Second Regular Session Sixty-seventh General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 10-0385.03 Duane Gall

HOUSE BILL 10-1001

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Tyler,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Schwartz and Whitehead,

House Committees Transportation & Energy Appropriations

Senate Committees

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING INCENTIVES FOR THE INSTALLATION OF NEW
102	DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION FACILITIES IN
103	COLORADO, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, INCREASING THE
104	TARGET PERCENTAGES UNDER THE ELECTRIC UTILITY
105	PORTFOLIO STANDARD TO ENCOURAGE COLORADO UTILITIES TO
106	GENERATE THREE PERCENT OF THEIR RETAIL ELECTRICITY
107	SALES FROM DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLE SOURCES BY THE YEAR
108	2020, AND ADOPTING STANDARDS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF
109	DISTRIBUTED SOLAR ELECTRIC GENERATION EQUIPMENT.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill

passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Existing law creates a renewable energy portfolio standard (RPS) under which certain electric utilities are required to generate an increasing percentage of their electricity from renewable sources, in a series of increments from 3% in 2007 to 20% in 2020 and thereafter. The bill boosts these RPS percentages to achieve 30% renewable generation by 2020 and requires a portion of the RPS to be met through a subset of renewable generation, "distributed generation" (DG), which does not require additional transmission facilities to connect to the grid.

Section 1 of the bill directs the Colorado public utilities commission (PUC) to consider employment and economic factors when evaluating proposed new electric generation resource acquisitions by utilities, including the use of "best value" employment metrics such as the availability of training programs and the wages, health benefits, and pensions that workers will earn.

Section 2 defines terms, increases the RPS percentages, and, within each RPS percentage, replaces an existing carve-out for solar generation with a larger carve-out for DG (which includes customer-sited solar generation). Section 2 also directs the PUC to monitor compliance with the DG carve-out by issuing a new series of renewable energy credits (RECs) and by redesignating RECs already earned, when appropriate. Finally, section 2 limits the existing 1.25 multiplier for in-state renewable electric generation to utility-scale projects only.

Section 3 gives the PUC discretion to incrementally reduce the existing standard rebate offer (which utilities must pay as an incentive for new customer-sited renewable generation facilities such as rooftop solar panels) from \$2 to some lesser amount if the PUC finds that the market no longer requires this level of subsidy. In addition, section 3 requires that the rebate offer for DG systems decline based on market conditions, as determined by the PUC, but allows the PUC to adopt performance-based incentives for DG systems.

Section 4 allows a utility to develop and own, as part of its rate base, up to 50% of the DG capacity it acquires from power purchase agreements and new construction if the cost is reasonably comparable to current market cost. Section 4 also requires the PUC to allow a utility cost recovery for the construction of new DG on a par with the cost recovery allowed for new coal-fired facilities.

For large DG facilities of one megawatt or more, section 4 directs the PUC to require registration with a regional system for tracking renewable energy generation. Effective January 1, 2012, sections 4 and 7 require new DG installations funded wholly or partly through ratepayer incentives and rebates to be installed by licensed electricians or

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apprentices, where appropriate, and supervised by persons who are certified by the North American board of certified energy practitioners (NABCEP) or another nationally recognized organization designated by the PUC. Finally, section 4 specifies that DG program expenditures be allocated 10% to wholesale and 90% to retail, with residential and nonresidential retail receiving a proportionate share based on the utility's customer profile. The utility may retain its costs of administering DG programs, not to exceed 5% annually.

Section 5 expressly authorizes any committee formed by executive order for the purpose of studying the desirability of regulating solar installers to submit a request for sunrise review by the department of regulatory agencies under the state's sunrise and sunset law.

Sections 5 and 6 require that for projects funded by federal or state grants or by clean energy loans made through the state's clean energy finance program, the licensing and NABCEP requirements apply beginning July 1, 2011.

Section 8 defines special terms used in sections 4 to 7.

SECTION 1. The introductory portion to 40-2-124 (1) and 40-2-124 (1) (a), (1) (c) (I), (1) (c) (II), (1) (c) (III), (1) (c) (IV), and (1)

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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(c) (VIII), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read: 40-2-124. Renewable energy standard - definitions - net metering - legislative declaration. (1) Each provider of retail electric service in the state of Colorado, other than municipally owned utilities that serve forty thousand customers or less FEWER, shall be considered a qualifying retail utility. Each qualifying retail utility, with the exception of cooperative electric associations that have voted to exempt themselves from commission jurisdiction pursuant to section 40-9.5-104 and municipally owned utilities, shall be subject to the rules established under this article by the commission. No additional regulatory authority of the commission other than that specifically contained in this section is provided or implied. In accordance with article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., on or before October 1, 2007, the commission shall revise or clarify existing

