## First Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

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LLS NO. 15-0106.02 Michael Dohr x4347

INTERIM COMMITTEE BILL

Marijuana Revenues Interim Committee

**BILL TOPIC:** "Medical Marijuana"

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Marijuana Revenues Interim Committee. The bill prohibits an existing medical marijuana licensee from transferring his or her marijuana inventory to a new retail marijuana license on and after July 1, 2016.

The bill requires the attorney general to appoint an attorney in the criminal enforcement section to serve as a special prosecutor for all medical marijuana crimes and gives the attorney general concurrent

Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute. Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

jurisdiction with the appropriate district attorney over those crimes.

The bill requires the state health agency to promulgate rules regarding testing medical marijuana and medical marijuana products cultivated or produced by primary caregivers.

The bill requires all primary caregivers to register with the state health agency and the state medical marijuana licensing authority (licensing authority). Any primary caregiver who is not registered shall register within 7 days of being informed of the duty to register. Failure to register is a strict liability offense and is a level 2 or 3 drug felony or a level 1 drug misdemeanor depending on the number of plants.

The bill requires the licensing authority and the state health agency to share the minimum amount of information necessary to ensure that a medical marijuana patient has only one caregiver and is not using a primary caregiver and a medical marijuana center.

The state health agency and the licensing authority shall provide information concerning each primary caregiver, including the number of plants the primary caregiver is authorized to cultivate, to the Colorado crime information center.

The bill allows local government to regulate medical marijuana cultivation by primary caregivers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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**SECTION 1.** Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:

- (a) Colorado authorizes the sale and use of small amounts of medical and retail marijuana;
- (b) The sale and use of medical marijuana is limited to those Colorado residents who have a physician's recommendation that they have a debilitating medical condition that could benefit from the use of medical marijuana; and
- (c) The state imposes a higher tax rate on retail marijuana than on medical marijuana, as well as an additional excise tax.
- (2) Therefore, it is important for the state to ensure that those people who are accessing and engaging in the medical marijuana system are qualified to do so. Otherwise, the state and local governments will be

1	deprived	of	valuable	tax	revenue.

MARIJUANA LICENSE.

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- (3) Now then, the general assembly hereby enacts the following protections to ensure that access to the medical marijuana market is limited to Colorado residents who have a physician's recommendation that they have a debilitating medical condition that could benefit from the use of medical marijuana.
- 7 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-104, add (1) 8 (d) as follows:
- 9 12-43.4-104. Applicability - retail marijuana - repeal. 10 (1) (d) On and after July 1, 2016, an applicant with an existing 11 MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLYING PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION 12 (1) FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE SHALL NOT TRANSFER THE 13 APPLICANT'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA INVENTORY TO A NEW RETAIL 14
- 15 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 24-31-105 as 16 follows:
  - 24-31-105. Criminal enforcement section. (1) There is hereby established, within the department of law and under the control of the attorney general, a criminal enforcement section. The criminal enforcement section or any attorney in the department of law authorized by the attorney general shall prosecute all criminal cases for the attorney general and shall perform other functions as may be required by the attorney general. The attorney general is hereby authorized to appoint a deputy attorney general as chief of the criminal enforcement section. The chief of said section shall be a licensed attorney with a minimum of two years of criminal experience as a trial or appellate prosecutor.
  - (2) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL APPOINT AN ATTORNEY

1	WITHIN THE CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT SECTION TO SERVE AS A SPECIAL
2	PROSECUTOR FOR CRIMES RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA. THE
3	ATTORNEY GENERAL HAS CONCURRENT JURISDICTION WITH THE RELEVANT
4	DISTRICT ATTORNEY OVER ANY CRIMES RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA.
5	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
6	(3) (a) (VII), (3) (a) (VIII), and (7) (e); and <b>add</b> (3) (a) (IX) as follows:
7	25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties
8	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical
9	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3)
10	Rule-making. (a) The state health agency shall, pursuant to section 14
11	of article XVIII of the state constitution, promulgate rules of
12	administration concerning the implementation of the medical marijuana
13	program that specifically govern the following:
14	(VII) The manner in which the state health agency may consider
15	adding debilitating medical conditions to the list of debilitating medical
16	conditions contained in section 14 of article XVIII of the state
17	constitution; and
18	(VIII) A waiver process to allow a homebound patient who is on
19	the registry to have a primary caregiver transport the patient's medical
20	marijuana from a licensed medical marijuana center to the patient; AND
21	(IX) (A) ESTABLISHING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND MEDICAL
22	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS INDEPENDENT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION
23	PROGRAM FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATED OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA
24	PRODUCTS PRODUCED BY PRIMARY CAREGIVERS WHO SERVE AT LEAST
25	TWO PATIENTS, WITHIN AN IMPLEMENTATION TIME FRAME ESTABLISHED
26	BY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY, WHICH PROGRAM REQUIRES PRIMARY
27	CAREGIVERS TO TEST MARIJUANA TO ENSURE, AT A MINIMUM, THAT

