HB1044 L.002

HOUSE COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE AMENDMENT Committee on <u>State</u>, <u>Veterans</u>, <u>& Military Affairs</u>.

HB15-1044 be amended as follows:

Amend printed bill, strike everything below the enacting clause and substitute:

"SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) In a democratic republic that is accountable to the people, rules that govern the people should generally be made by those elected officials who are most accountable to the voters and generally not by unelected administrators who cannot be easily held accountable by the people or voted out of office. The Colorado constitution vests power in the hands of the people to govern themselves and make laws for themselves primarily through the hands of their elected representatives in the general assembly, not primarily through the hands of a growing bureaucracy of rule-makers that now govern the people but cannot easily be removed or replaced by the vote of the people.

- (2) The general assembly finds that its own members' responsibility for legislative review of administrative rules promulgated by the executive branch has lapsed. While the general assembly's committee on legal services reviews and approves new rules promulgated by departments and agencies every year, there has not been a thorough legislative review of all of the existing administrative rules since 1984.
- (3) The sheer volume of the Colorado Code of Regulations (CCR), which is the sole official public repository of rules promulgated and enforced upon the people by the executive branch, has grown over the decades and is now approaching 40 volumes, enough to fill an entire library shelf. The majority of these rules were not promulgated in the past year, meaning the vast majority, perhaps ninety-five percent or more of these rules, have not recently been reviewed or re-approved by the legislature. Many or even most rules will likely never expire unless the legislature either acts to review them or the executive agencies undertake a dedicated and rigorous approach to reviewing rules and questioning whether the rules need to exist.
- (4) While all existing rules in the CCR theoretically have some basis in legislated or delegated authority derived from the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), many old and outdated rules in the CCR may have lost their legal authority either due to changes in the C.R.S. or through mission creep, by expanding beyond what existing statute intended. This allows the potential for a runaway bureaucracy, or, worse, an unlawful one. If the legislature delegates too much authority without



continued oversight, the people of Colorado will eventually, if they are not already, be governed by an unconstitutional ruling class of unelected officials rather than by those whom the people elected to help them self-govern.

- (5) Indeed, some existing but unreviewed administrative rules promulgated in the 1980s were written by executive agency heads who have long since retired or died; yet ironically, these rule-makers still theoretically govern our people from the grave. Without current executive review and legislative review through its oversight committees, they will continue to do so, theoretically forever.
- (5) The general assembly finds that the executive branch has embarked on a project to conduct regulatory efficiency reviews of agency rules and has eliminated many unnecessary, duplicative, obsolete, or burdensome rules through this process, but the pace of the review has been slow. In 2014, the general assembly codified this review into the "State Administrative Procedure Act" in hopes that this valuable work would continue. That legislation directed that the reports of this mandatory review be submitted to the applicable legislative committees of reference that oversee the principal departments. In the past three years, it is estimated that twenty percent of the existing rules have been reviewed through this process.
- (6) The general assembly therefore declares that the purpose of House Bill 15-1044 is to accelerate the timeframe for the executive branch agencies to review their administrative rules by directing the executive branch agencies to create and follow a schedule over a four-year period of time to complete the remaining review of all of their rules. This legislation requires the agencies to create a plan for the review of their rules and to report annually on their progress in completing this work to the properly accountable and elected officials in the general assembly.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 24-4-103.3 as follows:

24-4-103.3. Mandatory review of rules by agencies - report on results of review in departmental regulatory agendas and to legislative committees. (1) The department of regulatory agencies shall establish a schedule, in consultation with Each principal department SHALL REPORT TO THE JOINT COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2-7-203 (1), C.R.S., ASSIGNED WITH LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY FOR THAT PARTICULAR AGENCY THE SCHEDULE AND TIME LINE for the review of all of the rules for each THAT principal department AS OUTLINED IN SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION. Each principal



department shall conduct a review of all of its rules to assess the continuing need for and the appropriateness and cost-effectiveness of its rules to determine if they should be continued in their current form, modified, or repealed. The applicable rule-making agency or official in the principal department shall consider the following:

(a) Whether the rule is necessary;