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(a) Definitions of eligible energy resources that can be used to
meet the standards. "Eligible energy resources" means recycled energy
and renewable energy resources. "Renewable energy resources" means
solar, wind, geothermal, biomass, new hydroelectricity with a nameplate
rating of ten megawatts or less, and hydroelectricity in existence on
January 1, 2005, with a nameplate rating of thirty megawatts or less. The
commission shall determine, following an evidentiary hearing, the extent
to which such electric generation technologies utilized in an optional
pricing program may be used to comply with this standard. A fuel cell
using hydrogen derived from an eligible energy resource is also an
eligible electric generation technology. Fossil and nuclear fuels and their
derivatives are not eligible energy resources. For purposes of this section:
(I) "Biomass" means:
(A) Nontoxic plant matter consisting of agricultural crops or their
byproducts, urban wood waste, mill residue, slash, or brush;
(B) Animal wastes and products of animal wastes; or
(C) Methane produced at landfills or as a by-product of the
treatment of wastewater residuals.
(II) "DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLE ELECTRIC GENERATION" OR
"DISTRIBUTED GENERATION" MEANS:
(A) RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION; AND
(B) WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTED GENERATION.
(III) "Recycled energy" means energy produced by a
generation unit with a nameplate capacity of not more than fifteen
megawatts that converts the otherwise lost energy from the heat from

exhaust stacks or pipes to electricity and that does not combust additional

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1	fossil fuel. "Recycled energy" does not include energy produced by any
2	system that uses energy, lost or otherwise, from a process whose primary
3	purpose is the generation of electricity, including, without limitation, any
4	process involving engine-driven generation or pumped hydroelectricity
5	generation.
6	(IV) "RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES" MEANS SOLAR, WIND,
7	GEOTHERMAL, BIOMASS, NEW HYDROELECTRICITY WITH A NAMEPLATE
8	RATING OF TEN MEGAWATTS OR LESS, AND HYDROELECTRICITY IN
9	EXISTENCE ON JANUARY 1, 2005, WITH A NAMEPLATE RATING OF THIRTY
10	MEGAWATTS OR LESS.
11	(V) "RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION" MEANS A RENEWABLE
12	ENERGY RESOURCE THAT IS LOCATED ON THE SITE OF A CUSTOMER'S
13	FACILITIES AND IS INTERCONNECTED ON THE CUSTOMER'S SIDE OF THE
14	UTILITY METER. IN ADDITION, RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION SHALL
15	PROVIDE ELECTRIC ENERGY PRIMARILY TO SERVE THE CUSTOMER'S LOAD
16	AND SHALL BE SIZED TO SUPPLY NO MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY
17	PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE ANNUAL CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY BY THE
18	CUSTOMER AT THAT SITE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (V) , THE
19	CUSTOMER'S "SITE" INCLUDES ALL CONTIGUOUS PROPERTY OWNED OR
20	LEASED BY THE CUSTOMER WITHOUT REGARD TO INTERRUPTIONS IN
21	CONTIGUITY CAUSED BY EASEMENTS, PUBLIC THOROUGHFARES,
22	TRANSPORTATION RIGHTS-OF-WAY, OR UTILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY.
23	(VI) "WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTED GENERATION" MEANS A
24	RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCE IN COLORADO WITH A NAMEPLATE
25	RATING OF THIRTY MEGAWATTS OR LESS AND THAT DOES NOT QUALIFY AS
26	RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION.
27	(c) Electric resource standards:

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1	(I) Except as provided in subparagraph (V) of this paragraph (c),
2	the electric resource standards shall require each qualifying retail utility
3	to generate, or cause to be generated, electricity from eligible energy
4	resources in the following minimum amounts:
5	(A) Three percent of its retail electricity sales in Colorado for the
6	year 2007;
7	(B) Five percent of its retail electricity sales in Colorado for the
8	years 2008 through 2010;
9	(C) Ten TWELVE percent of its retail electricity sales in Colorado
10	for the years 2011 through 2014, WITH DISTRIBUTED GENERATION
11	EQUALING AT LEAST ONE PERCENT OF ITS RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES IN
12	2011 AND 2012 AND ONE AND ONE-FOURTH PERCENT OF ITS RETAIL
13	ELECTRICITY SALES IN 2013 AND 2014 ;
14	(D) Fifteen TWENTY percent of its retail electricity sales in
15	Colorado for the years 2015 through 2019, WITH DISTRIBUTED
16	GENERATION EQUALING AT LEAST ONE AND THREE-FOURTHS PERCENT OF
17	ITS RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES IN 2015 AND 2016 AND TWO PERCENT OF
18	ITS RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES IN 2017, 2018, AND 2019; and
19	(E) Twenty THIRTY percent of its retail electricity sales in
20	Colorado for the years 2020 and thereafter, WITH DISTRIBUTED
21	GENERATION EQUALING AT LEAST THREE PERCENT OF ITS RETAIL
22	ELECTRICITY SALES.
23	(II) (A) Of the amounts OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION in
24	SUB-SUBPARAGRAPHS (C), (D), AND (E) OF subparagraph (I) of this
25	paragraph (c), at least four percent shall be derived from solar electric
26	generation technologies. At least one-half of this four percent shall be
27	derived from solar electric technologies located on-site at customers'

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facilities RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION.

