be included in 17 computing the required probationary period.

18 (IV) The three FIVE school years of continuous employment 19 required for the probationary period shall not be deemed to be interrupted 20 by the acceptance by a probationary teacher of the position of chief 21 administrative officer in said school district, but the period of time during 22 which such THE teacher serves in such capacity shall not be included in 23 computing said THE probationary period.

(3) A probationary teacher employed by a school district on a
full-time basis shall be deemed to be reemployed for the succeeding
academic year at the salary that the probationary teacher would be entitled
to receive under the general salary schedule, the teacher salary policy, or

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1 the combination schedule and policy, whichever is appropriate, unless the 2 board causes GIVES written notice to the contrary to be given to said THE 3 teacher on or before June 1 of the academic year during which said THE 4 teacher is employed. Such teacher shall be presumed to have accepted 5 such The board shall presume the teacher has accepted 6 employment for the succeeding academic year unless said THE teacher causes GIVES written notice to the contrary to be given to the board no 7 8 later than thirty days prior to the commencement of the succeeding 9 academic year.

SECTION 6. 22-60.5-111 (7) (a) and (7.5) (e), Colorado Revised
 Statutes, are amended to read:

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22-60.5-111. Authorization - types - applicants' qualifications.

13 (7) Interim authorization. (a) An interim authorization authorizes a 14 school district to employ a person who is certified or licensed, or is 15 eligible for certification or licensure, as a teacher, principal, or administrator in another state and who has not successfully completed the 16 17 assessment of professional competencies to obtain an initial license under 18 section 22-60.5-201 (1) (b), 22-60.5-301 (1) (a), or 22-60.5-306 (1) (a) 19 but who meets the other requirements for an initial license specified in 20 said sections. An interim authorization is valid for one year, and the 21 department of education may renew the authorization for one additional 22 year. The employing school district may include the period during which 23 a person works under an interim authorization toward the three FIVE full 24 years of continuous employment necessary to cease being a probationary 25 teacher pursuant to section 22-63-103 (7).

26 (7.5) Military spouse interim authorization. (e) The employing
27 school district shall include the period during which a person works under

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a military spouse interim authorization toward the three FIVE full years of
 continuous employment necessary to cease being a probationary teacher
 pursuant to section 22-63-103 (7).

4 **SECTION 7.** 22-63-202 (3), Colorado Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read:

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22-63-202. Employment contracts - contracts to be in writing

7 - duration - damage provision. (3) A teacher may be suspended 8 temporarily during the contractual period until the date of dismissal as 9 ordered by the board pursuant to section 22-63-302 or may have his OR 10 HER employment contract cancelled during the contractual period when 11 there is a justifiable decrease in the number of teaching positions. The 12 manner in which employment contracts will be cancelled when there is 13 a justifiable decrease in the number of teaching positions may be included 14 in any contract between the board of education of the school district and 15 school district employees. If there is no such contract provision, when a justifiable reduction in the number of teaching positions within a 16 17 particular endorsement area occurs, the employment contracts of 18 first-year probationary teachers who are occupying such positions shall 19 be cancelled first. Further reductions in the number of teaching positions 20 through the cancellation of employment contracts of second-year and 21 third-year THROUGH FIFTH-YEAR probationary teachers and 22 nonprobationary teachers shall be made in accordance with an established 23 policy of the board of education of the school district. The provisions of 24 this subsection (3) concerning the cancellation of employment contracts 25 shall not create any property right or contract right, express or implied, for 26 second-year and third-year probationary teachers.

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SECTION 8. Act subject to petition - effective date -

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1 **applicability.** (1) This act shall take effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day 2 following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment 3 of the general assembly (August 11, 2010, if adjournment sine die is on 4 May 12, 2010); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an 5 6 item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, 7 section, or part shall not take effect unless approved by the people at the 8 general election to be held in November 2010 and shall take effect on the 9 date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor. (2) The provisions of this act shall apply to persons who have not 10

10 (2) The provisions of this act shall apply to persons who have not
 11 completed three years of continuous employment with an employing
 12 school district as of the applicable effective date of this act.