- (b) Whether the rule overlaps or duplicates other rules of the agency or with other federal, state, or local government rules;
- (c) Whether the rule is written in plain language and is easy to understand;
- (d) Whether the rule has achieved the desired intent and whether more or less regulation is necessary;
- (e) Whether the rule can be amended to give more flexibility, reduce regulatory burdens, or reduce unnecessary paperwork or steps while maintaining its benefits;
- (f) Whether the rule is implemented in an efficient and effective manner, including the requirements for the issuance of permits and licenses;
- (g) Whether a cost-benefit analysis was performed by the applicable rule-making agency or official in the principal department pursuant to section 24-4-103 (2.5); and
- (h) Whether the rule is adequate for the protection of the safety, health, and welfare of the state or its residents.
- (1.5) (a) On or before October 1, 2015, each principal department shall submit a written report to the committee on legal services and to the applicable joint committee of reference that has oversight over that department with a schedule for the review of all of the rules of that department using the criteria outlined in subsection (1) of this section. The report must contain the department's plan and time line for reviewing its rules over a four-year period that commences on October 1, 2015, and concludes no later than October 1, 2019. In the written report and schedule for review submitted on October 1, 2015, each principal department shall specify:
- (I) THE TOPICS AND THE CCR CITATIONS IN THE CODE OF COLORADO REGULATIONS THAT WOULD BE REVIEWED IN EACH YEAR OF THE FOUR-YEAR PERIOD OF REVIEW;
- (II) THE EXISTING STATE STATUTES THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAS ENACTED THAT SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZE THE AGENCY TO CREATE OR PROMULGATE THE RULES NOW LISTED UNDER THAT TOPIC FOR EACH OF THE CCR CITATIONS;



- (III) THE FUTURE DATE OF ANY EXISTING EXPIRATION OR SUNSET DATES OR WHETHER THERE IS NO EXISTING SUNSET DATE, IF INDEFINITE, FOR EACH OF THE CCR CITATIONS OR THE APPLICABLE STATUTES; AND
- (IV) THE APPROXIMATE ANNUAL COST IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES TO THE AGENCY IN ENFORCING EACH OF THE CCR CITATIONS.
- (b) On or before October 1, 2016, October 1, 2017, and OCTOBER 1, 2018, EACH PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT SHALL SUBMIT A WRITTEN REPORT TO THE COMMITTEE ON LEGAL SERVICES AND TO THE APPLICABLE JOINT COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE REPORTING ON THE RESULTS OF THE DEPARTMENT'S REVIEW OF ITS RULES, ITS PROGRESS TOWARD COMPLETING THE FULL REVIEW OF ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES, INCLUDING THE PERCENTAGE OF RULES THAT HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AND THE PERCENTAGE OF RULES THAT STILL REMAIN TO BE REVIEWED, LISTING WHICH RULES WERE REVISED, UNREVISED, OR ELIMINATED UPON REVIEW FOR EACH OF THE CCR CITATIONS, ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE DEPARTMENT'S SCHEDULE AND PLAN FOR REVIEW, AND ANY REVISIONS TO ANY INFORMATION IN THE REPORT SUBMITTED IN A PREVIOUS YEAR. ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2019, EACH PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT SHALL SUBMIT A FINAL WRITTEN REPORT TO THE COMMITTEE ON LEGAL SERVICES AND TO THE APPLICABLE JOINT COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE REPORTING ON THE RESULTS OF ITS REVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES. THE FINAL REPORT SHALL INCLUDE A LIST OF THE RULES THAT WERE REVISED, UNREVISED, OR ELIMINATED UPON REVIEW FOR EACH OF THE CCR CITATIONS AS A RESULT OF THE MANDATORY REVIEW. IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT THE PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENTS WILL CONCLUDE THEIR REVIEW OF ALL OF THEIR RULES BY OCTOBER 1, 2019.
- (2) Each rule-making agency or official shall provide public notice on the agency's official web site of its review of the rules, give the public an appropriate opportunity to provide input, and notify other state agencies that may have jurisdiction over the subject matter of the rules to allow for collaboration and input. Based on this THE MANDATORY review OF ITS RULES USING THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, the rule-making agency or official shall determine whether the existing rules should be continued in their current form, amended, or repealed AND SHALL REVISE ITS RULES ACCORDINGLY. If the rule-making agency or official decides that a rule should be amended or repealed, the rule-making agency or official shall comply with the notice and hearing requirements of section 24-4-103.
- (3) The department of regulatory agencies A PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT shall not schedule mandatory review under this section during the year of and during the year following any scheduled sunset



review conducted by the department of regulatory agencies pursuant to section 24-34-104.

(4) Each principal department shall ALSO include a report on the results of its mandatory review of rules as part of its departmental regulatory agenda that it submits to the staff of the legislative council for distribution to the applicable committee of reference of the general assembly as outlined in section 2-7-203, C.R.S.

8 SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 9 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 10 5, 2015, if adjournment sine die is on May 6, 2015); except that, if a 11 12 referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the 13 state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect 14 15 unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 16 November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.".

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