- (B) Solar generating equipment located on-site at customers' facilities shall be sized to supply no more than one hundred twenty percent of the average annual consumption of electricity by the consumer at that site. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph (B), the consumer's "site" shall include all contiguous property owned or leased by the consumer, without regard to interruptions in contiguity caused by easements, public thoroughfares, transportation rights-of-way, or utility rights-of-way.
- (C) DISTRIBUTED GENERATION AMOUNTS IN THE ELECTRIC RESOURCE STANDARD FOR THE YEARS 2015 AND THEREAFTER MAY BE CHANGED BY THE COMMISSION FOR THE PERIOD AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2014, IF THE COMMISSION FINDS, UPON APPLICATION BY A QUALIFYING RETAIL UTILITY, THAT THESE PERCENTAGE REQUIREMENTS ARE NO LONGER IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST. IF SUCH A FINDING IS MADE, THE COMMISSION MAY SET THE LOWER DISTRIBUTED GENERATION REQUIREMENTS, IF ANY, THAT SHALL APPLY AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2014. IF THE COMMISSION FINDS THAT THE PUBLIC INTEREST REQUIRES AN INCREASE IN THE DISTRIBUTED GENERATION REQUIREMENTS, THE COMMISSION SHALL REPORT ITS FINDINGS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
- (III) Each kilowatt-hour of electricity generated from eligible energy resources in Colorado, OTHER THAN RETAIL DISTRIBUTED GENERATION, shall be counted as one and one-quarter kilowatt-hours for the purposes of compliance with this standard.
- (IV) To the extent that the ability of a qualifying retail utility to acquire eligible energy resources is limited by a requirements contract with a wholesale electric supplier, the qualifying retail utility shall acquire

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1 the maximum amount allowed by the contract. For any shortfalls to the 2 amounts established by the commission pursuant to subparagraph (I) of 3 this paragraph (c), the qualifying retail utility shall acquire an equivalent 4 amount of either renewable energy credits; documented and verified 5 energy savings through energy efficiency and conservation programs; or 6 a combination of both. Any contract entered into by a qualifying retail 7 utility after December 1, 2004, shall not conflict with this article SECTION. 8 (VIII) Each kilowatt-hour of Electricity from eligible energy 9 resources may take advantage of SHALL BE SUBJECT TO only one of the 10 methods for counting kilowatt-hours set forth in subparagraphs (III), (VI), 11 and (VII) of this paragraph (c). 12 **SECTION 2.** The introductory portion to 40-2-124 (1) and 13 40-2-124(1)(e)(I), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended, and the said 14 40-2-124 (1) (e) is further amended BY THE ADDITION OF THE 15 FOLLOWING NEW SUBPARAGRAPHS, to read: 16 40-2-124. Renewable energy standard - definitions - net 17 **metering - legislative declaration.** (1) Each provider of retail electric 18 service in the state of Colorado, other than municipally owned utilities 19 that serve forty thousand customers or less FEWER, shall be considered a 20 qualifying retail utility. Each qualifying retail utility, with the exception 21 of cooperative electric associations that have voted to exempt themselves 22 from commission jurisdiction pursuant to section 40-9.5-104 and 23 municipally owned utilities, shall be subject to the rules established under 24 this article by the commission. No additional regulatory authority of the 25 commission other than that specifically contained in this section is 26 provided or implied. In accordance with article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., on 27 or before October 1, 2007, the commission shall revise or clarify existing

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rules to establish the following:

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- (e) A standard rebate offer program, under which:
- (I) (A) Each qualifying retail utility, except for cooperative electric associations and municipally owned utilities, shall make available to its retail electricity customers a standard rebate offer of a minimum of two dollars SPECIFIED AMOUNT per watt for the installation of eligible solar electric generation on customers' premises up to a maximum of one hundred kilowatts per installation.
- (B) Such THE STANDARD REBATE offer shall allow the customer's retail electricity consumption to be offset by the solar electricity generated. To the extent that solar electricity generation exceeds the customer's consumption during a billing month, such excess electricity shall be carried forward as a credit to the following month's consumption. To the extent that solar electricity generation exceeds the customer's consumption during a calendar year, the customer shall be reimbursed by the qualifying retail utility at its average hourly incremental cost of electricity supply over the prior twelve-month period unless the customer makes a one-time election, in writing, to request that the excess electricity be carried forward as a credit from month to month indefinitely until the customer terminates service with the qualifying retail utility, at which time no payment shall be required from the qualifying retail utility for any remaining excess electricity supplied by the customer. The qualifying retail utility shall not apply unreasonably burdensome interconnection requirements in connection with this standard rebate offer. Electricity generated under this program shall be eligible for the qualifying retail utility's compliance with this article.
 - (I.5) THE AMOUNT OF THE STANDARD REBATE OFFER SHALL BE

