First Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

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LLS NO. 15-#### ## Michael Dohr x4347

INTERIM COMMITTEE BILL

Marijuana Revenues Interim Committee

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Marijuana Revenues Interim Committee. The bill prohibits an existing medical marijuana licensee from transferring its stock to a new retail marijuana license after January 1, 2016.

The bill directs the state health agency to develop by rule criteria that a physician applies when determining whether to include a recommendation for medically necessary extended plant count.

The bill requires all primary caregivers to register with the state

health agency and gives the agency the authority to impose sanctions against those who do not register. After receiving a primary caregiver's cultivation registration, the bill requires the state medical marijuana licensing authority (authority) to determine whether any of the primary caregiver's patients are registered with a different primary caregiver or a medical marijuana center. If the authority determines a patient is already registered with a different primary caregiver or medical marijuana center, the authority shall provide the registry identification number to the state health agency. The state health agency shall contact the patient and request that he or she update his or her registry information.

The state health agency shall provide primary caregiver information to the authority without violating any patient's confidentiality. The state health agency and the authority shall develop a system that is electronically accessible to law enforcement that provides primary caregiver information and the number of plants the primary caregiver is authorized to cultivate.

The bill requires a patient who asserts the affirmative defense that an extended medical marijuana plant count is medically necessary to provide 2 physician recommendations regarding the appropriateness of the extended plant count.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:

- (a) Colorado authorizes the sale and use of small amounts of medical and retail marijuana;
- (b) The sale and use of medical marijuana is limited to those Colorado residents who have a physician's recommendation that they have a debilitating medical condition that could benefit from the use of medical marijuana;
- (c) There is a higher tax rate and an additional excise tax imposed on retail marijuana than for medical marijuana;
- (d) Therefore, it is important for the state to ensure that those people who are accessing and engaging in the medical marijuana system are qualified to do so. Otherwise, the state and local governments lose out

1	on valuable tax revenue.
2	(e) Enacting the following changes will provide additional
3	protections to ensure that those who should be accessing the retail
4	marijuana market are not accessing the medical marijuana market.
5	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-104, add (1)
6	(d) as follows:
7	12-43.4-104. Applicability - retail marijuana - repeal.
8	(1) (d) On and after January 1, 2016, an applicant with an
9	EXISTING MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLYING PURSUANT TO THIS
10	SUBSECTION (1) FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE SHALL NOT TRANSFER
11	THE APPLICANT'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA INVENTORY TO A NEW RETAIL
12	MARIJUANA LICENSE.
13	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
14	(3) (a) (XVIII), (7) (e), and (14); and add (3) (a) (IX) as follows:
15	25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties
16	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical
17	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal.
18	(3) Rule-making. (a) The state health agency shall, pursuant to section
19	14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, promulgate rules of
20	administration concerning the implementation of the medical marijuana
21	program that specifically govern the following:
22	(VIII) A waiver process to allow a homebound patient who is on
23	the registry to have a primary caregiver transport the patient's medical
24	marijuana from a licensed medical marijuana center to the patient; AND
25	(IX) Criteria that a physician shall apply when

DETERMINING WHETHER TO INCLUDE A RECOMMENDATION FOR

MEDICALLY NECESSARY EXTENDED PLANT COUNT, INCLUDING SEPARATE

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INDIVIDUALIZED CRITERIA FOR EACH DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION.

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(7) Primary caregivers. (e) (I) A PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL
REGISTER WITH THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY. A primary caregiver who
cultivates medical marijuana for his or her patients shall register the
location of his or her cultivation operation with the state medical
marijuana licensing authority and provide the registration identification
number of each patient to the state licensing authority. A PERSON WHO
FAILS TO PROPERLY REGISTER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (I)
SHALL BE SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE FROM THE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.
THE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES REGARDING
THE DISCIPLINE PROCESS AND SANCTIONS FOR PRIMARY CAREGIVERS WHO
FAIL TO REGISTER.
(II) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSING AUTHORITY A LIST OF REGISTERED
PRIMARY CAREGIVERS IN A FORMAT THAT PROTECTS A PATIENT'S RIGHT OF
CONFIDENTIALITY IN SUBSECTION (3) OF SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF
THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION. AFTER RECEIVING A PRIMARY

MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSING AUTHORITY A LIST OF REGISTERED PRIMARY CAREGIVERS IN A FORMAT THAT PROTECTS A PATIENT'S RIGHT OF CONFIDENTIALITY IN SUBSECTION (3) OF SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION. AFTER RECEIVING A PRIMARY CAREGIVER'S CULTIVATION REGISTRATION, THE STATE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER ANY OF THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER'S PATIENTS HAVE REGISTERED WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER OR ANOTHER PRIMARY CAREGIVER BASED ON THE REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS. IF THE STATE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSING AUTHORITY DETERMINES THAT A PATIENT IS ALREADY REGISTERED WITH A DIFFERENT PRIMARY CAREGIVER OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, THE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY WITH THE ASSOCIATED REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL CONTACT THE PATIENT AND

REQUEST THE PATIENT UPDATE HIS OR HER REGISTRY INFORMATION
REGARDING THE PATIENT'S CURRENT MEDICAL MARIJUANA SOURCE.

3 (III) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY AND THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
4 LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DEVELOP A SYSTEM THAT IS
5 ELECTRONICALLY ACCESSIBLE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT THAT PROVIDES
6 PRIMARY CAREGIVER INFORMATION AND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS THE
7 PRIMARY CAREGIVER IS AUTHORIZED TO CULTIVATE.

- (IV) The information provided to the state medical marijuana licensing authority pursuant to this paragraph (e) shall not be provided to the public and shall be confidential. The state licensing authority shall verify the location of a primary caregiver cultivation operation to a local government or law enforcement agency upon receiving an address-specific request for verification. The location of the cultivation operation shall comply with all applicable local laws, rules, or regulations.
- (14) Affirmative defense. If a patient or primary caregiver raises an affirmative defense as provided in section 14 (4) (b) of article XVIII of the state constitution, THE PATIENT SHALL PROVIDE RECOMMENDATIONS OF AT LEAST TWO PHYSICIANS SUPPORTING THE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE THAT THE EXCESS AMOUNTS WERE MEDICALLY NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PATIENT'S DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION. The patient's physician PHYSICIANS shall certify the specific amounts in excess of two ounces that are necessary to address the patient's debilitating medical condition and why such amounts are necessary. A patient who asserts this affirmative defense shall waive confidentiality privileges related to the condition or conditions that were the basis for the recommendation. If a patient, primary caregiver, or physician raises an exception to the state criminal

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- laws as provided in section 14 (2) (b) or (2) (c) of article XVIII of the
- 2 state constitution, the patient, primary caregiver, or physician waives the
- 3 confidentiality of his or her records related to the condition or conditions
- 4 that were the basis for the recommendation maintained by the state health
- 5 agency for the medical marijuana program. Upon request of a law
- 6 enforcement agency for such records, the state health agency shall only
- 7 provide records pertaining to the individual raising the exception, and
- 8 shall redact all other patient, primary caregiver, or physician identifying

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- 9 information.
- 10 <{Do you prefer a safety clause or a petition clause?}>

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