1	PRODUCTS PRODUCED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION DO NOT CONTAIN
2	CONTAMINANTS THAT ARE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH AND TO ENSURE
3	CORRECT LABELING.
4	(B) TESTING SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, ANALYSIS
5	FOR RESIDUAL SOLVENTS OR POISONS, OR TOXINS; HARMFUL CHEMICALS
6	SUCH AS PESTICIDES; DANGEROUS MOLDS OR MILDEW; FILTH; AND
7	HARMFUL MICROBIALS SUCH AS E. COLI OR SALMONELLA.
8	(C) IN THE EVENT THAT TEST RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF
9	QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO
0	HEALTH, THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL IMMEDIATELY QUARANTINE
1	SUCH PRODUCTS AND NOTIFY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY. THE
12	ADULTERATED PRODUCT SHALL BE DOCUMENTED AND PROPERLY
13	DESTROYED.
4	(D) TESTING SHALL ALSO VERIFY THC POTENCY
5	REPRESENTATIONS AND CANNABINOID PROFILES FOR CORRECT LABELING.
16	(E) The state health agency shall determine an
17	ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE FOR POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS AND
8	PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY MISREPRESENTATIONS.
9	(F) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL DETERMINE THE
20	REQUIREMENTS FOR AND FREQUENCY OF MARIJUANA TESTING BY PRIMARY
21	CAREGIVERS.
22	(7) Primary caregivers. (e) (I) (A) A primary caregiver who
23	cultivates medical marijuana for his or her patients shall register the
24	location of his or her cultivation operation with the State Health
25	AGENCY AND THE state medical marijuana licensing authority; and SHALL

provide THE LOCATION OF ANY CULTIVATION OPERATION, the registration

identification number of each patient, AND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS THAT

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1	THE CAREGIVER IS AUTHORIZED TO CULTIVATE TO THE STATE HEALTH
2	AGENCY AND the state licensing authority; AND SHALL UPDATE THE
3	REGISTRATION INFORMATION WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER ANY OF THE
4	INFORMATION CHANGES. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL ISSUE A
5	PRIMARY CAREGIVER REGISTRY CARD TO EACH PRIMARY CAREGIVER WHO
6	REGISTERS. A PERSON MAY NOT REGISTER AS A PRIMARY CAREGIVER IF HE
7	OR SHE IS LICENSED AS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AS DESCRIBED IN
8	PART 4 OF ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S., OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS AS DESCRIBED IN PART 4 OF ARTICLE 43.4 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S.
10	(B) A PRIMARY CAREGIVER WHO FAILS TO REGISTER WITH THE
11	STATE HEALTH AGENCY OR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL
12	REGISTER WITH THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY WITHIN SEVEN DAYS OF BEING
13	INFORMED OF THE DUTY TO REGISTER BY LAW ENFORCEMENT, THE STATE
14	HEALTH AGENCY, OR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
15	(C) Failure to register pursuant to sub-subparagraphs (A)
16	AND (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (I) IS A STRICT LIABILITY OFFENSE.
17	Failure to register is a level 3 drug felony if the offense
18	INVOLVES MORE THAN THIRTY PLANTS; A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY IF THE
19	OFFENSE INVOLVES MORE THAN SIX BUT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PLANTS;
20	OR A LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR IF THE OFFENSE INVOLVES NOT MORE
21	THAN SIX PLANTS.
22	(D) IF A PRIMARY CAREGIVER IS CHARGED WITH FAILURE TO
23	REGISTER, A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT BE CIVILLY LIABLE
24	FOR THE LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER'S MEDICAL
25	MARIJUANA PLANTS.
26	(II) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY AND THE STATE MEDICAL
27	MARIJUANA LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL SHARE THE MINIMUM

1	NECESSARY INFORMATION, SUCH AS PATIENT AND CAREGIVER
2	IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS, TO ENSURE THAT A PATIENT DOES NOT HAVE
3	MORE THAN ONE PRIMARY CAREGIVER, OR HAVE BOTH A CAREGIVER AND
4	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, CULTIVATING MEDICAL MARIJUANA ON
5	HIS OR HER BEHALF AT ANY GIVEN TIME.
6	(III) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
7	LICENSING AUTHORITY, AND THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
8	SAFETY SHALL PROVIDE PRIMARY CAREGIVER INFORMATION TO THE
9	COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER, INCLUDING THE NUMBER OF
10	PLANTS EACH PRIMARY CAREGIVER IS AUTHORIZED TO CULTIVATE.
11	(IV) The information provided to the state medical marijuana
12	licensing authority and the Colorado department of public safety
13	pursuant to this paragraph (e) shall not be provided to the public and shall
14	be IS confidential. The state licensing authority shall verify the location
15	of a primary caregiver cultivation operation to a local government or law
16	enforcement agency upon receiving an address-specific request for
17	verification. The location of the cultivation operation shall MUST comply
18	with all applicable local laws, rules, or regulations.
19	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-20-104, amend
20	(1) (g) and (1) (h); and <b>add</b> (1) (i) as follows:
21	29-20-104. Powers of local governments. (1) Except as
22	expressly provided in section 29-20-104.5, the power and authority
23	granted by this section shall not limit any power or authority presently
24	exercised or previously granted. Each local government within its
25	respective jurisdiction has the authority to plan for and regulate the use
26	of land by:
27	(g) Regulating the use of land on the basis of the impact thereof

1	on the community or surrounding areas; and
2	(h) Otherwise planning for and regulating the use of land so as to
3	provide planned and orderly use of land and protection of the
4	environment in a manner consistent with constitutional rights; AND
5	(i) REGULATING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION BY PRIMARY
6	CAREGIVERS.
7	SECTION 6. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
8	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
9	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.