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1	TWO DOLLARS PER WATT; EXCEPT THAT THE COMMISSION MAY SET THE
2	REBATE AT A LOWER AMOUNT IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES, BASED
3	UPON A QUALIFYING RETAIL UTILITY'S RENEWABLE RESOURCE PLAN OR
4	APPLICATION, THAT MARKET CHANGES SUPPORT THE CHANGE.
5	SECTION 3. The introductory portion to 40-2-124 (1) and
6	40-2-124 (1) (f) (IV), (1) (g) (I), (1) (g) (III), (1) (g) (IV), and (1) (i),
7	Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended, and the said 40-2-124 (1) (f) is
8	further amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBPARAGRAPH,
9	to read:
10	40-2-124. Renewable energy standard - definitions - net
11	metering - legislative declaration. (1) Each provider of retail electric
12	service in the state of Colorado, other than municipally owned utilities
13	that serve forty thousand customers or less FEWER, shall be considered a
14	qualifying retail utility. Each qualifying retail utility, with the exception
15	of cooperative electric associations that have voted to exempt themselves
16	from commission jurisdiction pursuant to section 40-9.5-104 and
17	municipally owned utilities, shall be subject to the rules established under
18	this article by the commission. No additional regulatory authority of the
19	commission other than that specifically contained in this section is
20	provided or implied. In accordance with article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., on
21	or before October 1, 2007, the commission shall revise or clarify existing
22	rules to establish the following:
23	(f) Policies for the recovery of costs incurred with respect to these
24	standards for qualifying retail utilities that are subject to rate regulation
25	by the commission. These policies shall provide incentives to qualifying
26	retail utilities to invest in eligible energy resources in the state of
27	Colorado. Such policies shall include:

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1	(IV) Considering, when the qualifying retail utility applies for a
2	certificate of public convenience and necessity under section 40-5-101,
3	rate recovery mechanisms that provide for earlier and timely recovery of
4	costs prudently and reasonably incurred by the qualifying retail utility in
5	developing, constructing, and operating the eligible energy resource,
6	including:
7	(A) Rate adjustment clauses until the costs of the eligible energy
8	resource can be included in the utility's base rates; and
9	(B) A current return on the utility's capital expenditures during
10	construction at the utility's weighted average cost of capital, including its
11	most recently authorized rate of return on equity, during the construction,
12	startup, and operation phases of the eligible energy resource;
13	(VII) A REQUIREMENT THAT ALL DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLE
14	ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITIES WITH A NAMEPLATE RATING OF ONE
15	MEGAWATT OR MORE BE REGISTERED WITH A RENEWABLE ENERGY
16	GENERATION INFORMATION TRACKING SYSTEM DESIGNATED BY THE
17	COMMISSION.
18	(g) Retail rate impact rule:
19	(I) (A) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (IV) of this
20	paragraph (g), for each qualifying utility, the commission shall establish
21	a maximum retail rate impact for this section of two percent of the total
22	electric bill annually for each customer. The retail rate impact shall be
23	determined net of new alternative sources of electricity supply from
24	noneligible energy resources that are reasonably available at the time of
25	the determination.
26	(B) If the retail rate impact does not exceed the maximum impact
27	permitted by this paragraph (g), the qualifying utility may acquire more

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1	than the minimum amount of eligible energy resources and renewable
2	energy credits required by this section. AT THE REQUEST OF THE
3	QUALIFYING RETAIL UTILITY AND UPON THE COMMISSION'S APPROVAL, THE
4	QUALIFYING RETAIL UTILITY MAY ADVANCE FUNDS FROM YEAR TO YEAR
5	TO AUGMENT THE AMOUNTS COLLECTED FROM RETAIL CUSTOMERS UNDER
6	THIS PARAGRAPH (g) FOR THE ACQUISITION OF MORE ELIGIBLE ENERGY
7	RESOURCES. SUCH FUNDS SHALL BE REPAID FROM FUTURE RETAIL RATE
8	COLLECTIONS, WITH INTEREST CALCULATED AT THE QUALIFYING RETAIL
9	UTILITY'S AFTER-TAX WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL, SO LONG AS
10	THE RETAIL RATE IMPACT DOES NOT EXCEED TWO PERCENT OF THE TOTAL
11	ANNUAL ELECTRIC BILL FOR EACH CUSTOMER.
12	(C) AS BETWEEN RESIDENTIAL AND NONRESIDENTIAL RETAIL
13	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION, THE COMMISSION SHALL DIRECT THE UTILITY
14	TO ALLOCATE ITS EXPENDITURES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE
15	UTILITY'S REVENUE DERIVED FROM EACH OF THESE CUSTOMER GROUPS;
16	EXCEPT THAT THE UTILITY MAY ACQUIRE RETAIL DISTRIBUTED
17	GENERATION AT LEVELS THAT DIFFER FROM THESE GROUP ALLOCATIONS
18	BASED UPON MARKET RESPONSE TO THE UTILITY'S PROGRAMS.
19	(III) Subject to the maximum retail rate impact permitted by this
20	paragraph (g), the qualifying retail utility shall have the discretion to
21	determine, in a nondiscriminatory manner, the price it will pay for
22	renewable energy credits from on-site customer facilities that are no
23	larger than one FIVE hundred kilowatts.
24	(IV)(A) For cooperative electric associations, the maximum retail
25	rate impact for this section is one percent of the total electric bill annually
26	for each customer.
2.7	(B) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH

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1	(g), THE COMMISSION MAY ENSURE THAT CUSTOMERS WHO INSTALL
2	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION CONTINUE TO CONTRIBUTE, IN A
3	NONDISCRIMINATORY FASHION, THEIR FAIR SHARE TO THEIR UTILITY'S
4	RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM FUND OR EQUIVALENT RENEWABLE
5	ENERGY SUPPORT MECHANISM EVEN IF SUCH CONTRIBUTION RESULTS IN A
6	CHARGE THAT EXCEEDS TWO PERCENT OF SUCH CUSTOMERS' ANNUAL
7	ELECTRIC BILLS.
8	(i) Rules necessary for the administration of this article including
9	enforcement mechanisms necessary to ensure that each qualifying retail
10	utility complies with this standard, and provisions governing the
11	imposition of administrative penalties assessed after a hearing held by the
12	commission pursuant to section 40-6-109. The commission shall exempt
13	a qualifying retail utility from administrative penalties for an individual
14	compliance year if the utility demonstrates that the retail rate impact cap
15	described in paragraph (g) of this subsection (1) has been reached and the
16	utility has not achieved full compliance with paragraph (c) of this
17	subsection (1). The qualifying retail utility's actions under an
18	APPROVED COMPLIANCE PLAN SHALL CARRY A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION
19	OF PRUDENCE. Under no circumstances shall the costs of administrative
20	penalties be recovered from Colorado retail customers.
21	SECTION 4. Article 2 of title 40, Colorado Revised Statutes, is
22	amended BY THE ADDITION OF THE FOLLOWING NEW
23	SECTIONS to read:
24	40-2-128. Solar photovoltaic installations - supervision by
25	certified practitioners - qualifications of electrical contractors.
26	(1) Effective January $1,2012$, for all photovoltaic installations
27	FUNDED WHOLLY OR PARTIALLY THROUGH RATEPAYER-FUNDED

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1	INCENTIVES AS PART OF THE RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD ADJUSTMENT
2	ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 40-2-124:
3	(a) (I) THE PERFORMANCE OF ALL PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL
4	WORK, THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES, AND THE
5	INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT SHALL
6	BE SUBJECT TO ON-SITE SUPERVISION BY A CERTIFIED PHOTOVOLTAIC
7	ENERGY PRACTITIONER AS DESIGNATED BY THE NORTH AMERICAN BOARD
8	OF CERTIFIED ENERGY PRACTITIONERS (NABCEP) OR ANOTHER
9	NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED BY
10	THE COLORADO STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD BY RULE. UPON THE INITIAL
11	APPLICATION FOR FUNDING OR IN THE INITIAL CONTRACT PROPOSAL, THE
12	APPLICANT SHALL ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR EMPLOYING OR
13	CONTRACTING WITH ONE OR MORE CERTIFIED ENERGY PRACTITIONERS TO
14	SUPERVISE THE INSTALLATION AND AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE
15	THREE-TO-ONE RATIO REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPHS (b) AND (c) OF THIS
16	SUBSECTION (1), INCLUDING DURING ANY OFF-SITE, PRE-INSTALLATION
17	ASSEMBLY. APPROVAL OF THE PAYMENT OF ANY INCENTIVES FOR THE
18	WORK SHALL BE CONDITIONED UPON THE APPLICANT'S SUPPLYING THE
19	NAME AND CERTIFICATION NUMBER OF EACH CERTIFIED ENERGY
20	PRACTITIONER WHO ACTUALLY PROVIDED ON-SITE SUPERVISION OR WAS
21	PRESENT TO MAINTAIN THE THREE-TO-ONE RATIO REQUIRED BY
22	PARAGRAPHS (c) AND (d) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1).
23	(II) NEITHER THE COMMISSION NOR THE UTILITY SHALL HAVE
24	RESPONSIBILITY FOR MONITORING OR ENFORCING COMPLIANCE WITH THIS
25	SECTION. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO OBTAIN
26	THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SUBPARAGRAPH $\overline{(I)}$ OF THIS PARAGRAPH
27	(a), AND IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE QUALIFYING RETAIL

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1	UTILITY TO OBTAIN FROM THE APPLICANT AND RETAIN, FOR AT LEAST ONE
2	YEAR AFTER COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION, COPIES OF ALL
3	DOCUMENTATION SUBMITTED BY THE APPLICANT IN CONNECTION WITH
4	THE INSTALLATION.
5	(b) ALL WORK PERFORMED ON THE ALTERNATING-CURRENT SIDE
6	OF THE INVERTER WILL BE PERFORMED BY AN ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR
7	WHO EMPLOYS A LICENSED JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIAN OR A LICENSED
8	RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN WHO WILL PERFORM THE WORK. ALL ELECTRICAL
9	WORK THAT PERTAINS TO ARTICLE 23 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S., WILL BE
10	PERFORMED BY AN ELECTRICAL APPRENTICE REGISTERED WITH THE
11	APPROPRIATE STATE REGULATORY AGENCY, A LICENSED JOURNEYMAN
12	ELECTRICIAN, OR A LICENSED RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN. THE APPROPRIATE
13	RATIO OF NO LESS THAN ONE JOURNEYMAN OR RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN FOR
14	EVERY THREE ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES WILL BE MAINTAINED.
15	(c) ON A SYSTEM WITH A DIRECT CURRENT DESIGN CAPACITY OF
16	MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED KILOWATTS:
17	(I) DURING ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK, THE RATIO OF
18	THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE ASSISTING WITH THE WORK AND WHO
19	ARE NEITHER LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR REGISTERED ELECTRICAL
20	APPRENTICES TO THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED AS
21	PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1) SHALL NEVER
22	EXCEED THREE TO ONE, AND A PERSON WHO IS BOTH LICENSED AND
23	CERTIFIED SHALL NOT COUNT DOUBLE FOR PURPOSES OF MEASURING THIS
24	RATIO; AND
25	(II) THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE ON-SITE SUPERVISOR WHO IS
26	CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1)
27	DURING THE FOLLOWING STAGES: EXCEPT THAT IF AT ANY TIME DURING

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1	ANY OF THE FOLLOWING STAGES, THERE ARE MORE THAN TWELVE PERSONS
2	ON THE WORK SITE WHO ARE NEITHER LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR
3	REGISTERED ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES AND WHO ARE NOT CERTIFIED AS
4	PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), THERE SHALL BE AT
5	LEAST TWO PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a)
6	OF THIS SUBSECTION (1) PRESENT ON THE WORK SITE AND PROVIDING
7	DIRECT SUPERVISION:
8	(A) THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES;
9	(B) THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING
10	EQUIPMENT; AND
11	(C) ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK.
12	(d) ON A SYSTEM WITH A DIRECT CURRENT DESIGN CAPACITY OF
13	FIVE HUNDRED KILOWATTS OR LESS:
14	(I) THE RATIO OF THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE ASSISTING
15	WITH THE WORK AND WHO ARE NEITHER LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR
16	REGISTERED ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES TO THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO
17	ARE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1)
18	SHALL NEVER EXCEED THREE TO ONE, AND A PERSON WHO IS BOTH
19	LICENSED AND CERTIFIED SHALL NOT COUNT DOUBLE FOR PURPOSES OF
20	MEASURING THIS RATIO, DURING THE FOLLOWING STAGES:
21	(A) THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES;
22	(B) THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING
23	EQUIPMENT; AND
24	(C) ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK; AND
25	(II) THERE SHALL BE, AT ALL TIMES, AT LEAST ONE ON-SITE
26	SUPERVISOR WHO IS CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS
27	SUBSECTION (1).

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1	(2) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
2	REQUIRES:
3	(a) (I) "PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK" MEANS WIRING,
4	GROUNDING, OR REPAIRING ELECTRICAL APPARATUS AND EQUIPMENT IN
5	A PHOTOVOLTAIC DISTRIBUTED GENERATION SYSTEM.
6	(II) "PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK" INCLUDES THE
7	PRE-INSTALLATION ASSEMBLY OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES TO
8	PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT FOR INSTALLATION
9	ON-SITE.
10	(III) "PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK" DOES NOT INCLUDE SITE
11	PREPARATION, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING, HAULING, OR OTHER WORK
12	THAT IS NOT SPECIFICALLY DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OR (II) OF
13	THIS PARAGRAPH (a).
14	(b) "PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE" MEANS THE MODULE OR PANEL
15	THAT GENERATES ELECTRICITY THROUGH A PHOTOVOLTAIC PROCESS.
16	(c) "PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT" MEANS THE
17	RACKING, MOUNTING, APPARATUS, EQUIPMENT, OR STRUCTURE THAT
18	PHYSICALLY SUPPORTS AND SECURES ONE OR MORE PHOTOVOLTAIC
19	MODULES IN PLACE OR TO A ROOF, WALL, FOUNDATION, OR PEDESTAL.
20	40-2-129. New resource acquisitions - factors in determination
21	- local employment - "best value" metrics. When evaluating
22	ELECTRIC RESOURCE ACQUISITIONS, THE COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER, ON
23	A QUALITATIVE BASIS, FACTORS THAT AFFECT EMPLOYMENT AND THE
24	LONG-TERM ECONOMIC VIABILITY OF COLORADO COMMUNITIES. TO THIS
25	END, THE COMMISSION SHALL REQUIRE UTILITIES TO REQUEST THE
26	FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING "BEST VALUE" EMPLOYMENT
27	METRICS: THE AVAILABILITY OF TRAINING PROGRAMS. INCLUDING

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1	TRAINING THROUGH APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS REGISTERED WITH THE
2	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, OFFICE OF APPRENTICESHIP AND
3	TRAINING; EMPLOYMENT OF COLORADO WORKERS AS COMPARED TO
4	IMPORTATION OF OUT-OF-STATE WORKERS; LONG-TERM CAREER
5	OPPORTUNITIES; AND INDUSTRY- STANDARD WAGES, HEALTH CARE, AND
6	PENSION BENEFITS. WHEN A UTILITY PROPOSES TO CONSTRUCT NEW
7	FACILITIES OF ITS OWN, THE UTILITY SHALL SUPPLY SIMILAR INFORMATION
8	TO THE COMMISSION.
9	SECTION 5. Article 38.5 of title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes,
10	is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:
11	24-38.5-104. Photovoltaic installer qualifications - cooperation
12	with department of regulatory agencies. (1) Effective July 1, 2011,
13	ALL PHOTOVOLTAIC INSTALLATIONS FUNDED WHOLLY OR PARTIALLY
14	THROUGH STATE OR FEDERAL GRANTS, INCLUDING GRANTS UNDER THE
15	FEDERAL "AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009",
16	Pub.L. 111-5, shall be subject to the requirements set forth in
17	SECTION 40-2-128, C.R.S.
18	(2) If the governor, by executive order, appoints a
19	COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE DESIRABILITY OF CREDENTIALING OF SOLAR
20	INSTALLERS, THE COMMITTEE, OR THE GOVERNOR'S ENERGY OFFICE ON THE
21	COMMITTEE'S BEHALF, IS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED TO SUBMIT A
22	PROPOSAL FOR SUCH CREDENTIALING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF
23	REGULATORY AGENCIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-34-104.1 (2). IN
24	ADDITION, THE COMMITTEE MAY STUDY AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS
25	CONCERNING THE SCOPE-OF-WORK PROVISIONS OF SECTION 40-2-128,
26	SPECIFICALLY INCLUDING ENFORCEMENT OF THE SUPERVISION AND
27	WORKER RATIO REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 40-2-128 (1) (c) AND (1) (d)

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1	SECTION 6. 24-38.7-104, Colorado Revised Statutes, is
2	amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:
3	24-38.7-104. Program administrator - training and
4	certification of contractors - reporting. (2.5) (a) EFFECTIVE JULY 1
5	2011, THE ISSUANCE OF A CLEAN ENERGY LOAN UNDER THIS ARTICLE FOR
6	THE INSTALLATION OF SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC EQUIPMENT SHALL BE
7	CONDITIONED UPON THE BORROWER'S CERTIFICATION THAT:
8	(I) THE PERFORMANCE OF ALL PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK
9	THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES, AND THE INSTALLATION
10	OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE SUBJECT TO
11	ON-SITE SUPERVISION BY A CERTIFIED PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY
12	PRACTITIONER AS DESIGNATED BY THE NORTH AMERICAN BOARD OF
13	CERTIFIED ENERGY PRACTITIONERS (NABCEP) OR ANOTHER NATIONALLY
14	RECOGNIZED PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED BY THE
15	COLORADO STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD BY RULE. UPON THE INITIAL
16	APPLICATION FOR FUNDING OR IN THE INITIAL CONTRACT PROPOSAL, THE
17	APPLICANT SHALL ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR EMPLOYING OF
18	CONTRACTING WITH ONE OR MORE CERTIFIED ENERGY PRACTITIONERS TO
19	SUPERVISE THE INSTALLATION AND AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE
20	THREE-TO-ONE RATIO REQUIRED BY SUBPARAGRAPHS (II) AND (III) OF THIS
21	PARAGRAPH (a), INCLUDING DURING ANY OFF-SITE, PRE-INSTALLATION
22	ASSEMBLY. FINAL PAYMENT FOR THE WORK SHALL BE CONDITIONED UPON
23	THE APPLICANT'S SUPPLYING THE NAME AND CERTIFICATION NUMBER OF
24	EACH CERTIFIED ENERGY PRACTITIONER WHO ACTUALLY PROVIDED
25	ON-SITE SUPERVISION OR WAS PRESENT TO MAINTAIN THE THREE-TO-ONE
26	RATIO REQUIRED BY SUBPARAGRAPHS(III) AND (IV) OF THIS SUBSECTION
27	(1).

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1	(II) ALL WORK PERFORMED ON THE ALTERNATING-CURRENT SIDE
2	OF THE INVERTER WILL BE PERFORMED BY AN ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR
3	WHO EMPLOYS A LICENSED JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIAN OR A LICENSED
4	RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN WHO WILL PERFORM THE WORK. ALL ELECTRICAL
5	WORK THAT PERTAINS TO ARTICLE 23 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S., WILL BE
6	PERFORMED BY AN ELECTRICAL APPRENTICE REGISTERED WITH THE
7	APPROPRIATE STATE REGULATORY AGENCY, A LICENSED JOURNEYMAN
8	ELECTRICIAN, OR A LICENSED RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN. THE APPROPRIATE
9	RATIO OF NO LESS THAN ONE JOURNEYMAN OR RESIDENTIAL WIREMAN FOR
10	EVERY THREE ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES WILL BE MAINTAINED.
11	(III) ON A SYSTEM WITH A DIRECT CURRENT DESIGN CAPACITY OF
12	MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED KILOWATTS:
13	(A) DURING ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK, THE RATIO OF
14	THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE ASSISTING WITH THE WORK AND WHO
15	ARE NEITHER LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR REGISTERED ELECTRICAL
16	APPRENTICES TO THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED AS
17	PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a) SHALL NEVER
18	EXCEED THREE TO ONE, AND A PERSON WHO IS BOTH LICENSED AND
19	CERTIFIED SHALL NOT COUNT DOUBLE FOR PURPOSES OF MEASURING THIS
20	RATIO; AND
21	(B) THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE ON-SITE SUPERVISOR WHO IS
22	CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a)
23	DURING THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES, THE
24	INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT, AND
25	ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK; EXCEPT THAT, IF AT ANY TIME
26	DURING ANY OF THESE STAGES, THERE ARE MORE THAN TWELVE PERSONS
27	ON THE WORK SITE WHO ARE NEITHER LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR

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1	REGISTERED ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES AND WHO ARE NOT CERTIFIED AS
2	PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a) , THERE SHALL BE
3	AT LEAST TWO PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN
4	SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a) PRESENT ON THE WORK SITE
5	AND PROVIDING DIRECT SUPERVISION:
6	(IV) ON A SYSTEM WITH A DIRECT CURRENT DESIGN CAPACITY OF
7	FIVE HUNDRED KILOWATTS OR LESS:
8	(A) DURING THE INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES, THE
9	INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE MOUNTING EQUIPMENT, AND
10	ANY PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK, THE RATIO OF THE NUMBER OF
11	PERSONS WHO ARE ASSISTING WITH THE WORK AND WHO ARE NEITHER
12	LICENSED ELECTRICIANS NOR REGISTERED ELECTRICAL APPRENTICES TO
13	THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH
14	(a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1) SHALL NEVER EXCEED THREE TO ONE, AND A
15	PERSON WHO IS BOTH LICENSED AND CERTIFIED SHALL NOT COUNT DOUBLE
16	FOR PURPOSES OF MEASURING THIS RATIO; AND
17	(B) THERE SHALL BE, AT ALL TIMES, AT LEAST ONE ON-SITE
18	$SUPERVISOR\ WHO\ IS\ CERTIFIED\ AS\ PROVIDED\ IN\ SUBPARAGRAPH\ (I)\ OF\ THIS$
19	PARAGRAPH (a).
20	(b) As used in this subsection (2.5), the terms
21	"PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL WORK" AND "PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE
22	MOUNTING EQUIPMENT SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS SET FORTH IN
23	SECTION 40-2-128, C.R.S.
24	SECTION 7. 40-2-109.5, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
25	BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:
26	40-2-109.5. Incentives for distributed generation - definition.
27	(3) EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2012, ALL PHOTOVOLTAIC INSTALLATIONS

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1	FUNDED WHOLLY OR PARTIALLY THROUGH FINANCIAL INCENTIVES UNDER
2	THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN
3	SECTION 40-2-128.
4	SECTION 8. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
5	shall take effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
6	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
7	11, 2010, if adjournment sine die is on May 12, 2010); except that, if a
8	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
9	state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
10	within such period, then the act, item, section, or part shall not take effect
11	unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
12	November 2010 and shall take effect on the date of the official
13	declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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